

Stock Route Network Management Bill 2016



Queensland

Stock Route Network Management Bill 2016

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2016

A Bill

for

An Act about the management of the stock route network and associated land, to repeal the *Stock Route Management Act* 2002, and to amend this Act, the *City of Brisbane Act* 2010, the Land Act 1994, the Local Government Act 2009, the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, the Transport Infrastructure (State-controlled Roads) Regulation 2006, the Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995 and the Acts mentioned in schedule 2, for particular purposes [s 1]

The	Parlia	ment of Queensland enacts—	1
Ch	apte	er 1 Preliminary	2
1	Sh	ort title This Act may be cited as the Stock Route Network	3
		Management Act 2016.	4 5
2	Co	mmencement	6
		This Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	7
3	Pu	rposes of Act	8
	(1)	The main purpose of this Act is to manage the stock route network for—	9 10
		(a) its main use for travelling stock; and	11
		(b) its secondary use for grazing stock.	12
	(2)	Other purposes of this Act are—	13
		(a) to manage the stock route network in a way that—	14
		 (i) minimises the impact on the other uses of the land that comprises the network, including, for example, its use by motor vehicles; and 	15 16 17
		(ii) ensures road safety and the operational integrity of the transport network; and	18 19
		(b) to enable stock to travel and graze, and pasture to be harvested, on related roads or reserves; and	20 21
		(c) to recognise natural heritage, cultural heritage, recreation and tourism values on the stock route network.	22 23 24
	(3)	The purposes of this Act are to be achieved mainly by—	25

[s 4]

(a)	identifying the stock route network; and	1
(b)	providing for the sustainable management of the stock route network, including by—	2 3
	(i) establishing principles for managing the network; and	4 5
	(ii) providing for strategic planning for managing the network; and	6 7
	(iii) providing for local governments to manage parts of the network; and	8 9
(c)	providing for the use of the stock route network, including by establishing the order of priority in which the network is to be used; and	10 11 12
(d)	providing for the administration of the use of related roads or reserves for travelling and grazing of stock, and harvesting of pasture; and	13 14 15
(e)	providing for the recognition of areas of natural heritage and cultural heritage on the stock route network as special interest areas; and	16 17 18
(f)	providing for monitoring compliance, and enforcing compliance, with this Act.	19 20
Principl	es for the administration of this Act	21
this	Active the purposes of this Act, any action taken under Act must be taken in a way that is consistent with the owing principles—	22 23 24
(a)	the integrity and connectivity of the stock route network for travelling stock must be maintained;	25 26
(b)	road safety and the operational integrity of the transport network should be ensured;	27 28
(c)	the stock route network should be sustainably managed to ensure it remains available for use;	29 30
(d)	the users of the stock route network should pay a reasonable amount to help maintain the network that	31 32

[s 5]

5

	reflects the benefit the users derive from using the network;	1
	lictwork,	
(e)	approvals to use the stock route network are given in the following order of priority—	2
	(i) a travel approval;	5
	(ii) an unfit stock approval or a grazing approval (emergency);	e T
	(iii) a grazing approval (short-term) or a grazing approval (long-term);	8
	(iv) a hamaating annuaval	1
	(iv) a harvesting approval.	-
Act bind		
	ds all persons]] 1
This	ds all persons Act binds all persons, including the State, and, as far as]
This the	ds all persons Act binds all persons, including the State, and, as far as legislative power of the Parliament permits, the	
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This the	ds all persons Act binds all persons, including the State, and, as far as legislative power of the Parliament permits, the monwealth and the other States.	-
This the Con Dictiona	ds all persons Act binds all persons, including the State, and, as far as legislative power of the Parliament permits, the monwealth and the other States.	-

Chapter 2		er 2 Stock route network	18
Part	: 1	Identifying the stock route	19
		network	20
7	Stock route network register		21
	(1)	The chief executive must keep a register (the stock route	22
		network register) about the stock routes and reserves that	23
		make up the stock route network.	24

[s 8]

(2)	The	stock route network register must include—	1
	(a)	the location of each stock route and reserve; and	2
	(b)	whether a stock route is classified as a primary stock route or a secondary stock route; and	3 4
	(c)	whether access to a part of the stock route network is temporarily restricted or temporarily prevented; and	5 6
	(d)	for each special interest area on the stock route network—	7 8
		(i) the location of the special interest area; and	9
		(ii) the basis on which the area has been registered as a special interest area; and	10 11
		(iii) whether the special interest area is a local special interest area or a State special interest area; and	12 13
	(e)	any other information required to be registered under this Act.	14 15
3)		chief executive must ensure the stock route network ster is publicly available on the department's website.	16 17
Reg	gister	ring stock routes and reserves	18
(1)		chief executive may decide to register the following as of the stock route network—	19 20
	(a)	a road or route that is ordinarily used for travelling stock if the road or route is suitable for travelling stock;	21 22
	(b)	a reserve that may be used for travelling or grazing stock under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	23 24
(2)	How	ever, the chief executive must consult with—	25
	(a)	each affected local government before the chief executive decides to register a road, route or reserve as part of the stock route network; and	26 27 28

[s 9]

	(b)	the chief executive (transport) before deciding to register a State-controlled road as part of the stock route network.	1 2 3
(3)	stoc	leciding whether to classify a stock route as a primary k route or a secondary stock route, the chief executive t consider—	4 5 6
	(a)	whether there is access from the stock route to a natural water source or a water facility; and	7 8
	(b)	whether the stock route is reasonably suitable for travelling stock, as stated in the State management plan; and	9 10 11
	(c)	whether the stock route is travelled by stock as stated in the State management plan; and	12 13
	(d)	whether there is access to, and connectivity of, the stock route; and	14 15
	(e)	any other matter prescribed by regulation.	16
Ch	angir	ng or removing stock routes or reserves	17
(1)		chief executive must consult each affected entity before chief executive decides to—	18 19
	(a)	change the classification of a stock route; or	20
	(b)	remove a stock route or reserve from the stock route network register.	21 22
(2)	deci	after consulting each affected entity, the chief executive des to amend the stock route network register, the chief cutive must give notice of the decision to the affected ty.	23 24 25 26
(3)	In th	nis section—	27
	affe	cted entity means—	28
	(a)	each affected local government; or	29
	(b)	for a stock route on a State-controlled road—the chief executive (transport).	30 31

[s 10]

Part 2		Special interest areas			
10	Loc	ocal special interest areas			
	(1)	This section applies to an area on the stock route network in a local government's area.	3 4		
	(2)	If the local government considers the area contains a special feature of natural heritage or cultural heritage that is of local significance, the local government may decide the area is a local special interest area.	5 6 7 8		
		Examples of features for subsection (2)—	9		
		• the presence of particular wildlife	10		
		• a matter identified on a local heritage register	11		
		• a gravesite associated with historical European settlement	12		
	(3)	However, a feature of natural heritage or cultural heritage can not be registered as both a local special interest area and a State special interest area.	13 14 15		
	(4)	The local government must consult with the chief executive (transport) before deciding that an area on a State-controlled road is a local special interest area.	16 17 18		
	(5)	The local government must give the chief executive notice, in the approved form, that the local government has decided the area is a local special interest area.	19 20 21		
	(6)	However, if the local government considers registering information about the local special interest area may pose a risk of adversely affecting the area, the local government may give the chief executive the information in a way that minimises the risk.	22 23 24 25 26		
		Example—	27		
		A local government decides an area where migratory birds feed is a local special interest area. The local government considers stating the exact location of the area poses a risk of the birds being adversely affected. The local government may describe the location of the area to the chief executive in a generic way.	28 29 30 31 32		
	(7)	The chief executive must register—	33		
		Page 15			

[s 11]

		(a)	the location of the local special interest area; and	1
		(b)	the basis on which the area has been registered as a local special interest area.	2 3
11	Ма	inten	ance conditions for local special interest areas	4
	(1)	netw may herit	local government decides an area on the stock route work is a local special interest area, the local government maintain the feature of natural heritage or cultural tage by imposing a condition (a <i>maintenance condition</i>) he use of the area.	5 6 7 8 9
	(2)		vever, a maintenance condition must not prevent access to stock route network.	10 11
	(3)	The	local government may, under chapter 4—	12
		(a)	impose the maintenance condition on a new approval; or	13
		(b)	amend the conditions of an approval to include the maintenance condition; or	14 15
		(c)	for an approval other than a travel approval—cancel the approval if the local government is satisfied imposing a maintenance condition on the approval will not maintain the feature.	16 17 18 19
	(4)		npensation is not payable for an approval that is amended ancelled under subsection (3).	20 21
12	Ch	angir	ng or removing local special interest areas	22
			ocal government must give the chief executive notice, in approved form, if the local government decides—	23 24
		(a)	to change the area of a local special interest area; or	25
		(b)	an area is no longer a local special interest area.	26

[s 13]

13	State special interest areas					
	(1)	This section applies to a feature of natural heritage or cultural heritage on any of the following areas (each a <i>State special interest area</i>) on the stock route network that a responsible chief executive decides is a State special interest area—	2 3 4 5			
		(a) an area on a heritage database or heritage register;	6			
		(b) a protected area under the <i>Nature Conservation Act</i> 1992;	7 8			
		(c) an area used by endangered wildlife, vulnerable wildlife or near threatened wildlife under the <i>Nature</i> <i>Conservation Act 1992</i> .	9 10 11			
	(2)	The responsible chief executive must give the chief executive notice, in the approved form, that the responsible chief executive has decided the area is a State special interest area.	12 13 14			
	(3)	If the area mentioned in subsection (2) is registered as a local special interest area, the chief executive must—	15 16			
		(a) amend the stock route network register to change the local special interest area to a State special interest area; and	17 18 19			
		(b) give the local government for the area notice that the area is no longer a local special interest area but has become a State special interest area.	20 21 22			
	(4)	If the responsible chief executive considers registering information about a special interest area may pose a risk of adversely affecting the area, the responsible chief executive may give the information in a way that minimises the risk.	23 24 25 26			
		Example—	27			
		The responsible chief executive decides an area of Aboriginal cultural heritage is a State special interest area. The responsible chief executive considers stating the exact location of the area poses a risk of the area being adversely affected. The responsible chief executive may describe the location of the area to the chief executive in a generic way.	28 29 30 31 32			
	(5)	The chief executive must register—	33			
		(a) the location of the State special interest area; and	34			

[s 14]

(b)	the basis on which the area has been registered as a State				
	special interest area.	2			

3

14 Maintenance conditions for State special interest areas

- The responsible chief executive for a State special interest area, after consulting with the local government for the area, 5 may require the local government to impose on an approval 6 issued for the area a condition (a *maintenance condition*) the 7 responsible chief executive considers necessary—
 - (a) for a State special interest area that is on a heritage
 g database or heritage register—to maintain the feature of
 cultural heritage of the area; or
 11
 - (b) for another State special interest area—to maintain the 12 feature of natural heritage of the area. 13
- (2) However, the chief executive must decide the maintenance
 14 condition to be imposed if the responsible chief executive and
 15 the local government can not agree on the maintenance
 16 condition to be imposed.
- (3) The maintenance condition must not prevent access to the 18 stock route network. 19

(4) The local government may, under chapter 4— 20

- (a) impose the maintenance condition on a new approval; or 21
- (b) amend the conditions of an approval to include the 22 maintenance condition; or 23
- (c) for an approval other than a travel approval—cancel the 24 approval if the local government is satisfied imposing 25 the maintenance condition will not maintain the feature. 26
- (5) Compensation is not payable for an approval that is amended 27 or cancelled under subsection (4).28

[s 15]

15	Cha	angin	ig or	removing State special interest areas	1	
		The responsible chief executive for a State special interest area must give the chief executive notice, in the approved form, that—				
		(a) the area of a State special interest area has change	area of a State special interest area has changed; or	5		
		(b)	an a	rea is no longer a State special interest area.	6	
Part	3			Status of stock route network	7	
16				restricting or temporarily preventing access	8 9	
	(1)	nece acce	ssary ss to	ion applies if a local government considers it is to temporarily restrict, or temporarily prevent, a part of the stock route network that is in the local ent's area—	10 11 12 13	
		(a)	beca	ne interests of public safety, including, for example, ause of a fire or flood affecting that part of the stock e network; or	14 15 16	
		(b)	mai	maintain a special interest area, or to otherwise ntain a feature of natural heritage or cultural heritage ne area; or	17 18 19	
		(c)	beca	ause—	20	
			(i)	of a temporary obstruction to road traffic on the part of the stock route network, including, for example, road works; or	21 22 23	
			(ii)	a part of the stock route network that is a road has been temporarily closed to traffic; or	24 25	
		(d)	of t	ause all of the estimated pasture or water in the part he stock route network has been allocated for use er approvals; or	26 27 28	

[s 16]

	(e)	because of a temporary decline in the amount or the quality of the pasture or water in the part of the stock route network; or	1 2 3
	(f)	to maintain or increase the amount or the quality of the pasture or water in the part of the stock route network; or	4 5 6
	(g)	because another situation, of a type prescribed by regulation, exists.	7 8
(2)	The	local government may decide—	9
	(a)	to temporarily restrict access to the part of the stock route network by imposing a condition (a <i>restrictive</i> <i>condition</i>) on the use of that part of the stock route network; or	10 11 12 13
	(b)	to temporarily prevent access to the part of the stock route network by temporarily closing that part of the stock route network.	14 15 16
(3)		aking its decision, the local government must consider natters prescribed by regulation.	17 18
	Exam	ple—	19
	loc	regulation may require a local government to consult with another al government if a decision may affect the use of the stock route work in the other local government's area.	20 21 22
(4)	the a	local government must give the chief executive notice, in pproved form, of the decision within 3 days after making ecision.	23 24 25
(5)		decision stops having effect on the earliest of the wing days—	26 27
	(a)	the day that is 84 days after the day the local government gives the chief executive notice of the decision;	28 29 30
	(b)	the day stated in the notice given to the chief executive;	31
	(c)	the day the decision is revoked by the local government.	32

[s 17]

17				restricting or temporarily preventing access trolled roads	1 2
	(1)	location location	l gove empor on t	on applies if the chief executive (transport) gives a ernment notice that access is temporarily restricted rarily prevented to all or part of a State-controlled he stock route network in the local government's	3 4 5 6 7
	(2)	temp	oorari	government must as soon as practicable decide to ly restrict or temporarily prevent access as required notice.	8 9 10
18				es of temporarily restricting or preventing rt of stock route network	11 12
	(1)	part	of th	government decides to temporarily restrict access to e stock route network, the local government may, pter 4—	13 14 15
		(a)		ose a restrictive condition on a new approval issued hat part of the network; or	16 17
		(b)		nd the conditions of an approval to include a rictive condition.	18 19
	(2)			government decides to temporarily prevent access to e stock route network, the local government—	20 21
		(a)		t not issue an approval to use that part of the stock e network; and	22 23
		(b)	mus	t, under chapter 4—	24
			(i)	suspend an approval to use that part of the network for the period for which access to the network is temporarily prevented; or	25 26 27
			(ii)	cancel an approval to use that part of the network if the approval will expire before the end of the period for which access to the network is temporarily prevented.	28 29 30 31

[s 19]

(3)	Compensation is not payable for an approval that is amended,	1
	suspended or cancelled under this section.	2

5

Chapter 3 Managing the stock route 3 network 4

Part 1 State management plan

19	Sta	ate management plan	6
	(1)	The Minister must prepare, in the way prescribed by regulation, a plan (the <i>State management plan</i>) for managing the stock route network.	7 8 9
	(2)	The State management plan must state—	10
		(a) the outcomes to be achieved by managing the stock route network; and	11 12
		(b) the strategies and actions to be used to achieve the outcomes; and	13 14
		Examples—	15
		• forming partnerships, or entering into arrangements, about the management of the stock route network	16 17
		fire management strategies and actions	18
		(c) the term of the plan; and	19
		(d) any other information prescribed by regulation.	20
	(3)	The Governor in Council may, by gazette notice, approve the State management plan.	21 22
	(4)	The State management plan is not subordinate legislation.	23
	(5)	The Minister must publish a copy of the State management plan on the department's website.	24 25

Part	2		Pasture	1
20	Mar	nagin	g pasture generally	2
	(1)		section applies to an area on the stock route network in a government's area.	3 4
	(2)	consi	local government must manage the pasture in the area, istently with the State management plan, to ensure as far acticable—	5 6 7
		(a)	there is an adequate supply of pasture for travelling stock; and	8 9
		(b)	land degradation in the area is prevented or minimised.	10
21		ering vesti	excess pasture for short-term grazing or ng	11 12
	(1)		section applies to an area on the stock route network in a government's area if—	13 14
		(a)	the boundary between the area and adjacent land is fenced; and	15 16
		(b)	the local government considers there is more pasture on the area than is needed for travelling stock; and	17 18
		(c)	short-term grazing or harvesting the pasture on the area is not likely to—	19 20
			(i) reduce the amount of the pasture below the amount needed for travelling stock; or	21 22
			(ii) adversely affect a special interest area; and	23
		(d)	for a State-controlled road—the local government has the written consent of the chief executive (transport) to offer excess pasture on the area for short-term grazing or harvesting; and	24 25 26 27
		(e)	the local government has asked the owner of the adjacent land whether the owner wants to apply for a grazing approval (short-term) for the area; and	28 29 30

[s 22]

		(f) the owner has advised the local government in writing the owner does not want to apply for a grazing approval (short-term) for the area.	1 2 3
	(2)	The local government may, by a public notice, invite persons to apply for a grazing approval (short-term), or harvesting approval, for the area.	4 5 6
	(3)	In deciding the type of approval to invite persons to apply for, the local government must consider—	7 8
		(a) the amount of pasture available for use; and	9
		(b) the order in which approvals to use the stock route network are to be issued under the principle mentioned in section 4(e).	10 11 12
	(4)	A public notice under this section may be made jointly by 2 or more local governments.	13 14
	(5)	In this section—	15
		area means an area that is not subject to—	16
		(a) an approval; or	17
		(b) an approval, however described, under—	18
		(i) the <i>Land Act 1994</i> ; or	19
		(ii) a transport Act.	20
Part	3	Stock facilities	21
Divis	ion	1 Stock facilities generally	22
22	Prir	mary stock facilities	23
	(1)	The chief executive may, by notice given to a local government, require the local government to provide a primary stock facility in the local government's area.	24 25 26

