

Queensland

Forensic Disability Bill 2011



Queensland

Forensic Disability Bill 2011

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for

An Act to provide for the involuntary detention, and the care and support and protection, of particular people with an intellectual or cognitive disability, and to make minor or consequential amendments of this Act and the Bail Act 1980, Child Protection (Offender Reporting) Act 2004, Child Protection (Offender Prohibition Order) Act 2008, Commissions of Inquiry Act 1950, Coroners Act 2003, Crime and Misconduct Act 2001, Criminal Code, Criminal Practice Rules 1999, Disability Services Act 2006, Guardianship and Administration Act 2000, Guardianship and Administration Regulation 2000, Limitation of Actions Act 1974, Mental Health Act 2000, Mental Health Regulation 2002, Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000, Powers of Attorney Act 1998, Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act 2009, Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Rules 2009, Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002, Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008 and Supreme Court of Queensland Act 1991

The Pa	arliament	of Queensland enacts—	1
Cha	pter 1	Preliminary	2
Part	1	Introduction	3
1	Short tit This	le Act may be cited as the Forensic Disability Act 2011.	4 5
2		Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	6 7
Part	2	Purpose and application of Act	8
3	detei	purpose of this Act is to provide for the involuntary nation, and the care and support and protection, of forensic pility clients, while at the same time—	9 10 11 12
	(a) (b)	safeguarding their rights and freedoms; and balancing their rights and freedoms with the rights and freedoms of other people; and	13 14 15
	(c) (d)	promoting their individual development and enhancing their opportunities for quality of life; and maximising their opportunities for reintegration into the community.	16 17 18 19

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		Note-			1
		Sec	e section	on 10 for who is a forensic disability client.	2
4	Но	w pui	rpose	e is to be achieved	3
		_	-	ose of this Act is to be achieved mainly by—	4
		(a)	the	ng the human rights and other principles applying to administration of this Act in relation to forensic bility clients; and	5 6 7
		(b)		viding for the detention, admission, assessment, care support and protection of clients; and	8 9
		(c)	supp cont	riding for a multidisciplinary model of care and port for clients that is designed to promote their tinual development, independence and quality of and	10 11 12 13
		(d)		n making a decision under this Act about a client, ng into account each of the following—	14 15
			(i)	the protection of the community;	16
			(ii)	the needs of a victim of the alleged offence to which the applicable forensic order relates;	17 18
			(iii)	the client's individual development plan, including any limited community treatment.	19 20
5	Ac	t binc	ls all	persons	21
	(1)	the	legis	binds all persons, including the State and, as far as slative power of the Parliament permits, the wealth and all the other States.	22 23 24
	(2)		ning in	n this Act makes the State liable to be prosecuted for e.	25 26
6	Ар	plicat	tion o	of Act	27
	2			does not prevent a person who is receiving care and n the forensic disability service under a forensic	28 29

		er (Mental Health Court—Disability) continuing to receive and support in the service after the order ends.	1 2
Part 3		Principles for administration of Act	3 4
7 Ge	eneral	l principles	5
		following principles apply for the administration of this in relation to forensic disability clients—	6 7
	(a)	Same human rights	8
		• the right of all people to the same basic human rights must be recognised and taken into account	9 10
		 a person's right to respect for the person's human worth and dignity as an individual, and as part of human diversity and humanity, must be recognised and taken into account 	11 12 13 14
		 a person's right to live a life free from abuse, neglect or exploitation must be recognised and taken into account 	15 16 17
		• people with a disability should be empowered to exercise their rights	18 19
	(b)	Promoting habilitation and rehabilitation	20
		• to the greatest extent practicable, a person is to be supported to promote the person's development potential and physical, mental, social and vocational ability, and to enhance the person's quality of life	21 22 23 24 25
		• support and services provided to a person under this Act must promote the person's opportunities for participation and inclusion in the community	26 27 28

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(c)	Meeting individual needs and goals	1
	• services provided to a person under this Act should be responsive to the person's needs and goals	2 3
	• a person's physical, age-related, gender-related, religious, cultural, language, communication and other needs must be taken into account	4 5 6
	Example of other needs—	7
	needs arising because of the person's community of origin	8
(d)	Maintaining supportive relationships and community participation	9 10
	• care and support provided to a person under this Act must take into account the importance of the person's continued participation in community life and maintenance of supportive relationships	11 12 13 14
(e)	Matters to be considered in making decisions	15
	• a person is to be encouraged and supported to take part in making decisions affecting the person's life, especially decisions about the services to be provided to the person under this Act	16 17 18 19
	• in making a decision about a person, the person's views, the views of any guardian or informal decision-maker for the person, and the effect on the person's family or carers must be taken into account	20 21 22 23 24
	Example—	25
	a decision under section 33 or 34 for a transfer order for a person who is a forensic disability client	26 27
	• a person is presumed to have capacity to make decisions about the person's care and support and choice of an allied person	28 29 30

(f)	Providing support and information for exercising rights	1 2
	• a person must be provided with necessary support, and necessary information in an appropriate accessible format, to enable the person to exercise rights under this Act	3 4 5 6
	Example of necessary support and information—	7
	support and information facilitating access to necessary independent help to represent the person's point of view	8 9
(g)	Confidentiality	10
	 a person's right to confidentiality of information about the person must be recognised and taken into account. 	11 12 13
	Note—	14
	See chapter 9, part 4 for provisions about confidentiality.	15
B Princip function	les for exercising powers and performing	16 17
-	bower or function under this Act relating to a forensic ability client must be exercised or performed so that—	18 19
(a)	the client's liberty and rights are adversely affected only if it is the least restrictive way to protect the client's health and safety or to protect others; and	20 21 22
(b)	any adverse effect on the client's liberty and rights is the minimum necessary in the circumstances.	23 24

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Part 4		Interpretation	1
9	Def	finitions	2
		The dictionary in schedule 3 defines particular words used in this Act.	3 4
10	Wh	o is a forensic disability client	5
	(1)	A <i>forensic disability client</i> is an adult with an intellectual or cognitive disability for whom a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability) is in force for the person's detention in the forensic disability service.	6 7 8 9
	(2)	A forensic order mentioned in subsection (1) includes an order that, under the Mental Health Act, section 169L or 605, applies to the client as if it were an order for the client's detention in the forensic disability service.	10 11 12 13
	(3)	If a person who is a forensic disability client is transferred to an authorised mental health service under section 33(1) or (3), the person remains a forensic disability client until admitted to the authorised mental health service.	14 15 16 17
	(4)	If a person who is a forensic disability client is detained temporarily in an authorised mental health service under the Mental Health Act, section 309B, the person remains a forensic disability client until a transfer order for the person is made under section 34(2) or by the tribunal or Mental Health Court under the Mental Health Act.	18 19 20 21 22 23
		Note—	24
		See, however, section 152 for the person's care (within the meaning of the Mental Health Act) while detained temporarily in the authorised mental health service.	25 26 27
	(5)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that a person who is a forensic disability client remains a forensic disability client while undertaking any limited community treatment under this Act.	28 29 30 31

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11	Wh	at is	a cognitive disability	1
		A co	ognitive disability is a condition that is—	2
		(a)	attributable to a cognitive impairment; and	3
		(b)	a disability within the meaning of the Disability Services Act.	4 5
12	Wh	at is	an intellectual disability	6
	(1)		intellectual disability is a disability within the meaning of Disability Services Act that—	7 8
		(a)	is characterised by significant limitations in intellectual functioning and adaptive behaviour; and	9 10
		(b)	originates in a person before the age of 18.	11
	(2)		edule 1 provides for assessing a person's intellectual etioning and adaptive behaviour for subsection (1)(a).	12 13
Cha	apte	er 2	Support and development	14
			of forensic disability clients	15
Part	:1		Individual development plans	16
13	Wh	at is	an individual development plan	17
	(1)	with	individual development plan is a written plan, complying this Act, developed following a multidisciplinary ssment of a forensic disability client and designed—	18 19 20
		(a)	to promote the client's development, habilitation and rehabilitation; and	21 22
		(b)	to provide for the client's care and support; and	23

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		(c)	when appropriate, to support the client's reintegration into the community.	1 2
		Note-	_	3
		Sec	e section 15 for the content of the plan.	4
	(2)	In th	nis section—	5
			tidisciplinary assessment means an assessment by 2 or e persons—	6 7
		(a)	with the qualifications or experience appropriate to conduct the assessment; and	8 9
		(b)	whose qualifications or experience are in different disciplines.	10 11
			nples of persons who may have the appropriate qualifications or rience for conducting the assessment—	12 13
		lan	haviour specialists, doctors, psychologists, psychiatrists, speech and aguage pathologists, occupational therapists, registered nurses, social orkers	14 15 16
14	Pre	parir	ng plan for client	17
	(1)		enior practitioner must ensure an individual development is prepared for a forensic disability client.	18 19
	(2)		preparing the plan, the senior practitioner must consult and consider the views of the following persons—	20 21
		(a)	the client;	22
		(b)	if the client has a guardian or an informal decision-maker—the guardian or informal decision-maker, or each of those persons, as the case may be;	23 24 25 26
		(c)	anyone else the senior practitioner considers to be integral to the plan's preparation.	27 28
			Example—	29
			a family member who is part of the client's support network, the client's allied person or an advocate for the client	30 31

(3)	polic prote	plan must be prepared having regard to any relevant cies and procedures about the care and support and ection of forensic disability clients issued by the director er this Act.	1 2 3 4
(4)		plan must also take into account any relevant plans or ance health directive for the client.	5 6
(5)	requ	pite subsection (2)(b), the senior practitioner is not ired to consult with a person who is an informal sion-maker for the client if—	7 8 9
	(a)	the senior practitioner is not, and could not reasonably be expected to be, aware the person is an informal decision-maker for the client; or	10 11 12
	(b)	after taking all reasonable steps, the senior practitioner can not locate the person.	13 14
(6)	In th	is section—	15
	rele	vant plans include the following—	16
	(a)	an individual development plan;	17
	(b)	a positive behaviour support plan within the meaning of the Disability Services Act;	18 19
	(c)	for a client transferred from an authorised mental health service to the forensic disability service—any treatment plan under the Mental Health Act applying to the client immediately before the transfer.	20 21 22 23
Со	ntent	of plan	24
(1)		individual development plan must state each of the owing—	25 26
	(a)	an outline of the proposed arrangements for the provision of programs or services for—	27 28
		(i) promoting the client's development, habilitation, rehabilitation and quality of life; and	29 30

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	(ii) reducing the intensity, frequency and duration of the client's behaviour that places the client's health or safety or the safety of others at risk; and	1 2 3
	(iii) when appropriate, supporting the client's reintegration into the community;	4 5
	Examples of programs or services for paragraph (a)—	6
	 programs for developing communication skills, motor skills, life skills or a combination of those skills 	7 8
	 programs that encourage positive behaviour 	9
(b)	an outline of the proposed plan for the client's transition to participation and inclusion in the community;	10 11
(c)	the intervals for regularly reviewing and, if necessary, changing the plan to ensure its continued appropriateness for promoting the client's development and independence and supporting the client to participate and to be included in the community;	12 13 14 15 16
(d)	the intervals for the client's regular assessment.	17
	Note—	18
	Section 19 deals with the client's regular assessment.	19
The	plan must include a risk management plan for the client.	20
The	plan must also—	21
(a)	include the details of any medication prescribed for the client by a doctor; and	22 23
(b)	state the intervals, of not more than 3 months, for regularly reviewing the client's medication as required under sections 52 and 145.	24 25 26
Note-	_	27
	e also section 22 for what the plan must include about limited	28

(2)(3)

16	Se	nior practitioner must tell client about plan	1
	(1)	A senior practitioner must talk to the client about the client's care and support under the individual development plan.	2 3
	(2)	If the client has a guardian or an informal decision-maker, a senior practitioner must also talk to the guardian or informal decision-maker, or each of those persons, as the case may be, about the client's care and support under the plan.	4 5 6 7
		Note—	8
		See section 146 about complying with provisions as soon as practicable, section 147 about complying with provisions to the extent reasonably practicable and section 154 about ensuring the client understands things told or explained to the client.	9 10 11 12
17	Ch	anging plan	13
	(1)	A senior practitioner, or an authorised practitioner authorised for the purpose by a senior practitioner, may change the client's individual development plan.	14 15 16
	(2)	For changing the plan under subsection (1), section 14(2) to (5) applies as if—	17 18
		(a) a reference in those provisions to preparing an individual development plan were a reference to changing an individual development plan; and	19 20 21
		(b) a reference in those provisions to a senior practitioner included a reference to the authorised practitioner.	22 23
	(3)	A senior practitioner must change the client's individual development plan—	24 25
		(a) to give effect to a decision or order of the tribunal or Mental Health Court; or	26 27
		(b) to comply with section 22 or 73.	28
	(4)	A senior practitioner or authorised practitioner mentioned in subsection (1) who changes the client's individual development plan must—	29 30 31

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		(a) make a written record of the change and the reasons for it; and	1 2
		(b) talk to the client about the change and reasons.	3
	(5)	If the client has a guardian or an informal decision-maker, a senior practitioner must also talk to the guardian or informal decision-maker, or each of those persons, as the case may be, about the change and the reasons for it.	4 5 6 7
		Note—	8
		See section 146 about complying with provisions as soon as practicable, section 147 about complying with provisions to the extent reasonably practicable and section 154 about ensuring the client understands things told or explained to the client.	9 10 11 12
18	Car	e and support under plan	13
		The administrator must ensure the client receives care and support and protection as required under the individual development plan.	14 15 16
19	Reg	gular assessment of client	17
	(1)	The administrator must ensure a senior practitioner carries out regular assessments of the client as required under the individual development plan.	18 19 20
	(2)	A senior practitioner carrying out an assessment of the client must record details of it in the client's file.	21 22
Part	2	Limited community treatment	23
20	Aut	horising limited community treatment	24
	(1)	A senior practitioner may, for a forensic disability client's individual development plan, authorise limited community treatment for the client.	25 26 27

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	(2)	However, the senior practitioner may authorise the limited community treatment only if the tribunal or Mental Health Court has ordered or approved the limited community treatment.	1 2 3 4
21		nited community treatment on order of tribunal or ntal Health Court	5 6
		If the tribunal or Mental Health Court orders that a forensic disability client have limited community treatment, the administrator must ensure a senior practitioner changes the client's individual development plan to give effect to the order.	7 8 9 10
22		nat individual development plan must state about ited community treatment	11 12
		If a forensic disability client is authorised to have limited community treatment under section 20, or ordered to have limited community treatment as mentioned in section 21, the client's individual development plan must include, or be changed to include, in specific terms—	13 14 15 16 17
		(a) any periods, whether or not continuous, of the limited community treatment; and	18 19
		(b) the conditions a senior practitioner considers necessary for managing the client's care and support and protecting the client's health or safety or the safety of others while the client is undertaking the limited community treatment.	20 21 22 23 24

Ch	apte	er 3	Allied persons	1		
23	Who is an <i>allied person</i>					
		An <i>allied person</i> is the person chosen by a forensic disability client, or declared, under this part to be the client's allied person.				
24	Fu	nctior	n of allied person	6		
		help inter	function of a forensic disability client's allied person is to the client to represent the client's views, wishes and ests relating to the client's assessment, detention, care support and protection under this Act.	7 8 9 10		
25	Cli	ent m	ay choose allied person	11		
	(1)	perso who	rensic disability client may choose any 1 of the following ons (other than a forensic disability service employee) is willing, readily available, capable and culturally opriate to be the client's allied person—	12 13 14 15		
		(a)	if the client has a personal guardian—the personal guardian;	16 17		
		(b)	if the client has a personal attorney—the personal attorney;	18 19		
		(c)	an adult relative or adult close friend of the client;	20		
		(d)	an adult carer of the client;	21		
		(e)	another adult.	22		
		Exam	ple of application of subsection (1)—	23		
		clie	e client may choose a person mentioned in paragraph (d) to be the ent's allied person even though the client has a personal attorney or sonal guardian.	24 25 26		
	(2)	This	section has effect subject to section 26.	27		
	(3)	In th	is section—	28		

			e friend, of the client, means a person with whom the nt has a close relationship.	1 2	
			conal attorney means an attorney for a personal matter er the <i>Powers of Attorney Act 1998</i> .	3 4	
		_	conal guardian means a guardian for a personal matter er the Guardianship and Administration Act.	5 6	
26		Who is allied person if client does not have capacity to choose			
	(1)	This section applies if the administrator is satisfied a forensic disability client does not have the capacity to choose an allied person.			
	(2)	state Men	e client, by an advance health directive, has directed that a ed person be the client's allied person under this Act or the stall Health Act, the stated person is the client's allied on for this Act.	12 13 14 15	
	(3)	If subsection (2) does not apply to the client, the administrator must choose a person (other than a forensic disability service employee) to be the client's allied person.			
	(4)	The	person chosen must be—	19	
		(a)	the first person in listed order of the persons mentioned in section 25 who is willing, readily available, capable and culturally appropriate to be the allied person; or	20 21 22	
		(b)	if no-one in the list is willing, readily available, capable and culturally appropriate to be the allied person—the adult guardian within the meaning of the Guardianship and Administration Act.	23 24 25 26	
27	Wł	nen cl	hoice of allied person ends	27	
			choice of an allied person of a forensic disability client s if—	28 29	
		(a)	under section 25, the client chooses another person to be the allied person; or	30 31	

		(b) (c)	the client tells the administrator the client no longer wishes to have an allied person and the administrator is satisfied the client has the capacity to make that decision; or under section 26, the administrator chose the allied person but the administrator is no longer satisfied the allied person is willing, readily available, capable and culturally appropriate to be the allied person.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	
28		allied The	strator to give notice of applicable forensic order person administrator must give notice of the applicable forensic r to a forensic disability client's allied person.	9 10 11 12	
Cha	pte	er 4	Rights of forensic disability clients and others	13 14	
Part	1		Statement of rights	15	
29	Preparing statement of rights				
	(1)		director must prepare a written statement (the <i>statement ghts</i>) containing information about—	17 18	
		(a)	the rights of forensic disability clients and their allied persons under this Act; and	19 20	
		(b)	the rights of clients to make complaints about the service provided at the forensic disability service and	21 22	

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	(2)	The statement of rights may also contain anything else the director considers appropriate.	1 2	
30	Giv	ving statement of rights to client and allied person	3	
	(1)	After a forensic disability client is admitted to the forensic disability service, the administrator must give a copy of the statement of rights so far as it is relevant to the client to—		
		(a) the client; and	7	
		(b) the client's allied person.	8	
	(2)	In addition to the statement, the administrator must ensure the client is given an oral explanation of the information in the statement.	9 10 11	
		Note—	12	
		See section 146 about complying with provisions as soon as practicable and section 154 about ensuring the client understands things told or explained to the client.	13 14 15	
31	Notice of rights			
		The administrator must ensure a copy of the statement of rights is displayed in a prominent place in the forensic disability service so it is easily visible to forensic disability clients and their allied persons.	17 18 19 20	

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Part 2			Rights of persons other than forensic disability service employees to visit client etc.	1 2 3
32		siting and assessing client and consulting about ent's care and support		4 5
	(1)	provi	gistered health practitioner or social worker engaged in iding disability services, other than a forensic disability ce employee, may at any reasonable time of the day or	6 7 8 9
		(a)	visit and assess a forensic disability client detained in the forensic disability service; or	10 11
		(b)	consult with a senior practitioner about the care and support of a forensic disability client.	12 13
		Note-	_	14
			osection (1) does not affect a right or obligation of a forensic ability service employee in relation to a client under this Act.	15 16
	(2)	detai	egal or other adviser for a forensic disability client ned in the forensic disability service may visit the client y reasonable time of the day or night.	17 18 19
	(3)		registered health practitioner, social worker or adviser exercise a power under subsection (1) or (2)—	20 21
		(a)	only if asked by the client or someone else on the client's behalf; and	22 23
		(b)	only under an arrangement made with the administrator.	24

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Cha	pte	er 5 Transfer and temporary absence of forensic disability clients	1 2 3
Part 1		Transfer	4
33		nsfer from forensic disability service to authorised ntal health service	5 6
	(1)	The director may, by written order, transfer a forensic disability client from the forensic disability service to an authorised mental health service if—	7 8 9
		(a) the director is satisfied the transfer is in the client's best interests; and	10 11
		(b) the director (mental health) agrees to the transfer.	12
	(2)	If the director (mental health) does not agree to the transfer, the director (within the meaning of this Act) may apply to the tribunal for an order for the client's transfer to an authorised mental health service.	13 14 15 16
		Note—	17
		Under sections 129 and 139, the Mental Health Act, chapter 5, part 1, division 2A, subdivision 2 applies for the application.	18 19
	(3)	The client must be transferred to an authorised mental health service if the tribunal orders the transfer.	20 21
	(4)	However, subsection (3) does not apply if the tribunal's decision is stayed under the Mental Health Act, section 323.	22 23

		r if detained temporarily in authorised mental ervice	1 2
(1)	detai	s section applies to a forensic disability client who is ined temporarily in an authorised mental health service or the Mental Health Act, section 309B.	3 4 5
(2)		director may, by written order, transfer the client to an orised mental health service if—	7
	(a)	the client's period of detention in the authorised mental health service mentioned in subsection (1) has not ended; and	8 9 1
	(b)	the director is satisfied the transfer is in the client's best interests; and	1 1
	(c)	the director (mental health) agrees to the transfer.	1
(3)	Sect	ion 33(2) to (4) applies for the transfer.	1
	ers		1
(1)	disal	nin 7 days after making a transfer order for a forensic bility client under section 33 or 34, the director must give ten notice of the order to—	1 1 1
	(a)	the tribunal; and	2
	(b)	if any proceeding involving the client has started but not finished—each entity the director considers has a sufficient interest in the proceeding.	2 2 2 2
		Example—	2
		the Mental Health Court, the director of public prosecutions or other prosecuting agency	2
(2)	In th	nis section—	2
	-	<i>reeding</i> means a proceeding in the tribunal or Mental lth Court.	2

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		strator to give notice of transfer order to client and erson	1 2
	The	administrator must give notice of a transfer order to—	3
	(a)	the forensic disability client to whom the order relates; and	4 5
	(b)	the client's allied person.	6
	king d nsfer	client to authorised mental health service if red	7 8
	_	ractitioner may, under a transfer order, take a forensic bility client to an authorised mental health service.	9 1
	Note	s—	1
	1	For provisions about entering places, see chapter 9, part 2.	1.
	2	For the use of reasonable force, see section 155 and for administering medication to the client, see section 144.	1 1
		nformation about client for facilitating transfer e and support	1: 1:
(1)	This	section applies for facilitating—	1
	(a)	the transfer of a forensic disability client from the forensic disability service to an authorised mental health service; and	19 19 20
	(b)	the care and support of the client, as a patient, in the authorised mental health service.	2 2:
(2)	pers	director may give to the director (mental health), or a on nominated by the director (mental health), the owing information about the client—	2: 24 2:
	(a)	the client's personal and medical information;	2
	(b)	the circumstances giving rise to the applicable forensic order, including information contained in any report considered by the Mental Health Court in making the order;	27 28 29 30

(c)	the details of the applicable forensic order;	1
(d)	any details necessary to give effect to the applicable forensic order;	2 3
(e)	the details of the client's individual development plan;	4
(f)	the client's response to care and support and willingness to continue care and support;	5 6
(g)	the details of any instance of behaviour control medication, restraint or seclusion of the client;	7 8
(h)	whether the tribunal or Mental Health Court has approved or ordered limited community treatment for the client, including any conditions of the approval or order;	9 10 11 12
(i)	the details of any limited community treatment undertaken by the client, and the details of any limited community treatment that has been revoked;	13 14 15
(j)	when the tribunal is to conduct a review of the client's mental condition;	16 17
(k)	any previous decisions of the tribunal about the client;	18
(1)	any previous decisions of the Mental Health Court about the client;	19 20
(m)	whether the client has an allied person and, if so, the allied person's name and contact details;	21 22
(n)	whether the client has a guardian or an informal decision-maker and, if so, the contact details for the guardian or informal decision-maker;	23 24 25
(o)	whether the client is subject to a forensic information order and, if so, any details necessary to give effect to that order;	26 27 28
(p)	any other information obtained or brought into existence under this Act or the Mental Health Act relating to the client's care and support.	29 30 31

