

Queensland

## Electoral Reform and Accountability Amendment Bill 2011



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## Electoral Reform and Accountability Amendment Bill 2011

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## 2011

# A Bill

for

an Act to amend the Electoral Act 1992 for particular purposes

	The P	Parlia	ment of Queensland enacts—	1
Clause	1	Sh	ort title This Act may be cited as the <i>Electoral Reform and</i> Accountability Amendment Act 2011.	2 3 4
Clause	2	Co	mmencement	5
			This Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	6
Clause	3	Ac	t amended	7
			This Act amends the Electoral Act 1992.	8
Clause	4	Am	nendment of s 3 (Definitions)	9
		(1)	Section 3, definition <i>candidate</i> —	10
			omit.	11
		(2)	Section 3—	12
			insert—	13
			'agent, for part 9A, see section 177A.	14
			agent's declaration, for part 9A, see section 177A.	15
			applicable expenditure cap, for part 9A, see section 177A.	16
			approved form means a form approved under section 179A.	17
			associated entity, for part 9A, see section 177A.	18
			auditor, for part 9A, see section 177A.	19
			<i>authorised officer</i> , for part 9A, means a person who holds office under part 9A, division 14 as an authorised officer.	20 21
			by-election, for part 9A, see section 177A.	22
			candidate, in relation to an election—	23

[s 4]

(a)	means a person who has become a candidate under section 88(3); and	1 2
(b)	for part 9A, divisions 2, 3, 4, 6 and 9, includes an elected member or other person who has announced or otherwise indicated an intention to be a candidate in the election.	3 4 5 6
capp	ed expenditure period, for part 9A, see section 177A.	7
cour	t, for part 9A, means a Magistrates Court.	8
discl	osure period, for part 9A, see section 177A.	9
dispo	psition of property, for part 9A, see section 177A.	10
docu	ment certification requirement see section 177RB(6).	11
docu	ment production requirement see section 177RB(2).	12
dono	<b>r</b> , for part 9A, see section 177F.	13
elect	ed member, for part 9A, see section 177A.	14
elect	oral expenditure, for part 9A, see section 177AB.	15
unde	<i>ronic document</i> , for part 9A, means a document of a type or the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 36, definition <i>ment</i> , paragraph (c).	16 17 18
0	<i>ble registered political party</i> , for part 9A, division 5, see on 177A.	19 20
finar	ncial controller, for part 9A, see section 177A.	21
form	er owner, for part 9A, see section 177QJ(1).	22
fund	raising contribution, for part 9A, see section 177A.	23
gene	<i>ral power</i> , for part 9A, see section 177PA(1).	24
gift,	for part 9A, see section 177A.	25
help	requirement see section 177PB(1).	26
	<i>tity card</i> , for a provision about authorised officers, means lentity card issued under section 177NE(1).	27 28
inde	pendent candidate, for part 9A, see section 177A.	29
inde	pendent member, for part 9A, see section 177A.	30

### [s 4]

<b>info</b> 1774	<i>rmation notice</i> , about a decision, for part 9A, see section A.	1 2
jour	nal, for part 9A, see section 177A.	3
loan	, for part 9A, see section 177A.	4
notic	ce, for part 9A, means a written notice.	5
осси	<i>upier</i> , of a place, for part 9A, includes the following—	6
(a)	if there is more than 1 person who apparently occupies the place—any 1 of the persons;	7 8
(b)	any person at the place who is apparently acting with the authority of a person who apparently occupies the place;	9 10
(c)	if no-one apparently occupies the place—any person who is an owner of the place.	11 12
<i>of</i> , a	place, for part 9A, includes at or on the place.	13
auth a rea	<i>nce warning</i> , for a direction or requirement by an orised officer, for part 9A, means a warning that, without asonable excuse, it is an offence for the person to whom direction or requirement is made not to comply with it.	14 15 16 17
a per	<i>er</i> , of a thing that has been seized under part 9A, includes rson who would be entitled to possession of the thing had t been seized.	18 19 20
рауп	nent direction, for part 9A, see section 177DE.	21
	<i>onal details requirement</i> , for part 9A, see section R(5).	22 23
pers	<i>on in control</i> , for part 9A—	24
(a)	of a vehicle, includes—	25
	(i) the vehicle's driver or rider; and	26
	<ul><li>(ii) anyone who reasonably appears to be, claims to be, or acts as if he or she is, the vehicle's driver or rider or the person in control of the vehicle; or</li></ul>	27 28 29
(b)	of another thing, includes anyone who reasonably appears to be, claims to be, or acts as if he or she is, the person in possession or control of the thing.	30 31 32

[s 4]

plac	e, for	part 9A, includes the following—	1		
(a)	premises;				
(b)	vaca	ant land;	3		
(c)	a pla	ace in Queensland waters;	4		
(d)	a pl own	ace held under more than 1 title or by more than 1 ter;	5 6		
(e)		land or water where a building or structure, or a up of buildings or structures, is situated.	7 8		
polit	tical a	lonation, for part 9A, see section 177A.	9		
pren	nises,	for part 9A, includes—	10		
(a)	a bu	ilding or other structure; and	11		
(b)	a pa	rt of a building or other structure; and	12		
(c)	a ca	ravan or vehicle; and	13		
(d)	a cave or tent; and				
(e)	premises held under more than 1 title or by more than 1 owner.				
pre-	pre-poll ordinary vote see section 104A(2).				
	poll 1 3(1)(a	<i>voting office</i> , for an electoral district, see section a).	18 19		
publ	lic pla	<i>uce</i> , for part 9A, means—	20		
(a)	a pla	ace, or part of the place—	21		
	(i)	the public is entitled to use, is open to members of the public or is used by the public, whether or not on payment of money; or	22 23 24		
		Examples of a place that may be a public place under subparagraph $(i)$ —	25 26		
		a beach, a park, a road	27		
	(ii)	the occupier of which allows, whether or not on payment of money, members of the public to enter; or	28 29 30		