(2)	However, if the primary stock facility is to be on a State-controlled road, the chief executive must consult with the chief executive (transport) before giving the notice to the local government.	1 2 3 4
(3)	The local government must comply with the notice.	5
(4)	The local government must ensure the primary stock facility is maintained in good working order.	6 7
(5)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that a notice under subsection (1) is not, for another Act, an approval to build the stock facility.	8 9 10
(6)	In this section—	11
	<i>primary stock facility</i> means a stock facility on, or provided for the benefit of persons using, a primary stock route or primary reserve.	12 13 14
Se	condary stock facilities	15
(1)	The chief executive may, by a notice given to a local	16
	government, require the local government to maintain a secondary stock facility in the local government's area.	10 17 18
(2)	0 1 0	17
(2) (3)	secondary stock facility in the local government's area.	17 18
	secondary stock facility in the local government's area.The local government must comply with the notice.A local government may, with the chief executive's written approval, relocate, remove or sell a secondary stock facility or	17 18 19 20 21
(3)	secondary stock facility in the local government's area.The local government must comply with the notice.A local government may, with the chief executive's written approval, relocate, remove or sell a secondary stock facility or part of a secondary stock facility.To remove any doubt, it is declared that a notice under subsection (1) is not, for another Act, an approval to build the	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
(3) (4)	secondary stock facility in the local government's area.The local government must comply with the notice.A local government may, with the chief executive's written approval, relocate, remove or sell a secondary stock facility or part of a secondary stock facility.To remove any doubt, it is declared that a notice under subsection (1) is not, for another Act, an approval to build the stock facility.	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

Stock Route Network Management Bill 2016 Chapter 3 Managing the stock route network Part 3 Stock facilities

[s 24]

24	Mai	nten	ance of stock facility by approval holder	1
		the left	approval allows an approval holder to use a stock facility, ocal government may impose a condition on the approval iring the holder to maintain the stock facility in good king order.	2 3 4 5
Divisi	on	2	Water facilities	6
25	Wat	er fa	cility agreements	7
	(1)	agree	cal government and the chief executive may enter into an ement (a <i>water facility agreement</i>) with the owner of ate land about—	8 9 10
		(a)	the supply of water from a public water facility under the local government's control; or	11 12
		(b)	the supply of water from a private water facility owned by the owner of the private land; or	13 14
		(c)	building a public water facility on the private land; or	15
		(d)	access to a private water facility or public water facility; or	16 17
		(e)	maintaining a private water facility or public water facility.	18 19
	(2)	agre	cal government and the chief executive may enter into an ement (also a <i>water facility agreement</i>) with the holder of azing approval about—	20 21 22
		(a)	the supply of water from a public water facility under the local government's control; or	23 24
		(b)	maintaining a public water facility.	25
	(3)	Awa	ater facility agreement must—	26
		(a)	be in the approved form; and	27
		(b)	state—	28
			(i) who controls or owns the water facility; and	29

	(ii) any requirements relating to access to the water facility; and	1 2
	(iii) the requirements for supplying water from the water facility; and	3 4
	(iv) who is responsible for maintaining the water facility; and	5 6
	(v) the maintenance required for the water facility; and	7
	(vi) any fee or other consideration for supplying water from, or maintaining, the water facility; and	8 9
	(vii) when and how the agreement may be suspended; and	10 11
	(viii) the term of the agreement; and	12
	(ix) any other information prescribed by regulation.	13
(4)	A water facility agreement, other than a water facility agreement made about the matter mentioned in subsection $(1)(c)$, is terminated—	14 15 16
	(a) if a party to the agreement gives the other parties to the agreement notice in the approved form; or	17 18
	(b) for an agreement relating to private land or a private water facility—if the owner of the private land or the private water facility changes; or	19 20 21
	(c) at the end of the term of the agreement.	22
(5)	A water facility agreement made about the matter mentioned in subsection $(1)(c)$ is terminated at the end of the term of the agreement.	23 24 25
(6)	A party to a water facility agreement is not entitled to compensation because the agreement is suspended or terminated under the agreement or this section.	26 27 28
(7)	The chief executive must register each water facility agreement.	29 30
(8)	In this section—	31

[s 26]

	water facility includes part of a water facility.	1
6 Re	egistering particular agreements on land registers	2
(1)	This section applies to a water facility agreement to build a water facility on private land that requires the State to pay all or part of the costs of building the facility.	3 4 5
(2)	As soon as practicable after entering into the agreement, the chief executive must give the land registrar notice of the agreement.	6 7 8
(3)	The land registrar must keep records showing the land is the subject of the agreement.	9 10
(4)	The land registrar must keep the records in a way that ensures a search of a register kept by the registrar under an Act relating to title to the land shows the existence of the agreement.	11 12 13 14
(5)	As soon as practicable after the agreement is terminated, the chief executive must give the land registrar a notice about the termination.	15 16 17
(6)	As soon as practicable after receiving the notice about the termination, the land registrar must amend the registrar's records so that the records no longer show the land is the subject of the agreement.	18 19 20 21
(7)	While the agreement is in force, the obligations under the agreement bind the owner of the land and the owner's successors in title to the land.	22 23 24
(8)	In this section—	25
	land registrar means—	26
	(a) for freehold land—the registrar of titles under the <i>Land</i> <i>Title Act 1994</i> ; or	27 28
	(b) for land registered in the land registry under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> —the chief executive of the department in which that Act is administered.	29 30 31

[s 27]	
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Part 1 Approvals Division 1 Applications 27 Applications for approvals (1) A person may apply for any of the following approvals to use the stock route network— (a) a travel approval; (b) an unfit stock approval; (c) a grazing approval; (d) a harvesting approval. 	4
 27 Applications for approvals (1) A person may apply for any of the following approvals to use the stock route network— (a) a travel approval; (b) an unfit stock approval; (c) a grazing approval; (d) a harvesting approval. 	
 (1) A person may apply for any of the following approvals to use the stock route network— (a) a travel approval; (b) an unfit stock approval; (c) a grazing approval; (d) a harvesting approval. 	5
 the stock route network— (a) a travel approval; (b) an unfit stock approval; (c) a grazing approval; (d) a harvesting approval. 	6
 (b) an unfit stock approval; (c) a grazing approval; (d) a harvesting approval. 	7 8
(c) a grazing approval;(d) a harvesting approval.	9
(d) a harvesting approval.	10
	11
	12
(2) The application must be made to—	13
(a) for a travel approval—the local government for the area in which the travelling of the stock is to start; or	14 15
(b) for an unfit stock approval—the local government for the area in which the unfit stock are located; or	16 17
(c) for a grazing approval—the local government for the area in which the stock are to graze; or	18 19
 (d) for a grazing approval or harvesting approval mentioned in a pasture availability notice—the local government nominated in the pasture availability notice. 	20 21 22
(3) The applicant may also apply for approval to use related roads or reserves near the part of the stock route network mentioned in the application.	23 24 25
(4) The application must be made—	26

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	(a)	for an unfit stock approval or a grazing approval (emergency)—orally; or	1 2
	(b)	for a travel approval—orally or in the approved form; or	3
	(c)	for a grazing approval (short-term), a grazing approval (long-term) or a harvesting approval—in the approved form.	4 5 6
(5)		applicant must pay the application fee to the local rnment before the approval is issued.	7 8
Wh	en ap	oplication must be made	9
	The	application must be made—	10
	(a)	for a travel approval—	11
		(i) not sooner than 28 days before the approval period is to start; and	12 13
		 (ii) unless the applicant is applying for a travel approval to travel stock that are the subject of an unfit stock approval, not later than 14 days before the approval period is to start; or 	14 15 16 17
	(b)	for a grazing approval (short-term)—	18
		(i) if a pasture availability notice has been published—within the period stated in the pasture availability notice; or	19 20 21
		 (ii) if no pasture availability notice has been published—not later than 14 days before the approval period is to start; or 	22 23 24
	(c)	for a grazing approval (long-term)—not later than 28 days before the approval period is to start; or	25 26
	(d)	for a harvesting approval—within the period stated in the pasture availability notice.	27 28

[s 29]

29	Ree	quirin	g mo	ore information for application	1
	(1)	giver made	n to tl e, asl	government may, by a notice in the approved form he applicant within 7 days after the application is to the applicant for more information the local int needs to decide the application.	2 3 4 5
	(2)			government need not deal with the application until ant gives the information to the local government.	6 7
	(3)	gove in th	rnmei e noti	blicant does not give the information to the local nt within the period, of not less than 7 days, stated ice, the local government may treat the application been withdrawn.	8 9 10 11
30	Am	endir	ng ap	plications	12
		amer	nd the	ant may, within 3 days after making an application, application, by a notice in the approved form given l government.	13 14 15
Divis	sion	2		Deciding applications	16
Divis	_		ratio	Deciding applications	16 17
_	_	n side A lo	cal go		
_	Со	n side A lo	cal go route acce	ns—generally overnment may issue an approval to use part of the	17 18
_	Со	nside A loo stock	cal go route acce temp	ns—generally overnment may issue an approval to use part of the e network only if the local government is satisfied— ss to that part of the stock route network is not	17 18 19 20
_	Со	nside A loo stock (a)	cal go route acce temp	ns—generally overnment may issue an approval to use part of the e network only if the local government is satisfied— ss to that part of the stock route network is not porarily prevented; and	17 18 19 20 21

[s 32]

	(c)		condition of that part of the stock route network will ble to support the use allowed under the approval;	1 2 3		
	(d)	the and	applicant is a suitable person to hold the approval;	4 5		
	(e)	of a	ny other matter prescribed by regulation.	6		
(2)	In deciding whether the applicant is a suitable person to hold the approval, the local government may consider whether the applicant, or an associate of the applicant—			7 8 9		
	(a)	or ca	an approval or a similar permit that was suspended ancelled because of a contravention of a condition of approval or permit; or	10 11 12		
	(b)		a conviction, other than a spent conviction, for an nce against this Act or the repealed Act.	13 14		
(3)	In this section—					
	similar permit means—					
	(a)		ock route agistment permit or stock route travel nit under the repealed Act; or	17 18		
	(b)	a permit to occupy land for grazing purposes on roads or reserves under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> ; or				
	(c)	Tran	approval for travelling or grazing stock under the asport Infrastructure Act 1994 or the Transport rations (Road Use Management) Act 1995.	21 22 23		
Со	nside	ratio	ns—travel approval	24		
		ocal government may issue a travel approval only if the l government is satisfied—				
	(a)	the stock under the travel approval can travel at a spee of not less than—				
		(i)	for a travel approval (slow)—5km in a day; or	29		
		(ii)	for a travel approval (standard)—10km in a day; and	30 31		

[s 33]

		(b)	for a travel approval to be issued to a person who has, within the previous 28 days, held a travel approval for the same stock and the same route—exceptional circumstances exist.	1 2 3 4
33	Со	nside	erations—unfit stock approval	5
	(1)		ocal government may issue an unfit stock approval only if local government is satisfied—	6 7
		(a)	the applicant holds a travel approval for the unfit stock; and	8 9
		(b)	the stock under the travel approval can not reasonably travel at the speed stated in the travel approval; and	10 11
		(c)	the applicant has given an unfit stock notice for the stock to the local government.	12 13
	(2)	The	unfit stock approval may be issued for—	14
		(a)	the unfit stock under the travel approval; or	15
		(b)	if more than half of the stock under the travel approval are unfit stock—all of the stock under the travel approval.	16 17 18
34	Со	nside	erations—grazing approval (emergency)	19
	(1)	(eme loca loca	local government may issue a grazing approval ergency) for an area on the stock route network only if the l government is satisfied the area on which the stock are ted has been affected by an adverse natural event and can sustain the stock.	20 21 22 23 24
	(2)	graz appr	ocal government may approve an application for another sing approval (emergency) by the holder of a grazing roval (emergency) for a period immediately after the roval ends.	25 26 27 28
	(3)	In th	nis section—	29
		adve	erse natural event—	30

[s 35]

	(a)) means—		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 3	
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4 5	
	(b)	does not include—		
		(i) drought; or	7	
		reasonably have been avoided or significantly	8 9 10	
		Example of an event for subparagraph (ii)—	11	
		storm causes significant erosion on the land that could	12 13 14	
Co	nside	rations—grazing approval (short-term)	15	
(1)	for	an area on the stock route network only if the local	16 17 18	
	(a)		19 20	
	(b)	local government in writing that the owner wants to	21 22 23	
	(c)	persons to apply for a grazing approval (short-term) for	24 25 26	
(2)	appr the appr the	oval area and private land owned by a person other than applicant, a local government must not issue a grazing oval (short-term), unless the local government is satisfied applicant has a fencing maintenance agreement with the	27 28 29 30 31 32	

[s 36]

(3)	graziı	ng a val	overnment may approve an application for another pproval (short-term) by the holder of a grazing (short-term) for a period immediately after the ends.	1 2 3 4
(4)	In thi	s sec	tion—	5
		ie C	<i>eclared area</i> means an area that has been declared ommonwealth or the State as being affected by	6 7 8
Со	nsider	atio	ns—grazing approval (long-term)	9
(1)	for a	n ar	overnment may issue a grazing approval (long-term) ea on the stock route network only if the local nt is satisfied—	10 11 12
	. ,	the a area	applicant owns or occupies private land next to the ; or	13 14
	(b)	of al	l of the following—	15
		(i)	the applicant owns or occupies private land next to a person (the <i>neighbour</i>) who owns or occupies private land next to the area on the stock route network;	16 17 18 19
		(ii)	the neighbour has not applied for a grazing approval (long-term) for the area;	20 21
		(iii)	the applicant can demonstrate the stock will have access to water.	22 23
(2)	appro the appro the appro	oval a pplic oval (pplic	if there is a boundary fence between a proposed area and private land owned by a person other than ant, a local government must not issue a grazing long-term), unless the local government is satisfied ant has a fencing maintenance agreement with the occupier of the private land.	24 25 26 27 28 29
(3)			overnment may approve an application for another pproval (long-term) by the holder of a grazing	30 31

Stock Route Network Management Bill 2016 Chapter 4 Approvals to use the stock route network or related roads or reserves Part 1 Approvals

[s 37]

approval (long-term) for a period immediately after the 1 approval ends.

37 Considerations—harvesting approval 3 (1) A local government may issue a harvesting approval for an 4 area on the stock route network only if the local government is 5 satisfied-6 (a) a pasture availability notice has been published inviting 7 persons to apply for a harvesting approval for the area; 8 and 9 (b) the harvesting is not likely to adversely affect forest 10 products or the rights of the holder of an approval under 11 the Forestry Act 1959. 12 (2) A local government may approve an application for another 13 harvesting approval by the holder of a harvesting approval for 14 a period immediately after the harvesting approval ends. 15 **Deciding applications** 38 16 (1)After considering the application for an approval, the local 17 government must decide— 18 (a) to issue the approval, with or without conditions stated 19 in the approval; or 20

(b) to refuse to issue the approval.

(2)	If the local government decides to issue the approval, the local	22
	government must—	23

(a) give the applicant an approval in the approved form; and 24

- (b) give the chief executive a notice, in the approved form, 25 that the approval has been issued. 26
- (3) If the local government decides to issue an approval on terms 27 that are not the same as the terms applied for, or imposes 28 conditions on the approval, the local government must give 29 the applicant a review notice for the decision. 30

	[s 39]	
(4)	If the local government decides to refuse to issue the approval, the local government must—	1 2
	(a) give the applicant a review notice for the decision; and	3
	(b) refund the approval fee to the applicant.	4
(5)	The local government is taken to have refused to issue the approval if the local government fails to decide the application within the required period after the local government receives—	5 6 7 8
	(a) the application; or	9
	(b) if the local government asks for information under section 29(1)—the information.	10 11
(6)	In this section—	12
	required period means—	13
	(a) for an application for an unfit stock approval or a grazing approval (emergency)—3 days; or	14 15
	(b) for an application for a travel approval—14 days; or	16
	(c) for an application for a grazing approval (short-term) or a harvesting approval—21 days; or	17 18
	(d) for an application for a grazing approval (long-term)—28 days.	19 20
Ap	proval routes and approval areas	21
(1)		22 23
	(a) in the local government's area; and	24
	(b) on part of the stock route network to which access is not temporarily prevented.	25 26
(2)	The approval route or approval area may also include—	27
	(a) for an approval other than a grazing approval (long-term)—an area in another local government's area, with the other local government's approval, and	28 29 30

[s 40]

		subject to any conditions imposed by the other local government; and
	(b)	a local special interest area, if the local government is satisfied the use allowed under the approval will not adversely affect the local special interest area; and
	(c)	a State special interest area subject to any conditions imposed by the responsible chief executive.
3)	stocl	ocal government may issue an approval for part of the croute network, or related roads and reserves, that are a e-controlled road only if—
	(a)	the chief executive (transport) has given written consent to the issue of the approval; and
	(b)	the local government imposes, on the approval, any conditions of the consent of the chief executive (transport) relating to road safety or the operational integrity of the transport network.
Ap	prova	Il periods
	An a	pproval may be issued for a period of not more than—
	(a)	for an unfit stock approval—14 days; or
	(b)	for a grazing approval (emergency)—
		(i) to use an area that includes part of a primary stock route or primary reserve—14 days; or
		(ii) otherwise—28 days; or
	(c)	for a grazing approval (short-term)—
		(i) to use an area that includes part of a primary stock route or primary reserve—42 days; or
		(ii) otherwise—84 days; or
	(d)	for a grazing approval (long-term)—
		(i) to use an area that includes part of a primary stock route or primary reserve—1 year; or

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			1
	(e)	for a harvesting approval—28 days.	2
	.	<i>.</i> .	_
41 (s of approvals	3
	An a	approval must state—	4
	(a)	the use allowed on the approval route or approval area under the approval; and	5 6
	(b)	the location of the approval route or approval area; and	7
	(c)	the dates on which the approval period for the approval starts and ends; and	8 9
	(d)	that the approval is not transferable; and	10
	(e)	that it is a condition of the approval that the approval holder exercise a duty of care for the approval route or approval area during the approval period; and	11 12 13
	(f)	that it is a condition of the approval that the approval holder have adequate public liability insurance for the use allowed under the approval for the approval period; and	14 15 16 17
	(g)	any other conditions of the approval, including—	18
		(i) any maintenance conditions; or	19
		(ii) any restrictive conditions; or	20
		(iii) any conditions mentioned in section 39(2) or (3); and	21 22
	(h)	any other matter prescribed by regulation.	23
42	Unfit sto	ock approvals	24
	1) This	s section applies to an application for an unfit stock roval by a person who holds a travel approval.	25 26
(ne local government decides to issue the unfit stock roval, the local government must—	27 28

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Chapter 4 Approvals to use the stock route network or related roads or reserves Part 2 Amending approval on approval holder's application

[s 43]