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	(3)	This section applies despite any duty of confidentiality or right of privacy provided under this or any other Act.	1 2
	(4)	In this section—	3
		information includes a document.	4
		<i>personal information</i> , about a forensic disability client, includes information about—	5 6
		(a) the client's social circumstances, including, for example, the client's support network; and	7 8
		(b) the client's relevant behavioural history.	9
39	Co	ntinuation of existing forensic order	10
	(1)	On the admission of a forensic disability client to an authorised mental health service under a transfer order, the client's existing forensic order—	11 12 13
		(a) applies to the client, as a patient, as if it were a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability) for the client's detention in the authorised mental health service; and	14 15 16
		(b) is to be read, or continued in force, with the changes necessary—	17 18
		(a) to make it consistent with the Mental Health Act; and	19 20
		(b) to adapt its operation to that Act.	21
	(2)	Subsection (1) does not affect a power of the tribunal or Mental Health Court in relation to the existing forensic order.	22 23
	(3)	Without limiting subsection (2), the tribunal may carry out a review and make a decision about the existing forensic order under the Mental Health Act, chapter 6, part 3.	24 25 26
	(4)	In this section—	27
		existing forensic order means the forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability) that was the client's applicable forensic order immediately before the client's admission to the authorised mental health service.	28 29 30 31

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40			1 2
	(1)	This section applies if—	3
		for a matter in relation to a forensic disability client in	4 5 6
			7 8
	(2)		9 10
		or brought into existence for a matter in relation to the client, as a patient, in compliance with the provision of	11 12 13 14
		. ,	15 16
		(a) to make it consistent with that Act; and	17
		(b) to adapt its operation to that Act.	18
	(3)		19 20
Part	2	Temporary absence	21
41	Ab	sence of client with director's approval	22
	(1)	• •	23 24
		(a) to receive medical, dental or optical treatment; or	25
		(b) to appear before a court, tribunal or other body; or	26

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		(c) for another purpose appropriate on compass	the director considers to be	pe 1 2
	(2)	The notice must state the app	roved period of absence.	3
	(3)	considers appropriate, includ	on the conditions the directoring, for example, a condition the of a stated person for the period	at 5
Cha	apte	er 6 Regulatio control	n of behaviour	8
Part	1	Preliminary	/	10
12	Pui	pose of ch 6		11
		disability clients by regulati medication, restraint and	s to protect the rights of forensing the use of behaviour control seclusion (each a <i>regulate</i> this Act so that the regulated—	ol 13 e d 14
			and the least restrictive way a safety of clients or to prote	
		(b) in a way that—		20
		(i) has regard to the h	numan rights of clients; and	21
		(ii) aims to reduce or and	eliminate the need for its use	e; 22 23
		(iii) ensures transparer	ncy and accountability in its use	. 24

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De	finitions for ch 6	1
	In this chapter—	2
	authorised practitioner means an authorised practitioner whose instrument of appointment states that the practitioner may exercise the powers given to an authorised practitioner under this chapter.	3 4 5 6
	behaviour control medication see section 44.	7
	restraint see section 45.	8
	seclusion see section 46.	9
	<i>senior practitioner</i> means a senior practitioner whose instrument of appointment states that the practitioner may exercise the powers given to a senior practitioner under this chapter.	10 11 12 13
Ме	eaning of <i>behaviour control medication</i>	
(1)	Behaviour control medication of a forensic disability client is the use of medication for the primary purpose of controlling the client's behaviour.	15 16 17
(2)	However, using medication for the client's health care is not behaviour control medication.	18 19
(3)	In this section—	20
	<i>health care</i> see the Guardianship and Administration Act, schedule 2, section 5.	21 22
Me	aning of <i>restraint</i>	23
(1)	Restraint of a forensic disability client is the restraint of the client by use of an approved mechanical appliance preventing the free movement of the client's body or a limb of the client.	24 25 26
(2)	However, the use of a surgical or medical appliance for the proper treatment of physical disease or injury is not restraint.	27 28

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46	Ме	aning of <i>seclusion</i>	1
		Seclusion of a forensic disability client is the confinement of the client at any time of the day or night alone in a room or area from which the client's free exit is prevented.	2 3 4
47	Re	lationship with Disability Services Act	5
		The Disability Services Act, part 10A applies to a forensic disability client only if the client is absent from the forensic disability service—	6 7 8
		(a) while undertaking limited community treatment; or	9
		(b) under a temporary absence approval.	10
		Note—	11
		The Disability Services Act, part 10A deals with the use of restrictive practices within the meaning of that Act.	12 13
48	Re	lationship with Guardianship and Administration Act	14
	(1)	This chapter does not limit the extent to which a person is authorised under the Guardianship and Administration Act to make a decision about the health care of a person who is a forensic disability client.	15 16 17 18
	(2)	In this section—	19
		health care see the Guardianship and Administration Act, schedule 2 section 5	20

Part 2		Behaviour control	1
Division	1	Behaviour control medication	2
49 Of	fence	e to administer behaviour control medication	3
	a fo	erson must not administer behaviour control medication to brensic disability client detained in the forensic disability rice other than under this division.	4 5 6
	Max	ximum penalty—50 penalty units.	7
50 Us	e of b	pehaviour control medication	8
	doct seni adm	enior practitioner who is a doctor or registered nurse, or a tor or registered nurse acting under the direction of a or practitioner who is a doctor or registered nurse, may hinister behaviour control medication to a forensic bility client detained in the forensic disability service if—	9 10 11 12 13
	(a)	a psychiatrist prescribes the medication as a regulated behaviour control for the client; and	14 15
	(b)	the medication is administered in accordance with the psychiatrist's directions, including directions about the dose, route and frequency of the medication and any restrictions on its use; and	16 17 18 19
		Note—	20
		See also chapter 12, part 1 for the use of other medication on a forensic disability client.	21 22
	(c)	the client is observed in accordance with the psychiatrist's directions.	23 24
51 Ob	oligati	ions of senior practitioner	25
(1)	If a	psychiatrist prescribes the behaviour control medication a regulated behaviour control for the client, a senior	26 27

		practitioner must ensure details of the medication, as prescribed by the psychiatrist, are included in—	1 2
		(a) the client's file; and	3
		(b) the client's individual development plan as required under section 15(3).	4 5
	(2)	If the medication is administered to the client under section 50, the senior practitioner who administered it, or under whose direction it was administered, must ensure the following details are recorded in the client's file—	6 7 8 9
		(a) the name of the medication that was administered;	10
		(b) the time it was administered;	11
		(c) the person who administered it;	12
		(d) for medication to be administered as and when needed—the circumstances in which it was administered.	13 14 15
52	Re	view of client's behaviour control medication	16
	(1)	A senior practitioner must ensure a psychiatrist regularly reviews the client's need for, and the appropriateness of, the behaviour control medication prescribed for the client.	17 18 19
	(2)	The review must be carried out at least every 3 months.	20
	(3)	Also, if requested by the director, a senior practitioner must ensure a psychiatrist carries out an immediate review of the client's behaviour control medication as mentioned in subsection (1).	21 22 23 24
	(4)	The psychiatrist must record details of the review in the client's file.	25 26
53	Со	nsent of client not required	27
		It is not necessary to obtain the client's consent to the administration of behaviour control medication to the client under this division.	28 29 30

Div	ision	2	Restraint	1
54	Off	ence	to use restraint	2
		deta	erson must not use restraint on a forensic disability client ined in the forensic disability service other than under this sion.	3 4 5
		Max	simum penalty—50 penalty units.	6
55	Ар	prova	al of appliances for restraint	7
		The	director must—	8
		(a)	approve the mechanical appliances that may be used for the restraint of a forensic disability client; and	9 10
		(b)	state the approved mechanical appliances in a policy or procedure issued under section 91.	11 12
56	Au	thori	sation of use of restraint	13
	(1)	disa	director may authorise the use of restraint on a forensic bility client only if satisfied it is the least restrictive way to ect the client's health and safety or to protect others.	14 15 16
	(2)	In a	uthorising the restraint, the director—	17
		(a)	must have regard to the client's individual development plan; and	18 19
		(b)	must authorise the restraint to be applied for only the minimum period or periods possible.	20 21
	(3)		authorisation must be given by written order to a senior etitioner or authorised practitioner.	22 23
	(4)	The	order must state the following—	24
		(a)	the type of restraint authorised to be used;	25
		(b)	the reasons for the restraint:	26

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(c)	any restrictions on the circumstances in which the restraint may be used;	1 2
(d)	the maximum period or periods for which the restraint may be used;	3 4
(e)	the intervals at which the client must be observed while restrained;	5 6
(f)	any special measures necessary to ensure the client's proper care and support while restrained;	7 8
(g)	the time (not longer than 3 hours after the order is made) when the authorisation ends.	9 10
Obligati practition	ons of senior practitioner and authorised oner	11 12
A se	enior practitioner or authorised practitioner must—	13
(a)	ensure a copy of the director's order under section 56 is included in the client's file; and	14 15
(b)	use the restraint as authorised by the director; and	16
(c)	record the following details in the client's file—	17
	(i) the type of restraint used;	18
	(ii) if the director's order states any restrictions on the circumstances in which the restraint may be used—the circumstances in which the restraint was used;	19 20 21 22
	(iii) the time the restraint was used;	23
	(iv) the person who used the restraint;	24
	(v) the time the restraint was removed;	25
	(vi) the person who removed the restraint.	26
Remova	al of restraint before authorisation ends	27
(1) This	s section applies if, before the authorisation ends—	28

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		(a) a senior practitioner or authorised practitioner is satisfied care and support can be safely provided to the client without the restraint; or	1 2 3
		(b) the director orders a senior practitioner or authorised practitioner to remove the restraint.	4 5
	(2)	The practitioner must immediately remove the restraint.	6
59	Со	nsent of client not required	7
		It is not necessary to obtain the client's consent to the use of restraint on the client under this division.	8 9
Divi	sion	3 Seclusion	10
60	Off	ence to keep client in seclusion	11
		A person must not keep a forensic disability client detained in the forensic disability service in seclusion other than under this division.	12 13 14
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	15
61	Wh	en client may be placed in seclusion	16
	(1)	A forensic disability client may be placed in seclusion in the forensic disability service—	17 18
		(a) by a senior practitioner, at any time; or	19
		(b) by an authorised practitioner—	20
		(i) if authorised by a senior practitioner; or	21
		(ii) in urgent circumstances.	22
	(2)	However, a senior practitioner may place a client in seclusion or authorise the seclusion of a client only if reasonably satisfied—	23 24 25

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		(a)	the seclusion is necessary to protect the client or other persons from imminent physical harm; and	1 2
		(b)	there is no less restrictive way to protect the client's health and safety or to protect others.	3 4
	(3)	unde	authorised practitioner may place a client in seclusion er subsection (1)(b)(ii) only if reasonably satisfied of the ters mentioned in subsection (2)(a) and (b).	5 6 7
62	Но	w aut	thorisation of seclusion is given	8
	(1)		enior practitioner's authorisation must be given by written er to an authorised practitioner.	9 10
	(2)	The	order must state the following—	11
		(a)	the reasons for the seclusion;	12
		(b)	the time the order is made;	13
		(c)	the time (not longer than 3 hours after the order is made) when the authorisation ends;	14 15
		(d)	whether an authorised practitioner is authorised to release the client from, or return the client to, seclusion;	16 17
		(e)	the special measures necessary to ensure the client's proper care and support while secluded;	18 19
		(f)	whether it is necessary to continuously observe the client while secluded;	20 21
		(g)	if the order states that it is not necessary to continuously observe the client while secluded—the intervals (not longer than 15 minutes) at which the client must be observed while secluded.	22 23 24 25
	(3)		senior practitioner must ensure a copy of the order is uded in the client's file.	26 27

	ligati actitic		of senior practitioner and authorised	1 2
(1)	clier	nt's in	oractitioner must have regard to a forensic disability dividual development plan in placing the client in or authorising the seclusion, under this division.	3 4 5
(2)	disa	bility (rised practitioner must have regard to a forensic client's individual development plan in placing the eclusion under this division.	6 7 8
(3)	clier	nt in s	rised practitioner who places a forensic disability eclusion under a senior practitioner's authorisation e the client in seclusion as authorised.	9 10 11
(4)	auth a ser	orised nior pr	practitioner who places a client in seclusion, or an practitioner who places a client in seclusion under actitioner's authorisation, must record the following the client's file—	12 13 14 15
	(a)	the ti	ime the client was placed in seclusion;	16
	(b)		name of the senior practitioner or authorised titioner who placed the client in seclusion;	17 18
	(c)	the th	ime the client was released from seclusion.	19
			ions if authorised practitioner places client in urgent circumstances	20 21
(1)	in s	eclusi	orised practitioner places a forensic disability client on in the forensic disability service in urgent nces, the authorised practitioner must—	22 23 24
	(a)	imm and	ediately tell a senior practitioner of the seclusion;	25 26
	(b)	reco	rd the following details in the client's file—	27
		(i)	the reasons for the seclusion;	28
		(ii)	the time the client was placed in seclusion;	29
		(iii)	the time the authorised practitioner told the senior practitioner of the seclusion;	30 31

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		(iv) the authorised practitioner's name;	1
		(v) the senior practitioner's name.	2
	(2)	The senior practitioner must ensure the client is examined as soon as practicable by a senior practitioner.	3
	(3)	On the examination, the examining senior practitioner must—	5
		(a) record in the client's file the time of the examination; and	6 7
		(b) order the client's release from seclusion or authorise the client's seclusion.	8 9
55		en authorised practitioner may end seclusion or urn client to seclusion	10 11
	(1)	This section applies if, under a senior practitioner's authorisation, an authorised practitioner may release a forensic disability client from, or return a client to, seclusion.	12 13 14
	(2)	An authorised practitioner may—	15
		(a) release the client from seclusion if satisfied the client's seclusion is no longer necessary; and	16 17
		(b) return the client to seclusion if—	18
		(i) the senior practitioner's authorisation is still in force; and	19 20
		(ii) the authorised practitioner is reasonably satisfied of the matters mentioned in section 61(2)(a) and (b) in relation to the client.	21 22 23
	(3)	Immediately after acting under subsection (2), the authorised practitioner must record the following in the client's file—	24 25
		(a) the time of release from, or return to, seclusion;	26
		(b) the reasons for the release or return.	27

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66	End	ling seclusion on director's order	1
		A senior practitioner or authorised practitioner must immediately release a forensic disability client from seclusion in the forensic disability service if the director orders that the client be released.	2 3 4 5
67	Cor	nsent of client not required	6
		It is not necessary to obtain a forensic disability client's consent to the client's seclusion under this division.	7 8
Divi	sion	4 Other provisions about regulated behaviour controls	9 10
68	Use	e of reasonable force	11
		A senior practitioner or authorised practitioner may, with the help, and using the minimum force, that is necessary and reasonable in the circumstances—	12 13 14
		(a) administer behaviour control medication to a forensic disability client under division 1; or	15 16
		(b) use restraint on a forensic disability client under division 2; or	17 18
		(c) place a forensic disability client in seclusion under division 3.	19 20
69		suring client's reasonable needs are met while subject regulated behaviour control	21 22
	(1)	A senior practitioner or authorised practitioner must ensure a forensic disability client's reasonable needs are met while the client is subject to a regulated behaviour control.	23 24 25
	(2)	In this section—	26

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		reasonable needs includes the following—	1
		(a) sufficient bedding and clothing;	2
		(b) sufficient food and drink;	3
		(c) access to toilet facilities.	4
70	Ob	servation of client while restrained or secluded	5
	(1)	A senior practitioner or authorised practitioner must ensure a forensic disability client on whom restraint is used under division 2 is observed as required under the director's authorisation for the restraint.	6 7 8 9
	(2)	A senior practitioner or authorised practitioner must ensure a forensic disability client is continuously observed while secluded under division 3.	10 11 12
	(3)	However, subsection (2) does not apply if the seclusion is authorised by a senior practitioner's authorisation the order for which states—	13 14 15
		(a) it is not necessary to continuously observe the client while secluded; and	16 17
		(b) the intervals (not longer than 15 minutes) at which the client must be observed while secluded.	18 19
71		ministrator must notify director about prescription of ed dose behaviour control medication	20 21
	(1)	As soon as practicable after a psychiatrist prescribes fixed dose medication for a forensic disability client detained in the forensic disability service, the administrator must give the director written notice about the medication.	22 23 24 25
	(2)	The notice must include the information required by the director.	26 27
	(3)	In this section—	28
		<i>fixed dose medication</i> means behaviour control medication that is administered at fixed intervals and times.	29 30

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				or must notify director about use of other haviour controls		
(1) The administrator must give the director written notice about the use of a regulated behaviour control (other than fixed domedication mentioned in section 71) on a forensic disability client detained in the forensic disability service.						
(2	2)	The notice must—				
		(a)	be g	iven as soon as practicable after—		
			(i)	for behaviour control medication (other than fixed dose medication mentioned in section 71) or restraint—the regulated behaviour control is used on the client; or		
			(ii)	for seclusion—the client is placed in seclusion; and		
		(b)	incl	ude the information required by the director.		
		If a 1 clier strat	ed be regulant, the egies	ual development plan must state about haviour controls ated behaviour control is used on a forensic disability e client's individual development plan must include for avoiding, reducing and eliminating any further behaviour control.		
R	Reg	iste	r of u	se of regulated behaviour controls		
(1	.)			nistrator must keep a register of the use of regulated controls under this chapter.		
(2	2)		regis	ster must include the details prescribed under a		

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Cha	pte	er 7 Security of forensic disability service	1 2
Part	1	Searching forensic disability clients and possessions	3 4
75	Pu	rpose of pt 1	5
	(1)	The purpose of this part is to ensure the protection of forensic disability clients and the security and good order of the forensic disability service.	6 7 8
	(2)	For achieving the purpose, this part provides for carrying out searches of clients detained in the service and their possessions.	9 10 11
76	Au	thority to search	12
	(1)	If a senior practitioner or authorised practitioner reasonably believes a forensic disability client detained in the forensic disability service has possession of a harmful thing, the practitioner may search the client or the client's possessions.	13 14 15 16
	(2)	The search may be carried out without the client's consent.	17
	(3)	However, before carrying out the search, the practitioner must tell the client the reasons for the search and how it is to be carried out.	18 19 20
		Note—	21
		See section 147 about complying with provisions to the extent reasonably practicable and section 154 about ensuring the client understands things told or explained to the client.	22 23 24

77	Ca	rryin	g out search	1		
	(1)	the	senior practitioner or authorised practitioner may require client to submit, or submit the client's possessions, to a ch under this section.	2 3 4		
	(2)	The	practitioner may do any or all of the following—	5		
		(a)	pass a hand-held electronic scanning device over or around the client or the client's possessions;	6 7		
		(b)	open or inspect a thing in the client's possession;	8		
		(c)	remove and inspect an outer garment or footwear of the client;	9 10		
		(d)	remove and inspect all things from the pockets of the client's clothing;	11 12		
		(e)	touch the clothing worn by the client to the extent reasonably necessary to detect things in the client's possession;	13 14 15		
		(f)	remove and inspect any detected thing.	16		
	(3)	Also, the practitioner may, with the administrator's approval, remove and inspect all, or part of, the client's other clothing and anything found in the clothing.				
	(4)	However, the administrator may give the approval only if the administrator is reasonably satisfied it is necessary in the circumstances for carrying out the search.				
	(5)	The	practitioner may—	23		
		(a)	exercise a power of inspection under subsection (2) only if the client is present or has been given the opportunity to be present; or	24 25 26		
		(b)	exercise a power under subsection (2)(c) to (f) or (3) only if—	27 28		
			(i) the practitioner is the same sex as the client; and	29		
			(ii) the search is carried out in a part of a building that ensures the client's privacy.	30 31		

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	(6)	The practitioner must—	1
		(a) carry out the search in a way that respects the client's dignity to the greatest extent possible; and	2 3
		(b) cause as little inconvenience to the client as is practicable in the circumstances.	4 5
	(7)	However, the practitioner may carry out the search with the help, and using the minimum force, that is necessary and reasonable in the circumstances.	6 7 8
78	Sei	zure of things	9
		The senior practitioner or authorised practitioner may seize anything found during the search that the practitioner reasonably suspects is a harmful thing.	10 11 12
79	Wh	at happens to thing seized	13
	(1)	If the administrator is reasonably satisfied a thing seized under section 78 is a harmful thing, the administrator must—	14 15
		(a) keep it for the client and give it to the client on the client's release from the forensic disability service; or	16 17
		(b) give it to someone else if the client is able to give, and has given, agreement to do so; or	18 19
		(c) if the administrator is satisfied someone else is entitled to possession of the thing—give or send it to that person; or	20 21 22
		(d) if the administrator is reasonably satisfied it is of negligible value—dispose of it in the way the administrator considers appropriate.	23 24 25
	(2)	However, if the administrator reasonably believes the seized thing is connected with, or is evidence of, the commission or intended commission of an offence against an Act, the administrator must give it to an authorised person under that Act.	26 27 28 29 30

	(3)	The seizure provisions of the Act mentioned in subsection (2) apply to the thing as if the authorised person had seized it under the provisions of that Act that relate to the offence.	1 2 3
	(4)	If the authorised person is not reasonably satisfied the thing is evidence of the commission or intended commission of the offence, the authorised person must return it to the administrator who must deal with it under this section.	4 5 6 7
	(5)	Immediately after making a decision about what happens to a seized thing, the administrator must make a written record of the decision.	8 9 10
	(6)	In this section—	11
		authorised person, under an Act, means a person who is authorised under that Act to perform inspection and enforcement functions.	12 13 14
		seizure provisions, of an Act, means the provisions of that Act relating to the access to, and retention, disposal and forfeiture of, a thing after its seizure under that Act.	15 16 17
80	Re	cord of search	18
	(1)	This section applies if a senior practitioner or authorised practitioner—	19 20
		(a) carries out a search under this part; or	21
		(b) seizes anything found during a search under this part.	22
	(2)	Immediately after carrying out the search, the practitioner must make a written record of the following details of the search—	23 24 25
		(a) the reasons for the search;	26
		(b) the practitioner's name;	27
		(c) how the search was carried out;	28
		(d) the results of the search;	29

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81	Compensation for damage to possessions			
	(1)	A forensic disability client may claim from the State the cost of repairing or replacing the client's possessions damaged in the exercise or purported exercise of a power under this part.	2 3 4	
	(2)	The cost may be claimed and ordered in a proceeding brought in a court of competent jurisdiction for the recovery of the amount claimed.	5 6 7	
	(3)	A court may order an amount be paid only if satisfied it is just to make the order in the circumstances of the particular case.	8 9	
	(4)	A regulation may prescribe matters that may, or must, be taken into account by the court when considering whether it is just to make the order.	10 11 12	
Part	2	Excluding visitors	13	
82	Adı clie	ministrator may refuse to allow a person to visit a ent		
	(1)	The administrator may refuse to allow a person to visit a forensic disability client detained in the forensic disability service if the administrator is satisfied the proposed visit will adversely affect the client's care and support.	16 17 18 19	
		Example—	20	
		The administrator may be satisfied the care and support of the client will be adversely affected if, on a previous visit by a person, the client's behaviour deteriorated.	21 22 23	
	(2)	be adversely affected if, on a previous visit by a person, the client's	22	
	(2) (3)	be adversely affected if, on a previous visit by a person, the client's behaviour deteriorated. The administrator must give the person written notice of the	22 23 24	

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		(b) that the person may appeal to the tribunal against the decision within 28 days after the person receives the notice;(c) how the appeal is made.	1 2 3
		(c) how the appeal is made.	4
83	Wh	o may appeal	5
		A person who is dissatisfied with a decision of the administrator to refuse to allow the person to visit a forensic disability client in the forensic disability service may appeal to the tribunal against the decision.	6 7 8 9
84	Pro	cedure for appeal	1
	(1)	An appeal is to be started and carried out in the way stated in the Mental Health Act, sections 376 to 380.	1 1
	(2)	For subsection (1), the Mental Health Act, sections 376(2) and 377(1) apply as if a reference in those provisions to the administrator of an authorised mental health service were a reference to the administrator of the forensic disability service.	1 1 1 1
Cha	pte	er 8 Administration	1
Part	1	Director of Forensic Disability	1
85	Apı	pointment	2
	(1)	There is to be a Director of Forensic Disability.	2
	(2)	The director is to be appointed by the Governor in Council under this Act and not under the <i>Public Service Act 2008</i> .	2:

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		Note-		1
		Se	ction 160 provides for an initial director.	2
36	Du	ratio	n of appointment	3
			director holds office for the term (which must not be ger than 5 years) stated in the instrument of appointment.	4 5
		Note-	_	6
			e director may be reappointed—see the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , etion 25(1)(c).	7 8
3 7	Fui	nctio	ns	9
	(1)	The	director has the following functions—	10
		(a)	ensuring the protection of the rights of forensic disability clients under this Act;	11 12
		(b)	ensuring the involuntary detention, assessment, care and support and protection of forensic disability clients comply with this Act;	13 14 15
		(c)	facilitating the proper and efficient administration of this Act;	16 17
		(d)	monitoring and auditing compliance with this Act;	18
		(e)	promoting community awareness and understanding of the administration of this Act;	19 20
		(f)	advising and reporting to the Minister on any matter relating to the administration of this Act—	21 22
			(i) on the director's own initiative; or	23
			(ii) at the request of the Minister if the matter is in the public interest.	24 25
	(2)	Also	o, the director has the other functions given under this Act.	26
8	Pov	vers-	—general	27
	(1)	The	director has the powers given under this Act.	28