[s	5]
----	----

	Examples of a place that may be a public place under subparagraph (ii)—	$\frac{1}{2}$
	a saleyard, a showground	3
	(b) a place that is a public place under another Act.	4
	<i>reasonably believes</i> , for part 9A, means believes on grounds that are reasonable in the circumstances.	5 6
	<i>reasonably suspects</i> , for part 9A, means suspects on grounds that are reasonable in the circumstances.	7 8
	register of agents, for part 9A, see section 177A.	9
	registered, for part 9A, see section 177A.	10
	<i>registered industrial organisation</i> , for part 9A, see section 177A.	11 12
	registered third party, for part 9A, see section 177A.	13
	relevant period, for part 9A, division 5, see section 177A.	14
	reporting period, for part 9A, see section 177A.	15
	third party, for part 9A, see section 177A.	16
	<i>vehicle</i> , for part 9A—	17
	(a) means a vehicle under the <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i> ; and	18 19
	(b) includes a vessel under that Act.'.	20
(3	) Section 3, definition <i>how-to-vote card</i> , paragraph (c), 'casting'—	21 22
	omit, insert—	23
	'making'.	24
Clause 5 A	mendment of s 18 (Delegation by commission)	25
(1		26
×	insert—	27
ʻ(2A		28 29
(2	) Section 18(3), after 'part 3'—	30

		[s 6]	
		insert—	1
		'or section 177DM(1) or 177EJ(1)'.	2
Clause	6	Amendment of s 66 (Provisional enrolment)	3
		(1) Section $66(1)(a)$ —	4
		omit, insert—	5
		'(a) is 16 or 17; and'.	6
		(2) Section $66(1)(c)$ , 'the person'—	7
		omit.	8
Clause	7	Amendment of s 99 (Scrutineers)	9
		Section 99(2), 'and each office'—	10
		omit, insert—	11
		'each pre-poll voting office and each other office'.	12
Clause	8	Amendment of s 101 (Who may vote)	13
		Section 101(1)—	14
		insert—	15
		'(d) persons who—	16
		(i) are not enrolled, but are entitled to be enrolled, on the electoral roll for the district; and	17 18
		<ul><li>(ii) after the cut-off day for electoral rolls and no later than 5p.m. on the day before the polling day, have given a notice to an electoral registrar for the district under section 65.'.</li></ul>	19 20 21 22
Clause	9	Amendment of s 102 (Procedure for voting)	23
		(1) Section 102(1), after 'who'—	24
		insert—	25
		'makes a pre-poll ordinary vote under section 104C or who'.	26

[s	10]

		(2)	Section 102(4), after 'If'—	1
			insert—	2
			'the elector'.	3
		(3)	Section 102(4)(a), 'the elector'—	4
			omit.	5
Clause	10	Ins	ertion of new pt 6, div 5, sdiv 1A	6
			After section 104—	7
			insert—	8
	'Sub	divi	sion 1A Pre-poll ordinary voting	9
	'104 <b>A</b>	Pre	-poll ordinary voting	10
		'(1)	This section applies to an elector, other than one who must make a declaration vote under subdivision 2, who—	11 12
			(a) wishes to vote before the polling day for an election; and	13
			(b) wishes to do so other than by making a declaration vote under subdivision 2.	14 15
		'(2)	If there is a pre-poll voting office for the electoral district for which the elector is enrolled, the elector may make a vote under section 104C (a <i>pre-poll ordinary vote</i> ).	16 17 18
	'104B	Pre	-poll voting offices	19
		'(1)	The commission may declare, by gazette notice, for an election—	20 21
			<ul> <li>(a) a stated place to be a place where an elector enrolled in a stated electoral district may make a pre-poll ordinary vote (a <i>pre-poll voting office</i> for the electoral district); and</li> </ul>	22 23 24 25
			(b) the times during which electors are allowed to make a pre-poll ordinary vote at the pre-poll voting office.	26 27

[s 10]

ʻ(2)	The commission may, in a declaration under subsection (1) or by gazette notice under this subsection, declare that a particular pre-poll voting office located in an electoral district is also a pre-poll voting office for 1 or more other electoral districts.	1 2 3 4 5		
ʻ(3)	If the commission makes a declaration under subsection (1) or (2), the commission may also publish the declaration in any other ways the commission considers appropriate including, for example, on the commission's website.	6 7 8 9		
'104C Pro	cedure for pre-poll ordinary voting	10		
'(1)	An elector who wishes to vote during the period beginning 3 days after the cut-off day for nominations and ending at 6p.m. on the day before polling day may make a pre-poll ordinary vote by following the procedures set out in this section.	11 12 13 14		
'(2)	The elector is to go to a pre-poll voting office for the electoral district for which the elector is enrolled.			
'(3)	At the pre-poll voting office, the elector is to request a ballot paper from an issuing officer.			
<b>'</b> (4)	If the elector—	19		
	(a) has a ballot paper and declaration envelope for the election; and	20 21		
	(b) does not intend to make a declaration vote under subdivision 2;	22 23		
	the elector must give the papers to the issuing officer.	24		
'(5)	The issuing officer must issue a ballot paper to a person requesting one only if the issuing officer is satisfied that the person is entitled to vote at the election for the electoral district.			
'(6)	The issuing officer may ask of a person requesting a ballot paper questions for the purpose of deciding whether the person is entitled to vote at the election for the electoral district.			
'(7)	If, after the issuing officer has asked questions under subsection (6), the issuing officer suspects that a person	33 34		

	claiming to be a particular elector is not the elector, the issuing officer must comply with section 112.					
<b>'</b> (8)	The issuing officer must keep a record of all persons to whom the officer issues ballot papers under this section.					
<b>'</b> (9)	The issuing officer must, if a scrutineer requests it, keep a record of any objection by the scrutineer to the entitlement of a person to vote.					
'(10)	On being given the ballot paper, the elector must, without delay—	8 9				
	(a) go alone to an unoccupied voting compartment in the pre-poll voting office; and	10 11				
	(b) there, in private, mark a vote on the ballot paper in accordance with section 113; and	12 13				
	(c) fold the ballot paper to conceal the vote and put it in a ballot box in the pre-poll voting office; and	14 15				
	(d) leave the pre-poll voting office.	16				
	p to enable electors to vote at pre-poll voting	17 18				
'(1)	Subject to subsection (2), if an elector satisfies an issuing officer that the elector is unable to vote without help, the elector may be accompanied in the pre-poll voting office by another person chosen by the elector.	19 20 21 22				
'(2)	The other person may help the elector in any of the following ways—	23 24				
	(a) acting as an interpreter;	25				
	(b) explaining the ballot paper and the requirements of section 113 relating to its marking;	26 27				
	(c) marking, or helping the elector to mark, the ballot paper in the way the elector wishes;	28 29				
	(d) folding the ballot paper and putting it in the ballot box.	30				
<b>'</b> (3)	If an elector is unable to enter a pre-poll voting office because of illness, disability or advanced pregnancy, but is able to	31 32				