Ap	olicat	ions to amend approvals	27
2		Amending approval on approval holder's application	25 26
(U) 0	peric stock	od for the unfit stock approval, the person in charge of the must remove the stock from the stock route network in 3 days after the end of the approval period.	22 23 24
(5) (6)	appro appro	e local government decides to amend or cancel the travel oval, the local government must refund that part of the oval fee that relates to the unfit stock. e unfit stock are still unfit at the end of the approval	18 19 20 21
(4)	the uperic to rep	e review notice states the applicant is required to remove infit stock from the stock route network within a stated od, the local government must amend the travel approval move the unfit stock from the travel approval.	14 15 16 17
	(b)	that, if the stock are not removed by the end of that period, the stock may be seized under section 80.	12 13
	(a)	the applicant is required to remove the unfit stock from the stock route network within a stated period, of not less than 3 days, after the notice is given; and	9 10 11
(3)	stock	e local government decides to refuse to issue the unfit approval, the review notice for the decision under on 38 must also state—	6 7 8
	(b)	if all of the stock under the travel approval are unfit—cancel the travel approval.	4 5
	(a)	if some of the stock under the travel approval are unfit—amend the travel approval to remove the unfit stock; or	1 2 3

(1) An approval holder may apply to the issuing local government 28 to amend the approval. 29

Part

[s 44]

	(2)			1 2
		(a)	for a travel approval—	3
			• • •	4 5
				6 7
				8 9
			(iv) to extend the approval route by more than 30km; or	10
		(b)	for a grazing approval—	11
				12 13
			(ii) to change the approval area; or	14
		(c)	for a harvesting approval—to change the approval area.	15
	(3)	The	application must be—	16
		(a)	in the approved form; and	17
		(b)	accompanied by the application fee.	18
44	De	cidin	g applications to amend approvals	19
	(1)		• • • •	20 21
		(a)		22 23
		(b)		24 25
		(c)	to refuse to amend the approval.	26
	(2)	to a	low stock to travel on a part of the route on which the	27 28 29

[s 45]

45

		l government is satisfied it is necessary because of an t beyond the approval holder's control.	1 2
	Exam	ples of an event beyond the approval holder's control—	3
	fir	e, flooding or extreme weather conditions	4
Act	tion i	f approval amended	5
		e local government decides to amend the approval, the l government must—	6 7
	(a)	give the applicant an amended approval, in the approved form; and	8 9
	(b)	give the chief executive notice, in the approved form, that the approval has been amended.	10 11
Act	tion i	f approval not amended as requested	12
(1)	This	section applies if the local government decides-	13
	(a)	to amend the approval other than in the way stated in the	
		application; or	14 15
	(b)	11 7	
	(b) (c)	application; or	15
(2)	(c) The	application; or to impose a condition on the approval; or	15 16

			[s 47]	
Part	3		Amending, suspending or cancelling approval by local government	1 2 3
47		ound prova	s for amending, suspending or cancelling al	4 5
	(1)	the i	round exists to amend, suspend or cancel an approval if issuing local government reasonably believes the approval at be amended, suspended or cancelled—	6 7 8
		(a)	to issue an approval to use the stock route network that is higher in the order of priority in the principle mentioned in section $4(e)$; or	9 10 11
		(b)	in the interests of public safety; or	12
		(c)	to maintain the condition of the stock route network; or	13
		(d)	to maintain the natural heritage or cultural heritage of the stock route network; or	14 15
		(e)	to prevent damage to stock facilities; or	16
		(f)	to allow road works to be carried out; or	17
		(g)	for another ground prescribed by regulation.	18
	(2)	<u> </u>	round exists to suspend or cancel an approval if the issuing al government reasonably believes the approval holder—	19 20
		(a)	is not, or is no longer, a suitable person under section 31 to hold the approval; or	21 22
		(b)	obtained the approval by materially incorrect or misleading information; or	23 24
		(c)	has contravened a condition of the approval.	25
	(3)	-	round exists to immediately suspend an approval if the ing local government reasonably believes—	26 27
		(a)	a ground exists under subsection (1) or (2) to suspend or cancel the approval; and	28 29

[s 48]

	(b)		approval must be immediately suspended because of nmediate and serious risk to—	1 2
		(i)	public safety; or	3
		(ii)	the condition of the stock route network; or	4
		(iii)	the natural heritage or cultural heritage of the stock route network.	5 6
Sho	ow ca	use	notice	7
(1)	exist gove	to a rnme	ing local government reasonably believes grounds mend, suspend, or cancel an approval, the local nt must give the approval holder a notice (a <i>show</i> <i>ice</i>) that—	8 9 10 11
	(a)		es the local government reasonably believes grounds t to amend, suspend or cancel the approval; and	12 13
	(b)	for t	ines the facts and circumstances that form the basis the local government's belief that grounds exist to nd, suspend or cancel the approval; and	14 15 16
	(c)		he local government proposes to amend the oval—states the amendment; and	17 18
	(d)		he local government proposes to suspend the roval for a period—states the period; and	19 20
	(e)	than writt	es the holder may, within a stated period of not less 7 days after the notice is given to the holder, make ten representations to the local government about the grounds stated under paragraph (a) do not exist.	21 22 23 24
(2)			w cause notice states the approval is immediately I, the approval is suspended for the period that—	25 26
	(a)		s on the day the local government gives the approval er the show cause notice; and	27 28
	(b)	ends	;	29
		(i)	on the day the local government gives the approval holder a notice under section 49(2) or (4); or	30 31

[s 49]

		(ii)	if the local government does not give the approval holder a notice under section 49(2) or (4) before the end of the immediate suspension period—at the end of the immediate suspension period.	1 2 3 4
(3)	In th	is sec	ction—	5
	start	ing o	<i>e suspension period</i> means a period of 56 days on the day a local government gives a show cause an approval holder.	6 7 8
Dee	cisio	n afte	er show cause notice	9
(1)			government must consider any representations the holder makes under section $48(1)(e)$.	10 11
(2)	ame	nd, sı	cal government does not believe grounds exist to uspend or cancel the approval, the local government a notice to that effect to the approval holder.	12 13 14
(3)		end o	cal government believes grounds exist to amend, or cancel the approval, the local government may	15 16 17
	(a)	to ta	ake the action proposed in the show cause notice; or	18
	(b)		ne action proposed in the show cause notice was to pend the approval—to amend the approval; or	19 20
	(c)		ne action proposed in the show cause notice was to cel the approval—	21 22
		(i)	to amend the approval; or	23
		(ii)	to suspend the approval for a period.	24
(4)			al government decides to act under subsection (3), government must—	25 26
	(a)	give	e the approval holder—	27
		(i)	a review notice; and	28
		(ii)	for a decision to amend the approval—an amended approval in the approved form; and	29 30

[s 50]

		(b)	give the chief executive notice, in the approved form, that the action was taken.	1 2
	(5)	appr	e local government decides to suspend or cancel a travel oval, unfit stock approval or grazing approval, the review ce must also state—	3 4 5
		(a)	the approval holder is required to remove the stock under the approval from the stock route network within a stated period, of not less than 3 days, after the notice is given; and	6 7 8 9
		(b)	that, if the stock are not removed by the end of that period, the stock may be seized under section 80.	10 11
	(6)	local	he local government decides to cancel an approval, the l government must refund the part of the approval fee that es to the cancelled period of the approval.	12 13 14
	(7)	A de	ecision under subsection (3) has effect—	15
		(a)	on the day the review notice is given to the approval holder; or	16 17
		(b)	on a later day stated in the review notice.	18
Part	4		Replacing or surrendering	19
			approvals	20
50	Rep	olacir	ng approvals	21
	(1)		cal government may replace an approval if the approval er gives the local government—	22 23
		(a)	a notice, under section 68, about a change in a prescribed particular of the approval; or	24 25
		(b)	a notice, in the approved form, stating the approval has been lost, damaged or destroyed.	26 27
	(2)		local government must give the chief executive a notice, e approved form, that the approval has been replaced.	28 29

[s 51]

51	Surrendering approvals							
	(1)	An approval holder may surrender an approval by returning the approval to the issuing local government.	2 3					
	(2)	The holder of an approval, other than a harvesting approval, must remove the stock under the approval from the approval route or approval area before returning the approval to the issuing local government.	4 5 6 7					
	(3)	The issuing local government may refund part of the approval fee to the approval holder.	8 9					
Part	5	Local laws about approvals	10					
52	Loc	al laws	11					
	(1)	A local government may make a local law under the relevant empowering Act about approvals to use related roads or reserves.	12 13 14					
		Example—	15					
		A local law may provide for approvals to be issued under this chapter.	16					
	(2)	However, the local government must have the written consent of the chief executive (transport) before making a local law relating to related roads or reserves that are a State-controlled road.	17 18 19 20					
	(3)	If a person applies for an approval to use the stock route network and related roads or reserves, this chapter applies instead of the local law.	21 22 23					
	(4)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the making of, or anything done under, a local law made for this section does not affect the operation of this chapter in relation to the stock route network.	24 25 26 27					

[s 53]

Chapter 5 Part 1			Offences and enforcement	1
			Offences	2
Divis	ion	1	Stock route network	3
Subd	livis	ion 1	1 Using stock route network	4
53	Sto	ck on	n network without approval	5
	(1)	-	rson who owns or is in charge of stock must not allow the to travel or graze on the stock route network, unless—	6 7
		(a)	the stock are on the network under—	8
			(i) an approval; or	9
			(ii) subsection (2); or	10
		(b)	the person has a reasonable excuse.	11
		Examp	ple of a reasonable excuse—	12
		dar exa the	stock-proof fence between private land and the stock route network is maged by an event beyond the landowner's control, including, for ample, a natural disaster. The owner has a reasonable excuse if, since event, the owner has not had a reasonable opportunity to restore the acce to a stock-proof condition.	13 14 15 16 17
		Maxi	imum penalty—	18
		(a)	for not more than 10 animals—50 penalty units; or	19
		(b)	for more than 10 animals but not more than 100 animals—100 penalty units; or	20 21
		(c)	for more than 100 animals—200 penalty units.	22
	(2)	-	erson may travel stock on the stock route network in a government's area without an approval if the person—	23 24
		(a)	before travelling the stock—	25

[s 54]

		(i)	gets adequate public liability insurance covering the proposed travel; and	1 2	
		(ii)	gives the local government oral or written notice about the proposed travel; and	3 4	
((b)	trave	els the stock—	5	
		(i)	for not more than 1 day; and	6	
		(ii)	in daylight hours; and	7	
		(iii)	for animal husbandry or property management purposes; and	8 9	
((c)	ensu	res the stock are supervised while travelling; and	10	
((d)	the p	res signage that warns members of the public about presence of the stock, as prescribed by regulation, is layed while the stock are travelling.	11 12 13	
1	Note—				
			<i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> , section 50 for requirements at Act about stock movements on State-controlled roads.	15 16	
Stray	y sto	ock o	n stock route network	17	
5	stray	stock	who owns or is in charge of stock must not allow a on the stock route network, unless the person has a be excuse.	18 19 20	
I	Maxi	mum	penalty—	21	
((a)	for n	not more than 10 animals—50 penalty units; or	22	
((b)		more than 10 animals but not more than 50 nals—100 penalty units; or	23 24	
((c)		more than 50 animals but not more than 100 nals—200 penalty units; or	25 26	
((d)		more than 100 animals but not more than 200 nals—300 penalty units; or	27 28	
((e)	for n	nore than 200 animals—400 penalty units.	29	

[s 55]

55	Usi	ng temporarily closed stock route network	1
	(1)	This section applies to a part of the stock route network to which access has been temporarily prevented under section 16.	2 3 4
	(2)	A person must not allow stock on, or harvest pasture from, that part of the stock route network, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	5 6 7
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	8
56	Ob	structing stock route network	9
		A person must not obstruct a person who is using the stock route network under an approval, unless—	10 11
		(a) it is necessary to ensure the safety of persons or stock; or	12 13
		(b) the person has a reasonable excuse.	14
		Examples of obstructing a person—	15
		building a fence, locking a gate or using a vehicle to prevent stock moving	16 17
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	18
57	Pla	cing harmful things on stock route network	19
		A person must not place any thing on the stock route network that is likely to harm—	20 21
		(a) a person using the network under an approval, or the person's equipment; or	22 23
		(b) stock on the network.	24
		Examples of a thing—	25
		an animal carcass, a car body, a rope or a wire	26
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	27

58	Ha	rvesting pasture	1					
	(1)	A person must not harvest pasture from the stock route network, unless the person—	2 3					
		(a) is harvesting the pasture under a harvesting approval; or	4					
		(b) has a reasonable excuse.	5					
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	6					
	(2)	In this section—	7					
		person does not include—	8					
		(a) a local government; or	9					
		(b) an agent or employee of a local government acting under the local government's directions.	10 11					
59	Burning pasture							
	(1)	A person must not burn pasture on the stock route network in a local government's area, unless the person has—	13 14					
		(a) the local government's written consent; or	15					
		(b) a reasonable excuse.	16					
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.						
	(2)	In this section—	18					
		person does not include—	19					
		(a) a local government; or	20					
		(b) an agent or employee of a local government acting under the local government's directions.	21 22					
60	Fei	ncing	23					
		If there is a fence on or next to the boundary between private	24					

In there is a relace on or next to the boundary between private24land and the stock route network, the owner of the private land25must maintain the fence in a stock-proof condition, unless the26owner has a reasonable excuse.27

[s 61]

		Maximum penalty—400 penalty units.	1
Sub	divis	sion 2 Stock facilities	2
61	Da	maging stock facilities	3
		A person must not damage a stock facility, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	4 5
		Examples of damage—	6
		• cutting the fence around a water tank	7
		• removing solar panels from a water facility	8
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	9
62	Hir	ndering operation of stock facilities	10
	(1)	A person must not hinder the usual operation of a stock facility, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	11 12
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	13
	(2)	A person who owns or is in charge of stock must not allow the stock to remain within 300m of a water facility for longer than is necessary to water the stock, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	14 15 16 17
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	18
	(3)	A person must not camp on the stock route network within 300m of a water facility, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	19 20 21
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	22
63	Tak	king or releasing water from water facilities	23
	(1)	A person must not take water from a water facility, unless the person—	24 25
		(a) is authorised under—	26

[s 64]

		(i)	an approval; or	1
		(ii)	a water facility agreement; or	2
		(iii)	a local government's written consent to take the water for road works; or	3 4
	(b)	has	a reasonable excuse.	5
	Max	imun	n penalty—200 penalty units.	6
(2)			must not release water, or allow water to be released, ater facility, unless the person—	7 8
	(a)	is us	sing the water for—	9
		(i)	watering stock under an approval or a water facility agreement; or	10 11
		(ii)	personal use while travelling or grazing stock under an approval or a water facility agreement; or	12 13
			Examples—	14
			for drinking, cooking or personal hygiene	15
		(iii)	road works, with the local government's written consent; or	16 17
	(b)	has	a reasonable excuse.	18
	Max	imun	n penalty—200 penalty units.	19
Pol	luting	g wat	ter in water facilities	20
	1		must not pollute water in a water facility, unless the s a reasonable excuse.	21 22

Maximum penalty—200 penalty units. 23

[s 65]

Divi	sion	2	Approvals	1
65	Ар	prova	al conditions	2
	(1)		s section does not apply to a condition of an approval at supervising grazing stock.	3 4
		Note-	—	5
			or a contravention of a condition of an approval about supervising razing stock, see section 71.	6 7
	(2)	stoc	erson who holds an approval, or a person in charge of k under an approval, must not contravene a condition of approval, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	8 9 10
		Max	kimum penalty—	11
		(a)	for a maintenance condition-200 penalty units; or	12
		(b)	for a restrictive condition—100 penalty units; or	13
		(c)	for another condition—50 penalty units.	14
66	Notifying landowner of intended entry under approval			
	(1)		s section applies to a person in charge of travelling stock if person travels the stock on—	16 17
		(a)	a reserve that is a part of the stock route network for which there is an owner, other than a local government or the State; or	18 19 20
		(b)	a part of the stock route network fenced in with private land for which there is an owner.	21 22
	(2)	the r	less than 48 hours before entering the reserve or part of network, the person must give notice of the intended entry ne owner, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	23 24 25
		Max	timum penalty—50 penalty units.	26

[s 67]

67	Pro	oduci	ng approval for inspection	1
	(1)	This	s section applies to—	2
		(a)	a person in charge of stock on the stock route network under an approval; or	3 4
		(b)	a person harvesting pasture on the stock route network under an approval.	5 6
	(2)	appr the a	in authorised person asks the person to produce the roval for inspection, the person must immediately produce approval, or a copy of it, to the authorised person, unless person has a reasonable excuse.	7 8 9 10
		Max	kimum penalty—10 penalty units.	11
68	Co	rrect	ing particulars of approvals	12
	(1)	An approval holder must, within 14 days after a prescribed particular of an approval changes, give notice of the correct particular to the issuing local government, unless the approval holder has a reasonable excuse.		13 14 15 16
		Max	kimum penalty—20 penalty units.	17
	(2)	In th	nis section—	18
		pres	cribed particular, of an approval, means—	19
		(a)	the approval holder's address or phone number; or	20
		(b)	the name of the person in charge of stock under the approval; or	21 22
		(c)	any other information prescribed by regulation.	23
69	Re	turniı	ng amended approval	24
	(1)	This	s section applies if a local government—	25
		(a)	amends an approval; and	26
		(b)	gives the approval holder a notice requiring the approval holder to return the approval to the local government.	27 28

[s 70]

(2)	The approval holder must comply with the notice, unless the approval holder has a reasonable excuse.	1 2
	Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	3
Tra	velling stock under approval	4
(1)	This section applies to—	5
	(a) a person who holds a travel approval or unfit stock approval; or	6 7
	(b) a person in charge of stock travelling under a travel approval or unfit stock approval.	8 9
(2)	The person must directly supervise, or ensure another person is directly supervising, the stock travelling under the approval, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	10 11 12
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	13
(3)	The person must ensure the stock travel at the speed required under the approval, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	14 15
	Examples of a reasonable excuse—	16
	• a fire, flood or adverse weather	17
	• another circumstance that is not reasonably foreseeable	18
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	19
(4)	For subsection (3), it is not a defence for the approval holder to prove the stock were unfit stock.	20 21
Su	pervising grazing stock	22
	If a condition of a grazing approval requires the approval holder to supervise the stock, the approval holder must not contravene the condition, unless the approval holder has a reasonable excuse.	23 24 25 26
	Maximum penalty—	27
	(a) for not more than 10 animals—50 penalty units; or	28
	(b) for more than 10 animals—100 penalty units.	29
	Tra (1) (2) (3)	 approval holder has a reasonable excuse. Maximum penalty—20 penalty units. Travelling stock under approval This section applies to— a person who holds a travel approval or unfit stock approval; or a person in charge of stock travelling under a travel approval or unfit stock approval. The person must directly supervise, or ensure another person is directly supervising, the stock travelling under the approval, unless the person has a reasonable excuse. Maximum penalty—100 penalty units. The person must ensure the stock travel at the speed required under the approval, unless the person has a reasonable excuse. <i>Examples of a reasonable excuse</i>— a fire, flood or adverse weather another circumstance that is not reasonably foreseeable Maximum penalty—100 penalty units. (4) For subsection (3), it is not a defence for the approval holder to prove the stock were unfit stock. Supervising grazing stock If a condition of a grazing approval requires the approval holder to supervise the stock, the approval holder must not contravene the condition, unless the approval holder has a reasonable excuse. Maximum penalty—(a) for not more than 10 animals—50 penalty units; or