	(2)	In addition, the director has power to do all things necessary or convenient to be done in performing the director's functions.	1 2 3
89	Ind	lependence of director	4
		In exercising a power under this Act, the director is not under the control of the Minister.	5 6
90	De	legation of director's powers	7
	(1)	The director may delegate the director's powers under this Act to an appropriately qualified person.	8 9
	(2)	However, the director must not delegate a power under section 96, 100 or 102.	10 11
91		licies and procedures about detention, care and poort of clients	12 13
	(1)	The director must issue policies and procedures about the detention, care and support and protection of forensic disability clients.	14 15 16
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the director must issue policies and procedures about the following—	17 18
		(a) the review and change of individual development plans as mentioned in section 15(1)(c);	19 20
		(b) the use of regulated behaviour controls;	21
		(c) the detention, care and support and protection of special notification clients.	22 23
	(3)	If a policy or procedure is inconsistent with this Act, the policy or procedure is invalid to the extent of the inconsistency.	24 25 26

92	Giving information about client to director (mental health) or nominee					
	(1)	The director, or a person nominated by the director, may give information about a person who is or was a forensic disability client to—				
		(a) the director (mental health); or	6			
		(b) a person nominated by the director (mental health).	7			
	(2)	However, the director may only give the information if the director is satisfied the information is reasonably necessary for enabling the director (mental health) to perform that director's functions under the Mental Health Act.	8 9 10 11			
	(3)	This section does not limit section 38.				
	(4)	In this section—	13			
		information includes a document.	14			
93	Annual report					
	(1)	After the end of each financial year, the director must give to the Minister a report on the administration of this Act during that year.	16 17 18			
	(2)	The Minister must table a copy of the report in the Legislative Assembly within 14 sitting days after the Minister receives it.	19 20			
94	Acting director					
		The Governor in Council may appoint a person to act as the director during any period, or all periods, when—				
		(a) there is a vacancy in the office of director; or	24			
		(b) the director is absent from duty or is, for another reason, unable to perform the functions of the office.	25 26			

Part 2		Forensic disability service and administrator			
95	De	clarati	on of forensic disability service	3	
		A reg servic	ulation may declare a place to be the forensic disability ee.	4 5	
96	De	clarati	on of administrator of forensic disability service	6	
	(1)		director may, by gazette notice, declare a person to be the distrator of the forensic disability service.	7 8	
	(2)		declaration may state the administrator by name or ence to the holder of a stated office.	9 10	
97	Delegation of administrator's powers				
		under	administrator may delegate the administrator's powers this Act to an appropriately qualified officer or oyee of the forensic disability service.	12 13 14	
98	Administrator's obligation to ensure forensic order is given effect				
			dministrator must ensure the applicable forensic order is effect for a forensic disability client.	17 18	
		Note—	-	19	
			ng effect to the order may require, but is not limited to, any or all of collowing—	20 21	
		(a)	changing the client's individual development plan under section 17(3);	22 23	
		(b)	authorising limited community treatment under chapter 2, part 2;	24	
		(c)	requiring the client to return to the forensic disability service under section 112(1)(b).	25 26	

99			trator's obligation to ensure policies and res are given effect	1 2	
			administrator must ensure any policies and procedures ed by the director under section 91 are given effect.	3 4	
100	Act	ting a	dministrator	5	
		the	director may appoint a person to be the administrator of forensic disability service during any period, or all ods, when—	6 7 8	
		(a)	there is a vacancy in the office of the administrator; or	9	
		(b)	the administrator is absent from duty or is, for another reason, unable to perform the functions of the office.	10 11	
Part	: 3		Practitioners	12	
101	Appointment of senior practitioners and authorised practitioners by administrator				
	(1)	The perso	administrator may, by written instrument, appoint a on—	15 16	
		(a)	to be a senior practitioner for the forensic disability service; or	17 18	
		(b)	to be an authorised practitioner for the forensic disability service.	19 20	
	(2)	only nece	rever, a person may be appointed under subsection (1) if, in the administrator's opinion, the person has the ssary expertise or experience relevant to the role to which person is appointed.	21 22 23 24	
	(3)		, in appointing a person under subsection (1), the inistrator must have regard to the following—	25 26	

		(a) the need for a multidisciplinary approach within the forensic disability service;	1 2
		(b) the person's commitment to the principles stated in section 7;	3 4
		(c) the person's skills and expertise in supporting people with an intellectual or cognitive disability, mental condition or offending behaviour.	5 6 7
	(4)	An appointment made under this section may limit the senior practitioner's, or authorised practitioner's, powers under this Act.	8 9 10
102	Аp	pointment of administrator as a senior practitioner	11
	(1)	The director may, by written instrument, appoint the administrator to be a senior practitioner for the forensic disability service.	12 13 14
	(2)	However, the administrator may be appointed to be a senior practitioner only if, in the director's opinion, the administrator has the necessary expertise or experience to be a senior practitioner.	15 16 17 18
	(3)	An appointment made under this section may limit the powers the person has as a senior practitioner under this Act.	19 20
103		wers of senior practitioners and authorised	21 22
	(1)	A senior practitioner or authorised practitioner has the powers given under this Act.	23 24
	(2)	However, a senior practitioner or authorised practitioner has the powers given under chapter 6 only if the practitioner's instrument of appointment states that the practitioner may exercise the powers.	25 26 27 28
		Note—	29
		Chapter 6 provides for the regulation of behaviour control	30

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	(3)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1 2
104			3
	(1)	person to perform the role of a practitioner for the forensic	5 6 7
	(2)		8 9 10 11 12
	(3)	Also, in appointing a person under this section, the administrator must have regard to the matters mentioned in section 101(3).	13 14 15
	(4)	An appointment made under this section may limit the exercise of the powers the person has in performing the role of a practitioner under this Act.	16 17 18
	(5)	A person appointed under this section has the powers given to a practitioner whose role the person is appointed to perform.	19 20
	(6)	However, the person may not exercise powers given to a senior practitioner or authorised practitioner under chapter 6.	21 22
	(7)	Also, subsection (5) has effect subject to any limitation stated in the person's instrument of appointment.	23 24
105	Re	gister of practitioners and other persons	25
	(1)	The administrator must keep a register of the following—	26
		(a) senior practitioners appointed under sections 101 and 102;	27 28
		(b) authorised practitioners appointed under section 101;	29

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	(2)	 (c) persons appointed under section 104 to perform the role of a practitioner. The register must identify the senior practitioners and authorised practitioners mentioned in subsection (1) whose instrument of appointment states that the practitioner may exercise the powers given under chapter 6. 	1 2 3 4 5 6	
Part	4	Authorised officers	7	
106	Appointment of authorised officers			
	(1)	The director or chief executive may appoint a registered health practitioner, social worker engaged in providing disability services, lawyer or other person to be an authorised officer for this Act.	9 10 11 12	
	(2)	However, a person may be appointed to be an authorised officer only if—	13 14	
		(a) the person is not a forensic disability service employee; and	15 16	
		(b) in the director's or chief executive's opinion, the person has the necessary expertise or experience to be an authorised officer.	17 18 19	
107	Apı	pointment conditions and limit on powers	20	
	(1)	An authorised officer holds office on the conditions stated in the officer's instrument of appointment.	21 22	
	(2)	The instrument of appointment may limit the authorised officer's powers under this Act.	23 24	

108	Approval of identity cards						
	(1)	The director must approve identity cards for authorise officers.					
	(2)	An approved identity card for an authorised officer must contain a recent photo of the officer.	4 5				
		Note—	6				
		See section 153 for the requirement for an authorised officer to identify himself or herself before exercising a power under this Act.	7 8				
109	Wh	nen authorised officer ceases to hold office	9				
	(1)	An authorised officer ceases to hold office if any of the following happen—					
		(a) the term of office stated in a condition of office ends;	12				
		(b) under another condition of office, the officer ceases to hold office;	13 14				
		(c) the officer's resignation under section 110 takes effect.	15				
	(2)	Subsection (1) does not limit the ways an authorised officer may cease to hold office.	16 17				
	(3)	In this section—	18				
		condition of office means a condition on which the authorised officer holds office.	19 20				
110	Re	Resignation					
	(1)	An authorised officer may resign by signed notice given to the appointing entity.	22 23				
	(2)	In this section—	24				
		appointing entity means the director or chief executive who appointed the authorised officer under this part.	25 26				

111	Pov	vers		1
	(1)	Note—	thorised officer has the powers given under this Act. orised officers have powers under chapter 9, part 5.	2 3 4
	(2)	Subsec	ection (1) has effect subject to any limitation stated in the 's instrument of appointment.	5
Cha	pte	er 9	Enforcement, evidence and legal proceedings	7 8
Part	1		Return of forensic disability clients to forensic disability service for care and support	9 10 11
112	Ser	nior pra	actitioner may require return of client	12
	(1)	forens	ior practitioner may, by written notice given to a ic disability client, require the client to return to the ic disability service on or before a stated time—	13 14 15
			o give effect to a change to the client's individual levelopment plan; or	16 17
			o give effect to a decision or order of the tribunal or Mental Health Court; or	18 19
		(c) i	f the senior practitioner reasonably believes—	20
		(i) the client has not complied with the client's individual development plan; and	21 22
		(ii) it is necessary in the interests of the client's health or safety or the safety of others.	23 24

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	(2)	The	senior practitioner must—	1
		(a)	state the reasons for the requirement in the notice; and	2
		(b)	talk to the client about the requirement.	3
		Note-	_	4
		sec pra	e section 146 about complying with provisions as soon as practicable, ction 147 about complying with provisions to the extent reasonably acticable and section 154 about ensuring the client understands things d or explained to the client.	5 6 7 8
	(3)	subs that	vever, the senior practitioner need not comply with section (2)(b) if the senior practitioner reasonably believes to do so would not be in the interests of the client's health afety or the safety of others.	9 10 11 12
113			client to forensic disability service or authorised health service	13 14
	(1)	This	s section applies to—	15
		(a)	a client required by notice under section 112 to return to the forensic disability service; or	16 17
		(b)	a client for whom a temporary absence approval is revoked or the approved period of absence has ended; or	18 19
		(c)	a client whose period of limited community treatment has ended; or	20 21
		(d)	a client who has absconded from the charge of an authorised person mentioned in section 117(2); or	22 23
		(e)	a client who has absconded from detention in the forensic disability service;	24 25
		(f)	a client whose period of detention in an authorised mental health service under the Mental Health Act, section 309B has ended.	26 27 28
			Note—	29
			The Mental Health Act, section 309B deals with forensic disability clients taken to an authorised mental health service under subsection (2)(b) or (4).	30 31 32

(2)	-	practitioner may take a client mentioned in any of ection (1)(a) to (e) to—	1 2
	(a)	the forensic disability service; or	3
	(b)	an authorised mental health service if—	4
		(i) it is not reasonably practicable to return the client to the forensic disability service; and	5 6
		(ii) the director and the director (mental health) agree that the client be taken to an authorised mental health service for temporary detention under the Mental Health Act, section 309B.	7 8 9 10
		Note—	11
		See section 152 in relation to the detention and care and support of a client taken to an authorised mental health service under paragraph (b).	12 13 14
(3)	A pr to—	actitioner may take a client mentioned in subsection (1)(f)	15 16
	(a)	if the client is to be detained in the forensic disability service as mentioned in the Mental Health Act, section 309C(4)(b)(i)—the forensic disability service; or	17 18 19
	(b)	if the client is to undertake limited community treatment as mentioned in the Mental Health Act, section 309C(4)(b)(ii)—the place where the client is to undertake the limited community treatment.	20 21 22 23
	Note	for subsections (2) and (3)—	24
		e section 155 for the use of reasonable force and section 144 for the ministration of medication to the client.	25 26
(4)	clien healt (eacl prace	is not reasonably practicable for a practitioner to take a at to the forensic disability service, an authorised mental th service or a place for limited community treatment the the <i>relevant place</i>) under subsection (2) or (3), a health titioner may, if agreed between the director and the etor (mental health), take the client to the relevant place.	27 28 29 30 31 32
(5)		the purpose of taking a client to the relevant place under ection (4), a health practitioner may exercise a power, and	33 34

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		has the obligations, under the Mental Health Act in relation to the client as if the client were a forensic patient being taken to an authorised mental health service.	1 2 3
	(6)	If asked by a practitioner or a health practitioner, a police officer must, as soon as reasonably practicable, ensure reasonable help is given.	4 5 6
	(7)	For giving the help, a police officer is taken to have responded to a request by a public official under the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000</i> , section 16(3).	7 8 9
	(8)	Also, a police officer may detain the client.	10
		Note—	11
		For a police officer's entry and search powers, see the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000</i> , section 21 (General power to enter to arrest or detain someone or enforce warrant).	12 13 14
	(9)	In this section—	15
		<i>health practitioner</i> means a health practitioner within the meaning of the Mental Health Act.	16 17
Part	2	Entry of places	18
114	App	olication of pt 2	19
		This part applies if, under section 113, a practitioner is authorised to take a forensic disability client to the forensic disability service, an authorised mental health service or a place where the client is to undertake limited community treatment.	20 21 22 23 24
115	Ent	ry of places	25
		For taking the client to the forensic disability service, an authorised mental health service or a place where the client is	26 27

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		to undertake limited community treatment, the practitioner may enter a place if—	1 2
		(a) the occupier of the place consents to the entry; or	3
		(b) it is a public place and the entry is made when the place is open to the public.	4 5
Part	3	Offences	6
116	Off	ences relating to ill-treatment	7
	(1)	This section applies to a person who has—	8
		(a) a responsibility for the detention, care and support and protection of a forensic disability client in the forensic disability service; or	9 10 11
		(b) the care or custody of a forensic disability client detained in the forensic disability service; or	12 13
		(c) the care or custody of a forensic disability client while the client is undertaking limited community treatment.	14 15
	(2)	The person must not ill-treat the forensic disability client.	16
		Maximum penalty—150 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment.	17 18
	(3)	In this section—	19
		ill-treat includes wilfully abuse, neglect or exploit.	20
117		ences relating to forensic disability clients sconding	21 22
	(1)	This section applies if, under this Act, a person (the <i>authorised person</i>) is—	23 24
		(a) taking a forensic disability client—	25
		(i) to the forensic disability service; or	26

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		(ii) to an authorised mental health service; or	1
		(iii) to a place of custody; or	2
		(iv) to appear before a court; or	3
	(b)	accompanying a forensic disability client while the client is undertaking limited community treatment; or	4 5
	(c)	caring for a forensic disability client during the client's absence from the forensic disability service under a temporary absence approval; or	6 7 8
	(d)	accompanying a forensic disability client at an authorised mental health service while the client is awaiting admission to that service under a transfer order.	9 10 11
(2)	men	this section, while the authorised person is acting as tioned in subsection (1), the client is in the authorised on's charge.	12 13 14
(3)		authorised person must not wilfully allow the client to ond from the authorised person's charge.	15 16
		imum penalty—200 penalty units or 2 years risonment.	17 18
(4)		erson must not knowingly help the client to abscond from authorised person's charge.	19 20
		timum penalty—200 penalty units or 2 years risonment.	21 22
	er of	ffences relating to absence of forensic disability	23 24
(1)	A pe	erson must not—	25
	(a)	induce, or knowingly help, a forensic disability client detained in the forensic disability service to unlawfully absent himself or herself from the service; or	26 27 28
	(b)	knowingly harbour a forensic disability client who is unlawfully absent from the forensic disability service.	29 30

		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.	1 2				
	(2)	For subsection (1)(a) or (b), a forensic disability client is unlawfully absent from the forensic disability service if the client has absconded from the charge of an authorised person mentioned in section 117(2).					
	(3)	A forensic disability service employee must not wilfully allow a forensic disability client detained in the forensic disability service to unlawfully absent himself or herself from the service.	7 8 9 1				
		Maximum penalty—200 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.	1 1				
119	Ob	struction of official	1				
	(1)	A person must not obstruct an official in the exercise of a power under this Act, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	1 1 1				
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	1				
	(2)	However, a forensic disability client does not commit an offence against subsection (1) merely because the client resists the exercise of the power in relation to himself or herself.					
	(3)	In this section—	2				
		official means a following person—	2				
		(a) the director;	2				
		(b) the administrator;	2				
		(c) a practitioner;	2				
		(d) an authorised officer;	2				
		(e) a person acting under the direction of a person mentioned in any of paragraphs (a) to (d);	2 2				
		(f) a doctor or registered nurse exercising a power under section 50 or 144.	3				

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120	Fals	se or misleading documents	1
	(1)	A person must not state anything in a document required or permitted to be made under this Act the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	2 3 4
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	5
	(2)	It is enough for a complaint against a person for an offence against subsection (1) to state the statement made was, without specifying which, 'false or misleading'.	6 7 8
Part	4	Confidentiality	9
121	Cor	nfidentiality of information—allied persons	10
	(1)	This section applies to a person who is, or has been, a forensic disability client's allied person and in that capacity—	11 12
		(a) acquired information about the client's or another person's affairs; or	13 14
		(b) has access to, or custody of, a document about the affairs of a forensic disability client or another person.	15 16
	(2)	The person must not disclose the information, or give access to the document, to anyone else.	17 18
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units or 6 months imprisonment.	19 20
	(3)	However, the person may disclose the information or give access to the document to someone else if—	21 22
		(a) the disclosure or giving of access is otherwise required or permitted by law; or	23 24
		(b) the person to whom the information or document relates agrees to the disclosure or giving of access and the person is an adult when the agreement is given.	25 26 27

122	Со	nfide	ntiality of information—other persons	1
	(1)	info	section applies to a person who gains confidential rmation through the person's involvement in the inistration of this Act.	2 3 4
	(2)		person must not disclose the information to anyone, other under subsection (4) or section 123.	5 6
		Max	imum penalty—100 penalty units.	7
	(3)	thro	nout limiting subsection (1), a person gains information ugh involvement in the administration of this Act if the on gains the information because of being, or an ortunity given by being, any of the following—	8 9 10 11
		(a)	the Minister;	12
		(b)	the chief executive;	13
		(c)	the director;	14
		(d)	the director (mental health);	15
		(e)	the administrator;	16
		(f)	a practitioner;	17
		(g)	a forensic disability service employee not mentioned in paragraph (f);	18 19
		(h)	an authorised officer;	20
		(i)	an employee in the department.	21
	(4)	A pe	erson may disclose information to someone else—	22
		(a)	for administering, monitoring or enforcing compliance with this Act; or	23 24
		(b)	to discharge a function under another law; or	25
		(c)	for a proceeding in a court or tribunal; or	26
		(d)	if authorised under another law or a regulation made under this Act; or	27 28
		(e)	if—	29

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			(i)	the person is authorised in writing by the person to whom the information relates; and	1 2
			(ii)	the person to whom the information relates is an adult when the authorisation is given; or	3 4
		(f)	-	rotect a forensic disability client from abuse, neglect exploitation.	5 6
	(5)	In thi	s sec	tion—	7
		•		ial information includes information about a ffairs but does not include—	8 9
		(a)		rmation already publicly disclosed unless further losure of the information is prohibited by law; or	10 11
		(b)	be e	stical or other information that could not reasonably xpected to result in the identification of the person hom the information relates.	12 13 14
123	Dis	closu	re o	f confidential information	15
	(1)	For a Act—	-	on (a <i>relevant person</i>) exercising a power under this	16 17
		(a)	part	signated person under the <i>Health Services Act 1991</i> , 7 may disclose to the relevant person information is confidential information under that part; and	18 19 20
		(b)	depa adm info	director or an officer, employee or agent of the artment in which the Mental Health Act is inistered may disclose to the relevant person rmation that is subject to confidentiality under the ate Health Facilities Act 1999, section 147.	21 22 23 24 25
	(2)			n (1) does not apply to the preparation of an annual ler section 93.	26 27

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Part	5			Investigations	1
124	Aut	thoris	ed o	officer may visit forensic disability service	2
	(1)	admi (whe	inistra	orised officer may, for the proper and efficient ation of this Act, visit the forensic disability service with or without notice) between the hours of 8a.m.	3 4 5 6
	(2)	On the	he vis	sit, the officer may exercise the following powers—	7
		(a)	insp	ect any part of the service;	8
		(b)		fer alone with a forensic disability client detained in service;	9 10
		(c)	dete	te inquiries about the admission, assessment, ention or care and support of a forensic disability ent in the service;	11 12 13
		(d)	-	ect any document, including a medical record, about rensic disability client who—	14 15
			(i)	has been, or is being, assessed in the service; or	16
			(ii)	has received, or is receiving, care and support in the service;	17 18
		(e)	-	ect any record or register required to be kept under Act;	19 20
		(f)	enga help	aire the administrator, or another person employed or aged in the service, to give to the officer reasonable of for the exercise of any of the powers mentioned in agraphs (a) to (e).	21 22 23 24
	(3)	offic is an	er mu	aking a requirement under subsection (2)(f), the ust warn the administrator or the other person that it not not to comply with the requirement, unless the s a reasonable excuse.	25 26 27 28
	(4)	(2)(f) mus	required to give reasonable help under subsection st comply with the requirement, unless the person onable excuse.	29 30 31

	(5)	If a reaso docu	personable ment	n penalty—40 penalty units. son is required under subsection (2)(f) to give the help by giving information or producing a st, it is a reasonable excuse if complying with the tent might tend to incriminate the person.	1 2 3 4 5
125	Au ⁻ etc		ed c	officer may require production of documents	6 7
	(1)	autho	orisec	proper and efficient administration of this Act, and officer may, by written notice, require the ator—	8 9 10
		(a)	to p	roduce to the officer—	11
			(i)	a stated document (including a medical record), or a copy of a stated document, about a forensic disability client; or	12 13 14
			(ii)	another document relevant to the administration or enforcement of this Act; or	15 16
		(b)	to p	rovide stated information to the officer about—	17
			(i)	a forensic disability client; or	18
			(ii)	another matter relevant to the administration or enforcement of this Act.	19 20
	(2)			ce must state the day on which the document or on is to be produced or provided.	21 22
	(3)		-	tated under subsection (2) must be a reasonable time notice is given.	23 24
	(4)			inistrator must comply with the notice, unless the ator has a reasonable excuse.	25 26
		Max	imun	n penalty—40 penalty units.	27
	(5)			asonable excuse if complying with the notice might criminate the administrator.	28 29
	(6)			ment, including a medical record, is produced to the d officer, the officer—	30 31

		 (a) may inspect it and make copies of, or take extracts from, it if it is relevant to the administration of this Act; and (b) for an original document—must return it to the administrator within a reasonable time after it is produced. 	1 2 3 4 5
Par	t 6	Evidence and legal proceedings	6 7
126	Evi	identiary provisions	8
	(1)	This section applies to a proceeding under or in relation to this Act.	9 10
	(2)	Unless a party, by reasonable notice, requires proof of—	11
		(a) the appointment of any of the following—	12
		(i) the director;	13
		(ii) the director (mental health);	14
		(iii) the administrator;	15
		 (iv) a senior practitioner, authorised practitioner or person appointed to perform the role of a practitioner for the forensic disability service; 	16 17 18
		(v) an authorised officer; or	19
		(b) the authority of a person mentioned in paragraph (a) to do an act under this Act;	20 21
		the appointment or authority must be presumed.	22
	(3)	A signature purporting to be the signature of a person mentioned in subsection (2)(a), is evidence of the signature it purports to be.	23 24 25
	(4)	A certificate purporting to be signed by the director stating any of the following matters is evidence of the matter—	26 27

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		(a)	a stated document is a copy of an order, notice, declaration, direction or decision made, issued or given under this Act;	1 2 3
		(b)	a stated document is a copy of an order, notice or decision made, issued or given under the Mental Health Act;	4 5 6
		(c)	on a stated day, or during a stated period, a stated person was or was not a forensic disability client;	7 8
		(d)	a stated place is, or was on a stated day or during a stated period, the forensic disability service;	9 10
		(e)	a stated place is, or was on a stated day or during a stated period, an authorised mental health service;	11 12
		(f)	on a stated day, a stated person was given a stated order, notice, declaration, direction or decision under this Act or the Mental Health Act;	13 14 15
		(g)	a stated document is a copy of a part of a register kept under this Act.	16 17
127	Pro	ceed	lings for offences	18
	(1)		roceeding for an offence against this Act must be taken in mmary way under the <i>Justices Act 1886</i> .	19 20
	(2)	The	proceeding must start—	21
		(a)	within 1 year after the offence is committed; or	22
		(b)	within 1 year after the offence comes to the complainant's knowledge, but within 2 years after the offence is committed.	23 24 25
128	Pro	ntecti	on of officials from liability	26
. 20	(1)	An o	official does not incur civil liability for an act done, or ssion made, honestly and without negligence under this	27 28 29

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	(2)	If subsection (1) prevents a civil liability attaching to an official, the liability attaches instead to the State.	1 2
	(3)	In this section—	3
		official means a following person—	4
		(a) the director;	5
		(b) the director (mental health);	6
		(c) the administrator;	7
		(d) a practitioner;	8
		(e) an authorised officer;	9
		(f) a person acting under the direction of a person mentioned in any of paragraphs (a) to (e);	10 11
		(g) a doctor or registered nurse exercising a power under section 50 or 144.	12 13
Cha	pte	er 10 Application of Mental Health Act	14 15
			10
Part	1	Applied provisions	16
129		olications for tribunal order for transfer of client to horised mental health service	17 18
		The provisions of the Mental Health Act, chapter 5, part 1, division 2A, subdivision 2 (other than section 169G(2) and (3) and 169H) are applied for an application to the tribunal for a transfer order for a forensic disability client.	19 20 21 22

Application of Quee	tions for tribunal approval for client to move out nsland	1 2
divis appl	provisions of the Mental Health Act, chapter 5, part 1, sion 3 (other than section 175) are applied for an ication to the tribunal for an approval that a client move of Queensland.	3 4 5 6
Reviews	s by tribunal	7
	following provisions of the Mental Health Act, chapter 6 applied for reviews for forensic disability clients—	8 9
(a)	part 3, other than sections 203(2)(d) and (6), 204(5) and (6), 204A and 206;	10 11
(b)	part 4.	12
Tribuna	l's decision to be given effect	13
	administrator under this Act must ensure the tribunal's sion on the review is given effect.	14 15
Note:	_	16
	ving effect to the tribunal's decision may require, but is not limited to, y or all of the following—	17 18
(a)	changing the client's individual development plan under section 17(3);	19 20
(b)	authorising limited community treatment under chapter 2, part 2;	21
(c)	requiring the client to return to the forensic disability service under section 112(1)(b).	22 23
Examina with offer	ations, references and orders for clients charged ences	24 25
are	following provisions of the Mental Health Act, chapter 7 applied for examinations, references and orders for nsic disability clients charged with offences—	26 27 28
(a)	parts 1 and 2;	29

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(b	part 3, other than sections 252A, 253 and 254;
(c	part 4, other than section 257(1)(d) and (2);
(d) part 5;
(e	part 6, other than division 3 and section 287;
(f	part 7, other than the following—
	• section 294
	 divisions 2 and 3;
(g) part 8;
(h	part 9, other than section 315(a)(iv).
Foren	sic information orders
ar	ther than sections 318O(1)(e) and (g), 318Y(f) and 318ZB) e applied for forensic information orders for forensic sability clients.
Appea	lls against tribunal decisions
pa	ne following provisions of the Mental Health Act, chapter 8, rt 1 are applied for appeals against tribunal decisions for rensic disability clients—
(a	division 2, other than section 319(b);
(b	division 3, other than section 329;
(c	division 4.
Appea refere	als against Mental Health Court decisions on naces
ap	ne provisions of the Mental Health Act, chapter 8, part 2 are plied for appeals against a decision of the Mental Health ourt on a reference for forensic disability clients.