				1 2
		(a)	the issuing officer may perform the issuing officer's functions; and	3 4
		(b)	the voter may vote;	5
		at th	e voting place as if it were the pre-poll voting office.	6
	<b>'</b> (4)	The	issuing officer must—	7
		(a)	before taking any action under subsection (3), inform any scrutineers present of the proposed action; and	8 9
		(b)	allow only 1 scrutineer for each candidate to be present at the voting place; and	10 11
		(c)	ensure that, after the ballot paper is marked, it is—	12
			(i) folded to conceal the vote; and	13
			(ii) put into an envelope and sealed; and	14
		(d)	open the envelope inside the pre-poll voting office in the presence of any scrutineers and put the folded ballot paper in a ballot box.'.	15 16 17
11	Am	nendr	nent of s 106 (Who must make a declaration vote)	18
		Sect	ion 106(d), after '101(1)(b)'—	19
		inse	<i>t</i> —	20
		'or (	d)'.	21
12	Am pos	nendr sted v	nent of s 110 (Making a declaration vote using oting papers)	22 23
		Sect	ion 110(1), 'by writing'—	24
		omit	, insert—	25
		ʻin a	n approved form'.	26
		11 Am 12 Am	offic (a) (b) at the (a) (c) (c) (d) 11 Amendm Section inserve or (c) 12 Amendm posted V Section omit,	<ul> <li>functions; and</li> <li>(b) the voter may vote;</li> <li>at the voting place as if it were the pre-poll voting office.</li> <li>'(4) The issuing officer must— <ul> <li>(a) before taking any action under subsection (3), inform any scrutineers present of the proposed action; and</li> <li>(b) allow only 1 scrutineer for each candidate to be present at the voting place; and</li> <li>(c) ensure that, after the ballot paper is marked, it is— <ul> <li>(i) folded to conceal the vote; and</li> <li>(ii) put into an envelope and sealed; and</li> </ul> </li> <li>(d) open the envelope inside the pre-poll voting office in the presence of any scrutineers and put the folded ballot paper in a ballot box.'.</li> </ul> </li> <li><b>11</b> Amendment of s 106 (Who must make a declaration vote) Section 106(d), after '101(1)(b)'— <ul> <li>insert— <ul> <li>'or (d)'.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>

[s	13]
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Clause	13		ndment of s 112 (Making a declaratior ncertain identity)	vote in cases	1 2
			Section 112(1), after '102(7)'		3
			insert—		4
			'or 104C(7)'.		5
Clause	14	Ame vote	ndment of s 118 (Preliminary counting s)	g of ordinary	6 7
			Section 118—		8
			insert—		9
	'(:		This section also applies to pre-poll ordina by the commission for an electoral district in it would apply if a pre-poll voting office we for the electoral district, to the extent to whice practicable for pre-poll ordinary votes to polling day and subject to any prescribed other necessary changes.'.	the same way as re a polling booth th it is reasonably be counted on	10 11 12 13 14 15 16
Clause	15	Inse	rtion of new pt 9A		17
			After section 177—		18
			insert—		19
	'Parl	t 9A	Election funding and	l financial	20
			disclosure		21
	'Divis	sion	1 Interpretation		22
	'177A	Defi	nitions		23
			'In this part—		24
			<i>agent</i> means an agent of a registered politication or registered third party appointed under div	1 .	25 26
			<i>applicable expenditure cap</i> means the a under section 177IA.	mount calculated	27 28

(a)	is co	is controlled by 1 or more registered political parties; or				
(b)	-	operates wholly or to a significant extent for the benefit of 1 or more registered political parties.				
		neans an individual who has the qualifications or e prescribed for this definition.				
-		<i>n</i> means an election of a member of the Legislative between general elections.				
capp	oed ex	penditure period—				
(a)	of th	the first general election held after the date of assent the <i>Electoral Reform and Accountability Amendment</i> 2011, means the period—				
	(i)	starting on the day after the date of assent; and				
	(ii)	ending at 6p.m. on the polling day for the election; and				
(b)	for a	another general election, means the period—				
	(i)	starting on the earlier of the following days—				
		(A) the day that is 2 years after the polling day for the last election;				
		(B) the day of the issue of the writ for the election; and				
	(ii)	ending at 6p.m. on the polling day for the election; and				
(c)	the	a by-election, means the period starting on the day writ for the by-election is issued and ending on the of the poll for the by-election.				
disci	losure	<i>period</i> see section 177AA.				
assig	gnmei	<i>n</i> of property means a conveyance, transfer, nt, settlement, delivery, payment or other alienation <i>y</i> , and includes—				
(a)	the a	allotment of shares in a company; and				
(b)	41	creation of a trust in property; and				

(c)	the grant or creation of a lease, mortgage, charge, servitude, licence, power, partnership or interest in property; and	1 2 3
(d)	the release, discharge, surrender, forfeiture or abandonment, at law or in equity, of a debt, contract or chose in action, or of an interest in property; and	4 5 6
(e)	the exercise by a person of a general power of appointment of property in favour of another person; and	7 8 9
(f)	any transaction entered into by a person with intent to diminish, directly or indirectly, the value of the person's own property and to increase the value of the property of another person.	10 11 12 13
dor	nor see section 177F.	14
	<i>cted member</i> means a member of the Legislative sembly.	15 16
ele	ctoral expenditure see section 177AAB.	17
reg	<i>gible registered political party</i> , for division 5, means a istered political party that is eligible for funding under tion 177EA.	18 19 20
fin	ancial controller, of an associated entity, means-	21
(a)	if the entity is a corporation—the secretary of the corporation; or	22 23
(b)	if the entity is the trustee of a trust—the trustee; or	24
(c)	if the entity is a corporation that is the trustee of a trust—the secretary of the corporation; or	25 26
(d)	otherwise—the person responsible for keeping the financial records of the entity.	27 28
fun	adraising contribution see section 177AC.	29
gift	t see section 177AD.	30
	<i>lependent candidate</i> means a candidate who is not lorsed by a registered political party.	31 32
ind	lependent member see section 177EC.	33