72	Notice about unfit stock				
	(1)	travel approval if the approval	ion to stock travelling under a holder, or a person in charge of any of the stock are unfit stock.	2 3 4	
	(2) The approval holder or person must give an unfit stock not to the local government for the area in which the stock located, unless the approval holder or person has a reasona excuse.				
		Maximum penalty—50 penal	y units.	9	
	(3)	An <i>unfit stock notice</i> is an o the approved form, that states	ral notice, or a written notice in	10 11	
		(a) the number of unfit stoc	k; and	12	
		(b) the reason the stock ar because of a stated disea	e unfit, including, for example, ase; and	13 14	
			have been diagnosed or treated n and, if so, the result of the and	15 16 17	
		(d) the action proposed to d	eal with the unfit stock.	18	
73	Ins	pecting and measuring ha	vested pasture	19	
	(1)	-	st approval must keep a harvest pasture is harvested, unless the e.	20 21 22	
		Maximum penalty—10 penal	y units.	23	
	(2)	allow an authorised person to	person has a reasonable excuse, inspect and measure the pasture at the approval area, or the thin—	24 25 26 27	
		(a) 7 days after the pasture	is harvested; or	28	
		(b) a longer period agreed authorised person.	l between the person and the	29 30	
		Maximum penalty—50 penal	y units.	31	

[s 74]

	(3)	The person must comply with a reasonable direction of the authorised person for inspecting or measuring the pasture, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.		
		Max	timum penalty—50 penalty units.	4
	(4)	In th	is section—	5
		harv	vest record means a written record that states—	6
		(a)	each day pasture is harvested under a harvest approval; and	7 8
		(b)	the amount of pasture harvested under the approval.	9
Part	2		Caution or directions notices	10
74	Ca	ution	notices	11
	(1)		s section applies if an authorised person reasonably eves—	12 13
		(a)	a person is committing, or has committed, an offence under part 1; or	14 15
		(b)	it is necessary for immediate action to be taken to prevent or minimise land degradation on the stock route network.	16 17 18
	(2)	The	authorised person may give a caution notice to the person.	19
	(3)	A constate	<i>aution notice</i> is a notice, in the approved form, that es—	20 21
		(a)	the authorised person is giving the notice because of a belief mentioned in subsection (1); and	22 23
		(b)	the facts and circumstances that form the basis for the authorised person's belief; and	24 25
		(c)	the action the person who is given the notice may take—	26
			(i) to prevent or remedy the offence; or	27
			(ii) to prevent or minimise the land degradation.	28

75	Dire	ectio	ns notices	1
	(1)		section applies if an authorised person reasonably ves-	2 3
		(a)	a person is committing, or has committed, an offence under part 1; or	4 5
		(b)	it is necessary for immediate action to be taken to prevent or minimise land degradation on the stock route network.	6 7 8
	(2)	The	authorised person may give the person—	9
		(a)	a directions notice; and	10
		(b)	a review notice for the decision to give the directions notice.	11 12
	(3)	A <i>di</i> state	<i>rections notice</i> is a notice, in the approved form, that s—	13 14
		(a)	the authorised person is giving the notice because of a belief mentioned in subsection (1); and	15 16
		(b)	the facts and circumstances that form the basis for the authorised person's belief; and	17 18
		(c)	the action the person who is given the notice must take—	19 20
			(i) to prevent or remedy the offence; or	21
			(ii) to prevent or minimise the land degradation; and	22
		(d)	if the notice requires the person to remove stock from the stock route network—that if the person does not remove the stock, the stock may be seized under section 80.	23 24 25 26
	(4)	-	person must comply with the directions notice, unless the on has a reasonable excuse.	27 28
		Max	imum penalty—400 penalty units.	29
		Note-	-	30
			so see section 77 for the local government's powers to remedy a lure to comply with a directions notice.	31 32

[s 76]

76

(5)	relat	tion to	that a person has been given a caution notice, in a matter, does not stop an authorised person giving ns notice to the person in relation to—	1 2 3
	(a)	the	matter; or	4
	(b)	a sir	milar matter.	5
Wh	at a (direc	tions notice may and must not require	6
(1)	A di	rectio	ons notice may, for example, require a person—	7
	(a)	to a	pply for an approval; or	8
	(b)		build or restore a fence on a boundary of the stock the network to a stock-proof condition; or	9 10
	(c)		ix damage caused by the commission of the offence y land degradation; or	11 12
	(d)		remove stock from the stock route network and vent the stock re-entering the network.	13 14
(2)		rectio oval–	ons notice must not require a person to apply for an	15 16
	(a)	if th	e person is not eligible for the approval; or	17
	(b)	if—		18
		(i)	the person, or an associate of the person, has been refused an approval; and	19 20
		(ii)	the authorised person considers there has been no change in circumstances that would increase the likelihood of the person being issued an approval.	21 22 23
(3)	from to re	n the semove	ons notice must not require a person to remove stock stock route network if a notice requiring the person e the stock has already been given to the person tion $49(5)$.	24 25 26 27
Fen	icing	or fi	ixing damage under directions notice	28

(1) This section applies if—

29

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	(a) an authorised person gives a directions notice to a person requiring the person to take action—	1 2
	(i) to build or restore a fence to a stock-proof condition; or	3 4
	(ii) to fix damage or land degradation; and	5
	(b) the person has not complied with the directions notice.	6
(2)	An authorised person, or a person acting for the authorised person, may enter private land at any reasonable time to take the action under the directions notice.	7 8 9
(3)	However, the authorised person must give an entry notice to the owner of the land not less than 7 days before the entry.	10 11
(4)	The local government may recover the reasonable costs of taking the action under the directions notice as a debt payable by the following person—	12 13 14
	(a) the owner of the land;	15
	(b) if there are 2 or more owners of the land—each owner jointly and severally.	16 17
(5)	The local government must give each owner of the land a notice stating the amount of the debt.	18 19
(6)	The debt becomes payable 28 days after the local government gives all owners of the land notice of the amount of the debt.	20 21
(7)	If the owner does not pay the reasonable costs when the costs are payable, the unpaid costs are a charge on the land as if the unpaid costs were overdue rates under the relevant empowering Act.	22 23 24 25
(8)	This section does not limit any other remedy the local government has to recover the debt.	26 27
Mu	stering notices	28
(1)	This section applies if an authorised person reasonably believes it is necessary for stock on the stock route network to	29 30

30 31

be mustered—

[s 79]

	(a) to prevent or minimise a risk to public safety; or	1
	(b) to monitor compliance with an approval or section 72.	2
(2)	The authorised person may decide to give the person who owns, or is in charge of, the stock a notice (a <i>mustering</i> <i>notice</i>) in the approved form that states—	
	(a) the authorised person is giving the notice for a reason mentioned in subsection (1) that is stated in the notices and	
	(b) the person is required to muster the stock to a stated place within—	l 9 10
	(i) a stated period of not less than 24 hours; or	11
	 (ii) if the stock are to be mustered to prevent or minimise a risk to public safety—an appropriate shorter period. 	
(3)	If the mustering notice is given for a reason mentioned in subsection (1)(b), the authorised person must also give the person a review notice for the decision to give the mustering notice.	16
(4)	The person must comply with the mustering notice, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	20 19
	Maximum penalty for subsection (4)—100 penalty units.	21
Мп	stering stock under mustering notice	22
(1)	This section applies if—	22
(1)	 (a) a local government gives a mustering notice to a personand 	
	(b) the person does not comply with the notice.	26
(2)	An authorised person for the local government, or a person acting for the authorised person, may muster the stock.	27 28
(3)	However, if the stock are on private land, the authorised person, or person acting for the authorised person, may enter the land to muster the stock only if—	

[s 80]

- for stock the authorised person reasonably believes are (b) 23 stray stock-the authorised person is not able to identify 24 the owner of the stock after making reasonable 25 enquiries. 26
- (2)The authorised person must give the owner of the stock a 27 notice stating that if the stock are not claimed within a stated 28

[s 81]

		od, of not less than 3 days after the notice is given, the l government may sell or otherwise dispose of the stock.	1 2
(3)	not	fter making reasonable enquiries, the local government is able to identify the owner of the stock, the local ernment may give the owner the notice by public notice.	3 4 5
(4)	clair	authorised person must release the stock to a person who ns the stock, before the stock are sold or otherwise osed of, if—	6 7 8
	(a)	the authorised person is satisfied the person is entitled to possess the stock; and	9 1(
	(b)	the person, if required by the local government, pays the reasonable costs of—	11 12
		(i) seizing, removing and holding the stock; and	13
		(ii) giving the notice under subsection (2).	14
(1)		e stock are not released to a person under section 80(4), authorised person may—	
Dis (1)	If th		15 16 17
	(a)	for an animal the authorised person reasonably believes has a market value of not less than the threshold amount—sell the animal by public auction or tender; or	18 19 20
	(b)	for any other stock—dispose of the stock in the way the authorised person considers appropriate.	21 22
(2)		authorised person must use the amount received on the of the stock in the following order—	23 24
	(a)	to pay the reasonable costs of the sale;	25
	(b)	to pay the reasonable costs of seizing, removing and holding the stock and giving the notice under section $80(2)$;	20 27 28
	(c)	to pay the balance to—	29
		(i) the owner of the stock; or	30

[s 82]

		0	E the local government is not able to identify the wner of the stock after making reasonable nquiries—the local government.	1 2 3
	(3)	-	on is not payable for stock sold or otherwise under this section.	4 5
	(4)	In this section	on—	6
		threshold an	<i>nount</i> means—	7
		(a) \$1000	; or	8
		(b) a high	er amount (if any) prescribed by regulation.	9
82	Des	stroying stra	ay stock	10
	(1)		ed person may destroy stray stock that are on the network if the authorised person reasonably	11 12 13
		to urg	ot practicable to arrange for the owner of the stock ently remove the stock, including, for example, se the owner can not be contacted or identified;	14 15 16 17
		(b) it is n public	ecessary to destroy the stock in the interests of safety.	18 19
		Example	e for paragraph (b)—	20
		unma	authorised person reasonably believes the stock are anageable and pose a risk to the safety of the public, and it is practicable to seize the stock.	21 22 23
	(2)	Compensations section.	on is not payable for stock destroyed under this	24 25

[s 83]

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2 3
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15 16 17
18 19 20
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[s 84]

Divi	sion	2	Entering place for stock facilities	1
84	Ins	pecti	ing and maintaining stock facility	2
	(1)	land	s section applies if a stock facility is provided on private I in a local government area for the benefit of persons of the stock route network.	3 4 5
	(2)	pers	authorised person, or a person acting for the authorised son, may enter the land to inspect or maintain the stock lity if—	6 7 8
		(a)	the occupier of the land consents to the entry; or	9
		(b)	the authorised person gives an entry notice to the occupier of the land, in the required way, not less than 24 hours before the entry; or	10 11 12
		(c)	the authorised person reasonably believes it is necessary to immediately enter the land because of urgent circumstances.	13 14 15
	(3)	In th	nis section—	16
		requ	uired way means—	17
		(a)	giving the notice directly to the occupier; or	18
		(b)	if the authorised person reasonably believes it is impracticable to give the notice under paragraph (a)—	19 20
			(i) publishing a public notice; or	21
			(ii) placing the notice in a conspicuous place on the land.	22 23
Divi	sion	3	Stopping or moving vehicles	24
85	Ар	plica	tion of division	25

Application of division 85

This division applies if an authorised person reasonably 26 suspects, or is aware, that a thing in or on a vehicle may 27

[s 86]

provide evidence of the commission of an offence against this 1 Act. 2

Мс	oving vehicles	3
(1)	If the vehicle is moving, an authorised person may direct the person in control of the vehicle—	4 5
	(a) to stop the vehicle; and	6
	(b) to move the vehicle to, and keep it at, a convenient place within a reasonable distance to allow the authorised person to exercise the authorised person's powers.	7 8 9
(2)	In giving the direction, the authorised person must clearly identify himself or herself as an authorised person exercising the authorised person's powers, including, for example, by using a sign or loudhailer.	10 11 12 13
(3)	When the vehicle stops, the authorised person must immediately produce the authorised person's identity card for the person in control of the vehicle to inspect.	14 15 16
(4)	The person in control of the vehicle must comply with a direction under subsection (1), unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	17 18 19
	Maximum penalty—60 penalty units.	20
(5)	It is a reasonable excuse for the person not to comply with the direction if—	21 22
	(a) the authorised person did not comply with subsections(2) and (3); or	23 24
	(b) to comply immediately would have endangered someone or caused loss or damage to property, and the person complies as soon as it is practicable to do so.	25 26 27
Ste	opped vehicles	28
	If the vehicle is storned on owtherized nervous many direct the	-0

If the vehicle is stopped, an authorised person may direct the person in control of the vehicle—
 30

[s 88]

		(a) not to move the vehicle until the authorised person has exercised the authorised person's powers; or	1 2
		(b) to move the vehicle to, and keep it at, a stated reasonable place to allow the authorised person to exercise the authorised person's powers.	3 4 5
	(2)	When giving the direction, the authorised person must—	6
		(a) immediately produce the authorised person's identity card for the person in control of the vehicle to inspect; and	7 8 9
		(b) give an offence warning for the direction to the person in control of the vehicle.	10 11
	(3)	The person in control of the vehicle must comply with the direction, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	12 13
		Maximum penalty—60 penalty units.	14
	(4)	A person does not commit an offence against subsection (3) if the person is not given an offence warning for the direction.	15 16
Divi	sion	4 Requiring documents or information	17 18
88	Re	quiring documents to be produced	19
	(1)	This section applies to a document—	20
		(a) issued to a person under this Act; or	21
		(b) required to be kept by a person under this Act.	22
	(2)	An authorised person may require the person to produce the document to an authorised person for inspection, at a reasonable time and place that the authorised person nominates.	23 24 25 26
	(3)	The authorised person may keep the document to copy it.	27
	(4)	If the authorised person copies the document, or part of the document, the authorised person may require the person	28 29

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	responsible for keeping the document to certify the copy as a true copy of the document or part of the document.	1 2
(5)	The authorised person must return the document to the person as soon as practicable after copying the document.	3 4
(6)	However, if the authorised person makes a requirement of the person under subsection (4), the authorised person may keep the document until the person complies with the requirement.	5 6 7
(7)	A person must comply with a requirement made of the person under subsection (2) or (4), unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	8 9 10
	Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	11
(8)	It is not a reasonable excuse for a person to fail to comply with a requirement on the basis that complying with the requirement might tend to incriminate the person or expose the person to a penalty.	12 13 14 15
(9)	The authorised person must inform the person, in a way that is reasonable in the circumstances—	16 17
	(a) that the person must comply with the requirement even though complying with the requirement might tend to incriminate the person or expose the person to a penalty; and	18 19 20 21
	(b) that, under section 118, there is limited immunity against the use of the document given in accordance with the requirement.	22 23 24
(10)	If the authorised person fails to comply with subsection (9), the person can not be convicted of the offence against subsection (7).	25 26 27
(11)	If a court convicts a person of an offence against subsection (7), the court may, as well as imposing a penalty for the offence, order the person to comply with the requirement.	28 29 30
(12)	In this section—	31
	<i>produce</i> , a document that is stored electronically, means produce a clear written reproduction of the document.	32 33

89	Red	quiring information	1
	(1)	This section applies if an authorised person reasonably believes—	2 3
		(a) an offence against this Act has been committed; and	4
		(b) a person may be able to give information about the offence.	5 6
	(2)	The authorised person may, by notice given to the person, require the person to give information about the offence to the authorised person, by a stated reasonable time.	7 8 9
	(3)	The person must comply with the requirement, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	10 11
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	12
	(4)	It is a reasonable excuse for an individual not to give the information if giving the information might tend to incriminate the individual or expose the individual to a penalty.	13 14 15 16
	(5)	In this section—	17
		<i>give</i> , information that is stored electronically, means produce a clear written reproduction of the information.	18 19
Divis	ion	5 Seizing and forfeiting things	20
Subd	livis	ion 1 Seizing things	21
90		zing evidence at a place that may be entered without sent or warrant	22 23
	(1)	This section applies if an authorised person enters a place that the authorised person may enter under this Act without the consent of an occupier of the place or a warrant.	24 25 26

[s 91]

	(2)	The authorised person may seize a thing at the place if the authorised person reasonably believes the thing is evidence of an offence against this Act.	1 2 3
91	Seiz	zing evidence at a place entered with consent	4
	(1)	This section applies if an authorised person may enter a place after getting the consent of an occupier of the place.	5 6
	(2)	The authorised person may seize a thing at the place only if—	7
		(a) the authorised person reasonably believes the thing is evidence of an offence against this Act; and	8 9
		(b) seizing the thing is consistent with the purpose of entry, as explained to the occupier when asking for the occupier's consent.	10 11 12
92	Seiz	zing evidence at a place entered with warrant	13
	(1)	This section applies if—	14
		 (a) an authorised person may enter a place under this Act only with the consent of an occupier of the place or under a warrant; and 	15 16 17
		(b) the authorised person enters the place under a warrant.	18
	(2)	The authorised person may seize the evidence for which the warrant was issued.	19 20
	(3)	The authorised person may also seize anything else at the place if the authorised person reasonably believes—	21 22
		(a) the thing is evidence of an offence against this Act; and	23
		(b) seizing the thing is necessary to prevent the thing being destroyed, hidden or lost.	24 25
	(4)	The authorised person may also seize a thing at the place if the authorised person reasonably believes the thing has just been used in committing an offence against this Act.	26 27 28

[s 93]