137		uirie vice	s into detention of clients in forensic disability	1 2
		are disa	provisions of the Mental Health Act, chapter 11, part 9 applied for inquiries into the detention of a forensic bility client in the forensic disability service to decide ther the client's detention is lawful.	3 4 5 6
138	Par	ticip	ation and representation at tribunal hearings	7
		are	following provisions of the Mental Health Act, chapter 12 applied for tribunal proceedings for forensic disability ints—	8 9 10
		(a)	part 4, other than section 451;	11
		(b)	parts 5 and 6.	12
100	A		applied provisions	14
139			tion of applied provisions	15
	(1)		s section applies for applying the applied provisions.	16
	(2)	Sub	ject to subsection (3), the applied provisions apply as if—	17
		(a)	a reference in the provisions to a forensic patient, patient or involuntary patient, were a reference to a forensic disability client; and	18 19 20
		(b)	a reference in the provisions to a special notification forensic patient were a reference to a special notification client; and	21 22 23
		(c)	a reference in the provisions to the director, or the director (of mental health), were a reference to the director under this Act; and	24 25 26

(d)	a reference in the provisions to an administrator were a reference to the administrator under this Act; and	1 2
(e)	a reference in the provisions to an allied person were a reference to an allied person under this Act; and	3 4
(f)	a reference in the provisions to an authorised doctor, or authorised psychiatrist, were a reference to a senior practitioner; and	5 6 7
(g)	a reference in the provisions to a health practitioner were a reference to a practitioner; and	8 9
(h)	a reference in the provisions to an authorised mental health service, treating health service or in-patient facility were a reference to the forensic disability service; and	10 11 12 13
(i)	a reference in the provisions to the forensic disability service were a reference to an authorised mental health service; and	14 15 16
(j)	a reference in the provisions to treatment, or care, were a reference to care and support; and	17 18
(k)	a reference in the provisions to a treatment plan were a reference to an individual development plan; and	19 20
(1)	a reference in the provisions to limited community treatment were a reference to limited community treatment within the meaning of this Act; and	21 22 23
(m)	a reference in the provisions to examining a patient were a reference to assessing a forensic disability client; and	24 25
(n)	a reference in the provisions to an examination of a patient were a reference to an assessment of a forensic disability client; and	26 27 28
(o)	a reference in the Mental Health Act, section 169D(1) to an application under that Act, section 169A(3) were a reference to an application under this Act; and	29 30 31

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	((p) a reference in the provisions to a transfer order were a reference to a transfer order within the meaning of this Act; and	1 2 3
	((q) a reference in the provisions to the Mental Health Act were a reference to this Act.	4 5
(3		Subsection (2) does not apply to the following provisions of the Mental Health Act—	6 7
	•	• section 288(6) to (9)	8
	•	section 288AA	9
	•	• section 318O(1A)	10
	•	• section 325(2)(b)	11
	•	• section 337(6) and (7)	12
	•	• section 451A.	13
(4		The applied provisions also apply with any other necessary changes.	14 15
	Ì	Example of operation of this section—	16
		Under the Mental Health Act, section 203(2)(e), as applied under section 131 and this section, the tribunal may make an order that a forensic disability client be transferred from the forensic disability service to an authorised mental health service.	17 18 19 20
Part 3	}	Declaration about other Mental Health Act provisions	21 22
		ration of provision other than applied provision or uded provision	23 24
(1		To remove any doubt, it is declared that this chapter does not affect the operation of a provision of the Mental Health Act that is not an applied provision or excluded provision.	25 26 27

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		Examples—	1
		chapter 6, part 5A and chapter 7, part 8A	2
	(2)	In this section—	3
		<i>excluded provision</i> means a following provision of the Mental Health Act—	4 5
		(a) chapter 6, part 6;	6
		(b) a provision that, under part 1, is expressly excluded from being an applied provision.	7 8
		Example—	9
		Section 129 expressly excludes the Mental Health Act, sections 169G(2) and (3) and 169H from being an applied provision.	10 11
Cha	apte	er 11 5-year review of client's benefit from care and support	12 13 14
141	Re	view by director	15
	(1)	This section applies to a forensic disability client who has been a client for a continuous period of 5 years as worked out under subsection (5).	16 17 18
	(2)	The administrator must ensure the director—	19
		(a) reviews the benefit to the client from care and support provided by the forensic disability service; and	20 21
		(b) considers whether the benefit is likely to continue if the client continues to be a client.	22 23
	(3)	The director must give a report on the review to the administrator.	24 25
	(4)	If the administrator receives a notice under the Mental Health Act, section 202 for the hearing of a review of the client's	26 27

			ondition, the administrator must give a copy of the the tribunal.	1 2	
(5)	For working out whether a client has been a client for a continuous period of 5 years, the following periods are to be included—				
	(a)	any com	period the client was undertaking limited imunity treatment;	6 7	
	(b)	•	period the client was absent from the service under a porary absence approval;	8 9	
	(c)	any	period the client was—	10	
		(i)	detained temporarily in an authorised mental health service under the Mental Health Act, section 309B; or	11 12 13	
		(ii)	absent from the health service while undertaking limited community treatment within the meaning of that Act, or under an approval given under that Act, section 186.	14 15 16 17	
	Exan	ıple—		18	
	ord yea tot	der (or ars, the alling (ic disability client has been subject to an applicable forensic successive applicable forensic orders) for 5 years. During the 5 e client undertook limited community treatment for periods 3 months. For subsection (1), the client has been a client for a us period of 5 years.	19 20 21 22 23	
(6)	In th	is sec	ction—	24	
	oppo	ortuni	eans a benefit by way of individual development and ties for quality of life and participation and inclusion amunity.	25 26 27	
Tra me	nsfei ntal l	r fron nealti	n forensic disability service to authorised h service	28 29	
(1)	cons	siders	n (2) applies if, as a result of the review, the director the benefit to the client mentioned in section 141 is to continue.	30 31 32	

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	(2)		nay, by written order, transfer the client to an atal health service if the director (mental health) ansfer.				
	(3)	Section 33(2) t	o (4) applies for the transfer.				
Cha	apte	er 12 M	iscellaneous provisions				
Par	t 1	ac	ther provisions about dministration or use of edication				
143	De	Definition for pt 1					
		In this part—					
		medication doe	es not include behaviour control medication.				
		Note—					
		Chapter 6 provimedication.	ides for the administration and use of behaviour control				
144	Ad	ministration of	f medication for particular purposes				
	(1)	the forensic di	pplies for taking a forensic disability client from sability service to an authorised mental health <i>levant service</i>) under a transfer order.				
	(2)	disability servi	lso applies for taking a client to the forensic ce or an authorised mental health service under ach of which are also the <i>relevant service</i>).				
	(3)	medication ma	absence or refusal of the client's consent, y be administered to the client before or while the relevant service.				
	(4)	However, the r	nedication—				

		(a) may be administered to the client only if a doctor is satisfied it is necessary to ensure the safety of the client or others while the client is being taken to the relevant service; and	1 2 3 4
		(b) must be administered by a doctor, or registered nurse under the instruction of a doctor.	5 6
	(5)	The doctor or registered nurse may administer the medication with the help, and using the minimum force, that is necessary and reasonable in the circumstances.	7 8 9
	(6)	For subsection (4)(b), the doctor's instruction must include the medication's name and the dose, route and frequency of administration.	10 11 12
	(7)	A doctor or registered nurse who administers medication under this section must keep a written record of the matters mentioned in subsection (6).	13 14 15
	(8)	This section applies despite the Guardianship and Administration Act, chapter 5, part 2, division 1.	16 17
		Note—	18
		Guardianship and Administration Act, chapter 5, part 2, division 1 (Health care—no consent)	19 20
145	Rev	view of client's medication	21
	(1)	A senior practitioner must ensure a doctor regularly reviews a forensic disability client's need for, and the appropriateness of, medication administered to or used by the client.	22 23 24
		Note—	25
		See section 52 for reviewing behaviour control medication.	26
	(2)	The review must be carried out at least every 3 months.	27
	(3)	Also, if requested by the director, a senior practitioner must ensure a doctor carries out an immediate review of a forensic disability client's medication as mentioned in subsection (1).	28 29 30
	(4)	The doctor must record details of the review in the client's	31

Part 2		2 Compliance with particular provisions		
146	Co	mpliance with provisions as soon as practicable	3	
	(1)	This section applies if, under a provision of this Act—	4	
		(a) a person is required or permitted—	5	
		(i) to make, prepare or give a document to someone; or	6 7	
		(ii) to talk to or tell someone about a matter; and	8	
		(b) no time is provided or allowed for complying with the provision.	9 10	
	(2)	The provision must be complied with as soon as practicable.	11	
147	Corpra (1)	mpliance with provisions to extent reasonably cticable This section applies if, under a provision of this Act, a person is authorised or required to give notice to or tell someone about a matter.	12 13 14 15 16	
	(2)	The person need only comply with the provision to the extent that is reasonably practicable in the circumstances.	17 18	
	(3)	Without limiting subsection (2), it is not reasonably practicable for the administrator to comply with a provision relating to a forensic disability client's allied person if, after reasonable enquiries, the administrator can not ascertain the allied person's whereabouts.	19 20 21 22 23	
148		ministrator taken to have complied with particular uirements	24 25	
	(1)	This section applies if, under a provision of this Act—	26	

		(a)	the administrator is required to give notice to or tell a forensic disability client's allied person about a matter; and	1 2 3
		(b)	the administrator purportedly complies with the requirement by giving a notice to or telling a person about the matter in the honest and reasonable belief the person is the client's allied person.	4 5 6 7
	(2)		administrator is taken to have complied with the irement.	8 9
	(3)	relia requ	thing done or omitted to be done under this Act in nce on the administrator's purported compliance with the irement is taken to be as effective as it would have been the administrator complied with the requirement.	10 11 12 13
149			taken to have complied with particular nents	14 15
	(1)	direct perso infor	director may enter into a written agreement with the etor (mental health) for the director (mental health) or a connominated by the director (mental health) to give emation, a notice or copy of a notice to a person under a cribed provision.	16 17 18 19 20
	(2)	prov by th	director is taken to have complied with the prescribed ision if the director (mental health) or a person nominated he director (mental health) gives the information, notice or to the person as required under the provision.	21 22 23 24
	(3)	relia:	thing done or omitted to be done under this Act in nce on the director's purported compliance with the cribed provision is taken to be as effective as it would be been had the director complied with the provision.	25 26 27 28
	(4)	In th	is section—	29
		_	cribed provision means a following provision of the tal Health Act, as applied under sections 134 and 139—	30 31
		•	section 318O(1) (other than sections 318O(1)(e) and (g))	32 33

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		• section 318U(2), (4) or (6)	1
		• section 318W(3), (6) or (9)	2
		• section 318X(3), (6) or (9)	3
		• section 318ZA(2).	4
Part	: 3	Other provisions	5
150	Leç	gal custody of client	6
		A forensic disability client is in the legal custody of the administrator.	7 8
151		king client to appear before court and return to ensic disability service	9 10
	(1)	This section applies if a forensic disability client is required for any reason to appear before a court.	11 12
	(2)	A practitioner may take the client to appear before the court.	13
	(3)	Subject to any order the court may make, a practitioner may take the client back to the forensic disability service at the end of the proceedings.	14 15 16
		Note—	17
		See section 155 for the use of reasonable force.	18
152		re of client detained temporarily in authorised mental alth service	19 20
	(1)	The Mental Health Act, sections 309B and 309C provide for the detention and care of a forensic disability client who is taken to an authorised mental health service under section 113(2)(b) or (4).	21 22 23 24

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	(2)	In this section—	1
		care means care within the meaning of the Mental Health Act.	2
153			3
	(1)	person, an official must, to the extent that it is reasonable and practicable in the circumstances, identify himself or herself, and anyone else helping the official exercise the power, to the	5 6 7 8 9
	(2)	An official who is an authorised officer complies with subsection (1) if the official—	10 11
		(a) first produces his or her approved identity card for the person's inspection; or	12 13
		(b) has his or her approved identity card displayed so that it is clearly visible to the person.	14 15
	(3)	Failure to comply with subsection (1) does not affect the validity of the exercise of the power.	16 17
	(4)	In this section—	18
		approved identity card means an identity card approved under section 108.	19 20
		official means—	21
		(a) generally, a practitioner; but	22
		(b) for chapter 9, part 5, an authorised officer.	23
154	En:		24 25
	(1)	something to a forensic disability client, the person must do	26 27 28
		(a) in the language or way the client is most likely to understand; and	29 30

		(b)	in a way that has appropriate regard to the client's age, culture, disability and communication ability.	1 2
		Exam	aple of way for paragraph (a) or (b)—	3
		by	using visual or other aids	4
	(2)	pers	e person believes the client has not understood what the on told or explained to the client, the person must record ils of the fact in the client's file.	5 6 7
155	Us	e of r	easonable force	8
	(1)	Subs	section (2) applies for the exercise of—	9
		(a)	a practitioner's power under section 37, 113(2) or (3) or 151; or	10 11
		(b)	the administrator's power to detain a forensic disability client in the forensic disability service if, under this Act or the applicable forensic order, a forensic disability client is authorised or required to be detained in the forensic disability service.	12 13 14 15 16
	(2)		practitioner or administrator, and anyone lawfully ing the practitioner or administrator—	17 18
		(a)	may exercise the power with the help, and using the minimum force, that is necessary and reasonable in the circumstances; and	19 20 21
		(b)	is a public official for the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000</i> .	22 23
			Note—	24
			For the powers of a police officer while helping a public official, see the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000</i> , section 16 (Helping public officials exercise powers under other Acts).	25 26 27

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Pe	riod counted as imprisonment	1
(1)	The period a person is a forensic disability client for a particular offence is—	2 3
	(a) for the <i>Penalties and Sentences Act 1992</i> —taken to be imprisonment already served under the sentence for the offence; or	4 5 6
	Note—	7
	See the <i>Penalties and Sentences Act 1992</i> , section 159A (Time held in presentence custody to be deducted).	8 9
	(b) for the <i>Corrective Services Act 2006</i> or the <i>Youth Justice Act 1992</i> —counted as part of the person's period of imprisonment or detention for the offence.	10 11 12
(2)	However, subsection (1) does not apply to a period the person is granted bail for the offence.	13 14
Re	eview of Act	15
(1)	The Minister must review the efficacy and efficiency of this Act as soon as practicable after the end of 3 years after the commencement of this section.	16 17 18
(2)	In conducting the review, if the Minister is not responsible for administering the Mental Health Act, the Minister must consult with the Minister responsible for administering that Act.	19 20 21 22
(3)	As soon as practicable after finishing the review, the Minister must table a report about its outcome in the Legislative Assembly.	23 24 25
Αp	pproved forms	26
	The director may approve forms for use under this Act.	27

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159	Regulation-making power				
	(1)	The Governor in Council may make regulations under this Act.	2 3		
	(2)	A regulation may be made about the records to be kept and returns to be made by persons and the inspection of records.	4 5		
	(3)	A regulation may provide for a maximum penalty of not more than 20 penalty units for a contravention of a regulation.	6 7		
Cha	apte	er 13 Transitional provision	8		
160	Init	ial director	9		
	(1)	The chief practitioner disability is the initial Director of Forensic Disability (<i>initial director</i>) until whichever of the following happens first—	10 11 12		
		(a) a Director of Forensic Disability is appointed under section 85;	13 14		
		(b) the period of 5 years starting on the day this section commences ends;	15 16		
		(c) the chief practitioner disability resigns from office as the initial director by signed notice given to the Minister;	17 18		
		(d) the chief practitioner disability is removed from office as the initial director under subsection (2).	19 20		
		Note—	21		
		The functions of the initial director are provided for under section 87 (see schedule 2, definition <i>director</i> , paragraph (a)).	22 23		
	(2)	The Governor in Council may at any time remove the chief practitioner disability from office as the initial director for any reason or none.	24 25 26		
	(3)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the chief practitioner disability may be appointed as Director of Forensic Disability under section 85.	27 28 29		

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(4) In this se			is sec	tion—	1
			-	actitioner disability means the Chief Practitioner appointed under the Public Service Act 2008.	2 3
Cha	apte	er 1	4	Legislation amended	4
Part	:1			Amendment of Bail Act 1980	5
161	Act	ame	nded	İ	6
		This	part a	amends the Bail Act 1980.	7
162	Am	endn	nent	of s 21 (Sureties)	8
		Sect	ion 21	1(1)(c)—	9
		omit	, inse	rt—	10
		'(c)	is no	ot—	11
			(i)	an involuntary patient under the <i>Mental Health Act</i> 2000 who is, or is liable to be, detained in an authorised mental health service under that Act; or	12 13 14
			(ii)	a forensic disability client within the meaning of the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> ; or	15 16
			(iii)	a person for whom a guardian or administrator has been appointed under the <i>Guardianship and Administration Act 2000</i> ; and'.	17 18 19

Part 2		Amendment of Commissions of Inquiry Act 1950		
163	Ac	amended	3	
		This part amends the Commissions of Inquiry Act 1950.	4	
164		endment of s 5B (Attendance of prisoner or patient ore commission)	5 6	
	(1)	Section 5B, heading, 'or patient'—	7	
		omit, insert—	8	
		', patient or forensic disability client'.	9	
	(2)	Section 5B(1)—	10	
		insert—	11	
		'(c) a forensic disability client—the chairperson may, by signed notice served on the administrator of the forensic disability service, direct the administrator to produce the client at the time and place stated in the direction.'.	12 13 14 15	
	(3)	Section 5B(2), 'such prisoner or patient'—	16	
		omit, insert—	17	
		'the prisoner, patient or client'.	18	
	(4)	Section 5B(3), definition administrator—	19	
		omit.	20	
	(5)	Section 5B(3)—	21	
		insert—	22	
		'administrator—	23	
		(a) of an authorised mental health service, means the person declared under the <i>Mental Health Act 2000</i> to be the administrator of the health service; or	24 25 26	

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		(b) of the forensic disability service, means the person declared under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> to be the administrator of the forensic disability service.	1 2 3
		forensic disability client see the Forensic Disability Act 2011.	4
		forensic disability service see the Forensic Disability Act 2011.'.	5 6
	(6)	Section 5B(3), definitions <i>authorised mental health service</i> and <i>involuntary patient</i> , 'schedule 2'—	7 8
		omit, insert—	9
		'schedule'.	10
Part	3	Amendment of Coroners Act	11
		2003	12
165	Ac	t amended	13
		This part amends the Coroners Act 2003.	14
166	Amendment of s 9 (<i>Death in care</i> defined)		
	(1)	Section 9(1)—	16
		insert—	17
		'(aa) the person was, under the <i>Forensic Disability Act</i> 2011—	18 19
		(i) being taken to, or detained in, the forensic disability service as a forensic disability client; or	20 21
		(ii) being taken to an authorised mental health service under section 37 or 113(2)(b) or (4) of that Act; or	22 23
		(iii) undertaking limited community treatment while accompanied by a practitioner within the meaning of that Act; or	24 25 26

	1	absent from the forensic disability service under a temporary absence approval while accompanied by a practitioner within the meaning of that Act; or	1 2 3
	1	awaiting admission at an authorised mental health service under an order for the person's transfer from the forensic disability service to the authorised mental health service; or'.	4 5 6 7
(2)	Section 9(1)(b)—	8
	insert—		9
	1	absent from an authorised mental health service under an approval given under section 186 of that Act while accompanied by an employee of a health service; or	10 11 12 13
		being detained in an authorised mental health service under section 309B of that Act; or	14 15
		being taken to the forensic disability service under section 169J of that Act; or'.	16 17
(3)	Section 9(2	d), '(1)(b)'—	18
	omit, insert	:	19
	'(1)(aa) or	(b)'.	20
(4)	Section 9(4	.)—	21
	insert—		22
	•	isability client means a forensic disability client as der the Forensic Disability Act 2011.	23 24
		disability service means the forensic disability defined under the Forensic Disability Act 2011.'.	25 26
Am	nendment o	of s 10 (<i>Death in custody</i> defined)	27
	Section 10((2), definition <i>custody</i> , paragraph (c)—	28
	insert—		29
	'(jij) 1	the Forensic Disability Act 2011: or'	30

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168		nendment of s 47 (Coroner's comments and findings particular deaths)	1 2
		Section 47(3), definition relevant Act, paragraph (a)—	3
		insert—	4
		'(iiia)for the death of a person mentioned in section 9(1)(aa)—the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> ; or'.	5 6
Part	4	Amendment of Crime and Misconduct Act 2001	7 8
169	Act	t amended	9
		This part amends the <i>Crime and Misconduct Act 2001</i> .	10
170		nendment of s 83 (Notice to attend hearing—prisoner patient)	11 12
	(1)	Section 83, heading, 'or patient'—	13
		omit, insert—	14
		', patient or forensic disability client'.	15
	(2)	Section 83(3) to (5)—	16
		omit, insert—	17
'(2A)	If the attendance before the commission of a forensic disability client detained in the forensic disability service is required, the chairperson may, by notice given to the forensic disability service administrator, direct the forensic disability service administrator to produce the client named in the notice at a stated time and place.	18 19 20 21 22 23
	'(3)	A direction mentioned in subsection (1), (2) or (2A) is lawful authority to the person to whom it is given for production of the prisoner, patient or forensic disability client as directed.	24 25 26