•	<i>rmation notice</i> , about a decision, means a notice stating following—	1 2
(a)	the decision;	3
(b)	the reasons for it;	4
(c)	that the person to whom the notice is given may apply to the commissioner for a review of the decision within 20 business days after the person receives the notice;	5 6 7
(d)	how to apply for a review.	8
	<i>nal</i> means a newspaper, magazine or other periodical, ther published for sale or for distribution without charge.	9 10
	means any of the following made other than by use of a it card—	11 12
(a)	an advance of money;	13
(b)	a provision of credit or another form of financial accommodation;	14 15
(c)	a payment of an amount for, on account of, on behalf of or at the request of, an entity, if there is an express or implied obligation to repay the amount;	16 17 18
(d)	a transaction (whatever its terms or form) that in substance effects a loan of money.	19 20
payn	nent direction see section 177DE.	21
polit	<i>ical donation</i> see section 177F.	22
<b>regi</b> s 1771	ster of agents means the register kept under section BD.	23 24
regis	stered, for an election, means registered under part 5.	25
regis	stered industrial organisation means—	26
(a)	a body registered as an industrial organisation, or a body whose registration was continued or preserved, under the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1999</i> ; or	27 28 29
(b)	an organisation registered under the <i>Fair Work</i> ( <i>Registered Organisations</i> ) Act 2009 (Cwlth) or the law of another State or territory about the registration of industrial organisations or unions.	30 31 32 33

		stered third party means an entity registered under sion 12.	1 2
	relev	<i>vant period</i> , for division 5, means—	3
	(a)	the period starting on 1 January in a year and ending on 30 June in that year; or	4 5
	(b)	the period starting on 1 July in a year and ending on 31 December in that year.	6 7
	repo	rting period means—	8
	(a)	the first 6 months of a financial year; or	9
	(b)	a full financial year.	10
		<i>d party</i> means an entity other than a registered political y, an associated entity or a candidate.	11 12
'177AA M	eanir	ng of <i>disclosure period</i>	13
<b>'</b> (1)		<i>disclosure period</i> , for an election (the <i>relevant election</i> ), e period that starts—	14 15
	(a)	for a candidate in the relevant election who had been a candidate in a general election or by-election the polling day for which was within the prescribed time before the polling day for the relevant election—at the end of the prescribed time after polling day for the last general election or by-election in which the person was a candidate; or	16 17 18 19 20 21 22
	(b)	for a candidate in the relevant election who had not been a candidate in a general election or by-election the polling day for which was within the prescribed time before the polling day for the relevant election, on the earlier of the following days—	23 24 25 26 27
		<ul> <li>(i) the day on which the person announced that the person would be a candidate in the relevant election;</li> </ul>	28 29 30
		(ii) on the day on which the person nominated as a candidate; or	31 32

	(c)	for a person or organisation to which section 177GC(1) or 177GD(1) applies, at the end of the prescribed time after the polling day for the last general election.	1 2 3
'(2)		sclosure period for an election ends at the prescribed time the polling day for the election.	4 5
'177AB M	eanir	ng of electoral expenditure	6
	incur expe	this part, <i>electoral expenditure</i> means expenditure rred (whether or not incurred during the capped nditure period for an election) on, or a gift in kind given consists of—	7 8 9 10
	(a)	the broadcasting, during the capped expenditure period for the election, of an advertisement that advocates a vote for or against a candidate or for or against a registered political party; or	11 12 13 14
	(b)	the publishing in a journal, during the capped expenditure period for the election, of an advertisement that advocates a vote for or against a candidate or for or against a registered political party; or	15 16 17 18
	(c)	the publishing on the internet, during the capped expenditure period for the election, of an advertisement that advocates a vote for or against a candidate or for or against a registered political party, even if the internet site on which the publication is made is located outside Queensland; or	19 20 21 22 23 24
	(d)	the display, during the capped expenditure period for the election, at a theatre or other place of entertainment, of an advertisement that advocates a vote for or against a candidate or for or against a registered political party; or	25 26 27 28
	(e)	the production of an advertisement that advocates a vote for or against a candidate or for or against a registered political party, being an advertisement that is broadcast, published or displayed as mentioned in paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d); or	29 30 31 32 33
	(f)	the production of any material (other than material mentioned in paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d)) that—	34 35

		(i)	advocates a vote for or against a candidate or for or against a registered political party; and	1 2
		(ii)	is required under section 161 to include the name and address of the author of the material or of the person authorising the material; and	3 4 5
		(iii)	is used during the capped expenditure period for the election; or	6 7
	(g)	the p	production and distribution of material that—	8
		(i)	advocates a vote for or against a candidate or for or against a registered political party; and	9 10
		(ii)	is addressed to particular entities; and	11
		(iii)	is distributed during the capped expenditure period for the election; or	12 13
	(h)	for t	carrying out, during the capped expenditure period the election, of an opinion poll, or other research, ing to the election.	14 15 16
'177AC M	eanin	ig of	fundraising contribution	17
'(1)	perso that	on as perso	<i>tising contribution</i> means an amount paid by a a contribution, entry fee or other payment to entitle on or another person to participate in or otherwise enefit from a fundraising venture or function.	18 19 20 21
'(2)		out l des—	imiting subsection (1), a fundraising contribution	22 23
	(a)	an a	mount paid for a ticket in a raffle; and	24
	(b)	an a	mount paid for an item at a fundraising auction.	25
'177AD M	eanin	ig of	gift	26
'(1)	some made	eone e with	ans a disposition of property made by a person to else, otherwise than by will, being a disposition hout consideration in money or money's worth or equate consideration.	27 28 29 30