Sei	zing	property subject to security	1
(1)	relat	authorised person may seize a thing, and exercise powers ting to the thing, despite a lien or other security over the g claimed by another person.	2 3 4
(2)	to th auth	vever, the seizure does not affect the other person's claim ne lien or other security against a person other than the porised person or a person acting under the direction or pority of the authorised person.	5 6 7 8
Sec	curin	g seized thing	9
(1)		er seizing a thing under this subdivision, an authorised on may—	10 11
	(a)	move the thing from the place (the <i>place of seizure</i>) where the thing was seized; or	12 13
	(b)	leave the thing at the place of seizure and take reasonable action to restrict access to the thing.	14 15
(2)		subsection (1)(b), the authorised person may, for nple—	16 17
	(a)	seal the thing, or the entrance to the place of seizure, and mark the thing or place to show access to the thing or place is restricted; or	18 19 20
	(b)	for equipment—make the thing inoperable; or	21
		Examples of making equipment inoperable—	22
		dismantling the equipment or removing a component without which the equipment can not be used	23 24
	(c)	require a person the authorised person reasonably believes is in control of the place or thing to do—	25 26
		(i) an act stated in paragraph (a) or (b); or	27
		(ii) anything else an authorised person could do under subsection (1)(a).	28 29

93

[s 95]

(3)	The person must comply with a requirement made of the person under subsection $(2)(c)$, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	1 2 3
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	4
(4)	If an authorised person restricts access to a seized thing, a person must not tamper with the thing, or with anything used to restrict access to the thing, unless the person has—	5 6 7
	(a) an authorised person's approval; or	8
	(b) a reasonable excuse.	9
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	10
(5)	If an authorised person restricts access to a place, a person must not enter the place in contravention of the restriction, or tamper with anything used to restrict access to the place, unless the person has—	11 12 13 14
	(a) an authorised person's approval; or	15
	(b) a reasonable excuse.	16
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	17
Red	ceipt and review notice for seized thing	18
(1)	This section applies if an authorised person seizes a thing under this subdivision, unless—	19 20
	(a) the authorised person reasonably believes there is no-one apparently in possession of the thing or it has been abandoned; or	21 22 23
	(b) because of the condition, nature and value of the thing it would be unreasonable to require the authorised person to comply with this section.	24 25 26
(2)	The authorised person must, as soon as practicable after seizing the thing, give the following to an owner or person in control of the thing before it was seized—	27 28 29
	(a) a receipt for the thing that generally describes the thing and its condition;	30 31

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	(b) a review notice about the decision to seize the thing.	1
(3)	However, if an owner or person from whom the thing is seized is not present when the thing is seized, the receipt and review notice may be given by leaving them in a conspicuous position, and in a reasonably secure way, at the place at which the thing is seized.	2 3 4 5 6
(4)	The receipt and review notice may—	7
	(a) be given in the same document; and	8
	(b) relate to more than 1 seized thing.	9
(5)	The authorised person may delay giving the receipt and review notice if the authorised person reasonably suspects giving them may frustrate or otherwise hinder an investigation by the authorised person under this Act.	10 11 12 13
(6)	However, the delay may be only for as long as the authorised person continues to have the reasonable suspicion and remains in the vicinity of the place at which the thing was seized to keep the thing under observation.	14 15 16 17
Ac	cess to seized thing	18
(1)	This section applies until a seized thing is forfeited or returned.	19 20
(2)	The authorised person who seized the thing must allow an owner of the thing, free of charge—	21 22
	(a) to inspect the thing at any reasonable time, and from time to time; and	23 24
	(b) if the thing is a document—to copy the document.	25
(3)	However, subsection (2) does not apply if it is impracticable or would be unreasonable to allow the owner to inspect or copy the thing.	26 27 28

[s 97]

Ret	urnin	g seized thing	1
(1)	This is not	section applies if a thing seized by an authorised person t—	2 3
	(a)	forfeited under subdivision 2; or	4
	(b)	subject to a disposal order under section 122.	5
(2)	are re	con as the authorised person stops being satisfied there easonable grounds for keeping the thing, the authorised on must return the thing to its owner.	6 7 8
(3)	thing	thing is not returned to its owner within 84 days after the was seized, the owner may apply to the chief executive er for its return.	9 10 11
(4)		in 28 days after receiving the application, the chief ative officer must—	12 13
	(a)	if the chief executive officer is satisfied there are reasonable grounds for keeping the thing and decides to keep the thing—give a review notice to the owner; or	14 15 16
	(b)	otherwise—return the thing to the owner.	17
(5)	For the fort	his section, there are reasonable grounds for keeping the if—	18 19
	(a)	the thing is being, or is likely to be, examined; or	20
	(b)	the thing is needed, or may be needed, for-	21
		 a proceeding for an offence against this Act that is likely to be started or that has been started but not completed; or 	22 23 24
		(ii) an appeal from a decision in a proceeding for an offence against this Act; or	25 26
	(c)	it is not lawful for the owner to possess the thing.	27
(6)		ection (5) does not limit the grounds that may be onable grounds for keeping the thing.	28 29
(7)		ing in this section affects a lien or other security over the d thing.	30 31

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Sub	divis	sion 2	2 Forfeiting seized things	1
98	Fo	rfeitu	re by chief executive officer decision	2
	(1)	a th	chief executive officer for a local government may decide ing that has been seized is forfeited to the local ernment if an authorised person—	3 4 5
		(a)	after making reasonable inquiries, can not find an owner of the thing; or	6 7
		(b)	after making reasonable efforts, can not return the thing to an owner; or	8 9
		(c)	reasonably believes it is necessary to keep the thing to prevent the thing being used to commit the offence for which the thing was seized.	10 11 12
	(2)	How	vever, the authorised person is not required to—	13
		(a)	make inquiries if it would be unreasonable to make inquiries to find an owner; or	14 15
		(b)	make efforts if it would be unreasonable to make efforts to return the thing to an owner.	16 17
			Example for paragraph (b)—	18
			the owner of the thing has migrated to another country	19
	(3)		authorised person must consider the thing's condition, re and value in deciding—	20 21
		(a)	whether it is reasonable to make inquiries or efforts; and	22
		(b)	if inquiries or efforts are made—what inquiries or efforts, including the period over which they are made, are reasonable.	23 24 25
	(4)	to fo pract (the	e chief executive officer for the local government decides orfeit a thing, the chief executive officer must as soon as ticable give a review notice for the decision to a person <i>former owner</i>) who owned the thing immediately before hing was forfeited.	26 27 28 29 30

[s 99]

(5)	review where	w no e the	tision was made under subsection (1)(a) or (b), the tice may be given by leaving the notice at the place thing was seized, in a conspicuous position and in a y secure way.	1 2 3 4		
(6)	The review notice must state that the former owner may apply for a stay of the decision if the former owner appeals against the decision.					
(7)	Howe	ever,	subsections (4) to (6) do not apply if—	8		
	(a)	the and	decision was made under subsection (1)(a) or (b);	9 10		
	(b)	the j	place where the thing was seized is—	11		
		(i)	a public place; or	12		
		(ii)	a place where the notice is unlikely to be read by the former owner.	13 14		
go۱	/ernm	ent	things forfeited or transferred to local	15 16		
(1)			ecomes the property of the local government for the d person who seized the thing if—	17 18		
	(a)		thing is forfeited to the local government under ion $98(1)$; or	19 20		
	(b)	in w	owner of the thing and the local government agree, writing, to the transfer of the ownership of the thing ne local government.	21 22 23		
(2)	chief	exe	f executive officer may deal with the thing as the cutive officer considers appropriate, including, for by destroying the thing or giving it away.	24 25 26		
(3)		hat c	executive officer must not deal with the thing in a could prejudice the outcome of an appeal against the	27 28 29		
(4)	office	r m	of the sale to the former owner of the thing.	30 31 32		

			[s 100]	
	(5)		s section is subject to a disposal order made for the thing er section 122.	1 2
Divi	sion	6	Damage or loss	3
100	Avo	oidin	g inconvenience and damage	4
		reas little <i>Note</i>	exercising a power, an authorised person must take all onable steps to cause as little inconvenience, and do as e damage, as possible. 	5 6 7 8 9
101	Not	tice o	of damage	1
	(1)	This	s section applies if—	1
		(a)	an authorised person damages something when exercising, or purporting to exercise, a power; or	1 1
		(b)	a person acting under the direction or authority of an authorised person damages something.	1 1
	(2)	Hov	vever, this section does not apply to damage—	1
		(a)	that the authorised person reasonably believes is trivial; or	1 1
		(b)	if the authorised person reasonably believes-	1
			(i) there is no-one apparently in possession of the thing; or	2 2
			(ii) the thing has been abandoned.	2
	(3)	pers	authorised person must give notice of the damage to a on who appears to the authorised person to be an owner, erson in control, of the thing.	2 2 2
	(4)		wever, if for any reason it is not practicable to comply with section (3), the authorised person must—	2 2

[s 102]

	(a) leave the notice at the place where the damage happened; and	1 2					
	(b) ensure the notice is left in a conspicuous position and in a reasonably secure way.	3 4					
(5)	The authorised person may delay complying with subsection (3) or (4) if the authorised person reasonably suspects complying with the subsection may frustrate or otherwise hinder an investigation by the authorised person.						
(6)	However, the delay may be only for as long as the authorised person continues to have the reasonable suspicion and remains in the vicinity of the place.	9 10 11					
(7)	If the authorised person believes the damage was caused by a latent defect in the thing or other circumstances beyond the control of the authorised person, or a person acting under the direction or authority of the authorised person, the authorised person may state the belief in the notice.	12 13 14 15 16					
(8)	The notice must state—	17					
	(a) particulars of the damage; and	18					
	(b) that the person who suffered the damage may claim compensation under section 102.	19 20					
Со	mpensation	21					
(1)	A person may claim compensation from the local government if the person incurs loss because of the exercise, or purported exercise, of a power by or for an authorised person, including a loss arising from complying with a requirement made of the person under this Act other than under—	22 23 24 25 26					
	(a) section 11; or	27					
	(b) section 14; or	28					
	(c) section 18; or	29					
	(d) section 25; or	30					
	(e) section 81; or	31					

		(f) section 82.	1	l
	(2)	The compensation may be claimed and ordered proceeding—		23
		(a) brought in a court with jurisdiction for the recov the amount of compensation claimed; or	very of 4	
		(b) for an alleged offence against this Act, the invest of which gave rise to the claim for compensation.	-	5 7
	(3)	A court may order the payment of compensation only court is satisfied it is just to make the order circumstances of the particular case.	in the 9	3) 10
	(4)	In considering whether it is just to order compensation court must have regard to—		11 12
		(a) any relevant offence committed by the claimant; a	and 1	13
		(b) whether the loss arose from a lawful seizure or forfeiture.		14 15
	(5)	A regulation may prescribe other matters that may, or m taken into account by the court when considering wheth just to order compensation.	ner it is 1	16 17 18
	(6)	Section 100 does not provide for a statutory rig compensation other than as provided by this section.	-	19 20
	(7)	In this section—	2	21
		loss includes costs and damage.	2	22
Divi	sion	7 Obstructing or impersonating authorised persons		23 24
103	Ob	structing authorised person	2	25
	(1)	A person must not obstruct an authorised person exerc power, or someone helping an authorised person exerc power, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	ising a 2	26 27 28
		Maximum penalty—60 penalty units.	2	29
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	(2)	If a person has obstructed an authorised person, or someone helping an authorised person, and the authorised person decides to proceed with the exercise of the power, the authorised person must warn the person that—	1 2 3 4
		(a) it is an offence to cause an obstruction, unless the person has a reasonable excuse; and	5 6
		(b) the authorised person considers the person's conduct an obstruction.	7 8
	(3)	In this section—	9
		<i>obstruct</i> includes assault, hinder, resist, attempt to obstruct, and threaten to obstruct.	10 11
104	Imp	ersonating authorised person	12
		A person must not impersonate an authorised person.	13
		Maximum penalty—60 penalty units.	14
Cha	pte	er 6 Reviewing decisions	15
Part	1	Internal reviews	16
105	Арр	olying for internal review	17
	(1)	A person who is entitled to be given a review notice for a decision (an <i>original decision</i>) made by or for a local government may apply to the local government for an internal review of the decision.	18 19 20 21
	(2)	However, a person may not apply to the local government for an internal review of—	22 23

		(a)	a decision to refuse to issue an approval to use part of the stock route network to which access has been temporarily prevented; or	1 2 3
		(b)	a decision to impose a maintenance condition in relation to a State special interest area; or	4 5
		(c)	a decision to take action mentioned in section 18 because of the local government's decision to temporarily restrict or temporarily prevent access to a State-controlled road under section 17(2); or	6 7 8 9
		(d)	a travel approval decision or unfit stock approval decision that is made by the person who is the chief executive officer of the local government.	10 11 12
	(3)	The	person must apply, in the approved form, within-	13
		(a)	the required period after the applicant is entitled to be given the review notice for the original decision; or	14 15
		(b)	a longer period allowed by the local government.	16
	(4)	orig	ne person has not been given the review notice for the inal decision, the person may ask the local government for review notice.	17 18 19
	(5)	In th	nis section—	20
		requ	<i>uired period</i> means—	21
		(a)	for an original decision relating to an unfit stock approval or a grazing approval (emergency)—1 day; or	22 23
		(b)	for an original decision relating to a travel approval or a grazing approval (short-term)—3 days; or	24 25
		(c)	for any other original decision—14 days.	26
106	Sta		certain original decisions	27
	(1)		application to a local government for an internal review of riginal decision does not stay the original decision.	28 29
	(2)		vever, the applicant may apply to the external reviewer for ay of the following types of original decisions—	30 31

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	(a)	a travel approval decision or unfit stock approval decision;	1 2
	(b)	a directions notice decision;	3
	(c)	a seizure decision.	4
(3)	the	external reviewer may stay the original decision to secure effectiveness of the internal review, and any external ew, of the original decision.	5 6 7
(4)	The	stay may be—	8
	(a)	given on the conditions the external reviewer considers appropriate; and	9 10
	(b)	amended or revoked by the external reviewer.	11
(5)		stay operates for the period decided by the external ewer.	12 13
(6)	How	vever, the period must not extend past—	14
	(a)	the day when the local government makes a decision on the internal review; or	15 16
	(b)	any longer period the external reviewer allows to enable the applicant to apply for an external review of the original decision.	17 18 19
(7)	In th	is section—	20
	exte	<i>rnal reviewer</i> means—	21
	(a)	for a travel approval decision or unfit stock approval decision—the chief executive; or	22 23
	(b)	for a directions notice decision-QCAT; or	24
	(c)	for a seizure decision—a Magistrates Court.	25
Inte	ernal	review	26
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 The local government must, within the required period after receiving an application for an internal review of an original decision, review the original decision and make a decision (an *internal review decision*) to—

	(a)	for an original decision to refuse to issue a grazing approval or harvesting approval in response to a pasture availability notice—	1 2 3
		(i) confirm the original decision; or	4
		(ii) set the decision aside and direct the person who made the decision to make a new decision within a stated period; or	5 6 7
	(b)	for another original decision—	8
		(i) confirm the original decision; or	9
		(ii) amend the original decision; or	10
		(iii) substitute another decision for the original decision.	11 12
(2)		application may be dealt with, for the local government, by a person who—	13 14
	(a)	did not make the original decision; and	15
	(b)	is in a more senior office than the person who made the original decision.	16 17
(3)	Subs	section (2)—	18
	(a)	does not apply to an original decision made by the person who is the chief executive officer for the local government; and	19 20 21
	(b)	applies despite the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 27A.	22 23
(4)	For	the purpose of an external review—	24
	(a)	if the internal review decision confirms the original decision—the original decision is taken to be the internal review decision; or	25 26 27
	(b)	if the internal review decision amends the original decision—the amended original decision is taken to be the internal review decision.	28 29 30
(5)	In th	is section—	31

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	requ	ired p	period means—	1
	(a)		an original decision relating to an unfit stock roval or a grazing approval (emergency)—3 days; or	2 3
	(b)		an original decision relating to a travel approval or a ing approval (short-term)—7 days; or	4 5
	(c)	for a	any other original decision—28 days.	6
Not	tice o	of inte	ernal review decision	7
(1)	the appr	applic oved	executive officer for the local government must give cant notice of the internal review decision, in the form, within the following period after making the eview decision—	8 9 10 11
	(a)	appr	an internal review decision relating to a travel roval, an unfit stock approval, a grazing approval ergency) or a grazing approval (short-term)—1 day;	12 13 14
	(b)	for a	nother internal review decision—7 days.	15
(2)			rnal review decision is not the decision sought by the the notice must—	16 17
	(a)		a review of a travel approval decision or unfit stock roval decision—	18 19
		(i)	state the day the notice is given to the applicant; and	20 21
		(ii)	state the reason for the internal review decision; and	22 23
		(iii)	state the applicant may, within the required period under section 109, apply to the chief executive for a review of the internal review decision; and	24 25 26
		(iv)	state how to apply to the chief executive for a review of the internal review decision; and	27 28
		(v)	state the applicant may apply to the chief executive for a stay of the internal review decision; or	29 30

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	(b)	acco	a review of a directions notice decision—be ompanied by a notice under the QCAT Act, section for the internal review decision; or	1 2 3
	(c)	for a	a review of a seizure decision—	4
		(i)	state the day the notice is given to the applicant; and	5 6
		(ii)	state the reason for the internal review decision; and	7 8
		(iii)	state the applicant may, within 28 days after the applicant is entitled to be given notice of the internal review decision, appeal to the Magistrates Court against the internal review decision; and	9 10 11 12
		(iv)	state how to appeal to the Magistrates Court; and	13
		(v)	state the applicant may apply to the Magistrates Court for a stay of the internal review decision.	14 15
(3)	revie appli have	w de icatio mad	I government does not give the notice of the internal cision within the required period after receiving the n for the review, the local government is taken to le an internal review decision that confirms the ecision.	16 17 18 19 20
(4)	In th	is sec	tion—	21
	requ	ired p	<i>period</i> means—	22
	(a)		an internal review decision relating to an unfit stock roval or grazing approval (emergency)—7 days; or	23 24
	(b)		an internal review decision relating to a travel roval or grazing approval (short-term)—14 days; or	25 26
	(c)		an internal review decision relating to any other inal decision—35 days.	27 28

[s 109]

Part 2 Division 1		destates	1 2
			3 1
109		lying for external review for travel approval decision	5
	(1)		7 3
			ə 10
		decision that is made by the chief executive officer of a	11 12 13
	(2)	any of the following decisions made by the chief executive	14 15 16
		the stock route network to which access has been	17 18 19
			20 21
		because of the local government's decision to temporarily restrict or temporarily prevent access to a	22 23 24 25
	(3)	The person must apply, in the approved form, within—	26
			27 28