	' (4)	The person to whom the direction is given must comply with the direction.	1 2
	'(5)	A prisoner, patient or forensic disability client produced under this section remains in the custody of the chief executive (corrective services), hospital administrator or forensic disability service administrator.'.	3 4 5 6
	(3)	Section 83(6)—	7
		insert—	8
		'forensic disability client means a forensic disability client within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act 2011.	9 10
		forensic disability service means the forensic disability service within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act 2011.	11 12 13
		forensic disability service administrator means the administrator within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act 2011.	14 15 16
	(4)	Section 83(6), definitions administrator and patient, paragraph (b), 'schedule 2'—	17 18
		omit, insert—	19
		'schedule'.	20
_	_		
Part	5	Amendment of Criminal Code	21
171	Cod	de amended	22
		This part amends the Criminal Code.	23
172		endment of s 145A (Sections 141 to 144 do not apply certain types of custody)	24 25
		Section 145A—	26

		insert—	1
		'(c) the custody of a forensic disability client mentioned in the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> ;'.	n 2 3
173		nendment of s 227C (Persons who are not criminally sponsible for offences against ss 227A and 227B)	4 5
		Section 227C(3), definition lawful custody—	6
		omit, insert—	7
		'lawful custody includes detention under the Mental Health Act 2000 in—	h 8 9
		(a) an authorised mental health service or a high security unit within the meaning of that Act; or	y 10 11
		(b) the forensic disability service within the meaning of the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> .'.	e 12 13
174	for wa	nendment of s 266 (Prevention of crimes and offences which an offender may be arrested without rrant—prevention of violence by patients under Mental alth Act 2000)	17
	(1)	Section 266, heading, from 'patients'—	18
		omit, insert—	19
		'particular persons'.	20
	(2)	Section 266, after 'Mental Health Act 2000'—	21
		insert—	22
		'or a forensic disability client under the Forensic Disability Act 2011'.	y 23 24
175	Amendment of s 358 (Unlawful custody of patient under Mental Health Act 2000)		
	(1)	Section 358, heading, from 'patient'—	27
		omit, insert—	28

	(2)	'particular persons'. Section 358, after 'Mental Health Act 2000'— insert— 'or a forensic disability client under the Forensic Disability Act 2011'.	1 2 3 4 5
Part	6	Amendment of Criminal Practice Rules 1999	6 7
176	Rui	les amended This part amends the <i>Criminal Practice Rules 1999</i> .	8 9
177	info	nendment of sch 3 (Forms for indictments, ormations and complaints—statement of offences der the Code)	10 11 12
		Schedule 3, form 203—	13
		omit, insert—	14
'Forn	n 20	Unlawful custody of patients under Mental Health Act 2000 or forensic disability clients under Forensic Disability Act 2011	15 16 17 18
(Secti	on 3	58. Unlawful custody of particular persons)	19
1 D	etair	ned [or Assumed the custody of] EF, an involuntary patient Mental Health Act 2000 contrary to the provisions of [name the	20 21 22
under t	the F	ned [or Assumed the custody of] EF, a forensic disability client forensic Disability Act 2011 contrary to the provisions of [name ble law].'.	23 24 25

Part 7		Amendment of Disability Services Act 2006	
178	Ac	t amended	3
		This part amends the Disability Services Act 2006.	4
179		nendment of s 123B (Service providers to which pt 10A blies)	5
		Section 123B—	7
		insert—	8
	'(2)	Subsection (1) applies subject to the <i>Forensic Disability Act</i> 2011, section 47.'.	9 10
180	Am	nendment of s 123E (Definitions for pt 10A)	11
		Section 123E, definition <i>authorised psychiatrist</i> , 'schedule 2'—	12 13
		omit, insert—	14
		'schedule'.	15
181		nendment of s 123Q (Chief executive to decide whether ltidisciplinary assessment of adult will be conducted)	16 17
	(1)	Section 123Q(3)(e)—	18
		renumber as section 123Q(3)(f).	19
	(2)	Section 123Q(3)—	20
		insert—	21
		'(e) if the chief executive is aware the adult is a forensic disability client—a senior practitioner responsible for the care and support of the adult under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> :'	22 23 24 25

182	dev	nendment of s 123T (Participation of psychiatrist in velopment of plan—adult subject to forensic order or oluntary treatment order)	1 2 3
	(1)	Section 123T, heading, from 'in development'—	4
		omit, insert—	5
		'or senior practitioner in development of plan'.	6
	(2)	Section 123T(1)(a)—	7
		omit, insert—	8
		'(a) the chief executive is aware the adult is—	9
		(i) subject to a forensic order or involuntary treatment order under the <i>Mental Health Act 2000</i> ; or	10 11
		(ii) a forensic disability client; and'.	12
	(3)	Section 123T(2)—	13
		omit, insert—	14
	'(2)	The chief executive must ensure a following person is given the opportunity to participate in the development of the positive behaviour support plan—	15 16 17
		(a) for an adult mentioned in subsection (1)(a)(i)—the authorised psychiatrist responsible for treatment of the adult under the <i>Mental Health Act 2000</i> ;	18 19 20
		(b) for an adult mentioned in subsection (1)(a)(ii)—a senior practitioner responsible for the care and support of the adult under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> .	21 22 23
183	exe	nendment of s 123X (Requirements for chief ecutive's decision about whether change should be de)	24 25 26
		Section 123X—	27
		insert—	28
	'(3A)	Also, if the chief executive is deciding whether a change should be made because the adult is a forensic disability	29 30

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		resp	nt, the chief executive must consult a senior practitioner onsible for the care and support of the adult under the ensic Disability Act 2011.'.	1 2 3
184			ment of s 123Y (Action of chief executive after g whether change should be made)	4 5
	(1)	Sect	tion 123Y(5)(b), after '2000'—	6
		inse	rt—	7
		ʻ, or	is a forensic disability client'.	8
	(2)	Sect	tion 123Y(5)(b)(i)—	9
		omii	t, insert—	10
			'(i) the relevant director; and'.	11
	(3)	Sect	ion 123Y(6)—	12
		inse	rt—	13
		'rele	evant director means—	14
		(a)	if the adult is a forensic disability client—the director of forensic disability; or	15 16
		(b)	otherwise—the director of mental health.'.	17
185	of	posit	ment of s 123ZF (Requirements for development ive behaviour support plan—assessment and ation)	18 19 20
		Sect	ion 123ZF(2)—	21
		inse	rt—	22
		'(ba)) if the provider is aware the adult is a forensic disability client—ensure a senior practitioner responsible for the care and support of the adult under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> is given the opportunity to participate in the development of the positive behaviour support plan; and'.	23 24 25 26 27 28

	nendment of s 123ZH (Requirement for relevant service ovider to consider whether plan should be changed)]
(1)	Section 123ZH(1)(b), after '2000'—	3
	insert—	4
	', or is a forensic disability client'.	
(2)	Section 123ZH(3)(a), after '2000'—	(
	insert—	,
	', or senior practitioner responsible for the care and support of the adult under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> '.	
(3)	Section 123ZH(3)(b), after 'psychiatrist's'—	
	insert—	
	', or senior practitioner's,'.	
	insert—	
	', or senior practitioner responsible for the care and support of the adult under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> '.	
(2)	Section 123ZI(1)(b), after 'psychiatrist'—	
	insert—	
	', or senior practitioner,'.	
(3)	Section 123ZI(2), after 'psychiatrist'—	
	insert—	
	'or senior practitioner'.	
(4)	Section 123ZI(2), after 'psychiatrist's'—	
	insert—	
	'or senior practitioner's'.	

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	(5)	Section 123ZI(3), definition consult—	1
		omit, insert—	2
		'consult, the authorised psychiatrist responsible for treatment of the adult under the Mental Health Act 2000, or senior practitioner responsible for the care and support of the adult under the Forensic Disability Act 2011, includes give the psychiatrist, or senior practitioner, an opportunity to participate in the development of a positive behaviour support plan.'.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9
188		nendment of s 123ZJ (Requirement for relevant service ovider to notify director of mental health)	10 11
	(1)	Section 123ZJ, heading, 'director of mental health'—	12
		omit, insert—	13
		'relevant director'.	14
	(2)	Section 123ZJ(1)(c), after '2000'—	15
		insert—	16
		', or is a forensic disability client'.	17
	(3)	Section 123ZJ(2), 'director of mental health'—	18
		omit, insert—	19
		'relevant director'.	20
	(4)	Section 123ZJ(2)(a)(ii), from 'of the'—	21
		omit, insert—	22
		'as mentioned in subsection (1)(c); and'.	23
	(5)	Section 123ZJ—	24
		insert—	25
	'(3)	In this section—	26

	rele	vant director means—	1
	(a)	if the adult is a forensic disability client—the director of forensic disability; or	2 3
	(b)	otherwise—the director of mental health.'.	4
189		ment of s 123ZK (Short term approval for use of ve practices other than containment or on)	5 6 7
	Sect	ion 123ZK(4)—	8
	inse	rt—	9
	'(c)	if the chief executive is aware the adult is a forensic disability client—a senior practitioner responsible for the care and support of the adult under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> .'.	10 11 12 13
190	Amendr	ment of sch 7 (Dictionary)	14
	Sche	edule 7—	15
	inse	rt—	16
		ector of forensic disability means the director under the ensic Disability Act 2011.	17 18
	•	nsic disability client means a forensic disability client er the Forensic Disability Act 2011.'.	19 20
Part	8	Amendment of Guardianship	21
		and Administration Act 2000	22
191	Act ame	ended	23
	This 2000	s part amends the <i>Guardianship and Administration Act</i> 0.	24 25

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		Note—	1
		See also the amendments in schedule 2.	2
192	An	nendment of s 29 (Other review of appointment)	3
		Section 29(1)(c)—	4
		insert—	5
		'(vii)if the adult is a forensic disability client—the director of forensic disability.'.	6 7
193	An	nendment of s 80U (Definitions for ch 5B)	8
	(1)	Section 80U—	9
		insert—	10
		'director of forensic disability means the director of forensic disability under the Forensic Disability Act 2011.	11 12
		forensic disability client means a forensic disability client under the Forensic Disability Act 2011.	13 14
		forensic disability service means the forensic disability service under the Forensic Disability Act 2011.	15 16
		senior practitioner means a senior practitioner under the Forensic Disability Act 2011.'.	17 18
	(2)	Section 80U, definition authorised psychiatrist, 'schedule 2'—	19 20
		omit, insert—	21
		'schedule'.	22
194	An	nendment of s 80W (Matters tribunal must consider)	23
		Section 80W—	24
		insert—	25
		'(ba) if the tribunal is aware the adult is a forensic disability client—	26 27

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(i)	the terms of the forensic order under the <i>Mental Health Act 2000</i> for the adult's detention in the forensic disability service; and
(ii	the views of a senior practitioner responsible for the care and support of the adult under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> about the containment or seclusion of the adult;'.
	t of s 80ZA (When containment or seclusion ay be reviewed)
Section	80ZA(b)—
insert—	
'(rii)if the adult is a forensic disability client—the
	director of forensic disability.'.
	t of s 80ZE (Requirements for giving particular for restrictive practice (general)
consent—ç matter)	t of s 80ZE (Requirements for giving
consent—ç matter)	t of s 80ZE (Requirements for giving juardian for restrictive practice (general)
consent—g matter) Section insert— '(aa) if	t of s 80ZE (Requirements for giving juardian for restrictive practice (general)
consent—g matter) Section insert— '(aa) if	the guardian is aware the adult is a forensic disability ent—

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197	Amendment of s 80ZH (When adult guardian may give short term approval for use of containment or seclusion)			
	Section 80ZH(2)—	3		
	insert—	4		
	'(d) if the adult guardian is aware the adult is a forensic disability client—a senior practitioner responsible for the care and support of the adult under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> .'.	5 6 7 8		
198	Amendment of s 80ZP (Who may apply for appointment of guardian for restrictive practice matter)	9 10		
	Section 80ZP—	11		
	insert—	12		
	'(g) if the adult is a forensic disability client—the director of forensic disability.'.	13 14		
199	Amendment of s 80ZQ (Who is an active party)	15		
	Section 80ZQ—	16		
	insert—	17		
	'(ea) if the adult is a forensic disability client—the director of forensic disability;'.	18 19		
200	Amendment of s 80ZS (Requirements for informal decision makers—consenting to use of restrictive practices)	20 21 22		
	Section 80ZS(2)(b)—	23		
	insert—	24		
	'(vi) if the informal decision-maker is aware the adult is a forensic disability client—a senior practitioner responsible for the care and support of the adult under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> has been given an	25 26 27 28		

		opportunity to participate in the development of the positive behaviour support plan.'.	1 2
201		nendment of s 118 (Tribunal advises persons	3 4
		Section 118(1)(fa)—	5
		insert—	6
		'(iv) if the tribunal is aware the adult is a forensic disability client—the director of forensic disability;'.	7 8 9
202	Am	nendment of s 222 (Definitions for ch 10)	10
	(1)	Section 222, definition consumer, paragraph (b)—	11
		renumber as paragraph (c).	12
	(2)	Section 222, definition consumer—	13
		insert—	14
		'(b) for a visitable site that is the forensic disability service—any person who lives or receives services at the visitable site; or'.	15 16 17
203	Am	nendment of s 230 (Reports by community visitors)	18
		Section 230(4)—	19
		insert—	20
		'(da) the director of forensic disability;'.	21
204	Am	nendment of s 231 (Appointment)	22
	(1)	Section 231(4)(a)(ii) and (iii)—	23
		renumber as section 231(4)(a)(iii) and (iv).	24
	(2)	Section 231(4)(a)—	25

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	insert—	1
	'(ii) the Forensic Disability Act 2011;'.	2
205	Insertion of new ch 12, pt 12	3
	Chapter 12—	4
	insert—	5
'Part	12 Transitional provision for Forensic Disability Act 2011	6 7
'270	Amendment of regulation by Forensic Disability Act 2011 does not affect powers of Governor in Council	8
	'The amendment of the Guardianship and Administration Regulation 2000 by the Forensic Disability Act 2011 does not affect the power of the Governor in Council to further amend the regulation or to repeal it.'.	10 11 12 13
206	Amendment of sch 4 (Dictionary)	14
	Schedule 4—	15
	insert—	16
	'director of forensic disability see section 80U.	17
	forensic disability client see section 80U.	18
	forensic disability service see section 80U.	19
	senior practitioner for chapter 5B see section 8011'	20

Part 9		Amendment of Guardianship and Administration Regulation 2000	1 2 3
207	Reg	gulation amended	4
		This part amends the Guardianship and Administration Regulation 2000.	5 6
208	Am	endment of sch 2 (Visitable sites)	7
		Schedule 2—	8
		insert—	9
		'(f) the forensic disability service under the Forensic Disability Act 2011.'.	10 11
Part	10	Amendment of Limitation of Actions Act 1974	12
		ACTIONS ACT 1974	13
209	Act	amended	14
		This part amends the <i>Limitation of Actions Act 1974</i> .	15
210	Am	endment of s 5 (Interpretation)	16
	(1)	Section 5(3)(b)—	17
		renumber as section 5(3)(c).	18
	(2)	Section 5(3)—	19
		insert—	20
		'(b) while the person is a forensic disability client under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> ; or'.	21 22

Part 11		Amendment of Mental Health Act 2000		
211	Ac	t ame	ended	3
		This	s part amends the Mental Health Act 2000.	4
		Note	_	5
		Se	e also the amendments in schedule 2.	6
212		nendr Act)	ment of s 8 (General principles for administration	7 8
		Sect	tion 8—	9
		inse	rt—	10
	'(2)	appl	principles stated in the Forensic Disability Act, section 7 ly to the administration of this Act in relation to persons an intellectual disability as if—	11 12 13
		(a)	a reference in that section to the Forensic Disability Act were a reference to this Act; and	14 15
		(b)	a reference in that section to care and support were a reference to care.'.	16 17
213			ment of s 9 (Principles for exercising powers and ing functions)	18 19
		Sect	tion 9, after 'illness'—	20
		inse	rt—	21
		or i	intellectual disability'.	22
214	Am	nendr	ment of s 124 (Preparing treatment plan)	23
	(1)	Sect	tion 124(1)(a)—	24
		omi	t. insert—	25

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		'(a)	in general terms, an outline of the proposed treatment or care to be provided in relation to the patient; and'.	1 2
	(2)	Sect	ion 124(1)(b), 'services are'—	3
		omit	t, insert—	4
		'trea	atment or care is'.	5
	(3)	Sect	ion 124(4), from 'account'—	6
		omit	t, insert—	7
		'acc	ount the following—	8
		(a)	any existing plan of treatment, or advance health directive under the <i>Powers of Attorney Act 1998</i> , for the patient;	9 10 11
		(b)	for a patient transferred from the forensic disability service to an authorised mental health service—any individual development plan under the Forensic Disability Act applying to the patient immediately before the transfer.'.	12 13 14 15 16
215	An lim	nendr ited o	ment of s 131 (What treatment plan must state for community treatment)	17 18
		Sect	ion 131(1)(b)(i), after 'treatment'—	19
		inse	rt—	20
			the management of the patient's care, while the patient is ertaking the limited community treatment'.	21 22
216	An div		ment of s 141 (Meaning of <i>mechanical restraint</i> for	23 24
		Sect	ion 141(1), after 'appliance'—	25
		inse	rt—	26
		ʻ, ap	proved under section 162B,'.	27

217	Insertio	n of new s 141A	1
	Afte	r section 141—	2
	inse	rt—	3
'141A	Approva	al of mechanical appliances	4
	'The	e director must—	5
	(a)	approve the mechanical appliances that may be used for mechanical restraint of a person; and	6 7
	(b)	state the approved mechanical appliances in a relevant policy or practice guideline.	8 9
	Note-	_	10
		licies and practice guidelines are issued under section 309A for rensic patients and section 493A for other patients.'.	11 12
218	Amendr	ment of s 144 (How authorisation is given)	13
	Sect	ion 144(g)—	14
	omit	t, insert—	15
	'(g)	the time (not longer than 3 hours after the authorisation is given) when the authorisation ends.'.	16 17
219	Insertio	n of new s 144A	18
	Afte	r section 144—	19
	inse	rt—	20
'144A	Use of r	easonable force	21
	help reaso	octor or the senior registered nurse on duty may, with the , and using the minimum force, that is necessary and onable in the circumstances, apply the restraint as orised to the patient.'.	22 23 24 25
220	Replace	ment of ss 146 and 147	26
	Sect	ions 146 and 147—	27

		omit, insert—	1		
146	Removal of restraint before authorisation ends				
	'(1)	The director may order the removal of restraint from a patient in an authorised mental health service at any time.	3 4		
	'(2)	If, before the authorisation of the use of the restraint ends—	5		
		(a) the senior registered nurse on duty is satisfied the patient can be safely treated or cared for without the restraint; or	6 7 8		
		(b) the director orders the removal of the restraint under subsection (1);	9 10		
		the senior registered nurse on duty must immediately direct the removal of the restraint.	11 12		
147		Administrator must notify director about mechanical restraint			
	'(1)	The administrator of an authorised mental health service must give the director written notice about the mechanical restraint of a patient in the health service as soon as practicable after the mechanical restraint is applied to the patient.	15 16 17 18		
	'(2)	The notice must include the information required by the director.'.	19 20		
221	Am	endment of s 153 (Seclusion authorised by doctor)	21		
	(1)	Section 153(2)(c), '12'—	22		
		omit, insert—	23		
		·3'.	24		
	(2)	Section 153(2)(e), after 'treatment'—	25		
		insert—	26		
		'or care'	27		

222		Replacement of s 160 (Director may require reports about seclusions)		
		Sect	tion 160—	3
		omi	t, insert—	4
'159 <i>A</i>	A En	ding	seclusion on director's order	5
	'(1)		director may order a patient's release from seclusion in an atient facility of an authorised mental health service at any e.	6 7 8
	'(2)	or s	ne director makes an order under subsection (1), a doctor enior registered nurse on duty must immediately release patient from seclusion.	9 10 11
'160	Ad	minis	strator must notify director about seclusions	12
	'(1)	The administrator of an authorised mental health service must give the director notice about the seclusion of a patient in the health service.		13 14 15
	'(2)	The	notice must—	16
		(a)	be given as soon as practicable after the person is placed in seclusion; and	17 18
		(b)	include the information required by the director.'.	19
223			on of s 164 (Administration of medication while noved in an authorised mental health service)	20 21
		Sect	tion 164—	22
		omi	t.	23
224	Ins	ertio	n of new ch 5, pt 1, divs 2A and 2B	24
		Cha	pter 5, part 1—	25
		inse	rt—	26

'Division	Transfers from authorised mental health service to forensic disability service	1 2 3
'Subdivi	sion 1 Transfer order by director	4
'169A Tra	nsfer order	5
'(1)	This section applies to a patient who is detained in an authorised mental health service under a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability).	6 7 8
'(2)	The director may, by written order, transfer the patient from the authorised mental health service to the forensic disability service if—	9 10 11
	(a) the director is satisfied the transfer is in the patient's best interests; and	12 13
	(b) the director (forensic disability) agrees to the transfer.	14
'(3)	If the director (forensic disability) does not agree to the transfer, the director (within the meaning of this Act) may apply to the tribunal for an order for the patient's transfer to the forensic disability service.	15 16 17 18
'(4)	Subdivision 2 applies for the application.	19
'(5)	The patient must be transferred to the forensic disability service if the tribunal orders the transfer.	20 21
'(6)	However, subsection (5) does not apply if the tribunal's decision is stayed under section 323.	22 23
	ector to give notice of transfer order to tribunal	24 25
	'Within 7 days after making the transfer order, the director must give written notice of the order to each of the following—	26 27 28

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	(a)	the tribunal;	1
	(b)	the administrator of the patient's treating health service;	2
	(c)	if any proceeding involving the patient has started but not finished—each entity the director considers has a sufficient interest in the proceeding.	3 4 5
		Example—	6
		the Mental Health Court, the director of public prosecutions or other prosecuting agency	7 8
		strator to give notice of transfer order to and allied person	9 10
		e administrator of the patient's treating health service must notice of the transfer order to—	11 12
	(a)	the patient; and	13
	(b)	the patient's allied person.	14
'Subdivi	sion	2 Application to tribunal for transfer order	15 16
	Note-	_	17
		e the Forensic Disability Act, sections 129 and 139 for the application this subdivision for the purpose of that Act.	18 19
'169D Ap	plica	tion for order	20
'(1)	An mus	application under section 169A(3) for a transfer order t—	21 22
	(a)	be made in writing; and	23
	(b)	be given to the tribunal.	24
'(2)	The	application may be made at any time	25

169E N	otice o	of hearing	1	
'(1)		tribunal must give written notice of the hearing of the lication to the following persons—	2 3	
	(a)	the director;	4	
	(b)	the director (forensic disability);	5	
	(c)	the administrator of the patient's treating health service;	6	
	(d)	the administrator under the Forensic Disability Act;	7	
	(e)	the patient;	8	
	(f)	the patient's allied person;	9	
	(g)	the Attorney-General.	10	
'(2)	The	notice must—	11	
	(a)	be in the approved form; and	12	
	(b)	be given at least 7 days before the hearing; and	13	
	(c)	state the following information—	14	
		(i) the time and place of the hearing;	15	
		(ii) the nature of the hearing;	16	
		(iii) the right of the parties to the proceeding to be represented at the hearing.	17 18	
169F D	ecidin	g application	19	
	by the	e application may be decided by the tribunal constituted he president on written material and submissions, without applicant or forensic patient attending a hearing of the lication.	20 21 22 23	
169G D	ecisio	n on application	24	
'(1)	'(1) In deciding the application, the tribunal must make or refuse to make the transfer order.			