(2) Without limiting subsection (1), a gift includes— 31

	(a)	the provision of a service (other than volunteer labour) for no consideration or for inadequate consideration; and	1 2 3
	(b)	uncharged interest on a loan made by a person to someone else.	4 5
·(3)		subsection (2)(b), uncharged interest is the additional unt that would have been payable by a person if—	6 7
	(a)	the loan had been made on terms requiring the payment of interest at the generally prevailing interest rate for a loan of that kind; and	8 9 10
	(b)	any interest payable had not been waived; and	11
	(c)	any interest payments were not capitalised.	12
'(4)	A gi	ft does not include—	13
	(a)	a fundraising contribution of \$200 or less; or	14
	(b)	if a fundraising contribution is an amount of more than \$200, the first \$200 of the fundraising contribution; or	15 16
	(c)	a payment under division 4; or	17
	(d)	an annual subscription paid to a political party by a person for the person's membership of the party; or	18 19
	(e)	the provision of volunteer labour; or	20
	(f)	the incidental or ancillary use of—	21
		(i) a volunteer's vehicle or equipment; or	22
		(ii) a vehicle or equipment that is ordinarily available for the personal use of a volunteer.	23 24
'(5)	inclu the r	this part, the amount or value of a gift consisting of or ading a disposition of property other than money must, if regulation provides, be decided under principles stated or tioned in the regulation.	25 26 27 28

### '177AE References to registered political party

- 29
- (1) A reference in this part to things done by or for a registered 30 political party must, if the party is not a corporation, be read 31

		1 2
'(2)	than a reference to the endorsement of a candidate in an	3 4 5 5
'177AF El	ectoral committee to be treated as part of party	7
'(1)	for a registered political party for an electorate were the	3 9 10
<b>'</b> (2)	In this section—	11
	electorate, means a committee established by the party to help	12 13 14
		15 16
		17 18
		19 20
	associated entity were a gift made by the person to the	21 22 23
'177AH Re	elated corporations	24
	'For this part—	25
	the first-mentioned corporation must be taken to be the	26 27 28
	· · ·	29 30

	question whether a corporation is related to another corporation is decided under the Corporations Act.	1 2
'Division	2 Agents	3
'177B Age	ents of registered political parties	4
	'A registered political party must have an agent for this part.	5
'177BA Ар	opointment of agents by candidates	6
<b>'</b> (1)	A candidate in an election may appoint a person to be the agent of the candidate, for this part, for the election.	7 8
·(2)	During any period for which there is no appointment in force under subsection (1) of an agent of a candidate, the candidate is taken to be his or her own agent for this part.	9 10 11
ʻ177BB Ar	ppointment of agents by registered third party	12
'(1)	A registered third party that is not an individual must have an agent for this part.	13 14
'(2)	A registered third party who is an individual may appoint a person to be the agent of the third party, for this part, for the election.	15 16 17
'(3)	During any period for which there is no appointment in force of an agent of a registered third party who is an individual, the third party is taken to be the third party's own agent for this part.	18 19 20 21
'177BC Re	equisites for appointment	22
<b>'</b> (1)	An appointment of an agent has no effect unless—	23
	(a) the person appointed is an adult; and	24
	(b) written notice of the appointment is given to the commission—	25 26

	(i) by the party if the appointment is made by a registered political party; and	1 2
	(ii) by the candidate if the appointment is made by a candidate; and	3 4
	(iii) by the third party if the appointment is made by a registered third party; and	5 6
	(c) the name and address of the person appointed are stated in the notice; and	7 8
	(d) the person appointed has signed—	9
	(i) a form of consent to the appointment; and	10
	(ii) a declaration that the person is eligible for appointment.	11 12
<b>'</b> (2)	A consent or declaration under subsection (1) must be—	13
	(a) incorporated in, or written on the same paper as, the notice under subsection (1)(b); or	14 15
	(b) attached to that notice.	16
'(3)	If a person who is the agent is convicted of an offence against this part for a particular election, the person is not eligible to be appointed or to hold office as an agent for this part for any subsequent election.	17 18 19 20
'(4)	An appointment (other than an appointment by a registered political party or registered third party) is not effective for anything required by this part to be done—	21 22 23
	(a) for a claim or return under this part for an election; or	24
	(b) during a specified period after polling day for an election;	25 26
	if notice of the appointment was given to the commission after the close of nominations for the election.	27 28
'177BD R	egister of agents	29

(1) The commission must keep a register called the register of 30 agents. 31

'(2)	There must be entered in the register the name and address of every person appointed to be an agent of a registered political party or third party for this part.				
'177BE Ef	fect o	of re	gistration	4	
<b>'</b> (1)	The	e appointment of an agent—			
	(a)		es effect on the entry of the name and address of the nt in the register of agents; and	6 7	
	(b)		ses to have effect if the name and address of the name removed from the register.	8 9	
'(2)			e and address of a person must not be removed from er unless—	10 11	
	(a)		person gives to the commission written notice that person has resigned the appointment as agent; or	12 13	
	(b)		entity that appointed the person gives to the mission—	14 15	
		(i)	written notice that states the person has ceased to be an agent of the entity; and	16 17	
		(ii)	if the entity is required under this division to have an agent, written notice under section 177BC of a person as agent in place of the agent who resigned; or	18 19 20 21	
	(c)	the	person is convicted of an offence against this part; or	22	
	(d)	the	party's registration is cancelled.	23	
'(3)	perso	on wa	on who is an agent dies, the entity by which the as appointed must, within 28 days after the death of a, give to the commission—	24 25 26	
	(a)	writ	ten notice of the death; and	27	
	(b)	agei app	he entity is required under this division to have an out, written notice under section 177BC of the pointment of a person as agent in place of the eased person.	28 29 30 31	