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		view of a decision mentioned in 1)(a)—notice of the internal review
		view of a decision mentioned in $(1)(b)$ —the review notice for the
	(b) a longer period all	owed by the chief executive.
(4)		een given notice of the internal review otice for the decision, the person may at for the notice.
(5)	In this section—	
	required period means-	_
	(a) for an unfit stock a	approval decision—1 day; or
	(b) for a travel approv	val decision—3 days.
	of decision for trave k approval decision	el approval decision or unfit
	k approval decision	
sto	k approval decision This section applies to– (a) an internal review	
sto	 k approval decision This section applies to— (a) an internal review decision or unfit s (b) a travel approva 	- decision relating to a travel approva
sto	 k approval decision This section applies to— (a) an internal review decision or unfit s (b) a travel approva decision that is milocal government. 	- decision relating to a travel approva tock approval decision; or 1 decision or unfit stock approva ade by the chief executive officer of a view of the decision does not stay the
sto (1)	 k approval decision This section applies to— (a) an internal review decision or unfit s (b) a travel approva decision that is malocal government. An application for a review decision 	- decision relating to a travel approva tock approval decision; or 1 decision or unfit stock approva ade by the chief executive officer of a view of the decision does not stay the
sto (1) (2)	 k approval decision This section applies to– (a) an internal review decision or unfit s (b) a travel approva decision that is ma local government. An application for a revinternal review decision However, the applicant stay of the decision. 	decision relating to a travel approva- tock approval decision; or l decision or unfit stock approva ade by the chief executive officer of a view of the decision does not stay the may apply to the chief executive for a may stay the decision to secure the

[s 111]

		(a) given on the conditions the chief executive considers appropriate; and	1 2
		(b) amended or revoked by the chief executive.	3
	(6)	The stay operates for the period decided by the chief executive.	4 5
	(7)	However, the period must not extend past the time when the chief executive makes a decision on the external review.	6 7
111		ternal review of travel approval decision or unfit stock proval decision	8 9
	(1)	This section applies to—	10
		(a) an internal review of a travel approval decision or an unfit stock approval decision; or	11 12
		(b) a travel approval decision or unfit stock approval decision that is made by the chief executive officer of a local government.	13 14 15
	(2)	The chief executive must, within the required period after receiving an application to review the decision, review the decision and make a decision (an <i>external review decision</i>) to—	16 17 18 19
		(a) confirm the decision; or	20
		(b) amend the decision; or	21
		(c) substitute another decision for the decision.	22
	(3)	In this section—	23
		required period means—	24
		(a) for a decision relating to an unfit stock approval—3 days; or	25 26
		(b) for a decision relating to a travel approval—7 days.	27

112		Notice of external review decision for travel approval decision or unfit stock approval decision					
		The chief executive must, within 1 day after making an	3				
		external review decision, give the applicant notice, in the	4				
		approved form, of the external review decision.	5				
Divi	sion	2 Directions notice decisions	6				
113		plying for external review for directions notice cision	7 8				
	(1)	This section applies to an internal review decision relating to a directions notice decision.	9 10				
	(2)	A person who is entitled to be given a notice of the internal review decision may apply to QCAT, in the way provided in the QCAT Act, for a review of the internal review decision under that Act.	11 12 13 14				
		Note—	15				
		See the QCAT Act, section 22(3) for QCAT's power to stay the operation of a decision, on a person's application or on its own initiative.	16 17 18				
	(3)	If the person has not been given a notice of the internal review decision, the person may ask the local government for the notice.	19 20 21				
Divi	sion	3 Seizure decisions	22				
114	Ар	pealing internal review decision for seizure decision	23				
	(1)	This section applies to an internal review decision relating to a seizure decision.	24 25				
	(2)	A person who is entitled to be given a notice of the internal review decision may appeal to a Magistrates Court against the decision.	26 27 28				
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	(3)	The person starts an appeal by filing a notice of appeal with the clerk of the court within—	1 2
		(a) 28 days after the applicant is entitled to be given a notice of the internal review decision; or	3 4
		(b) a longer period allowed by the Magistrates Court.	5
	(4)	The notice of appeal must fully state the grounds of the appeal.	6 7
	(5)	The person must serve a copy of the notice of appeal on the local government that made the internal review decision.	8 9
115	Sta	ay of internal review decision for seizure decision	10
	(1)	An appeal against an internal review decision relating to a seizure decision does not stay the internal review decision.	11 12
	(2)	However, the appellant may apply to the court for a stay of the internal review decision.	13 14
	(3)	The court may stay the internal review decision to secure the effectiveness of the appeal.	15 16
	(4)	The stay—	17
		(a) may be granted on the conditions the court considers appropriate; and	18 19
		(b) may be amended or revoked by the court.	20
	(5)	The stay operates for the period decided by the court.	21
	(6)	However, the period must not extend past the time when the court decides the appeal.	22 23
116	Ар	peals	24
	(1)	In deciding an appeal against an internal review decision, the court—	25 26
		(a) has the same powers as the local government in making the internal review decision; and	27 28

		(b)	is not bound by the rules of evidence, but must comply with natural justice.	1 2
	(2)	An a	appeal is to be by way of rehearing.	3
	(3)	The	court may—	4
		(a)	confirm the internal review decision; or	5
		(b)	substitute another decision for the internal review decision; or	6 7
		(c)	set the internal review decision aside and direct the local government to make a new decision within a stated period.	8 9 1
	(4)		e court substitutes another decision for the internal review sion—	1 12
		(a)	the substituted decision is taken to be the decision of the local government; and	1. 14
		(b)	the local government may give effect to the substituted decision as if the decision were the original decision of the local government.	1: 10 17
	(5)	the decis	e court sets the internal review decision aside and directs local government to make a new decision, the new sion made by the local government is not subject to ew or appeal under this chapter.	1 1 2 2
Divi	sion	4	Finality of decisions	2
117	Lin	nitatio	on of review	2
	(1)	decis	ect to this chapter, unless the Supreme Court decides a sion made under this part is affected by jurisdictional r, the decision—	2- 2- 2-
		(a)	is final and conclusive; and	2
		(b)	can not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the <i>Judicial Review Act 1991</i> or otherwise	2 2 3
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		(whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity); and	1 2
	(c)	is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.	3 4 5
(2)		the extent the Supreme Court decides the decision is	6
		cted by jurisdictional error, the <i>Judicial Review Act 1991</i> , 5 applies to the decision.	7 8
(3)	-	erson who, but for subsection (1), could have made an ication under the <i>Judicial Review Act 1991</i> in relation to a	9 10
		sion may apply under part A of that Act for a statement of	11

decision, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of 11 reasons in relation to the decision. 12

13

Chapter 7 Miscellaneous

Part 1 **Evidence** 14

118	Evidential immunity				
	(1)	This section applies if an individual produces a document to an authorised person under section 88.	16 17		
	(2)	Evidence of the document, and other evidence directly or indirectly derived from the document, is not admissible against the individual in any proceeding to the extent it tends to incriminate the individual, or expose the individual to a penalty, in the proceeding.	18 19 20 21 22		
	(3)	However, this section does not apply to a proceeding—(a) about the false or misleading nature of the information or anything in the document; or	23 24 25		
		(b) in which the false or misleading nature of the document is relevant evidence.	26 27		

119	Evi	videntiary aids				
	(1)	This	s section applies to a proceeding under this Act.	2		
	(2)	It is	not necessary to prove the appointment of—	3		
		(a)	the chief executive; or	4		
		(b)	the chief executive officer of a local government; or	5		
		(c)	an authorised person.	6		
	(3)		ignature purporting to be the signature of a person tioned in subsection (2) is evidence of the signature.	7 8		
	(4)	the c	ertificate purporting to be signed by the chief executive, or chief executive officer of a local government, stating any ne following matters is evidence of the matter—	9 10 11		
		(a)	a stated document is a document, or a copy of a document, made, given or kept under this Act;	12 13		
		(b)	on a stated day, or during a stated period, stated land was in the stock route network or related roads or reserves;	14 15		
		(c)	on a stated day, or during a stated period, a stated person did or did not hold an approval;	16 17		
		(d)	on a stated day, or during a stated period, an approval was or was not—	18 19		
			(i) in force; or	20		
			(ii) suspended, cancelled or surrendered; or	21		
			(iii) subject to a stated condition;	22		
		(e)	on a stated day, or during a stated period, a stated appointment, including a person's appointment as an authorised person, was or was not in force;	23 24 25		
		(f)	on a stated day—	26		
			(i) a stated person was given a stated notice or direction under this Act; or	27 28		
			(ii) a stated requirement under this Act was made of a stated person;	29 30		

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		(g)	a stated amount is payable under this Act by a stated person.	1 2
Part	2		Legal proceedings	3
120	Pro	ceed	lings for offences	4
	(1)	-	oceeding for an offence against this Act is to be heard and ded summarily.	5 6
	(2)	A pr	roceeding for an offence must start within—	7
		(a)	1 year after the commission of the offence; or	8
		(b)	1 year after the offence comes to the complainant's knowledge, but within 2 years after the commission of the offence.	9 10 11
	(3)	the knov	atement in a complaint for an offence against this Act that matter of the complaint came to the complainant's wledge on a stated day is evidence the matter came to the plainant's knowledge on that day.	12 13 14 15
121	Re	spon	sibility for representative	16
	(1)	to pr	n proceedings for an offence against this Act, it is relevant rove a person's state of mind about particular conduct, it is ugh to show—	17 18 19
		(a)	the conduct was engaged in by a representative of the person within the scope of the representative's actual or apparent authority; and	20 21 22
		(b)	the representative had the state of mind.	23
	(2)	pers appa	duct engaged in for a person by a representative of the on within the scope of the representative's actual or arent authority is taken to have also been engaged in by the on, unless the person proves—	24 25 26 27
		(a)	the person was not in a position to influence the representative in relation to the conduct; or	28 29

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		(b) if the person was in a position to influence the representative in relation to the conduct—the person took reasonable steps to prevent the conduct.	1 2 3
	(3)	In this section—	4
		engage, in conduct, includes a failure to engage in conduct.	5
		<i>executive officer</i> , of a corporation, means a person who is concerned with or takes part in the management of the corporation, whether or not the person is a director or the person's position is given the title of executive officer.	6 7 8 9
		representative means—	10
		(a) of a corporation—an agent, employee or executive officer of the corporation; or	11 12
		(b) of an individual—an agent or employee of the individual.	13 14
		state of mind, of a person, includes the person's-	15
		(a) knowledge, belief, intention, opinion or purpose; and	16
		(b) reasons for the belief, intention, opinion or purpose.	17
122	Dis	sposal orders	18
	(1)	This section applies if a court convicts a person of an offence against this Act.	19 20
	(2)	The court may make an order (a <i>disposal order</i>), on its own initiative or on an application by the prosecution, for the disposal of any of the following things owned by the person—	21 22 23
		(a) any thing that was the subject of, or used to commit, the offence;	24 25
		(b) another thing the court considers is likely to be used by the person or another person in committing another offence against this Act.	26 27 28
	(3)	The court may make a disposal order for a thing—	29
		(a) whether or not it has been seized under this Act; and	30

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	(b)	if the thing has been seized—whether or not it has been returned to the former owner.	1 2
(4)	In d	eciding whether to make a disposal order for a thing, the rt—	3 4
	(a)	may require notice to be given to anyone the court considers appropriate, including, for example, a person who may have property in the thing; and	5 6 7
	(b)	must hear any submission a person claiming to have property in the thing may wish to make.	8 9
(5)		court may make any order it considers appropriate to orce the disposal order.	10 11
(6)	This law.	s section does not limit the court's powers under another	12 13
R	ecove	ry of costs of investigation	14
(1)	This	s section applies if—	15
	(a)	a court convicts a person of an offence against this Act; and	16 17
	(b)	a local government applies to the court for an order for the person to pay the costs the local government incurred in performing a function under this Act during the investigation of the offence; and	18 19 20 21
	(c)	the court finds the local government has reasonably incurred the costs.	22 23
(2)	cost	court may order the person to pay an amount equal to the is to the local government if the court is satisfied it would ust to make the order in the circumstances.	24 25 26
(3)		s section does not limit the court's powers under the <i>alties and Sentences Act 1992</i> or another law.	27 28
(4)	mad	application to a court under this section, and any order le by the court on the application, is a judgment in the rt's civil jurisdiction.	29 30 31

3

4

5

16

23

(5) Any issue in relation to the application is to be decided on the balance of probabilities. 2

Part 3 Amounts payable to local governments

124 Local government fees

(1)	A local government may, under a local law or by resolution,	6
	fix a processing fee for processing an application made to the	7
	local government under this Act.	8

- (2) A local government may, under a local law or by resolution, 9
 fix an approval fee for the right to use—
 10
 - (a) the stock route network, with or without related roads
 and reserves, under a grazing approval or harvesting
 approval; or
 13
 - (b) related roads and reserves under a travel approval, 14 grazing approval or harvesting approval. 15

125 Penalties and fines payable to local governments

- If a local government starts a proceeding for an offence about a matter and the court imposes a penalty for the offence, the penalty must be paid to the local government.
 17 18 19

126 Use of funds for stock route network

A local government must use the following received by the local government for the administration, maintenance or improvement of the stock route network, and stock facilities, in the local government's area— 27

		(a)	a penalty or fine;	1
		(b)	all or part of an application fee for an approval to use the stock route network;	2 3
		(c)	an amount received under a water facility agreement.	4
Part	t 4		Other provisions	5
127	Fal	se or	r misleading information	6
	(1)	Act,	erson must not, in relation to the administration of this give a local government or an official information the on knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	7 8 9
		Max	kimum penalty—40 penalty units.	10
	(2)		section (1) does not apply to a person if the person, when ng the information in a document—	11 12
		(a)	tells the local government or official, to the best of the person's ability, how the document is false or misleading; and	13 14 15
		(b)	if the person has, or can reasonably obtain, the correct information—gives the correct information.	16 17
	(3)	In th	nis section—	18
		offic	cial means—	19
		(a)	the chief executive officer of a local government; or	20
		(b)	an authorised person.	21
128	Ad	visor	y panels	22
	(1)	the	chief executive may establish advisory panels to advise chief executive about matters relating to managing and g the stock route network.	23 24 25
	(2)	The	chief executive may decide—	26

		(a)	the functions or terms of reference of an advisory panel; and	1 2
		(b)	the membership of an advisory panel; and	3
		(c)	how an advisory panel is to operate.	4
129	De	legati	ion by local government chief executive officer	5
	(1)	deleg to a	chief executive officer of a local government may gate the chief executive officer's functions under this Act n appropriately qualified employee or contractor of the l government.	6 7 8 9
	(2)	func gove	vever, the chief executive officer must not delegate a etion delegated by the local government, if the local ernment has directed the chief executive officer not to her delegate the function.	10 11 12 13
	(3)	In th	is section—	14
		func	etions includes powers.	15
130	De	legati	ion by Minister	16
	(1)		Minister may delegate the Minister's functions under this to an appropriately qualified public service officer.	17 18
	(2)	In th	is section—	19
		func	etions includes powers.	20
131	De	legati	ion by chief executive	21
	(1)	func	chief executive may delegate the chief executive's etions under this Act, other than a function under section to—	22 23 24
		(a)	the chief executive officer of a local government; or	25
		(b)	an appropriately qualified officer of the department or another person.	26 27

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	(2)	The chief executive officer of a local government may subdelegate a function delegated under subsection $(1)(a)$ to an appropriately qualified person.	1 2 3
	(3)	A delegation of a function under subsection (1)(b) to an officer of the department may allow the function to be subdelegated to an appropriately qualified person.	4 5 6
	(4)	In this section—	7
		functions includes powers.	8
132	Mir	nister may ask for information from local government	9
	(1)	The Minister may, by notice given to a local government, ask the local government—	10 11
		(a) to give the Minister details of how the local government has spent an amount received under this Act on the stock route network; or	12 13 14
		(b) to give the Minister a written report about any function performed or required to be performed, or power exercised or required to be exercised, by the local government under this Act.	15 16 17 18
	(2)	The local government must comply with the notice.	19
133	Dir	ecting local government to perform functions	20
	(1)	This section applies if the Minister reasonably believes a local government is not performing a function the local government is required to perform under this Act.	21 22 23
		Example—	24
		The Minister reasonably believes a local government has not properly implemented the State management plan.	25 26
	(2)	The Minister must consult with the local government about the performance of the function.	27 28
	(3)	After consulting with the local government, the Minister may, by notice, direct the local government to perform the function.	29 30

	(4)	The notice must state—	1
		e e	2 3
			4 5
			6 7
	(5)	The local government must comply with the notice.	8
	(6)		9 10
		(a) take the action required under the notice; and	11
			12 13
	(7)	1 0	14 15
	(8)	•	16 17
134	Pro	tection from liability	18
	(1)	civil liability for an act done, or omission made, honestly and	19 20 21
	(2)		22 23
	(3)	government official, the liability attaches instead to the	24 25 26
	(4)	employee under the <i>Public Service Act 2008</i> , section 26B(4) engaging in conduct in an official capacity under section 26C	27 28 29 30

[s 135]

		Note-	_	1
			or protection from civil liability in relation to State employees, see the <i>ublic Service Act 2008</i> , section 26C.	2 3
	(5)	In th	nis section—	4
			<i>liability</i> includes liability for the payment of costs ered to be paid in a proceeding for an offence against this	5 6 7
		loca	<i>l government official</i> means—	8
		(a)	the chief executive officer of a local government; or	9
		(b)	an officer or employee of a local government; or	10
		(c)	an authorised person; or	11
		(d)	a person acting for an authorised person.	12
		resp	onsible local government means—	13
		(a)	for a local government official who is a chief executive officer, or an officer or employee, of a local government—the local government; or	14 15 16
		(b)	for a local government official who is an authorised person appointed by a local government, or a person acting for the authorised person—the local government.	17 18 19
135	Lo	cal go	overnment's functions for State-controlled roads	20
		func State	remove any doubt, it is declared that to the extent the etions of a local government under this Act relate to a e-controlled road, the powers necessary or convenient to orm the functions are not limited by—	21 22 23 24
		(a)	the City of Brisbane Act 2010, section 66; or	25
		(b)	the Local Government Act 2009, section 60; or	26
		(c)	the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, section 28.	27