'(2)	However, in deciding an application for a transfer order for a patient, the tribunal must have regard to the following—	1 2
	(a) whether the patient has an intellectual or cognitive disability within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act but does not require involuntary treatment for a mental illness under this Act;	3 4 5 6
	(b) whether the patient is likely to benefit from care and support within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act provided in the forensic disability service.	7 8 9
'(3)	Also, the tribunal must not make a transfer order for a patient unless a certificate given to the tribunal under section 169H states that the forensic disability service has the capacity for the patient's detention and care.	10 11 12 13
'(4)	In this section—	14
	benefit means benefit by way of individual development and opportunities for quality of life and participation and inclusion in the community.	15 16 17
'169H Ce	rtificate of forensic disability service availability	18
'(1)	This section applies for the purpose of the tribunal deciding an application for a transfer order for a patient.	19 20
'(2)	If asked by the director (forensic disability), the chief executive (forensic disability) must give the director (forensic disability) a certificate stating whether or not the forensic disability service has the capacity for the patient's detention and care.	21 22 23 24 25
'(3)	The director (forensic disability) may give the certificate to the tribunal.	26 27
'(4)	The tribunal may ask the director (forensic disability) to give the tribunal a certificate of the chief executive (forensic disability) stating whether or not the forensic disability service has the capacity for the patient's detention and care.	28 29 30 31

	'(5) If the tribunal makes a request under subsection (4), to director (forensic disability) must give the certificate to to tribunal within—			1 2 3
		(a)	7 days after receiving the request; or	4
		(b)	any longer period allowed by the tribunal.	5
1691	Not	ice o	of decision	6
	'(1)		tribunal must give a copy of its decision to the following ons—	7 8
		(a)	the parties to the proceeding;	9
		(b)	the patient's allied person;	10
		(c)	the administrator of the patient's treating health service.	11
	'(2)		o, the tribunal must give the parties a written notice ng—	12 13
		(a)	a party may ask the tribunal for written reasons for the decision; and	14 15
		(b)	a party may, within 60 days after receiving the notice, appeal to the Mental Health Court against the decision; and	16 17 18
		(c)	how to appeal.	19
	'(3)		ked to do so by a party, the tribunal must give the party easons for the decision.	20 21
	'(4)	the t	e request is made within 7 days after receiving the notice, ribunal must comply with the request within 21 days after iving the request.	22 23 24
	'(5)	Atto	oite subsections (2) to (4), the tribunal must give the rney-General and director the reasons for the decision in 21 days after receiving a request from the rney-General or director.	25 26 27 28

'Sub	divi	sion 3 Taking patient to forensic disability service etc.	1 2	
'169J	Tak	king patient to forensic disability service	3	
	'(1)	Under a transfer order for a patient, a health practitioner may take the patient to the forensic disability service.	4 5	
		Notes—	6	
		1 See the definition <i>transfer order</i> in the schedule.	7	
		2 For provisions about entering places, see chapter 14 (Enforcement, evidence and legal proceedings), part 2 (Entry to places).	8 9	
	'(2)	For subsection (1), the practitioner—	10	
		(a) may exercise the power with the help, and using the minimum force, that is necessary and reasonable in the circumstances; and	11 12 13	
		(b) is a public official for the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000</i> .	14 15	
		Note—	16	
		For the powers of a police officer while helping a public official, see the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000</i> , section 16 (Helping public officials exercise powers under other Acts).	17 18 19	
'169K		ving information about patient for facilitating nsfer and care	20 21	
	'(1)	This section applies for facilitating—	22	
		(a) the transfer of a patient from an authorised mental health service to the forensic disability service under a transfer order; and	23 24 25	
		(b) the care of the patient, as a forensic disability client, in the forensic disability service.	26 27	
	'(2)	The director may give to the director (forensic disability) or a person nominated by the director (forensic disability) the following information about the patient—	28 29 30	

(a)	the patient's personal and medical information;	1
(b)	the circumstances giving rise to any forensic order for the patient, including information contained in any report considered by the Mental Health Court in making the order;	2 3 4 5
(c)	the details of the patient's current forensic order;	6
(d)	any details necessary to give effect to the current forensic order;	7 8
(e)	the details of the patient's treatment plan;	9
(f)	the patient's response to treatment or care and willingness to continue treatment or care;	10 11
(g)	the details of any instance of mechanical restraint or seclusion of the patient;	12 13
(h)	whether the tribunal or Mental Health Court has approved or ordered limited community treatment for the patient, including any conditions of the approval or order;	14 15 16 17
(i)	the details of any limited community treatment undertaken by the patient, and the details of any limited community treatment that has been revoked;	18 19 20
(j)	when the tribunal is to conduct a review of the patient's mental condition;	21 22
(k)	any previous decisions of the tribunal about the patient;	23
(1)	any previous decisions of the Mental Health Court about the patient;	24 25
(m)	whether the patient has an allied person under this Act and, if so, the allied person's contact details;	26 27
(n)	whether the patient has a guardian or informal decision-maker and, if so, the contact details for the guardian or informal decision-maker;	28 29 30

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	(o) whether the patient is subject to a forensic information order and, if so, any details necessary to give effect to that order;	1 2 3
	(p) any other information obtained or brought into existence under this Act or the Forensic Disability Act relating to the patient's care.	4 5 6
'(3)	This section applies despite any duty of confidentiality or right of privacy provided under this or any other Act.	7 8
'(4)	In this section—	9
	informal decision-maker, for a patient, means a member of the patient's support network, other than a paid carer for the patient within the meaning of the Guardianship and Administration Act 2000.	10 11 12 13
	information includes a document.	14
	personal information, about a patient, includes—	15
	(a) the patient's social circumstances, including, for example, the patient's support network; and	16 17
	(b) the patient's relevant behavioural history.	18
'Subdivi	sion 4 Continuation of forensic order and particular procedures for patient transferred to forensic disability service	19 20 21 22
'169L Co	ntinuation of existing forensic order	23
'(1)	On the admission of a patient to the forensic disability service under a transfer order (other than a transfer order made under section 602), the patient's existing forensic order—	24 25 26
	(a) applies to the patient, as a forensic disability client, as if it were a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability) for the patient's detention in the	27 28 29
	forensic disability service; and	30

	(b)		be read, or continued in force, with the changes essary—	1 2
		(a)	to make it consistent with the Forensic Disability Act; and	3 4
		(b)	to adapt its operation to that Act.	5
	Note	_		6
			505 provides for the continuation of the relevant forensic order ent transferred under a transfer order made under section 602.	7 8
'(2)			n (1) does not affect a power of the tribunal or ealth Court in relation to the existing forensic order.	9 10
'(3)	revi	ew an	imiting subsection (2), the tribunal may carry out a d make a decision about the existing forensic order pter 6, part 3.	11 12 13
' (4)	In th	nis sec	etion—	14
	Hea	lth C	forensic order means the forensic order (Mental Court—Disability) that, immediately before the admission to the forensic disability service—	15 16 17
	(a)		in force for the patient's detention in the authorised atal health service; or	18 19
	(b)	the	er the Forensic Disability Act, section 39, applied to patient as if it were an order for the patient's ention in the authorised mental health service.	20 21 22
			n of matters under particular provisions ansferred to forensic disability service	23 24
'(1)	This	secti	on applies if—	25
	(a)	for a	action is done or something is brought into existence a matter in relation to a patient in compliance with a vision of this Act that is an applied provision within meaning of the Forensic Disability Act; and	26 27 28 29
	(b)	fore	ore the matter ends, the patient is transferred to the ensic disability service under a transfer order, uding a transfer order made under section 602.	30 31 32

'(2)		he patient's admission to the forensic disability service or the transfer order—	1 2
	(a)	the previous action or thing is taken to have been done or brought into existence for a matter in relation to the patient, as a forensic disability client, in compliance with the provision mentioned in subsection (1)(a); and	3 4 5 6
	(b)	if the previous thing is a document, it is to be read, or continued in force, with the changes necessary—	7 8
		(a) to make it consistent with the Forensic Disability Act; and	9 10
		(b) to adapt its operation to the Forensic Disability Act.	11 12
'(3)		previous action or thing may be amended, repealed or ked under this Act.	13 14
'Division	2B	Administration of medication for	15
		particular purposes	16
'169N Adr	ninis	tration of medication	16 17
'169N Ad r '(1)		•	
		tration of medication	17
	This	tration of medication section applies for— moving a patient from one facility in an authorised mental health service to another facility in the health service under section 163 for assessment, treatment or	17 18 19 20 21
	This (a)	tration of medication section applies for— moving a patient from one facility in an authorised mental health service to another facility in the health service under section 163 for assessment, treatment or care; or transferring a patient from an authorised mental health	17 18 19 20 21 22 23
	This (a)	tration of medication section applies for— moving a patient from one facility in an authorised mental health service to another facility in the health service under section 163 for assessment, treatment or care; or transferring a patient from an authorised mental health service to—	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

	'(3)	However, the medication—	1
		(a) may be administered to the patient only if a doctor is satisfied it is necessary to ensure the safety of the patient or others while the patient is being moved or transferred; and	2 3 4 5
		(b) must be administered by a doctor, or registered nurse under the instruction of a doctor.	6 7
	'(4)	The doctor or registered nurse may administer the medication with the help, and using the minimum force, that is necessary and reasonable in the circumstances.	8 9 10
	'(5)	For subsection (3)(b), the doctor's instruction must include the medication's name and the dose, route and frequency of administration.	11 12 13
	'(6)	A doctor or registered nurse who administers medication under this section must keep a written record of the matters mentioned in subsection (5).	14 15 16
	'(7)	This section applies despite the <i>Guardianship and Administration Act 2000</i> , chapter 5, part 2, division 1.	17 18
		Note—	19
		Guardianship and Administration Act 2000, chapter 5, part 2, division 1 (Health care—no consent)'.	20 21
225	Am	nendment of s 203 (Decisions on review)	22
	(1)	Section 203(2)—	23
		insert—	24
		'(e) an order that the patient be transferred from an authorised mental health service to the forensic disability service.'.	25 26 27
	(2)	Section 203—	28
		insert—	29

	'(5A)	to in	subsection (5), the matters the tribunal must have regard a making the decision are the matters stated in this section elation to the most recent forensic order.'.	1 2 3
	(3)	Sect	ion 203(6), after 'subsection (1) or (2)'—	4
		inse	rt—	5
			elation to a patient whose most recent forensic order is not rensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability)'.	6 7
	(4)	Sect	ion 203—	8
		inse	rt—	9
	'(6A)	a pa (Me	naking a decision under subsection (1) or (2) in relation to tient whose most recent forensic order is a forensic order ntal Health Court—Disability), the tribunal must have rd to the following—	10 11 12 13
		(a)	the patient's mental state;	14
		(b)	the patient's intellectual disability;	15
		(c)	each offence leading to the patient becoming subject to the forensic order;	16 17
		(d)	the patient's social circumstances;	18
		(e)	the patient's treatment plan;	19
		(f)	the patient's behaviour in response to that plan, including behaviour that places the patient's health or safety or the safety of others at risk;	20 21 22
		(g)	any report by the director (forensic disability) on a review about the patient under the Forensic Disability Act, section 141.'.	23 24 25
226	Am etc		ment of s 203A (Tribunal may order examination	26 27
		Sect	ion 203A(2) to (5)—	28
		omit	t. insert—	29

'(2)	If the patient is not subject to a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability), the tribunal may order the patient to submit to an examination by a stated psychiatrist (the <i>examining person</i>) who is not an authorised psychiatrist for the patient's treating health service.	1 2 3 4 5
'(3)	If the patient is subject to a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability), the tribunal may order the patient to submit to an examination by a stated person (the <i>examining person</i>) who—	6 7 8 9
	(a) has expertise in the aetiology and behaviour of persons with an intellectual disability; and	10 11
	(b) is not a health practitioner engaged in providing health services at the patient's treating health service.	12 13
'(4)	If the patient is subject to 2 or more forensic orders—	14
	(a) the tribunal may make only 1 order under this section; and	15 16
	(b) the order made must be an order the tribunal may make in relation to the most recent forensic order.	17 18
'(5)	The order must state the matters on which the examining person must report on to the tribunal.	19 20
'(6)	The examining person must give a written report on the examination to the tribunal.	21 22
'(7)	The tribunal must not revoke the forensic order for the patient unless the tribunal has obtained a report mentioned in subsection (6) in relation to the patient.'.	23 24 25
Am	nendment of s 204 (Restrictions on review decisions)	26
2	Section 204—	27
	insert—	28
'(5)	In deciding whether to make an order under section 203(2)(e), the tribunal must have regard to the following—	29

227

		(a) whether the patient has an intellectual or cognitive disability within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act but does not require involuntary treatment for a mental illness under this Act;	1 2 3 4
		(b) whether the patient is likely to benefit from care and support within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act provided in the forensic disability service.	5 6 7
	'(6)	Also, the tribunal must not make an order for a patient under section 203(2)(e) unless a certificate given to the tribunal under section 204A states that the forensic disability service has the capacity for the patient's detention and care.	8 9 10 11
	'(7)	In this section—	12
		benefit means benefit by way of individual development and opportunities for quality of life and participation and inclusion in the community.'.	13 14 15
228	Ins	ertion of new s 204A	16
		After section 204—	17
		insert—	18
'204	A Ce	rtificate of forensic disability service availability	19
	'(1)	This section applies for the purpose of the tribunal deciding whether to make a transfer order for a patient under section 203(2)(e).	20 21 22
	'(2)	If asked by the director (forensic disability), the chief executive (forensic disability) must give the director (forensic disability) a certificate stating whether or not the forensic disability service has the capacity for the patient's detention and care.	23 24 25 26 27
	'(3)	The director (forensic disability) may give the certificate to the tribunal.	28 29
	'(4)	The tribunal may ask the director (forensic disability) to give the tribunal a certificate of the chief executive (forensic	30 31

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		disability) stating whether or not the forensic disability service has the capacity for the patient's detention and care.	1 2
	'(5)	If the tribunal makes a request under subsection (4), the director (forensic disability) must give the certificate to the tribunal within—	3 4 5
		(a) 7 days after receiving the request; or	6
		(b) any longer period allowed by the tribunal.'.	7
229	Am	nendment of s 257 (Reference to Mental Health Court)	8
		Section 257(1)—	9
		insert—	10
		'(e) if the person is receiving care under this Act for an intellectual disability—the director.'.	11 12
230		placement of s 288 (Mental Health Court may make ensic order)	13 14
		Section 288—	15
		omit, insert—	16
'288	Ме	ntal Health Court may make forensic order	17
	'(1)	This section applies if, on a reference, the Mental Health Court decides a person charged with an indictable offence—	18 19
		(a) was of unsound mind when the alleged offence was committed; or	20 21
		(b) is unfit for trial for the alleged offence and the unfitness for trial is of a permanent nature; or	22 23
		(c) is unfit for trial for the alleged offence and the unfitness for trial is not of a permanent nature.	24 25
	'(2)	The court may make an order in accordance with this division (a <i>forensic order (Mental Health Court)</i> or a <i>forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability)</i>) for a person mentioned	26 27 28

	in subsection (1)(a) or (b) that the person be detained for involuntary treatment or care.	1 2
'(3)	The court must make an order in accordance with this division (also a <i>forensic order (Mental Health Court)</i> or a <i>forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability)</i>) for a person mentioned in subsection (1)(c) that the person be detained for involuntary treatment or care.	3 4 5 6 7
'(4)	In deciding whether to make an order under subsection (2), the court must have regard to the following—	8 9
	(a) the seriousness of the offence;	10
	(b) the person's treatment or care needs;	11
	(c) the protection of the community.	12
'(5)	After deciding to make an order under subsection (2), or for the purpose of making an order as required under subsection (3), the court must consider whether the person's unsoundness of mind or unfitness for trial is a consequence of an intellectual disability.	13 14 15 16 17
'(6)	If the court does not consider the person's unsoundness of mind or unfitness for trial is a consequence of an intellectual disability, the order—	18 19 20
	(a) must be a forensic order (Mental Health Court); and	21
	(b) must state that the person is to be detained in a stated authorised mental health service for involuntary treatment or care.	22 23 24
'(7)	If the court considers the person's unsoundness of mind or unfitness for trial is a consequence of an intellectual disability, the order—	25 26 27
	(a) must be a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability); and	28 29
	(b) subject to subsections (8) and (9), must state which of the following services the person is to be detained in for care—	30 31 32
	(i) the forensic disability service:	33

	(ii) a stated authorised mental health service.	1
'(8)	In deciding whether a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability) is to state that the person is to be detained in the forensic disability service for care, the court must have regard to the following—	2 3 4 5
	(a) whether the person has an intellectual or cognitive disability within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act but does not require involuntary treatment for a mental illness under this Act;	6 7 8 9
	(b) whether the person is likely to benefit from care and support within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act provided in the forensic disability service.	10 11 12
' (9)	A forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability), must not state that the person to whom the order relates be detained in the forensic disability service for care unless a certificate given to the court under section 288AA states that the forensic disability service has the capacity for the person's detention and care.	13 14 15 16 17
'(10)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the court is not required to have regard to the matters mentioned in subsection (8)(a) and (b), or a certificate given to the court under section 288AA, in deciding whether to make an order under subsection (2).	19 20 21 22 23
'(11)	A forensic order (Mental Health Court) or a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability) must be in the approved form.	24 25 26
'(12)	In this section—	27
	benefit means benefit by way of individual development and opportunities for quality of life and participation and inclusion in the community.	28 29 30
'288AA Ce	ertificate of forensic disability service availability	31
'(1)	This section applies for the purpose of the Mental Health Court deciding whether a forensic order (Mental Health	32 33

		Court—Disability) is to state that the person to whom the order relates is to be detained in the forensic disability service for care.	1 2 3
	'(2)	If asked by the director (forensic disability), the chief executive (forensic disability) must give the director (forensic disability) a certificate stating whether or not the forensic disability service has the capacity for the person's detention and care.	4 5 6 7 8
	'(3)	The director (forensic disability) may give the certificate to the court.	9 10
	'(4)	The court may ask the director (forensic disability) to give the court a certificate of the chief executive (forensic disability) stating whether or not the forensic disability service has the capacity for the person's detention and care.	11 12 13 14
	'(5)	If the court makes a request under subsection (4), the director (forensic disability) must give the certificate to the court within—	15 16 17
		(a) 7 days after receiving the request; or	18
		(b) any longer period allowed by the court.'.	19
231		nendment of s 288A (Effect of new forensic order on sting forensic order)	20 21
		Section 288A(2)—	22
		omit, insert—	23
	'(2)	If there is any inconsistency between the new forensic order and the old forensic order to the extent of—	24 25
		(a) any limited community treatment ordered or approved under the orders; or	26 27
		(b) the place of detention under the orders;	28
		the new forensic order prevails over the old forensic order to the extent of the inconsistency.'.	29 30

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232			ment of ch 7, pt 7, div 2, sdiv 4, hdg aneous provisions)	1 2
		Chap	oter 7, part 7, division 2, subdivision 4, heading—	3
		omit	, insert—	4
'Divi	ision	3	Miscellaneous	5
'Sub	divi	sion	1 General'.	6
233			nent of s 306 (Administrator to give notice of order to patient's allied person)	7 8
		Sect	ion 306, from 'making'—	9
		omit	, insert—	10
		ʻfollo	owing to the patient's allied person—	11
		(a)	the making of the forensic order for the patient;	12
		(b)	any change to the forensic order under section 607.'.	13
234			nent of s 309A (Policies and practice guidelines eatment and care of forensic patients etc.)	14 15
	(1)	Sect	ion 309A(2), from 'about'—	16
		omit	, insert—	17
		'abo	ut—	18
		(a)	the care of a patient subject to a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability) for the patient's detention in an authorised mental health service; and	19 20 21
		(b)	the treatment and care of a special notification forensic patient in an authorised mental health service.'.	22 23
	(2)	Sect	ion 309A(3) and (4)—	24
		renu	mber as section 309A(5) and (6).	25

ſs	235
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(3	3) Sect	ion 309A—	1
	inse	rt—	2
'(.	disa	director must consult with the director (forensic bility) in preparing policies and practice guidelines tioned in subsection (2)(a).	3 4 5
'(4		ure to comply with subsection (3) does not affect the dity of the policy or practice guideline.'.	6 7
235 I	nsertio	n of new ch 7, pt 7, div 3, sdiv 2	8
	Cha	pter 7, part 7, division 3—	9
	inse	rt—	10
'Subdi	vision	2 Temporary detention of particular forensic disability clients	11 12
	Tempors service	ary detention in authorised mental health	13 14
'(1	take	s section applies if a forensic disability client (the <i>client</i>) is in to an authorised mental health service under the ensic Disability Act, section 113(2)(b) or (4).	15 16 17
'(2	agre	client may be detained in the health service for the period ed between the director and the director (forensic bility).	18 19 20
'(.		ject to subsection (4), the period agreed must not be more 3 days.	21 22
'(4	that	director and the director (forensic disability) may agree the client be detained in the health service for longer than ys if—	23 24 25
	(a)	both the director and the director (forensic disability) are satisfied it is in the client's best interests to do so having regard to the client's health and safety; and	26 27 28
	(b)	the director (forensic disability) has given the director written notice detailing the arrangements for returning	29 30

			to the forensic disability service, before or at the end of the longer period, the responsibility for the client's care.	1 2
	'(5)	men	director must give written notice of an agreement tioned in subsection (2) or (4) to the administrator of the th service.	3 4 5
309C	App	olicat	tion of existing forensic order	6
	'(1)		le a forensic disability client is detained in an authorised tal health service under section 309B(2)—	7 8
		(a)	the client's applicable forensic order applies as if it were an order for the client's detention in the health service for care; and	9 10 11
		(b)	the applicable forensic order and this Act are to be read with the changes necessary for the client's detention and care in the health service; and	12 13 14
		(c)	the Forensic Disability Act (other than sections 34, 152 and 156) does not apply to the client.	15 16
	'(2)	healt the appr force as if	th service under section 309B(2), any authorisation under Forensic Disability Act, section 20, or any order or oval of the tribunal or Mental Health Court, that is in a for limited community treatment for the client continues the authorisation, order or approval were given or made the client, as a patient, under this Act.	17 18 19 20 21 22 23
	'(3)	givir orde is do powe	nout limiting subsection (1) or (2), for the purpose of ag effect to the applicable forensic order or authorisation, or or approval mentioned in subsection (2) while the client detained in the health service, a person may exercise a der, and has the obligations, under this Act in relation to belient as if the client were a forensic patient.	24 25 26 27 28 29
	'(4)		he end of the client's period of detention in the health ice under section 309B(2)—	30 31
		(a)	the Forensic Disability Act applies to the client; and	32

		(b) the	e client—	1
		(i)	is to be detained in the forensic disability service under the applicable forensic order; or	2 3
		(ii)) may undertake any limited community treatment under an authorisation that is in force for the client under the Forensic Disability Act, section 20 or an order of the tribunal or Mental Health Court that is in force for the client.	4 5 6 7 8
	'(5)	transferr	er, subsection (4) does not apply if the client is red to an authorised mental health service under the c Disability Act, section 34.	9 10 11
	'(6)	In this so	ection—	12
			ble forensic order means the client's applicable order within the meaning of the Forensic Disability	13 14 15
236			nt of s 318O (Tribunal may make forensic ormation order)	16 17
	(1)	Section	318O, heading, 'patient'—	18
		omit.		19
	(2)		318O(1), from '(a forensic patient information to '(the forensic patient information)'—	20 21
		omit, ins	sert—	22
		the pers	nsic information order) about a forensic patient that on be given notice of the following information (the information)'.	23 24 25
	(3)	Section	318O(1)—	26
		insert—		27
			e fact that an application has been made under section of 1 for an approval for the patient to move out of	28 29

		'(da) the fact that the patient has been transferred from an authorised mental health service to the forensic disability service under a transfer order, and the date of the transfer;'.	1 2 3 4
	(4)	Section 318O(1)(h), '(f) or (g)'—	5
		omit, insert—	6
		'(h) or (i)'.	7
	(5)	Section 318O(1)(ba) to (k)—	8
		renumber as section 318O(1)(c) to (m).	9
	(6)	Section 318O—	10
		insert—	11
'(1	A)	An order made under subsection (1) about a forensic disability client who is detained in an authorised mental health service for more than 3 days under section 309B may also provide that the person be given notice of the fact that the client is detained temporarily in an authorised mental health service.'.	12 13 14 15 16
	(7)	Section 318O(2), from 'If' to 'information', second mention—	17 18
		omit, insert—	19
		'If a forensic information order is made about the forensic patient, the forensic information'.	20 21
	(8)	Section 318O(3)(b), (4) and (5), 'forensic patient information'—	22 23
		omit, insert—	24
		'forensic information'.	25
237	Am	endment of s 319 (Decisions to which part applies)	26
	(1)	Section 319(c)—	27
		renumber as section 319(d)	28

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	(2)	Sect	ion 319—	1
		inse	rt—	2
		'(c)	a decision of the tribunal under chapter 5, part 1, division 2A, for a transfer order for a patient;'.	3 4
238	Am	nendr	nent of s 325 (Appeal powers)	5
		Sect	ion 325(2)(b), after '(other than this part)'—	6
		inse	rt—	7
		ʻand	the Forensic Disability Act'.	8
239	Am	nendr	nent of s 383 (Jurisdiction)	9
		Sect	ion 383(1)—	10
		inse	rt—	11
		'(d)	investigating the detention of forensic disability clients in the forensic disability service;	12 13
		(e)	deciding applications made under section 607 for an order changing a forensic order (Mental Health Court) to a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability).'.	14 15 16
240	Am	nendr	nent of s 389 (Functions)	17
		Sect	ion 389(1)(c)(ii)—	18
		omit	t, insert—	19
			'(ii) about clinical issues relating to the treatment, care and detention needs of persons under this Act; and	20 21
			(iii) about clinical issues relating to the care and detention needs of persons under the Forensic Disability Act.'.	22 23 24

pic	nendment of s 400 (Registrar's power to require oduction of documents)
(1)	Section 400(1), after 'service'—
	insert—
	'or the forensic disability service'.
(2)	Section 400(3) to (5), 'commissioner of the police service or director of public prosecutions'—
	omit, insert—
	'prosecuting authority'.
(3)	Section 400(5), 'commissioner or director of public prosecutions'—
	omit, insert—
	'prosecuting authority'.
Am	nendment of s 401 (Registrar's power to require person
to l	nendment of s 401 (Registrar's power to require person be brought before Mental Health Court) Section 401(1)(b)—
to l	be brought before Mental Health Court)
to	be brought before Mental Health Court) Section 401(1)(b)—
to (1)	be brought before Mental Health Court) Section 401(1)(b)— renumber as section 401(1)(c).
to	be brought before Mental Health Court) Section 401(1)(b)— renumber as section 401(1)(c). Section 401(1)— insert— '(b) require the administrator under the Forensic Disability
to (1) (2)	be brought before Mental Health Court) Section 401(1)(b)— renumber as section 401(1)(c). Section 401(1)— insert— '(b) require the administrator under the Forensic Disability Act to bring a forensic disability client before the court
to (1) (2)	Section 401(1)(b)— renumber as section 401(1)(c). Section 401(1)— insert— '(b) require the administrator under the Forensic Disability Act to bring a forensic disability client before the court at a stated time and place; or'.