'(4)	this	person who is an agent is convicted of an offence against part and the entity that appointed the agent is required er this division to have an agent—		
	(a)	the j	person ceases to be the agent of the entity on—	4
		(i)	the day the person is convicted of the offence; or	5
		(ii)	if an appeal against the conviction is instituted and the conviction is affirmed, the day the appeal is decided; and	6 7 8
	(b)		entity must, within 28 days after the person ceases to ne entity's agent—	9 10
		(i)	give to the commission written notice that the person has ceased to be the entity's agent; and	11 12
		(ii)	if the entity is required under this division to have an agent, written notice under section 177BC of the appointment of a person as agent in place of the person who ceased to be the agent.	13 14 15 16
'177BF Ε\	viden	ce of	appointment	17
	that	the pe	in the register of agents is, for all purposes, evidence erson described in the entry is the agent, for this part, ty named in the entry.	18 19 20
			lity for action when agent of party dead ent vacant	21 22
<b>'</b> (1)	This	secti	on applies if—	23
	(a)		sion 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 or 11 imposes an obligation ne agent of a registered political party; and	24 25
	(b)	ther	e is no agent of the party.	26
'(2)	com	mitteo le coi	gation rests on each member of the executive e of the party, and this part applies to each member nmittee as if the obligation rested on that member	27 28 29 30

'177BH R	esponsibility for action when agent of registered	1
	d party dead or appointment vacant	2
<b>'</b> (1)	This section applies if—	3
	(a) division 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 or 11 imposes an obligation on the agent of a registered third party; and	4 5
	(b) there is no agent of the third party.	6
·(2)	The obligation rests on the third party if the third party is a person.	7 8
ʻ(3)	However, if the third party is not a person, the obligation rests on each member of the executive committee of the third party, and this part applies to each member of the committee as if the obligation rested on that member alone.	9 10 11 12
'177BI Re	vocation of appointment of agent	13
'(1)	A candidate, or a registered third party who is an individual, may, by written notice given to the commission, revoke the appointment of a person as the agent of the candidate or registered third party.	14 15 16 17
'(2)	A notice under subsection (1) has no effect unless it is signed by the candidate or registered third party.	18 19
	otice of death or resignation of agent of candidate registered third party	20 21
	'If the agent of a candidate, or the agent of an individual who is a registered third party, dies or resigns, the candidate or registered third party must, without delay, give to the commission a written notice of the death or resignation.	22 23 24 25
'Division	3 State campaign accounts	26
'177C Re	quirement to keep State campaign account	27
	'Each of the following entities must keep a separate account (a <i>State campaign account</i> ) with a financial institution for State campaign elections—	28 29 30

30

	(a)	the agent of a registered political party, candidate or registered third party;	1 2
	(b)	a third party that receives a political donation.	3
	Max	imum penalty—200 penalty units.	4
	olitica ount	al donations to be paid into State campaign	5 6
	amou politi the S cand	agent must ensure each political donation that is an ant of money received by or on behalf of the registered ical party, candidate or registered third party is paid into State campaign account kept by the agent of the party, idate or third party, unless the donation is made or ved in contravention of division 6.	7 8 9 10 11 12
	Max	imum penalty—200 penalty units.	13
'177CB Pa	ayme	nts into State campaign account	14
'(1)	ensu	agent of a registered political party or candidate must re that only the following amounts of money are paid into tate campaign account kept by the agent—	15 16 17
	(a)	a political donation, if the donation is not made or received in contravention of division 6;	18 19
	(b)	an amount of election funding paid to the registered political party or candidate for election funding by the commission under division 4, including a payment made to a registered political party at the direction of a candidate;	20 21 22 23 24
	(c)	an amount contributed by the candidate from the candidate's own personal funds;	25 26
	(d)	an amount left to the registered political party or candidate in a person's will;	27 28
	(e)	an amount borrowed by the registered political party or candidate;	29 30

		Note—	1
		See division 6, which provides that unpaid debts may constitute political donations in particular circumstances, and section 177HE, which provides for restrictions on the loans that may be received by registered political parties, candidates and others.	2 3 4 5
	(f)	an amount that is a return on an investment made by the registered political party or candidate if the amount invested was paid from the State campaign account;	6 7 8
	(g)	a fundraising contribution of \$200 or less or, if the fundraising contribution is more than \$200, the first \$200 of the fundraising contribution;	9 10 11
	(h)	an amount, not more than \$500, that is an individual's annual subscription paid to the registered political party for the person's membership of the party;	12 13 14
	(i)	an amount that is a compulsory levy imposed by the registered political party under its constitution on elected members.	15 16 17
	Max	imum penalty—100 penalty units.	18
'(2)	the p paid subs	erson does not commit an offence against subsection (1) if berson, on becoming aware that an amount of money was into the State campaign account in contravention of that ection, takes all reasonable steps to immediately draw the amount from the account.	19 20 21 22 23
'(3)	dona	hird party may pay any amount of money, other than a ation that is not a political donation, into the third party's e campaign account.	24 25 26
'177CC O	bliga	tion to repay amount borrowed	27
	amor cand the a	n agent of a registered political party or candidate pays an unt of money that is borrowed by the party, member or lidate into the State campaign account kept by the agent, agent must ensure the amount borrowed is repaid from the e campaign account.	28 29 30 31 32
	Max	imum penalty—200 penalty units.	33

'Division	4	Election funding	1
'Subdivis	sion	1 Preliminary	2
'177D Inte	'For candi to ha electo incur	this division, if a registered political party and a idate endorsed by the registered political party both claim we incurred the same item of electoral expenditure, the oral expenditure is taken to be electoral expenditure red by the party.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9
'177DA Er		ment to election funding—registered political	10 11
'(1)	under relati the to candi	gistered political party is entitled to election funding r this section for all elections held on the same day if, in ton to a candidate whom the party endorses in an election, total number of formal first preference votes given for the idate is at least 4% of the total number of formal first prence votes made in the election.	12 13 14 15 16 17
'(2)		amount of election funding to which the registered ical party is entitled is—	18 19
	(a)	if the registered political party incurs electoral expenditure for the election of not more than 10% of the applicable expenditure cap, 100% of the expenditure; and	20 21 22 23
	(b)	if the registered political party incurs electoral expenditure for the election of more than 10% but not more than 90% of the applicable expenditure cap—	24 25 26
		(i) 100% of the first 10% of the electoral expenditure; and	27 28
		(ii) 75% of the remaining electoral expenditure; and	29