[s	136]	
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136	Re	latior	nship with other Acts	1	
			s Act does not affect the operation of—	2	
		(a)	the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003; or	3	
		(b)	the Animal Care and Protection Act 2001; or	4	
		(c)	the Biosecurity Act 2014; or	5	
		(d)	the Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990; or	6	
		(e)	the Forestry Act 1959; or	7	
		(f)	the Nature Conservation Act 1992; or	8	
		(g)	the <i>Neighbourhood Disputes</i> (<i>Dividing Fences and Trees</i>) <i>Act 2011</i> ; or	9 10	
		(h)	the Queensland Heritage Act 1992; or	11	
		(i)	the Recreation Areas Management Act 2006; or	12	
		(j)	the Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003; or	13	
		(k)	the Vegetation Management Act 1999; or	14	
		(1)	the Water Act 2000.	15	
137	Approved forms				
	(1)	The chief executive may approve forms for use under this Act		17	
	(2)	For the <i>Electronic Transactions (Queensland)</i> Act 2001, section 11, an approved form may be given to the chief executive by an electronic communication.			
		Note	_	21	
		go	local government may agree to information being given to the local overnment by an electronic communication. See the <i>Electronic ransactions (Queensland) Act 2001</i> , section 11.	22 23 24	
138	Re	gulat	ion-making power	25	
	(1)	The Act.	Governor in Council may make regulations under this	26 27	

Stock Route Network Management Bill 2016 Chapter 8 Repeal and transitional provisions Part 1 Repeal

[s 139]

	(2)	A regulation may—	1
		(a) prescribe fees payable under this Act; or	2
		(b) impose a penalty, of not more than 20 penalty units, for the contravention of a provision of a regulation.	3 4
Cha	nte	er 8 Repeal and transitional	5
Una	pic	provisions	5 6
Part	1	Repeal	7
139	Rep		8
		The Stock Route Management Act 2002, No. 12 is repealed.	9
Part	2	Transitional provisions	10
140	Sto	ock routes and reserves	11
	(1)	An existing primary stock route is taken to be a primary stock route registered under this Act.	12 13
	(2)	An existing secondary stock route is taken to be a secondary stock route registered under this Act.	14 15
	(3)	An existing reserve is taken to be a reserve registered under this Act.	16 17
	(4)	In this section—	18
		<i>existing primary stock route</i> means a road or route that, immediately before the commencement, was a primary or secondary stock route on the Stock Route Network of Queensland under the repealed Act.	19 20 21 22

		existing reserve means a reserve that—	1
		(a) may be used for travelling or grazing stock under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> ; and	2 3
		(b) is near a stock route under the repealed Act.	4
		<i>existing secondary stock route</i> means a road or route that, immediately before the commencement, was a minor or unused stock route on the Stock Route Network of Queensland under the repealed Act.	5 6 7 8
141	Sta	te management strategy and local management plans	9
	(1)	The existing State management strategy and existing local management plans continue in force until the earlier of the following—	10 11 12
		(a) the day the State management plan is prepared for the first time;	13 14
		(b) 2 years after the commencement.	15
	(2)	In this section—	16
		<i>existing local management plan</i> means the stock route network management plan under the repealed Act, chapter 3, part 3, that was in force immediately before the commencement.	17 18 19 20
		<i>existing State management strategy</i> means the State stock route network management strategy under the repealed Act, chapter 3, part 2, that was in force immediately before the commencement.	21 22 23 24
142	Wa	ter facility agreements	25
	(1)	An existing water facility agreement is taken to be a water facility agreement under this Act.	26 27
	(2)	In this section—	28

[s 143]

		<i>existing water facility agreement</i> means a water facility agreement under the repealed Act, section 163(1), that was in force immediately before the commencement.	1 2 3
143	Ag	istment or travel permits	4
	(1)	An existing agistment permit or existing travel permit continues in force, unless the permit is suspended, cancelled or surrendered, until the end of the term stated in the permit.	5 6 7
	(2)	In this section—	8
		<i>existing agistment permit</i> means a stock route agistment permit under the repealed Act, chapter 3, part 4, that was in force immediately before the commencement.	9 10 11
		<i>existing travel permit</i> means a stock route travel permit under the repealed Act, chapter 3, part 5 that was in force immediately before the commencement.	12 13 14
144	Per	rmit applications	15
	(1)	An undecided application for, or to renew, a permit is to be dealt with under the repealed Act, as if this Act had not commenced.	16 17 18
	(2)	However, if the local government decides to approve the application, the local government must issue—	19 20
		 (a) for an application for, or to renew, an agistment permit by an applicant whose land is adversely affected by fire or flood—a grazing approval (emergency); or 	21 22 23
		(b) for an application for, or to renew, any other agistment permit—a grazing approval (short-term); or	24 25
		(c) for an application for, or to renew, a travel permit—a travel approval.	26 27
	(3)	In this section—	28
		<i>agistment permit</i> means a stock route agistment permit under the repealed Act, chapter 3, part 4.	29 30

	repealed A <i>undecided</i> under the	<i>nit</i> means a stock route travel permit under the ct, chapter 3, part 5. <i>application</i> means an application that was made repealed Act in written or electronic form, but not efore the commencement.	1 2 3 4 5
Cha	pter 9	Amendment of this Act and other legislation	6 7
Part	1	Amendment of this Act	8
145	Act amended This part a 2016.	mends the Stock Route Network Management Act	9 10 11
146	Amendment of Long title, <i>omit</i> .	of long title from ', to repeal'—	12 13 14
Part	2	Amendment of City of Brisbane Act 2010	15 16
147	Act amended This part a	mends the City of Brisbane Act 2010.	17 18
148	Amendment of Section 99	of s 99 (Cost-recovery fees) (2)(e)—	19 20

[s 149]

	omit, insert			1
			performance of another responsibility osed on the local government—	2 3
		(i)	under the Building Act; or	4
		(ii)	under the Plumbing and Drainage Act; or	5 6
		(iii)	in relation to a processing fee under the <i>Stock Route Network Management Act</i> 2016.	7 8 9
Part	3	Amen	dment of Land Act 1994	10
149	Act amended			11
	This part ar	nends the	Land Act 1994.	12
150	Amendment o	f s 57 (Tr	ustee leases)	13
	Section 57-			14
	insert—			15
	(1A)	stock rou within th <i>Manager</i>	r, a trustee may not lease any part of the ite network or related roads or reserves, ite meaning of the <i>Stock Route Network ment Act 2016</i> , for an activity that can be ited by an approval under that Act.	16 17 18 19 20
151	Amendment o	f s 60 (Tr	ustee permits)	21
	Section 60-			22
	insert—			23
	(1A)	for any p	r, a trustee may not issue a trustee permit part of the stock route network or related reserves, within the meaning of the <i>Stock</i>	24 25 26

	[s 152]	
	<i>Route Network Management Act 2016</i> , for an activity that can be authorised by an approval under that Act.	1 2 3
Amendment o application)	f s 159 (General provisions for deciding	4 5
Section 159	0(1)—	6
insert—		7
	 (n) whether part of the lease land is needed for the stock route network within the meaning of the <i>Stock Route Network Management</i> <i>Act 2016</i>. 	8 9 10 11
Amendment o	f s 167 (Provisions for deciding application)	12
Section 167	7(1)—	13
insert—		14
	 (n) whether part of the lease land is needed for the stock route network within the meaning of the <i>Stock Route Network Management</i> <i>Act 2016</i>. 	15 16 17 18
Amendment o	f s 177 (Chief executive may issue permit)	19
Section 177	1	20
insert—		21
(2A)	However, the chief executive may not issue a permit to occupy any part of the stock route network or related roads or reserves, within the meaning of the <i>Stock Route Network Management Act 2016</i> , for grazing purposes.	22 23 24 25 26
	application) Section 159 <i>insert</i> — Amendment o Section 167 <i>insert</i> — Amendment o Section 177 <i>insert</i> —	Route Network Management Act 2016, for an activity that can be authorised by an approval under that Act. Amendment of s 159 (General provisions for deciding application) Section 159(1)— insert—

[s 155]

155	Insertion of no Chapter 9–		t 10	1 2
	insert—			3
	Part 1	0	Transitional provisions for Stock Route Network Management Act 2016	4 5 6 7
	521ZS I	Permit to c	occupy applications	8
	(1)	This section for a perminant part of the reserves, v	on applies to an undecided application it to occupy for grazing purposes on any stock route network, or related roads or within the meaning of the <i>Stock Route</i> <i>Management Act 2016</i> .	9 10 11 12 13
	(2)	undecided	executive need not further deal with the application, but must give it to the local nt for the area to which the application	14 15 16 17
	(3)	application approval	cided application is taken to be an n to the local government for a grazing (long-term) under the <i>Stock Route</i> <i>Management Act 2016</i> .	18 19 20 21
	(4)	In this sec	tion—	22
		under sec	<i>application</i> means an application at a means an application at a means an application at a mean	23 24 25
	521ZT F	Permits to	оссиру	26
	(1)	on any par roads or re	g permit to occupy for grazing purposes rt of the stock route network or related eserves, within the meaning of the <i>Stock</i> <i>work Management Act 2016</i> , continues	27 28 29 30

[s 15	551
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 in force, unless it is canceled or surrendered, until— (a) the end of the term stated in the permit; or (b) if no term is stated in the permit—2 years after the commencement. In this section— existing permit to occupy means a permit to occupy issued under section 177(1) and in force immediately before the commencement. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
 (b) if no term is stated in the permit—2 years after the commencement. In this section— <i>existing permit to occupy</i> means a permit to occupy issued under section 177(1) and in force 	4 5 6 7 8
after the commencement. In this section— <i>existing permit to occupy</i> means a permit to occupy issued under section 177(1) and in force	5 6 7 8
<i>existing permit to occupy</i> means a permit to occupy issued under section 177(1) and in force	7 8
occupy issued under section 177(1) and in force	8
Trustee lease or trustee permit	10
An existing trustee lease or existing trustee permit for grazing purposes on any part of the stock route network or related roads or reserves, within the meaning of the <i>Stock Route Network Management</i> <i>Act 2016</i> , continues in force, unless it is canceled or surrendered, until—	11 12 13 14 15 16
(a) the end of the term stated in the lease or permit; or	17 18
(b) if no term is stated in the lease or permit—2 years after the commencement.	19 20
In this section—	21
<i>existing trustee lease</i> means a lease issued under section 57 and in force immediately before the commencement.	22 23 24
<i>existing trustee permit</i> means a permit issued under section 60 and in force immediately before the commencement.	25 26 27
	 (a) the end of the term stated in the lease or permit; or (b) if no term is stated in the lease or permit—2 years after the commencement. In this section— existing trustee lease means a lease issued under section 57 and in force immediately before the commencement. existing trustee permit means a permit issued under section 60 and in force immediately before

[s 156]

Part	4	_	ndment of Local ernment Act 2009	1 2
156	Act amended			3
	This part ar	nends th	e Local Government Act 2009.	4
157	Amendment o	fs69(Closing roads)	5
	Section 69-			6
	insert—			7
	(2A)	subsec tempor meanir <i>Act 20</i> Act ha	ver, a local government must not, under tion (1) or (2), close a road (permanently or rarily) that is a stock route, within the ng of the <i>Stock Route Network Management</i> 16, unless the chief executive under that s given written consent for the closure to al government.	8 9 10 11 12 13 14
158	Amendment o	fs97 (Cost-recovery fees)	15
	Section 97(2)(e)—		16
	omit, insert			17
		. ,	e performance of another responsibility posed on the local government—	18 19
		(i)) under the Building Act; or	20
		(i	i) under the Plumbing and Drainage Act; or	21 22
		(i	ii) in relation to a processing fee under the <i>Stock Route Network Management Act</i> 2016.	23 24 25

Stock Route Network Management Bill 2016 Chapter 9 Amendment of this Act and other legislation Part 5 Amendment of Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

		[s 159]	
Part	: 5	Amendment of Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	1 2
159	Act amended		3
	This part ar	mends the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994.	4
160	Amendment o Section 50-	f s 50 (Ancillary works and encroachments)	5 6
	insert—		7
	(2A)	However, the chief executive may not give an approval under subsection (2) to use any part of a State-controlled road for grazing purposes if the road is part of the stock route network, or related roads or reserves, under the <i>Stock Route Network Management Act 2016</i> .	8 9 10 11 12 13
161	Insertion of ne	ew ch 21, pt 6	14
	Chapter 21-	_	15
	insert—		16
	Part 6		17
		for Stock Route	18
		Network Management Act 2016	19 20
	586 Roa	ad grazing approval applications	21
	(1)	This section applies to an undecided application for, or to renew, a road grazing approval.	22 23
	(2)	The chief executive need not further deal with the undecided application, but must give it to the local government for the area to which the application	24 25 26

[s 162]

		relates.	1
	(3)	The undecided application is taken to be an application for a grazing approval (short-term) under the <i>Stock Route Network Management Act 2016</i> .	2 3 4 5
	(4)	In this section—	6
		<i>road grazing approval</i> means an approval for the grazing of stock on a State-controlled road under section 50(2).	7 8 9
		<i>undecided application</i> means an application that was made, but not decided, before the commencement.	10 11 12
	587 Roa	ad grazing approvals	13
	(1)	An existing road grazing approval continues in force, unless it is suspended, canceled or surrendered, until—	14 15 16
		(a) the end of the term stated in the approval; or	17
		(b) if no term is stated in the approval—2 years after the commencement.	18 19
	(2)	In this section—	20
		<i>existing road grazing approval</i> means an approval for the grazing of stock on a State-controlled road under section 50(2), that was in force immediately before the commencement.	21 22 23 24 25
Δm	nendment o	f sch 6 (Dictionary)	26
(1)		b, definition ancillary works and encroachments,	20 27
(*)		b)(ii), (iii) and (iv)—	28
	omit, insert	·	29

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[s	1	63]
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	(ii) clearing, trimming or slashing, other than for harvesting pasture under the <i>Stock Route</i>	1 2
	Network Management Act 2016;	3
(2)	Schedule 6, definition <i>ancillary works and encroachments</i> , paragraph (b)(xiii)—	4 5
	omit, insert—	6
	(xiii) moving stock on the hoof, other than under an approval under the <i>Stock Route Network</i> <i>Management Act 2016</i> ;	7 8 9
(3)	Schedule 6, definition <i>ancillary works and encroachments</i> , paragraph (b)(v) to (xiv)—	10 11
	renumber as paragraphs (b)(iii) to (xii).	12

Part 6Amendment of Transport13Infrastructure (State-controlled14Roads) Regulation 200615

63	Re	gulation amended	10
		This part amends the <i>Transport Infrastructure</i> (<i>State-controlled Roads</i>) <i>Regulation 2006</i> .	17 18
64		nendment of s 6 (Prohibition on animals on n-motorway State-controlled road)	19 20
	(1)	Section 6(3)(d), after 'under the'—	21
		insert—	22
		repealed	23
	(2)	Section 6(3)—	24
		insert—	25
		(e) the State-controlled road is not a limited access road and the person is travelling the	26 27

Stock Route Network Management Bill 2016 Chapter 9 Amendment of this Act and other legislation Part 7 Amendment of Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995

[s 165]

		animal on the hoof, or grazing the animal, under an approval under the <i>Stock Route</i> <i>Network Management Act 2016</i> .	1 2 3
Part	7	Amendment of Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995	4 5 6
165	Act	amended	7
		This part amends the Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995.	8 9
166	Am	endment of s 66 (Local laws etc.)	10
	(1)	Section 66(3)—	11
		insert—	12
		(l) for a regulated State-controlled road—the regulation of—	13 14
		(i) the travelling or grazing of stock; or	15
		(ii) the harvesting of pasture.	16
	(2)	Section 66(5), '(3)(a) to (j)'—	17
		omit, insert—	18
		(3)(a) to (j) and (l)	19
	(3)	Section 66(9)—	20
		insert—	21
		<i>regulated State-controlled road</i> means a State-controlled road that is a related road or reserve under the <i>Stock Route Network Management Act 2016</i> .	22 23 24 25

[s 167]

Part	8 Other amendments	1
167	Acts amended	2
	Schedule 2 amends the Acts mentioned in it.	3

Schedule 1 **Dictionary** 1 section 6 2 Aboriginal cultural heritage see the Aboriginal Cultural 3 Heritage Act 2003, section 8. 4 adequate public liability insurance means public liability 5 insurance of not less than the amount prescribed by 6 regulation. 7 *affected local government*, for a decision about a stock route 8 or reserve, means-9 (a) the local government for the area in which the stock 10 route or reserve is located; or 11 (b) any other neighbouring local government that may be 12 affected by the decision. 13 allow, stock to be on the stock route network, includes— 14 fail to stop the stock going onto the network; and (a) 15 (b) fail to remove the stock from the network. 16 *application fee*, for an application, means the processing fee 17 and the approval fee for the application. 18 approval means— 19 (a) a grazing approval; or 20 (b) a harvesting approval; or 21 (c) a travel approval; or 22 (d) an unfit stock approval. 23 *approval area* means the area stated in an approval where— 24 (a) for a grazing approval or unfit stock approval—stock are 25 allowed to graze; or 26 for a harvesting approval-pasture is allowed to be (b) 27 harvested. 28

		<i>fee</i> , for an application for an approval made to a ernment, means—	1 2
(a)	for a	a grazing approval—	3
	(i)	the fee prescribed by regulation; or	4
	(ii)	a higher fee fixed by the local government under section 124(2); or	5 6
(b)		a harvesting approval—the fee fixed by the local ernment under section 124(2); or	7 8
(c)	for a or	a travel approval-the fee prescribed by regulation;	9 10
(d)	for a	an unfit stock approval—	11
	(i)	if the approval allows stock to graze—the fee under paragraph (a); or	12 13
	(ii)	if the approval allows stock to travel—the fee under paragraph (c).	14 15
approval holder means the person who holds an approval.			
<i>approval period</i> , for an approval, means the period, stated in the approval, for which the approval operates.			17 18
<i>approval route</i> , for a travel approval or unfit stock approval, means the stock route stated in the approval on which stock are allowed to travel.			
appr	oved	form means a form approved under section 137.	22
area	inclu	ides a place.	23
asso	ciate,	of a person (the <i>relevant person</i>), means—	24
(a)	a pe	rson who owns or has another interest in land that—	25
	(i)	is owned by the relevant person, or in which the relevant person has another interest; and	26 27
	(ii)	is being, or has been, used for grazing stock; or	28
(b)	own	erson who owns or has another interest in stock ed by the relevant person or in which the relevant on has another interest; or	29 30 31