[s 244]

		exa	imple—	1
		(a)	a person with appropriate communication skills or appropriate cultural or social knowledge or experience; or	2 3 4
		(b)	a person with expertise in the aetiology, behaviour and care of persons with an intellectual disability.'.	5 6
244	Am	nendr	ment of s 437 (Jurisdiction)	7
	(1)	Sect	tion 437(c), after 'patients'—	8
		inse	rt—	9
		ʻand	I forensic disability clients'.	10
	(2)	Sect	tion 437(e), 'patient'—	11
		omii	t.	12
	(3)	Sect	tion 437—	13
		inse	rt—	14
		'(i)	deciding applications for orders for the transfer of persons from an authorised mental health service to the forensic disability service, or from the forensic disability service to an authorised mental health service;	15 16 17 18
			Note—	19
			See section 169A and the Forensic Disability Act, sections 33 and 34.	20 21
		(j)	deciding appeals against decisions of the administrator under the Forensic Disability Act to refuse to allow persons to visit forensic disability clients in the forensic disability service.'.	22 23 24 25
245	Am	nendr	ment of s 440 (Appointment of members)	26
	(1)	Sect	tion 440(6)—	27
		renu	umber as section 440(7).	28

	(2)	Section 440—	1
		insert—	2
	'(6)	Also, in recommending persons for appointment as members, if the Minister is not responsible for administering the Forensic Disability Act, the Minister must consult with the Minister responsible for administering that Act.'.	3 4 5 6
246		nendment of s 447 (Members constituting tribunal for arings)	7 8
	(1)	Section 447(1), note—	9
		omit.	10
	(2)	Section 447(1)(d)—	11
		omit, insert—	12
		'(d) an application for a forensic information order;	13
		Note—	14
		Under section 318R, an application for a forensic information order may also be decided by the president on the papers or during the hearing for a review for the person about whom the order is sought.'.	15 16 17 18
	(3)	Section 447(1)—	19
		insert—	20
		'(f) an application for an order for the transfer of a person from an authorised mental health service to the forensic disability service, or from the forensic disability service to an authorised mental health service;	21 22 23 24
		(g) an appeal against a decision of the administrator under the Forensic Disability Act to refuse to allow a person to visit a forensic disability client in the forensic disability service.'.	25 26 27 28

247		endment of s 448 (When tribunal may be constituted ess than 3 members)	1 2
		Section 448—	3
		insert—	4
		of a person from an authorised mental health service to the forensic disability service, or from the forensic disability service to an authorised mental health	5 6 7 8 9
		(e) for the hearing of an appeal against a decision of the administrator within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act to refuse to allow a person to visit a forensic disability client in the forensic disability service—if the president is satisfied it is appropriate and expedient to do so.'.	11 12 13 14 15
248	Inse	ertion of new s 451A	17
		After section 451—	18
		insert—	19
'451A		nt of appearance—application for order for sfer to forensic disability service	20 21
•		The following persons may appear in person at the hearing of an application for an order for the transfer of a patient from an authorised mental health service to the forensic disability service—	22 23 24 25
		(a) the patient;	26
		(b) the director;	27
		(c) director (forensic disability);	28
		(d) the Attorney-General.	29
•			30 31 32

	'(3)	presi	t a tribunal hearing, the patient is not represented, the iding member may appoint a person to represent the ent's views, wishes and interests.	1 2 3
		Note-	_	4
			e tribunal may, under section 463, adjourn the hearing to allow the pointment to be made.'.	5 6
249	Am	nendn	nent of s 462 (Appointment of assistants)	7
		Secti	ion 462, from 'example'—	8
		omit,	, insert—	9
		'exa	mple—	10
		(a)	a person with appropriate communication skills or appropriate cultural or social knowledge or experience; or	11 12 13
		(b)	a person with expertise in the aetiology, behaviour and care of persons with an intellectual disability.'.	14 15
250	Ins	ertio	n of new s 493B	16
		Chap	oter 13, part 1, division 2—	17
		inser	<i>t</i> —	18
'493E			nformation about patient to director (forensic y) or nominee	19 20
	'(1)		director, or a person nominated by the director, may give mation about a person who is or was a patient to—	21 22
		(a)	the director (forensic disability); or	23
		(b)	a person nominated by the director (forensic disability).	24
	'(2)	direction direction	ever, the director may only give the information if the etor is satisfied the information is reasonably necessary enabling the director (forensic disability) to perform that etor's functions under the Forensic Disability Act.	25 26 27 28
	'(3)		section does not limit section 169K	20

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	'(4)	In this section—	1
		information includes a document.'.	2
251	Am	nendment of s 518 (Offences relating to ill-treatment)	3
	(1)	Section 518(2), penalty—	4
		omit, insert—	5
		'Maximum penalty—150 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment.'.	6 7
	(2)	Section 518(3), definition ill-treat, 'neglect or molest'—	8
		omit, insert—	9
		'abuse, neglect or exploit'.	10
252		nendment of s 519 (Offences relating to patients in stody absconding)	11 12
	(1)	Section 519(1)(a)(ii) and (iii)—	13
		renumber as section 519(1)(a)(iii) and (iv).	14
	(2)	Section 519(1)(a)—	15
		insert—	16
		'(ii) to the forensic disability service; or'.	17
253	Ins	ertion of new ss 541A and 541B	18
		After section 541—	19
		insert—	20
'541 <i>i</i>		suring patient understands things told or plained to the patient	21 22
	'(1)	If a provision of this Act requires a person to tell or explain something to a patient, the person must do so—	23 24
		(a) in the language or way the patient is most likely to understand; and	25 26

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			[]	
		(b)	in a way that has appropriate regard to the patient's age, culture, mental illness, communication ability and any disability.	1 2 3
	'(2)	pers	the person believes the patient has not understood what the son told or explained to the patient, the person must record its of the fact in the patient's file.	4 5 6
'541E	B Eff	ect o	f order for transfer on forensic order	7
	'(1)		s section applies if a patient is transferred to an authorised atal health service under—	8 9
		(a)	an order made under section 166 or 167; or	10
		(b)	an order of the tribunal or Mental Health Court.	11
	'(2)		the the person is a forensic patient, the forensic order ting to the person—	12 13
		(a)	continues to apply to the person; and	14
		(b)	is to be read with any changes necessary to give it effect, subject to the order mentioned in subsection (1), in relation to the person's treatment or care under this Act.'.	15 16 17 18
254	Ins	ertio	n of new ch 16, pt 5	19
		Cha	pter 16—	20
		inse	rt—	21

'Part 5		Transitional provisions for Forensic Disability Act 2011	1 2
'Div	isior	1 Initial transfer of patients to forensic disability service	3 4
'602	Tra	insfer order	5
	'(1)	This section applies to a patient who, at the commencement, is subject to a forensic order (Mental Health Court) for the patient's detention in an authorised mental health service.	6 7 8
	'(2)	Within 6 months after the commencement, the director may, by written order, transfer the patient from the authorised mental health service to the forensic disability service if—	9 10 11
		(a) the director is satisfied the transfer is in the patient's best interests; and	12 13
		(b) the director (forensic disability) agrees to the transfer.	14
	'(3)	Chapter 5, part 1, division 2A, subdivision 3 and section 169M apply in relation to the transfer.	15 16
		Note—	17
		Chapter 5, part 1, division 2A, subdivision 3 provides for taking the patient to the forensic disability service, giving information for facilitating the patient's transfer and care and administering medication to the patient, and section 169M provides for the continuation of matters under particular provisions.	18 19 20 21 22
	'(4)	In this section—	23
		commencement means the commencement of this section.	24
'603		ector to give notice of transfer order to tribunal d others	25 26
		'Within 7 days after making the transfer order, the director must give written notice of the order to each of the following—	27 28 29

		(a)	the tribunal;	1
		(b)	the administrator of the patient's treating health service;	2
		(c)	if any proceeding involving the patient has started but not finished—each entity the director considers has a sufficient interest in the proceeding.	3 4 5
			Example—	6
			the Mental Health Court, the director of public prosecutions or other prosecuting agency	7 8
'604			strator to give notice of transfer order to and allied person	9 10
			e administrator of the patient's treating health service must notice of the transfer order to—	11 12
		(a)	the patient; and	13
		(b)	the patient's allied person.	14
605	Со	ntinu	ation of existing forensic order	15
	'(1)		the admission of the patient to the forensic disability ice under the transfer order, the patient's existing forensic er—	16 17 18
		(a)	applies to the patient, as a forensic disability client, as if it were a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability) for the patient's detention in the forensic disability service; and	19 20 21 22
		(b)	is to be read, or continued in force, with the changes necessary—	23 24
			(a) to make it consistent with the Forensic Disability Act; and	25 26
			(b) to adapt its operation to that Act.	27
	'(2)		section (1) does not affect a power of the tribunal or	28

	'(3)	Without limiting subsection (2), the tribunal may carry out a review and make a decision about the existing forensic order under chapter 6, part 3.	1 2 3
	'(4)	Subsection (1) stops applying in relation to the patient, as a forensic disability client, when whichever of the following happens first—	4 5 6
		(a) the period of 1 year starting on the day the patient is admitted to the forensic disability service under the transfer order ends;	7 8 9
		(b) the Mental Health Court makes an order changing the existing forensic order under division 2.	10 11
	'(5)	In this section—	12
		existing forensic order means the forensic order (Mental Health Court) that was in force for the patient immediately before the patient's admission to the forensic disability service under the transfer order.	13 14 15 16
'Div	ision	2 Changing existing forensic order	17
'Div '606		2 Changing existing forensic order	17 18
		finitions for div 2	18
		finitions for div 2 In this division—	18 19
	Def	finitions for div 2 In this division— commencement means the commencement of this section. existing forensic order, for a person, means a forensic order (Mental Health Court) in force, immediately before the commencement, for the person's detention in an authorised	18 19 20 21 22 23

'(2)	char (Me	application to the Mental Health Court for an order aging the existing forensic order to a forensic order ntal Health Court—Disability) may be made by any of the owing—	1 2 3 4
	(a)	the person to whom the existing forensic order relates, or someone else on behalf of the person;	5 6
	(b)	the director;	7
	(c)	the director (forensic disability);	8
	(d)	the director and the director (forensic disability) acting jointly.	9 10
' (3)	The	application—	11
	(a)	must be in writing; and	12
	(b)	must be accompanied by sufficient documentation to enable the court to decide the application.	13 14
		Examples—	15
		 a multidisciplinary assessment of the person to whom the existing forensic order relates 	16 17
		 any expert report previously submitted to the court in relation to the person 	18 19
		 any current or proposed treatment plan, or individual development plan within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act, for the person 	20 21 22
		 any relevant psychiatrist's report for the person 	23
'(4)		ore deciding the application, the court must give each want person, other than the applicant, the following—	24 25
	(a)	a copy of the application;	26
	(b)	an invitation to the relevant person to make submissions in writing to the court within a reasonable time about the application.	27 28 29
'(5)	relat give	vever, for the person to whom the existing forensic order tes, the documents mentioned in subsection (4) must be in by the court to the director, who must then give them to person.	30 31 32 33

	'(6)	The court is taken to have given the documents to the person to whom the existing forensic order relates if the court has given them to the director.	1 2 3
	'(7)	In this section—	4
		relevant person means each of the following—	5
		(a) the person to whom the existing forensic order relates;	6
		(b) the director;	7
		(c) the director (forensic disability);	8
		(d) the Attorney-General.	9
'608	Co	urt's powers	10
	'(1)	In deciding the application, the Mental Health Court must consider whether the person's unsoundness of mind or unfitness for trial which resulted in the existing forensic order was a consequence of an intellectual disability.	11 12 13 14
	'(2)	The court may, by order—	15
		(a) confirm the existing forensic order; or	16
		(b) change the existing forensic order to a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability).	17 18
	'(3)	However, the court may make an order under subsection (2)(b) only if the court considers the person's unsoundness of mind or unfitness for trial was a consequence of an intellectual disability.	19 20 21 22
	'(4)	Subject to subsections (5) and (6), an order made under subsection (2)(b) must also state which of the following services the person is to be detained in for care—	23 24 25
		(a) the forensic disability service;	26
		(b) a stated authorised mental health service.	27
	'(5)	In deciding whether the person is to be detained in the forensic disability service for care, the court must have regard to the following—	28 29 30

	(a) whether the person has an intellectual or cognitive disability within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act but does not require involuntary treatment for a mental illness under this Act;	1 2 3 4
	(b) whether the person is likely to benefit from care and support within the meaning of the Forensic Disability Act provided in the forensic disability service.	5 6 7
'(6)	The court must not decide that the person be detained in the forensic disability service for care unless a certificate given to the court under section 288AA states that the forensic disability service has the capacity for the person's detention and care.	8 9 10 11 12
'(7)	On the making of an order under subsection (2)(b), the existing forensic order is taken to be a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability).	13 14 15
'(8)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the court is not required to have regard to the matters mentioned in subsection (5)(a) and (b), or a certificate given to the court under section 288AA, in deciding whether to make an order under subsection (2).	16 17 18 19 20
'(9)	This section does not limit the court's powers under section 288 or 289 in relation to—	21 22
	(a) the existing forensic order; or	23
	(b) the forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability).	24
'(10)	In this section—	25
	benefit means benefit by way of individual development and opportunities for quality of life and participation and inclusion in the community.	26 27 28
'609 No	otice of decision	29
	'The registrar must give a copy of the Mental Health Court's decision to the following persons—	30

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		(a)	the parties to the proceeding;	1
		(b)	the tribunal.	2
'610			t director to give notice of decision to administrator	3 4
	'(1)		relevant director must give written notice of the Mental th Court's decision to the relevant administrator.	5 6
	'(2)	In th	is section—	7
		relev	vant administrator means—	8
		(a)	if the person to whom the existing forensic order relates is a patient—the administrator of the patient's treating health service; or	9 10 11
		(b)	if the person to whom the existing forensic order relates is a forensic disability client—the administrator under the Forensic Disability Act.	12 13 14
		relev	vant director means—	15
		(a)	if the person to whom the existing forensic order relates is a patient—the director; or	16 17
		(b)	if the person to whom the existing forensic order relates is a forensic disability client—the director (forensic disability).	18 19 20
'611	Eff	ect of	f order on existing forensic order	21
		'If to order as cl	here is an inconsistency between the existing forensic r and that order as changed under section 608, that order hanged under section 608 prevails to the extent of the nsistency.	22 23 24 25
'612	Ар	peal a	against Mental Health Court decision	26
	'(1)		following persons may appeal to the Court of Appeal nst a decision of the Mental Health Court under section	27 28 29

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		(a)	the person to whom the existing forensic order relates, or someone else on behalf of the person;	1 2
		(b)	the director;	3
		(c)	the director (forensic disability);	4
		(d)	the director and the director (forensic disability) acting jointly.	5
	'(2)		ions 335, 336, 337(1), (2), (4) and (7) and 338 apply for appeal.	8
Div	ision	3	Other provisions	9
613			tion and validation concerning special tion forensic patients	1
	'(1)	have Disa Febr Men	ing the transitional period, section 305A is taken always to applied in relation to a forensic patient as if the <i>Forensic ability Act 2011</i> , section 232 had commenced on 28 muary 2008 immediately after the commencement of the tal Health and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2007, ion 24.	1 1 1 1 1
	'(2)	In th	is section—	1
		tran	sitional period means the period—	1
		(a)	starting immediately after the commencement of the <i>Mental Health and Other Legislation Amendment Act</i> 2007, section 24; and	2 2 2
		(b)	ending at the end of the day before the commencement of the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> , section 232.	2 2
614	Ref	eren	ces to forensic patient information	2
		info	reference in any Act or document to forensic patient rmation is, if the context permits, taken to be a reference prensic information.	2 2 2

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'615	Re	ferences to forensic patient information orders	1
		'A reference in any Act or document to a forensic patient information order is, if the context permits, taken to be a reference to a forensic information order.	2 3 4
'616		ders made under s 318O(1) before mmencement	5 6
		'An order made under section 318O(1) before the commencement of this section is taken to be a forensic information order.	7 8 9
'617	Pro	ovision about Mental Health Regulation 2002	10
		'The amendment of the <i>Mental Health Regulation 2002</i> by the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> does not affect the power of the Governor in Council to further amend the regulation or to repeal it.'.	11 12 13 14
255	Am	nendment of sch 2 (Dictionary)	15
	(1)	Schedule 2, definitions forensic order, forensic order (Mental Health Court), forensic patient information, forensic patient information order, hearing, mechanical restraint, party and seclusion—	16 17 18 19
		omit.	20
	(2)	Schedule 2—	21
		insert—	22
		'chief executive (forensic disability) means the chief executive of the department in which the Forensic Disability Act 2011 is administered.	23 24 25
		director (forensic disability) means the director under the Forensic Disability Act.	26 27
		Forensic Disability Act means the Forensic Disability Act 2011.	28 29

•	<i>nsic</i> on 10	disability client see the Forensic Disability Act,	1 2
		disability service means the forensic disability der the Forensic Disability Act.	3 4
<i>fore</i> 3181		information, for chapter 7A, part 2, see section	5 6
fore	nsic ii	nformation order see section 318O(1).	7
fore	nsic o	rder means—	8
(a)	a for	rensic order (Criminal Code); or	9
(b)	a for	rensic order (Mental Health Court); or	10
(c)	a for	rensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability); or	11
(d)	a for	rensic order (Minister).	12
<i>fore</i> (3).	nsic o	order (Mental Health Court) see section 288(2) and	13 14
•	<i>nsic o</i> (2) and	rder (Mental Health Court—Disability) see section d (3).	15 16
hear	ing, 1	means—	17
(a)	for t	he tribunal—	18
	(i)	the hearing for a review, treatment application or application for a forensic information order; or	19 20
	(ii)	the hearing of an application for approval for a patient to move out of Queensland; or	21 22
	(iii)	the hearing of an appeal against a decision to exclude a visitor from an authorised mental health service; or	23 24 25
	(iv)	the hearing of an appeal against a decision to refuse to allow a person to visit a forensic disability client in the forensic disability service; or	26 27 28
	(v)	the hearing of an application for a transfer order; or	29
	(vi)	the hearing of an application for an order for the transfer of a forensic disability client from the	30 31

		forensic disability service to an authorised mental health service; or	1 2
(b)	for t	he Mental Health Court—	3
	(i)	the hearing of an appeal against a decision of the tribunal under chapter 5, part 1, division 2A for a transfer order for a patient; or	4 5 6
	(ii)	the hearing of an appeal against a review decision or a treatment application; or	7 8
	(iii)	the hearing of a reference or withdrawal of a reference; or	9 10
	(iv)	the hearing of an application under section 607 to change a patient's forensic order (Mental Health Court) to a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability).	11 12 13 14
intel	lectu	al disability includes a cognitive disability.	15
mec	hanic	al restraint see section 162A.	16
part	y mea	ns—	17
(a)	adm unde visit	an appeal to the tribunal against a decision of the inistrator of an authorised mental health service er chapter 10, part 4 to refuse to allow a person to a patient in the health service—the appellant or the inistrator of the health service; or	18 19 20 21 22
(b)	adm Fore visit	an appeal to the tribunal against a decision of the inistrator of the forensic disability service under the ensic Disability Act to refuse to allow a person to a forensic disability client in that service—the ellant or the administrator of that service; or	23 24 25 26 27
(c)	unde at th	another proceeding in the tribunal—a person who, er chapter 12, part 4, has a right to appear in person he hearing of the proceeding, regardless of whether person appears or is represented at the hearing; or	28 29 30 31
(d)		a proceeding in the Mental Health Court on an	32 33

	treatment application, a decision under chapter 5, part 1, division 2A for a transfer order for a patient or a decision on an application under that part, division 3 for approval that a patient move out of Queensland—	1 2 3 4
	(i) a party to the proceeding in the tribunal for the review or application; or	5 6
	(ii) the director, if the director is the appellant or elects to become a party to the proceeding; or	7 8
(e)	for a proceeding in the Mental Health Court on an appeal against a decision on an application under chapter 5, part 1, division 2A for an order for the transfer of a forensic disability client from the forensic disability service to an authorised mental health service—	9 10 11 12 13 14
	(i) a party to the proceeding in the tribunal for the application; or	15 16
	(ii) the director, if the director is the appellant or elects to become a party to the proceeding; or	17 18
	(iii) the director (forensic disability), if that director elects to become a party to the proceeding; or	19 20
(f)	for a proceeding in the Mental Health Court on a reference not mentioned in paragraph (g)—	21 22
	(i) the person the subject of the reference; or	23
	(ii) the director; or	24
	(iii) the director of public prosecutions; or	25
(g)	for a proceeding in the Mental Health Court on a reference about a person who has an intellectual disability—	26 27 28
	(i) the person the subject of the reference; or	29
	(ii) the director, if the director elects to become a party to the proceeding; or	30 31

	(iii) the director (forensic disability), if that director elects to become a party to the proceeding; or	1 2
	(iv) the director of public prosecutions; or	3
(h)	for a proceeding in the Mental Health Court on an application to withdraw a reference—the parties to the proceeding for the reference; or	4 5 6
(i)	for a proceeding in the Mental Health Court on an application to inquire into a patient's detention in an authorised mental health service—	7 8 9
	(i) the patient; or	10
	(ii) the applicant; or	11
	(iii) the director.	12
(j)	for a proceeding in the Mental Health Court on an application to inquire into a forensic disability client's detention in the forensic disability service—	13 14 15
	(i) the forensic disability client; or	16
	(ii) the applicant; or	17
	(iii) the director (forensic disability);	18
(k)	for a proceeding in the Mental Health Court on an application under section 607 to change a person's forensic order (Mental Health Court) to a forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability)—	19 20 21 22
	(a) the person to whom the existing forensic order relates, or someone else on behalf of the person; or	23 24
	(b) the director; or	25
	(c) the director (forensic disability); or	26
	(d) the director and the director (forensic disability) acting jointly; or	27 28
	(e) the Attorney-General.	29
-	ecuting authority, for an offence, means the missioner of the police service, director of public	30 31

	prosecutions or other entity responsible for prosecuting the proceeding for the offence.	1 2
	seclusion see section 162J.	3
	<i>transfer order</i> , other than in sections 126, 165 and 166, means an order made by—	4 5
	(a) the director under section 169A or 602; or	6
	(b) the tribunal or the Mental Health Court;	7
	for the transfer of a patient from an authorised mental health service to the forensic disability service.'.	8 9
(3)	Schedule 3, definition <i>brief of evidence</i> , paragraph (a), 'commissioner of the police service or director of public prosecutions'—	10 11 12
	omit, insert—	13
	'prosecuting authority'.	14
(4)	Schedule 2, definition care, after 'rehabilitation,'—	15
	insert—	16
	'habilitation,'.	17
(5)	Schedule 2, definition less restrictive, 'or treatment'—	18
	omit, insert—	19
	', treatment or care'.	20
(6)	Schedule 2, definition <i>limited community treatment</i> , 'rehabilitation'—	21 22
	omit, insert—	23
	'care'.	24