	(c)	if the registered political party incurs electoral expenditure for the election of more than 90% of the applicable expenditure cap—	1 2 3
		(i) 100% of the first 10% of the electoral expenditure; and	4 5
		<ul><li>(ii) 75% of the electoral expenditure that is more than 10% but not more than 90% of the applicable expenditure cap; and</li></ul>	6 7 8
		(iii) 50% of the next 10% of the electoral expenditure.	9
B E	ntitle	ment to election funding—candidates	10
'(1)	this give	andidate in an election is entitled to election funding under section if the total number of formal first preference votes n for the candidate in the election is at least 4% of the number of formal first preference votes made in the tion.	11 12 13 14 15
'(2)		amount of election funding to which the candidate is led is—	16 17
	(a)	if the candidate incurs electoral expenditure for the election of not more than 10% of the applicable expenditure cap, 100% of the expenditure; and	18 19 20
	(b)	if the candidate incurs electoral expenditure for the election of more than 10% but not more than 90% of the applicable expenditure cap—	21 22 23
		(i) 100% of the first 10% of the electoral expenditure; and	24 25
		(ii) 50% of the remaining electoral expenditure; and	26
	(c)	if the candidate incurs electoral expenditure for the election of more than 90% of the applicable expenditure cap—	27 28 29
		(i) 100% of the first 10% of the electoral expenditure; and	30 31

**'177DB** 

	<ul><li>(ii) 50% of the electoral expenditure that is more than 10% but not more than 90% of the applicable expenditure cap; and</li></ul>	1 2 3
	(iii) 25% of the next 10% of the electoral expenditure.	4
177DC A	dvance payment of election funding	5
'(1)	A registered political party or a candidate in an election is entitled to be paid an amount of the election funding in advance of the election (an <i>advance payment</i> ) if the party or candidate was entitled to election funding at the previous election.	6 7 8 9 10
'(2)	The advance payment to which the registered political party or candidate is entitled is 50% of the amount of election funding the party or candidate was paid for the previous election.	11 12 13
'(3)	However, for the first general election held after the commencement of this section a registered political party or candidate is entitled to 50% of the amount of election funding the party would have been paid for the last general election if—	14 15 16 17 18
	(a) the funding had been calculated using the formula mentioned in section 177DA or 177DB; and	19 20
	(b) for applying the formula, the applicable expenditure cap were the applicable expenditure cap for the first financial year after the commencement.	21 22 23
'(4)	The advance payment may be paid, as a lump sum or in instalments, at any time after the commencement of the capped expenditure period for the election to which the advance payment relates.	24 25 26 27
'(5)	The amount of the advance payment is to be deducted from the amount of election funding payable under section 177DA or 177DB to the registered political party or candidate.	28 29 30
'(6)	If the amount of the advance payment is more than the amount of election funding to which the registered political party or candidate is entitled under section 177DA or 177DB for the election, the agent of the party or candidate must repay the	31 32 33 34

#### Electoral Reform and Accountability Amendment Bill 2011

		as amount to the commission within 60 days after the day the return of the writs for the election.	
'Subdivi	sion	3 Claims for election funding	
'177DD N	eed fo	or a claim	
'(1)		e paid an amount of election funding, the agent of a tered political party or candidate must make a claim.	
'(2)		aim, other than a claim for an advance payment, must all electoral expenditure for which election funding is ht.	
		ate may give direction about payment of funding	
'(1)	a dir whic shou	gent of a candidate may, at any time, give the commission rection (a <i>payment direction</i> ) that election funding to h the candidate is, or may be, entitled for an election ld be paid to a registered party that endorsed the idate in the election.	
<b>'</b> (2)	A pa	yment direction —	
	(a)	must be in writing; and	
	(b)	may be revoked by the candidate's agent, by written notice given to the commission, with the consent of the agent of the registered political party.	,
'177DF EI	ector	al expenditure incurred	,
'(1)	made	im for election funding, other than an advance payment, e by the agent of a registered political party must state oral expenditure—	,
	(a)	incurred by the party for all elections held on the same day; and	,
	(b)	for which election funding is sought.	,

'(2)	A claim for election funding, other than an advance payment, made by the agent of a candidate in an election must state electoral expenditure—	1 2 3
	(a) incurred by the candidate for the election; and	4
	(b) for which election funding is sought.	5
'(3)	A claim for an advance payment must state the amount of election funding paid to the registered political party or candidate at the last election.	6 7 8
'177DG F	orm of claim	9
<b>'</b> (1)	A claim must be in the approved form.	10
'(2)	The approved form must, if the form requires, be verified by statutory declaration.	11 12
'177DH Lo	odging of claim	13
'(1)	A claim for election funding, other than an advance payment, for an election or elections must be lodged with the commission—	14 15 16
	(a) during the period of 20 weeks after the polling day for the election or elections to which the claim relates; or	17 18
	(b) within a longer period the commission, before the end of the period specified in paragraph (a), fixes.	19 20
'(2)	A claim for an advance payment for an election must be lodged with the commission before the later of the following—	21 22 23
	(a) 6 weeks before the capped expenditure period for the election starts;	24 25
	(b) the day the writs for the election are issued.	26
<b>'</b> (3)	The commission must not fix a longer period under subsection (1)(b) unless it is satisfied it is justified in the circumstances.	27 28

'177DI De	cidin	g cla	im	1
<b>'</b> (1)	The commission must, after receiving a claim—			
	(a)		de whether to accept or refuse the claim, in whole or art; and	3 4
	(b)		e extent the commission accepts the claim, pay the unt required by section 177DJ.	5 6
·(2)	fund	ing fo	g whether to accept or refuse a claim for election or an election, other than an advance payment, in n part, the commission must only consider—	7 8 9
	(a)	when and	her expenditure claimed is electoral expenditure;	10 11
	(b)	if ex	penditure claimed is electoral expenditure—	12
		(i)	whether the electoral expenditure was incurred for the election; and	13 14
		(ii)	whether the registered political party or candidate is entitled under section 177DA or 177DB to the amount claimed.	15 16 17
<b>'</b> (3)	payn cons	nent, ider tl	g whether to accept or refuse a claim for advance in whole or in part, the commission must only ne amount of election funding paid to the registered arty or candidate at the last election.	18 19 20 21
ʻ(4)	the r infor	egiste matic	hission may, by written notice, require the agent of ered political party or candidate to provide further on the commission reasonably requires to decide accept or refuse the claim.	22 23 24 25
'177DJ Ad	ccept	ing a	claim	26
<b>'</b> (1)	This	sectio	on applies if—	27
	(a)		im is made by the agent of a registered political or candidate in relation to an election or elections;	28 29 30
	(b)	the c	commission accepts the claim, in whole or in part.	31
'(2)			mission must pay the amount under section , 177DB(2) or 177DC, as applicable.	32 33