(c)		rson with whom the relevant person is in any of the owing types of relationship—	1 2
	(i)	a marriage or de facto relationship;	3
	(ii)	the relationship of parent and child, the relationship of persons who have a parent in common, or the relationship of persons who are members of the same household;	4 5 6 7
	(iii)	a partnership;	8
	(iv)	the relationship of employer and employee;	9
	(v)	a fiduciary relationship;	10
	(vi)	the relationship of persons, 1 of whom is accustomed, or under an obligation (whether formal or informal), to act under the directions, instructions or wishes of the other;	11 12 13 14
	(vii)	the relationship of a corporation and executive officer of the corporation;	15 16
	(viii) the relationship of a corporation and a person who is in a position to control or substantially influence the corporation's conduct.	17 18 19
auth	orise	<i>d person</i> means—	20
(a)	-	erally—a person who holds office as an authorised on under a relevant empowering Act; or	21 22
(b)		a provision about a local government—an authorised on for the local government.	23 24
biose	ecurit	ty event see the Biosecurity Act 2014, section 14.	25
biose	ecurit	ty matter see the Biosecurity Act 2014, section 15.	26
caut	ion n	otice see section 74(3).	27
perso local	on wł gove	<i>cutive officer</i> , for a local government, means the no holds office as the chief executive officer of the ernment under the relevant empowering Act for the ernment.	28 29 30 31

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chief executive (transport) means the chief executive of the department in which the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994 is administered.123	
<i>conviction</i> includes a finding of guilt, whether or not a 4 conviction is recorded. 5	
<i>directions notice</i> see section 75(3). 6)
<i>directions notice decision</i> means a decision to give a 7 directions notice.	
<i>disposal order</i> see section 122(2). 9	1
<i>entry notice</i> , in relation to land, means a notice that states—	0
for the authorised person intends to enter the land and 1 may do so under a stated provision of this Act without 1	1 2 3 4
(b) the part of the land proposed to be entered; and 1	5
	6 7
(d) the date of the intended entry; and 1	8
 (e) the reasonable period in which it is intended the authorised person or contractor will stay on the land to achieve the purpose of the entry; and 	
(f) for entry to inspect or maintain a stock facility— 2	2
(i) details to identify the stock facility; and 2	3
(ii) the nature of any maintenance to be carried out; 2 and 2	
(g) contact details for a person the local government has authorised to discuss the matters stated in the notice. 2	-
<i>examine</i> includes analyse, test, account, measure, weigh, 2 grade, gauge and identify. 2	8 9
<i>external review</i> see section 109(1).	0
<i>external review decision</i> see section 111(2). 3	1
<i>fee</i> includes a tax.	

the	<i>ing maintenance agreement</i> means an agreement about maintenance of a boundary fence between an approval and private land.	1 2 3
fore	st products see the Forestry Act 1959, schedule 3.	4
0	<i>ing approval</i> means an approval that authorises a person raze stock on a stated area.	5 6
<i>graz</i> , use–	<i>ing approval (emergency)</i> means a grazing approval to	7 8
(a)	an area that includes part of a primary stock route or primary reserve for not more than 14 days; or	9 10
(b)	another area for not more than 28 days.	11
<i>graz</i> , use–	<i>ing approval (long-term)</i> means a grazing approval to	12 13
(a)	an area that includes part of a primary stock route or primary reserve for more than 42 days but not more than 1 year; or	14 15 16
(b)	another area for more than 84 days but not more than 5 years.	17 18
<i>graz</i> use–	<i>ing approval (short-term)</i> means a grazing approval to	19 20
(a)	an area that includes part of a primary stock route or primary reserve for more than 14 days but not more than 42 days; or	21 22 23
(b)	another area for more than 28 days but not more than 84 days.	24 25
by b	<i>vesting</i> , pasture, means removing the pasture, other than urning or allowing stock to graze on the pasture, with the ntion of removing the pasture for a purpose.	26 27 28
Exam	aple of removing pasture for a purpose—	29
cutting and baling pasture for hay		
<i>harvesting approval</i> means an approval that authorises a person to harvest pasture from a stated area.		
Heritage Act means—		

(a)	the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003; or	1
(b)	the Queensland Heritage Act 1992, part 3.	2
	<i>tage database</i> means the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage abase under the <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i> .	3 4
	<i>tage register</i> means a register established under a itage Act.	5 6
	<i>tity card</i> means an identity card issued to an authorised on under a relevant empowering Act.	7 8
info	<i>rmation</i> includes information in the form of a document.	9
inter	rnal review means a review under chapter 6, part 1.	10
inter	rnal review decision see section 107(1).	11
	<i>ing local government</i> , for an approval, means the local ernment that issued the approval.	12 13
<i>land</i> land	<i>degradation</i> includes any of the following affecting	14 15
(a)	soil erosion, salinity or scalding;	16
(b)	destruction of soil structure, including, for example, the loss of fertility, organic matter or nutrients;	17 18
(c)	decline in perennial pasture grasses, pasture composition and density;	19 20
(d)	low ground cover;	21
(e)	thickening in woody plants;	22
(f)	stream bank instability and slumping;	23
(g)	the presence of biosecurity matter that has or may have caused, is or may be causing, or may cause, a biosecurity event;	24 25 26
	Example of a biosecurity event for paragraph (g)—	27
	the introduction or spread of an animal, plant or organism that may have a significant adverse effect on the environment	28 29
(h)	waterlogging;	30
(i)	rising water tables;	31

(j)	a process resulting in declining water quality.	1
leas	ehold land means land that is subject to a lease, other than	2
a St	ate lease, or occupation licence under the Land Act 1994.	3
loca	<i>l government</i> means—	4
(a)	for a provision about a stock route or land (however	5
	described)-the local government in whose local	6
	government area the stock route or land is located; or	7
(b)	for a provision about an authorised person—the local government that appointed the authorised person.	8 9
loca	d government's area, for a local government, means the	10
loca	l government area of the local government.	11
	al special interest area means an area that a local	12
-	ernment decides, under section 10, is a special interest	13
area		14
mai	ntenance condition—	15
(a)	for a local special interest area—see section 11(1); or	16
(b)	for a State special interest area—see section 14(1).	17
mus	stering notice see section 78(2).	18
noti	ce means a notice—	19
(a)	in writing; or	20
(b)	made by an electronic communication under the	21
	Electronic Transactions (Queensland) Act 2001.	22
	nce warning, for a requirement made by an authorised	23
person, means a warning that, without a reasonable excuse, it is an offence for the person of whom the requirement is made		
is an offence for the person of whom the requirement is made		
	to comply with the requirement.	26
orig	<i>inal decision</i> see section 105(1).	27
own	er—	28
(a)	of land, means—	29
	(i) for freehold land under the Land Title Act	30
	1994—the person recorded in the freehold land	31
	register as the owner of the land; or	32

	(ii)	for land that is held from the State for an interest less than fee simple and for which the interest is recorded in a register mentioned in the <i>Land Act</i> <i>1994</i> , section 276—the person recorded in the register as the registered holder of the interest; or	1 2 3 4 5
	(iii)	for a mining claim or mining lease under the <i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i> —the holder of the claim or lessee; or	6 7 8
	(iv)	for land subject to a petroleum lease under the <i>Petroleum Act 1923</i> or the <i>Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004</i> —the lessee; or	9 10 11
	(v)	for land subject to a GHG injection and storage lease under the <i>Greenhouse Gas Storage Act</i> 2009—the holder of the lease; or	12 13 14
	(vi)	for land subject to a geothermal production lease under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> —the lessee; or	15 16 17
	(vii)	for a road, stock route or other land under a local government's control—the local government; or	18 19
	(viii)) for a conservation park under the <i>Nature</i> <i>Conservation Act 1992</i> for which there are trustees—the trustees; or	20 21 22
	(ix)	for a State-controlled road-the State; or	23
(b)	a pe	ock or another thing that has been seized—includes rson who would be entitled to possession of the c or thing if the stock or thing had not been seized.	24 25 26
pastı	<i>ire</i> do	bes not include—	27
(a)	fores	st products; or	28
(b)	vege	tation under the Vegetation Management Act 1999.	29
-	<i>ire a</i> on 21	<i>vailability notice</i> means a public notice under (2).	30 31
perso	on in	<i>control</i> includes—	32
(a)		vehicle—the vehicle's driver or rider, and a person reasonably appears to be, claims to be, or acts as if	33 34

	the person is, the vehicle's driver or rider or the person in control of the vehicle; or	1 2		
(b)	of another thing—a person who reasonably appears to be, claims to be, or acts as if the person is, the person in possession or control of the thing.	3 4 5		
-	<i>ary reserve</i> means a reserve that is next to a primary croute.	6 7		
-	<i>ary stock route</i> means a stock route registered as a ary stock route.	8 9		
priva	te land means freehold land or leasehold land that—	10		
(a)	is not on the stock route network; and	11		
(b)	is not owned or controlled by the State or a local government.	12 13		
private water facility means a water facility on private land1that is used by persons using the stock route network.1				
<i>processing fee</i> , for an application made to a local government, 1 means the processing fee under section 124(1).				
<i>publ</i> gove	<i>ic notice</i> means a notice published by a local rnment—	18 19		
(a)	in a newspaper circulating in the local government's area; or	20 21		
(b)	on the local government's website.	22		
publ	<i>ic place</i> means a place or part of a place—	23		
(a)	that the public is entitled to use, is open to members of the public or is used by the public, whether or not on payment of money; or	24 25 26		
	Examples—	27		
	a beach, park or road	28		
(b)	the occupier of which allows members of the public to enter, whether or not on payment of money.	29 30		
	Examples—	31		
	a saleyard or showground	32		

Schedule 1	I
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responsible chief executive, in relation to an area, means—			1
(a)	of tl	an area that is a protected area—the chief executive the department in which the <i>Nature Conservation Act</i> 2 is administered; or	2 3 4
(b)	wilo <i>Con</i>	an area in which endangered wildlife, vulnerable illife or near threatened wildlife under the <i>Nature</i> <i>eservation Act 1992</i> are located—the chief executive the department in which that Act is administered; or	5 6 7 8
(c)	al	an area on a heritage database or heritage ster—the chief executive of the department in which Heritage Act for the database or register is ninistered.	9 10 11 12
resti	rictive	e condition see section 16(2)(a).	13
revie	ew no	tice, for a decision, means a notice that states—	14
(a)	the	decision; and	15
(b)	the	reasons for the decision; and	16
(c)	the and	right to apply for an internal review of the decision;	17 18
(d)	the period in which the internal review must be started; and		19 20
(e)	how	rights of the internal review are to be exercised; and	21
(f)		other a stay of the decision may be applied for under ion 106.	22 23
road	<i>l</i> —		24
(a) means an that—		ans an area of land, whether surveyed or unsurveyed,	25 26
	(i)	is dedicated, notified or declared to be a road for public use; or	27 28
	(ii)	is taken under an Act, for the purpose of a road for public use; and	29 30
(b)	incl	udes—	31
	(i)	a street, esplanade, reserve for esplanade, highway, pathway, thoroughfare or track; and	32 33

	(ii) a bridge, causeway, culvert or other works in, on, over or under a road; and	1 2
	(iii) any part of a road.	3
	* v	4 5
		6 7
	•	8 9
seizu	re decision means a decision to seize a thing.	10
show	cause notice see section 48(1).	11
speci	al interest area means—	12
(a)	a local special interest area; or	13
(b)	a State special interest area.	14
spen	t conviction means a conviction—	15
(a)	for which the rehabilitation period under the <i>Criminal</i> <i>Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986</i> has expired under that Act; and	16 17 18
(b)	that is not revived under section 11 of that Act.	19
	· ·	20 21
State	management plan see section 19(1).	22
State	special interest area see section 13(1).	23
stock	means—	24
(a)	alpacas; or	25
(b)	asses; or	26
(c)	buffaloes; or	27
(d)	camels; or	28
(e)	cattle; or	29
(f)	deer; or	30
	sched secon stock secon seizu show speci (a) (b) spent (a) (b) State 1994 State State stock (a) (b) (c) (d) (c) (d) (e)	 over or under a road; and (iii) any part of a road. <i>road works</i> see the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>, schedule 6. <i>secondary reserve</i> means a reserve that is next to a secondary stock route, but is not also next to a primary stock route. <i>secondary stock route</i> means a stock route registered as a secondary stock route. <i>secondary stock route</i> means a decision to seize a thing. <i>show cause notice</i> see section 48(1). <i>special interest area</i> means— (a) a local special interest area; or (b) a State special interest area. <i>spent conviction</i> means a conviction— (a) for which the rehabilitation period under the <i>Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986</i> has expired under that Act; and (b) that is not revived under section 11 of that Act. <i>State controlled road</i> see the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>, section 24. <i>State management plan</i> see section 13(1). <i>stock</i> means— (a) alpacas; or (b) asses; or (c) buffaloes; or (d) camels; or

(g)	donl	xeys; or	1
(h)	goat	s; or	2
(i)	hors	es; or	3
(j)	llam	as; or	4
(k)	mule	es; or	5
(1)	shee	p; or	6
(m)	vicu	nas.	7
stock	t faci	lity means—	8
(a)	a pu	blic water facility; or	9
(b)	loca	of the following things supplied by the State or a l government on, or for the benefit of persons using, stock route network—	10 11 12
	(i)	a stock holding yard, loading ramp or enclosure;	13
	(ii)	a fence, other than a boundary fence on private land;	14 15
	(iii)	a bridge or water crossing for use by travelling stock;	16 17
	(iv)	a gate, grid or signage to help persons moving stock.	18 19
cond	ition,	of, for a fence, means the fence is of a type, and in a that prevents stock moving from one side of the ne other.	20 21 22
stock	c rout	<i>e</i> —	23
(a)		ns a road or route registered as part of the stock e network under section $8(1)(a)$; and	24 25
(b)	inclu	ides part of a stock route.	26
		<i>te network</i> means the network of stock routes and egistered on the stock route network register.	27 28
stock	k rout	e network register see section 7(1).	29
stray	stoci	k means stock that—	30
(a)	have	e strayed onto the stock route network; or	31

(b)	have been travelling on the stock route network and have been left behind or abandoned on the network.	1 2
subi	mission means a submission made—	3
(a)	in writing; or	4
(b)	by an electronic communication under the <i>Electronic Transactions (Queensland)</i> Act 2001.	5 6
thin	\boldsymbol{g} does not include stock.	7
	sport Act see the Transport Planning and Coordination 1994, schedule 1.	8 9
<i>tran</i> Stat	<i>sport network</i> means the network of roads and rail in the e.	10 11
trav	el, stock—	12
(a)	means move the stock on the hoof; and	13
(b)	includes intermittent or overnight resting of the stock incidental to the movement; but	14 15
(c)	does not include moving the stock on land where the stock are ordinarily pastured.	16 17
	<i>el approval</i> means an approval that authorises a person to el stock on a stated route—	18 19
(a)	to move the stock between places, including to move stock—	20 21
	(i) from a drought affected place to another place where there is available water and pasture; or	22 23
	(ii) from one place to another place to spell the land; or	24
	(iii) to another place owned by the owner or person in charge of the stock; or	25 26
(b)	to dispose of the stock, including, for example, for sale at a saleyard or slaughter at an abattoir; or	
(c)	to move the stock to and from a place where the stock are authorised to graze under a grazing approval.	29 30
	<i>el approval decision</i> means a decision of a local ernment—	31 32

	(a)	to refuse to grant a travel approval; or	1
	(b)	to impose a condition on a travel approval, other than a condition mentioned in section $41(e)$, (f) or (g); or	2 3
	(c)	to refuse to amend a travel approval; or	4
	(d)	to amend a travel approval under section 43 in a way that was not requested by the approval holder; or	5 6
	(e)	to suspend or cancel a travel approval.	7
		<i>l approval (slow)</i> means a travel approval that authorises son to travel stock at a stated speed of not less than 5km day.	8 9 10
<i>travel approval (standard)</i> means a travel approval that authorises a person to travel stock at a stated speed of not less than 10km in a day.			
<i>unfit stock</i> means stock that are not able to travel at the speed stated in a travel approval because the stock—			14 15
	(a)	are pregnant or have young stock less than 21 days of age; or	16 17
	(b)	are affected by a disease that is not regulated under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i> ; or	18 19
	(c)	are otherwise sick, injured, malnourished or weakened.	20
	Exam	ple—	21
	sto	ck weakened because of drought conditions	22
holder of a travel approval to do the following with stock			23 24 25
	(a)	travel the stock on a stated route at a stated speed of less than the speed stated in the travel approval;	26 27
	(b)	if the unfit stock are not fit to travel—graze the stock on a stated area.	28 29
	•	<i>stock approval decision</i> means a decision of a local rnment—	30 31
	(a)	to refuse to grant an unfit stock approval; or	32

(b) to impose a condition on an unfit stock approval, other than a condition mentioned in section 41(e), (f) or (g); or	1 2	
(c) to refuse to amend an unfit stock approval; or	3	
(d) to amend an unfit stock approval under section 43 in a way that was not requested by the approval holder; or	4 5	
(e) to suspend or cancel an unfit stock approval.	6	
unfit stock notice see section 72(3).		
<i>vehicle</i> means a vehicle or vessel under the <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995.</i>		
<i>water facility</i> means an artificial water source for stock, including the equipment used to supply the water to the stock.		
water facility agreement see section 25.		

Sch	nedule 2	Acts amended	1
		section 167	2
Abo	original Land	I Act 1991	3
1	-	definition stock route—	4
	omit.		5
2	Schedule 1-	_	6
	insert—		7
		<i>ute</i> see the <i>Stock Route Network Management Act</i> hedule 1.	8 9
Bio	security Act	2014	10
1	Schedule 4,	definition stock route—	11
	omit.		12
2	Schedule 4-	_	13
	insert—		14
	stock ro	<i>ute</i> see the <i>Stock Route Network Management Act</i> hedule 1.	15 16

	Schedule 2	
For	estry Act 1959	
1	Schedule 3, definition <i>forest products</i> , from 'a stock route' to '2002'—	
	omit, insert—	
	the stock route network or related roads or reserves under the Stock Route Network Management Act 2016	
	ghbourhood Disputes (Dividing Fences and Trees) 2011	
1	Section 8(2)(a), 'Stock Route Management Act 2002'— omit, insert—	
	Stock Route Network Management Act 2016	
Wat	er Act 2000	
1	Section 215(2)(a), 'Stock Route Management Act 2002'—	
	omit, insert— Stock Route Network Management Act 2016	
2	Schedule 4, definitions stock route and travelling stock—	
	omit.	
3	Schedule 4—	
	insert—	

<i>tock route</i> see the <i>Stock Route Network Management Act</i> 016, schedule 1.	1 2
avelling stock means stock that are being travelled under the tock Route Network Management Act 2016.	3 4

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Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008

1	Schedule 3, definition <i>stock purposes</i> , paragraph (b), ' <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i> , schedule 3'—	6 7
	omit, insert—	8
	Stock Route Network Management Act 2016, schedule 1	9

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