Part	12	Amendment of Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000	1 2
256	Act amend	led	3
	This part 2000.	art amends the Police Powers and Responsibilities Act	4 5
257	Amendme	nt of sch 1 (Acts not affected by this Act)	6
	Schedu	le 1—	7
	insert–	_	8
	'Foren.	sic Disability Act 2011'.	9
Part	13	Amendment of Powers of	10
		Attorney Act 1998	11
258	Act amend	led	12
	This pa	art amends the Powers of Attorney Act 1998.	13
259	Insertion of	of new s 37A	14
	After s	ection 37—	15
	insert–	_	16
'37A	Act's relat	ionship with Forensic Disability Act	17
	Act 20 care or advance Act that	Forensic disability client under the <i>Forensic Disability II</i> who has given a direction about the person's health special health care, whether by giving a direction in an e health directive or otherwise, an interpretation of that at is consistent with this Act and the direction is to be ed to any other meaning.	18 19 20 21 22 23

	'(2) However, the <i>Forensic Disability Act</i> 20 case of inconsistency.'.	O11 prevails in the 1 2
Part	14 Amendment of Que Civil and Administr Tribunal Act 2009	
260	Act amended This part amends the Queensland Civil Tribunal Act 2009.	and Administrative 7 8
261	Insertion of new ch 10 After chapter 9— insert—	9 10 11
'Cha	apter 10 Transitional provi Forensic Disabili	
'283	'The amendment of the <i>Queensland Civil Tribunal Rules 2009</i> by the <i>Forensic Disab</i> not affect the power of the Governor in amend the rules or to repeal them.'.	and Administrative 15 bility Act 2011 does 16

Part	15	Civ	nendment of Queensland vil and Administrative bunal Rules 2009	1 2 3
262	Rules am	ended		4
	-	part amen nal Rules 2	ds the Queensland Civil and Administrative 2009.	5 6
263			1 (Alternative notice requirements for it persons with impaired capacity etc.)	7 8
	Rule 2	21(3)(b)(v	ii)—	9
	insert-			10
		'(D)	if the tribunal is aware the relevant adult is a forensic disability client within the meaning of the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> —the director of forensic disability under that Act;'.	11 12 13 14 15
Part	16		nendment of Residential	16
			rvices (Accreditation) Act	17
		20	02	18
264	Act amen	ded		19
	This p 2002.	art amend	ls the Residential Services (Accreditation) Act	20 21

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265	Amendment of s 4 (Meaning of <i>residential service</i>) Section 4(5)—	1 2
	insert—	3
	'(aa) the forensic disability service under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> ;'.	4 5
Part	17 Amendment of Residential Tenancies and Rooming	6 7
	Accommodation Act 2008	8
266	Act amended	9
	This part amends the Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008.	10 11
267	Amendment of s 44 (Rooming accommodation agreements to which Act does not apply)	12 13
	Section 44(1)—	14
	insert—	15
	'(ba) accommodation provided at the forensic disability service under the <i>Forensic Disability Act 2011</i> ;'.	16 17
Part	18 Amendment of Supreme Court	18
	of Queensland Act 1991	19
268	Act amended	20
	This part amends the Supreme Court of Queensland Act 1991.	21

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269	Insertion of	new s 141	1
	Part 11—		2
	insert—		3
'141	Transitional	provision for Forensic Disability Act 2011	4
	Forensic	endment of the Criminal Practice Rules 1999 by the Disability Act 2011 does not affect the power of the in Council to further amend the rules or to repeal	5 6 7 8
Cha	apter 15	Other amendment of legislation	9
070	l a sialadian a		10
270	Legislation a		11
	Schedule	2 amends the legislation it mentions.	12

Schedule 1		lle 1 Assessing intellectual functioning and adaptive behaviour	1 2 3
		section 12	4
1	Inte	ellectual functioning	5
	(1)	For section 12(1)(a), a standardised measurement of intelligence must be used, if practicable, to assess a person's general intellectual functioning.	6 7 8
	(2)	If a standardised measurement of intelligence is used—	9
		(a) the person must be taken to have significant limitations in intellectual functioning if the measurement indicates that the person has an intelligence not higher than 2 standard deviations below the population average; and	10 11 12 13
		(b) the person must be taken not to have significant limitations in intellectual functioning if the measurement indicates that the person has an intelligence not lower than 2 standard deviations below the population average.	14 15 16 17 18
	(3)	If the standardised measurement of intelligence is inconclusive as to whether or not the person has an intelligence higher or lower than 2 standard deviations below the population average, other indicators of general intellectual functioning may be taken into account in deciding whether or not the person has significant limitations in intellectual functioning.	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
	(4)	In applying the standardised measurement of intelligence, the test result must be considered within the 95% confidence level as decided by the standard error of measurement of the test.	26 27 28

2	Ad	aptiv	e behaviour	1
	(1)	adap	section 12(1)(a), a person has significant limitations in tive behaviour if the person has significant limitations in more of the following skill areas—	2 3 4
		(a)	communication;	5
		(b)	self-care;	6
		(c)	home living;	7
		(d)	social skills;	8
		(e)	use of community services;	9
		(f)	self-direction;	10
		(g)	health and safety;	11
		(h)	functional academics, including, for example, reading, writing and arithmetic;	12 13
		(i)	leisure;	14
		(j)	work.	15
	(2)	to as at or and	standardised measurement of adaptive behaviour is used ssess a person's adaptive behaviour and it indicates a score r below the second percentile of people of the same age cultural group, the person must be taken to have ificant limitations in adaptive behaviour.	16 17 18 19

Schedule 2		Legislation amended	
		section 270	2
Part	1	Amendment of this Act	3
1	Long title, fro	m 'disability,'—	4
	omit, insert	!	5
	'disability'		6
2	Section 9, 'sc	hedule 3'—	7
	omit, insert	!	8
	'schedule 2	2.	9
3	Schedule 3—		10
	renumber a	as schedule 2.	11
Part	2	Amendment of other legislation	12
Child	Protection (Offender Prohibition Order) Act 2008	13
1	Schedule, def	inition <i>forensic order</i> —	14
	omit, insert	t —	15
		rder means a following order within the meaning tal Health Act 2000—	16 17

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Scr	nedu	ıе	2

	(a)	forensic order (Criminal Code);	1
	(b)	forensic order (Mental Health Court);	2
	(c)	forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability).'.	3
.			
Chi	Id Protec	tion (Offender Reporting) Act 2004	4
1	Schedu	le 3, definition forensic order—	5
	omit	t, insert—	6
	U	ensic order means a following order under the Mental lth Act 2000—	7 8
	(a)	forensic order (Criminal Code);	9
	(b)	forensic order (Mental Health Court);	10
	(c)	forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability).'.	11
Gua	ardianshi	p and Administration Act 2000	12
1	Chapter	12, part 10, second occurring—	13
	renu	umber as chapter 12, part 11.	14
2	Section	268, second occurring—	15
	renu	umber as section 269	16

Меі	Mental Health Act 2000	
1	Sections 10, 44(1), note and 237A(1), 'schedule 2'— omit, insert— 'the schedule'.	2 3 4
2	Sections 25(2)(a), 26(3), 68(3), 90(5), 106(2), 117(5)(a), 119(6)(a), 159, 163(2)(a), 168(2)(a), 180(2), 181(3), 182(3)(a), 183(3)(a), 184(4), 185(3), 218(3), 252A(3), 273(3), 292(2), 305(2), 357(7), 424(3), 425(2), 431(2), 473(3), 508(3)(a), 509(3), 516(2), 541(4)(a) and 568(3)(a), 'the force, that is'—	5 6 7 8 9
	omit, insert—	11
	'the minimum force, that is necessary and'.	12
3	Section 72—	13
	insert—	14
	'Note—	15
	See section 537 about complying with provisions as soon as practicable, section 538 about complying with provisions to the extent reasonably practicable and section 541A about ensuring the patient understands things told or explained to the patient.'.	16 17 18 19
4	Sections 73(2), 116(2) and 309(2), from 'must' to 'assessment'—	20 21
	omit, insert—	22
	'carrying out an assessment of the patient must record details of it'.	23 24
5	Chapter 4, heading—	25
	omit, insert—	26

'Cł	napter 4	Treatment and care of patients'.	1 2
		•	
6	Sections 1	111(b) and 119(3)(b), footnotes—	3
	omit, ii	nsert—	4
	'Notes—	_	5
	p e	see section 537 about complying with provisions as soon as practicable, section 538 about complying with provisions to the extent reasonably practicable and section 541A about ensuring the patient understands things told or explained to the patient.	6 7 8 9
	p C	For a doctor's obligations to give particular information to the patient's personal attorney or personal guardian, see the Guardianship and Administration Act 2000, section 76 (Health providers to give information).'.	10 11 12 13
7	Sections 1	125(3)(b) and 127(2), footnotes—	14
	omit, ii	nsert—	15
	'Note—		16
	sectio practi	ection 537 about complying with provisions as soon as practicable, on 538 about complying with provisions to the extent reasonably cable and section 541A about ensuring the patient understands is told or explained to the patient.'.	17 18 19 20
8	Chapter 4	, part 3, heading, from 'treatments,'—	21
	omit, ii	nsert—	22
	'treatr	nents'.	23
9	After sect	ion 162—	24
	insert-	_	25
'Cł	napter 4		26
		patients'.	27

10	Chapter 4, part 3, divisions 3 and 4, as amended under this Act—	1 2
	relocate and renumber, in chapter 4A (as inserted under this Act), as parts 1 and 2.	3 4
11	Chapter 4, part 3, division 5—	5
	renumber as chapter 4, part 3, division 3.	6
12	Section 141, as relocated, heading, 'div 3'—	7
	omit, insert—	8
	'pt 1'.	9
13	Sections 141(1) and 142, as relocated, 'division'—	10
	omit, insert—	11
	'part'.	12
14	Section 143, as relocated, after 'treating'—	13
	insert—	14
	'or caring for'.	15
15	Section 144(f), as relocated, after 'treatment'—	16
	insert—	17
	'or care'.	18
16	Sections 141 to 147, as relocated—	19
	renumber as sections 162A to 162I.	20
17	Chapter 4A (as inserted under this Act), part 2 (as relocated and renumbered), subdivisions 1 to 6—	21 22
	renumber as divisions 1 to 6.	23

18	Section 148, as relocated, heading, 'div 4'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	'pt 2'.	3
19	Sections 148(1), 149, 152 and 159, as relocated, 'division'—	4 5
	omit, insert—	6
	'part'.	7
20	Section 155(2)(b)(ii), as relocated, '151'—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	'162M'.	10
21	Sections 148 to 160, as relocated—	11
	renumber as sections 162J to 162W.	12
22	Section 163(1), 'assessing or treating'—	13
	omit, insert—	14
	'the assessment, treatment or care of'.	15
23	Sections 167(1)(b) and 197(2)(b) and schedule 2, definition <i>capacity</i> , after 'treatment'—	16 17
	insert—	18
	', care'.	19
24	Chapter 5, part 1, division 3, before subdivision 1—	20
	insert—	21
	'Note—	22
	See the Forensic Disability Act, sections 130 and 139 for the application of this division for the purpose of that Act.	23

Chapter 6, part 3, before section 200—	1
insert—	2
'Note—	3
See the Forensic Disability Act, sections 131 and 139 for the application of this part for the purpose of that Act.'.	4 5
Chapter 6, part 4, before division 1—	6
insert—	7
'Note—	8
See the Forensic Disability Act, sections 131 and 139 for the application of this part for the purpose of that Act.'.	9 10
Sections 216(2)(c), 218(1)(a)(ii), 237(4)(b), 245(2)(b) and 324(2)(b), from 'the commissioner'—	11 12
omit, insert—	13
'the prosecuting authority;'.	14
Section 264(1)(b)—	15
omit, insert—	16
'(b) the prosecuting authority.'.	17
Sections 228C(1), 318(1)(b), 318M, 318N, 318P(2), 318Q(2)	18
and (3), 318S, 318T, 318U(1), 318V, 318W, 318X, 318Y, 318Z, 318ZA, 318ZB, 453, 458(2A), 465(3), 481(b), 595,	19 20
596(2) and 597(2), 'patient information'—	21
omit, insert—	22
'information'.	23
Chapter 7, before part 1—	24
insert—	25

	'Note—	1
	See the Forensic Disability Act, sections 133 and 139 for the application of this part for the purpose of that Act.'.	2 3
31	Section 237A, 'commissioner of the police service or director of public prosecutions'—	4 5
	omit, insert—	6
	'prosecuting authority'.	7
32	Section 237A(5), 'commissioner or director of public prosecutions'—	8 9
	omit, insert—	10
	'prosecuting authority'.	11
33	Section 238(2)(b) and (c), 'illness'—	12
	omit, insert—	13
	'condition'.	14
34	Sections 238(2)(c), 289(6)(d), 347(1)(b), 374(1), 532(2)(d), 533(1)(a), 533(1)(b)(ii) and schedule 2, definition <i>harmful thing</i> , after 'treatment'—	15 16 17
	insert—	18
	'or care'.	19
35	Sections 278(a) and 307(a), footnote—	20
	omit.	21
36	Sections 278 and 307—	22
	insert—	23
	'Note—	24
	See section 537 about complying with provisions as soon as practicable, section 538 about complying with provisions to the extent reasonably	25 26

	practicable and section 541A about ensuring the client understands things told or explained to the patient.'.	1 2
37	Section 286A(2)(a), 'and'—	3
	omit, insert—	4
	'or'.	5
38	Sections 295 to 298—	6
	omit.	7
39	Section 313A, note, '288(3)'—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	'288(4)'.	10
40	Chapter 7A, heading, 'patient', second mention—	11
	omit.	12
41	Chapter 7A, part 2, heading, 'patient'—	13
	omit.	14
42	Chapter 7A, part 2, before division 1—	15
	insert—	16
	'Note—	17
	See the Forensic Disability Act, sections 134 and 139 for the application of this part for the purpose of that Act.'.	18 19
43	Chapter 7A, part 2, divisions 2 to 4, heading, 'patient'—	20
	omit.	21

Sections 318U(5)(e) and (f) and 318W(5)(e) and (f), 'director'—	1 2
omit, insert—	3
'president'.	4
Chapter 8, part 1, before division 1—	5
insert—	6
'Note—	7
See the Forensic Disability Act, sections 135 and 139 for the application of this part for the purpose of that Act.'.	8 9
Chapter 8, part 2, before section 334—	10
insert—	11
'Note—	12
See the Forensic Disability Act, sections 136 and 139 for the application of this part for the purpose of that Act.'.	13 14
Sections 340 and 489(1)(b), 'and treatment'—	15
omit, insert—	16
', treatment and care'.	17
Section 342(2), after 'person', second mention—	18
insert—	19
'under this Act or the Forensic Disability Act'.	20
Section 345(2), from 'statement—'—	21
omit, insert—	22
'statement.	23
Note—	24
See also section 541A about ensuring the patient understands things told or explained to the patient.'.	25 26

50	Section 345(3)—	1
	omit.	2
51	Sections 351 and 531, definition <i>patient</i> , 'detained or treated for a mental illness'—	3 4
	omit, insert—	5
	'detained, treated or cared for'.	6
52	Sections 418(1), 477(1) and 478(1), after 'this Act'—	7
	insert—	8
	'or the Forensic Disability Act'.	9
53	Section 421(d) and (e)—	10
	renumber as section 421(e) and (f).	11
54	Section 421—	12
	insert—	13
	'(d) forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability);'.	14
55	Sections 424(6) and 517(3), 'reasonable force'—	15
	omit, insert—	16
	'minimum force, that is necessary and reasonable in the circumstances,'.	17 18
56	Chapter 11, part 9, before section 427—	19
	insert—	20
	'Note—	21
	See the Forensic Disability Act, sections 137 and 139 for the application of this part for the purpose of that Act.'.	22 23

Chapter 12, before part 1—	1
insert—	2
'Note—	3
See the Forensic Disability Act, sections 138 and 139 for the application of this chapter for the purpose of that Act.'.	4 5
Section 458(2B), '(2)'—	6
omit, insert—	7
'(2A)'.	8
Section 481(d)—	9
omit, insert—	10
'(d) application under section 169A for a transfer order;	11
(e) notice of appeal under section 376.	12
Note—	13
The notice of appeal is for an appeal to the Mental Health Review Tribunal against—	14 15
 a decision made under section 374 to exclude a visitor from an authorised mental health service 	16 17
• a decision made under the Forensic Disability Act, section 82 to refuse to allow a person to visit a forensic disability client in the forensic disability service.'.	18 19 20
Section 486(1)—	21
insert—	22
'(e) applications under section 169A for transfer orders.'.	23
Section 509(1), 'which'—	24
omit, insert—	25
'whom'	26

62	Section 518(1)(a), 'or treatment for mental illness'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	', treatment or care'.	3
63	Section 527, 'forensic patient information order'—	4
	omit, insert—	5
	'forensic information order'.	6
64	Section 532(2)(c) and schedule 2, definition <i>health</i> service employee, 'or treatment'—	7 8
	omit, insert—	9
	', treatment or care'.	10
65	Schedule 2—	11
	renumber as schedule.	12
Mer	ntal Health Regulation 2002	13
1	Section 3(1)—	14
	insert—	15
	'(c) a person detained in the health service under section 309B of the Act.'.	16 17
2	Section 4(1)(e) to (i)—	18
	renumber as section 4(1)(g) to (k).	19
3	Section 4(1)—	20
	insert—	21

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SCI	าedเ	ııe 2

	'(e)	order anotl	e director, tribunal or Mental Health Court makes an r for the person's transfer from the health service to her authorised mental health service or the forensic polity service—the day the order is made;	1 2 3 4
	(f)	autho disab	e person is moved from the health service to another orised mental health service or the forensic pility service under an order mentioned in paragraph the day the person is moved;'.	5 6 7 8
4	Section	4(1)(I	κ), as renumbered, examples—	9
	omit, insert—		10	
	'Examples of reasons for the ceasing—			11
		1	The assessment period for the person ends and no involuntary treatment order is made.	12 13
		2	The person is transferred to another authorised mental health service or the forensic disability service?	14 15

Schedule 3 Dictionary

1

section 9 2

<i>administrator</i> means the person declared under section 96 to be the administrator of the forensic disability service.	3 4
advance health directive see the Powers of Attorney Act 1998, section 35.	5 6
allied person, of a forensic disability client, see section 23.	7
applicable forensic order, in relation to a forensic disability client—	8 9
(a) means the forensic order (Mental Health Court—Disability) that is in force for the client's detention in the forensic disability service; and	10 11 12
(b) includes an order that, under the Mental Health Act, section 169L or 605, applies to the client as if it were an order for the client's detention in the forensic disability service.	13 14 15 16
applied provisions, for a particular matter relating to this Act, means the provisions of the Mental Health Act that are applied for the matter under chapter 10, part 1 of this Act.	17 18 19
appropriately qualified, for a person to whom a power may be delegated under this Act, includes having the qualifications, experience or standing appropriate to exercise the power.	20 21 22 23
approved mechanical appliance means a mechanical appliance approved under section 55.	24 25
authorised mental health service means an authorised mental health service under the Mental Health Act.	26 27
authorised officer means a person appointed to be an authorised officer under section 106.	28 29

auth	orised practitioner—	1
(a)	generally, means a person appointed as an authorised practitioner under section 101; but	2 3
(b)	for chapter 6, see section 43.	4
beha	viour control medication see section 44.	5
_	city, for chapter 1, part 3 and chapter 3, part 2 in relation Forensic disability client, means the client is capable of—	6 7
(a)	understanding the nature and effect of decisions about the client's assessment, care and support or choice of an allied person; and	8 9 10
(b)	freely and voluntarily making decisions about the client's assessment, care and support or choice of an allied person; and	11 12 13
(c)	communicating the decisions in some way.	14
inclu	and support, in relation to a forensic disability client, des the provision of habilitation, rehabilitation, support other services for the client.	15 16 17
carei	r, of a forensic disability client, means a person who—	18
(a)	provides domestic services and support to the client; or	19
(b)	arranges for the client to be provided with domestic services and support.	20 21
clien	t means a forensic disability client.	22
cogn	itive disability see section 11.	23
direc	tor means—	24
(a)	other than for sections 85 and 86—the initial director under section 160; or	25 26
(b)	the Director of Forensic Disability appointed under section 85.	27 28
	tor (mental health) means the Director of Mental Health inted under the Mental Health Act.	29 30
Disa 2006	bility Services Act means the Disability Services Act	31 32

fore	nsic disability client see section 10.	1	
•	nsic disability service means the forensic disability ice declared under section 95.	2 3	
fore	nsic disability service employee means—	4	
(a)	a practitioner employed, or engaged to perform services, at the forensic disability service; or	5 6	
(b)	a person employed, or engaged, at the forensic disability service to perform administrative functions relating to the assessment or care and support of forensic disability clients.		
•	nsic information order means a forensic information or made under the Mental Health Act, section 318O.	11 12	
fore	nsic order (Mental Health Court—Disability) means a nsic order (Mental Health Court—Disability) made under Mental Health Act, section 288(2) or (3).	13 14 15	
_	<i>rdian</i> means a guardian appointed under the Guardianship Administration Act.	16 17	
	ardianship and Administration Act means the ardianship and Administration Act 2000.	18 19	
hari	nful thing means anything—	20	
(a)	that may be used to—	21	
	(i) threaten the security of the forensic disability service; or	22 23	
	(ii) threaten a person's health or safety; or	24	
(b)	that, if used by a forensic disability client in the forensic disability service, is likely to adversely affect the client's care and support.	25 26 27	
Exan	nples of a harmful thing—	28	
a g	gun or replica of a gun, a dangerous drug, alcohol, medication	29	
indi	vidual development plan see section 13.	30	
-	rmal decision-maker, for a forensic disability client, ns a member of the client's support network, other than a	31 32	

	carer for the client within the meaning of the rdianship and Administration Act.	1 2			
intel	lectual disability see section 12.	3			
to a	restrictive, for the use of restraint or seclusion in relation forensic disability client, means the use of restraint or asion that—	4 5 6			
(a)	ensures the safety of the client or others; and	7			
(b)	having regard to paragraph (a), imposes the minimum limits on the client's freedom as is practicable in the circumstances.				
mear	ted community treatment, for a forensic disability client, as the provision of some care and support for the client in community.	11 12 13			
medi	ication, for chapter 12, part 1, see section 143.	14			
Men	tal Health Act means the Mental Health Act 2000.	15			
	tal Health Court means the Mental Health Court blished under the Mental Health Act.	16 17			
-	ent means a patient within the meaning of the Mental th Act.	18 19			
plan	means an individual development plan.	20			
prac	titioner means—	21			
(a)	a senior practitioner; or	22			
(b)	an authorised practitioner; or	23			
(c)	other than for section 104—a person appointed under that section to perform the role of a practitioner.	24 25			
Praci medi	hiatrist means a person registered under the Health titioner Regulation National Law to practise in the ical profession as a specialist registrant in the specialty of hiatry, other than as a student.	26 27 28 29			
regis	stered health practitioner means—	30			
(a)	a person registered under the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law to practise, other than as a student, in any of the following—	31 32 33			

	(i)	the medical profession;	1
	(ii)	the nursing profession;	2
	(iii)	the physiotherapy profession;	3
	(iv)	the psychology profession; or	4
(b)	-	erson registered under any of the following Acts or er similar legislation of another State—	5 6
	(i)	the Occupational Therapists Registration Act 2001;	7 8
	(ii)	the Speech Pathologists Registration Act 2001.	9
		nurse means a person registered under the Health er Regulation National Law—	10 11
(a)		ractise in the nursing and midwifery profession as a e, other than as a student; and	12 13
(b)	in th	ne registered nurses division of that profession.	14
regu	lated	behaviour control see section 42.	15
restr	aint s	see section 45.	16
secli	ısion	see section 46.	17
seni	or pra	actitioner—	18
(a)	_	erally, means a person appointed to be a senior titioner under section 101 or 102; but	19 20
(b)	for c	chapter 6, see section 43.	21
	_	actitioner's authorisation means an authorisation er section $61(1)(b)(i)$ or $64(3)(b)$.	22 23
for v fore	vhom nsic o	the offence leading to the making of the applicable order is an offence against a following provision of the making of the applicable order is an offence against a following provision of the making of the applicable order.	24 25 26 27
•	secti	ion 300	28
•	secti	ion 306	29
•		ion 328A(4), but only if the commission of the nee involved the death of another person	30 31

Schedule 3

• section 349	1
• section 351.	2
statement of rights see section 29(1).	3
<i>temporary absence approval</i> means an approval given under section 41.	4 5
transfer order means an order made by the director under section 33, 34 or 142, or by the tribunal or Mental Health Court under the Mental Health Act, for the transfer of a forensic disability client to an authorised mental health service.	
<i>tribunal</i> means the Mental Health Review Tribunal established under the Mental Health Act.	11

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