'177DK F	Refusi	ng a claim	1
	must	a claim is refused, in whole or in part, the commission t give the agent of the registered political party or lidate to which the claim relates, a notice that states—	2 3 4
	(a)	that the claim has been refused, in whole or in part; and	5
	(b)	the reasons for the refusal.	6
	Applica aim	ation for reconsideration of decision refusing a	7 8
'(1)	regis relat	claim is refused, in whole or in part, the agent of the stered political party or candidate to which the claim es may apply to the commission for the commission to nsider the decision.	9 10 11 12
'(2)	The	application must—	13
	(a)	be in writing; and	14
	(b)	set out the reasons for the application.	15
<b>'</b> (3)	The	application must be made within—	16
	(a)	28 days after the day on which the relevant agent is notified of the refusal; or	17 18
	(b)	if, either before or after the end of that period of 28 days, the commission extends the period within which the application may be made—the extended period for making the application.	19 20 21 22
'177DM I	Recon	sideration by commission	23
'(1)		receiving an application under section 177DL, the mission must—	24 25
	(a)	reconsider the decision; and	26
	(b)	decide to—	27
		(i) affirm the decision; or	28
		(ii) vary the decision; or	29
		(iii) set aside the decision and make another decision.	30

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'(2)	The commission must give to the relevant agent a notice stating the decision on the reconsideration together with a statement of the reasons for the decision.	1 2 3
((2))		

'(3) If the commission's decision on the reconsideration would require an amount, or an additional amount, of election 5 funding to be paid, the commission must pay the amount 6 within 20 days after the day of its decision.

## **'Subdivision 4 Payments of election funding**

#### **'177DN Making of payments**

- '(1) If the commission is satisfied an amount of election funding 10 claimed by the agent of a registered political party is payable 11 to the party, the commission must pay the amount into the 12 party's State campaign account.
- (2) If the commission is satisfied an amount of election funding 14 claimed by the agent of a candidate is payable to the 15 candidate, the commission must pay the amount— 16
  - (a) into the candidate's State campaign account; or
  - (b) if the candidate has given the commission a payment 18 direction, into the registered political party's State 19 campaign account.
- '(3) If a payment is made under this division and the recipient is 21 not entitled to receive the whole or a part of the amount paid, 22 whether because of a false statement in a claim or otherwise, 23 the amount or the part of the amount may be recovered by the 24 State as a debt due to the State. 25

## 'Subdivision 5 Miscellaneous

#### **'177DO Death of candidates**

'If a candidate who dies would, but for his or her death, have28been entitled to election funding under this division, the29commission may pay the election funding to—30

26

27

	(a)	if a payment direction was in force in relation to the election funding, the registered political party mentioned in the payment direction; or	1 2 3
	(b)	otherwise, the candidate's legal personal representative.	4
'177DP Va	arying	g decisions accepting claims	5
<b>'</b> (1)	mad	commission may vary a decision (the <i>claim decision</i> ) e under section 177DI to accept an amount of electoral enditure stated in a claim if the commission is satisfied—	6 7 8
	(a)	the amount of electoral expenditure should not have been accepted; or	9 10
	(b)	only a lesser amount of electoral expenditure should have been accepted.	11 12
·(2)	to v 177I to th	e commission makes a decision (the <i>variation decision</i> ) ary the claim decision, sections 177DK, 177DL and DM apply in relation to the variation decision as if it were, he extent of the variation, a decision of the commission to see the claim.	13 14 15 16 17
'(3)	amo unde	e commission makes a variation decision, and the total unt of election funding that has been paid to a person er the claim decision exceeds the amount that, under the ation decision, should have been paid to the person—	18 19 20 21
	(a)	the amount of the excess is an overpayment; and	22
	(b)	the overpayment may be recovered by the State as a debt due to the State.	23 24

'Division	5	Administrative expenditure funding	1
'Subdivi	sion	1 Preliminary	2
'177E Me	aning	g of administrative expenditure	3
'(1)	mear	<i>inistrative expenditure</i> , for an independent member, ns expenditure for the administrative and operating enses of the member in his or her capacity as a member.	4 5 6
'(2)		nout limiting subsection (1), administrative expenditure in independent member includes the following—	7 8
	(a)	expenditure for the administration or management of the activities of the member in his or her capacity as a member;	9 10 11
	(b)	expenditure for conferences, seminars, meetings or other functions at which the policies of the member are discussed or formulated;	12 13 14
	(c)	expenditure on giving information to the public, or a section of the public, about the member but only if the expenditure is not electoral expenditure;	15 16 17
	(d)	expenditure on giving information to supporters of the member but only if the expenditure is not electoral expenditure;	18 19 20
	(e)	expenditure in relation to the audit of any of the following—	21 22
		(i) the financial accounts of the member;	23
		<ul><li>(ii) claims for payment by the member, or an agent of the member, under this Act;</li></ul>	24 25
		<ul><li>(iii) disclosures by the member, or an agent of the member, under this Act;</li></ul>	26 27
	(f)	expenditure on the remuneration of staff engaged in an activity mentioned in paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) on behalf of the member to the extent the remuneration relates to the time spent by the staff on the activity;	28 29 30 31

	(g)	expenditure on the acquisition and operation of equipment or vehicles used for an activity mentioned in paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) to the extent the acquisition and operation relates to the use of the equipment or vehicle for the activity;	1 2 3 4 5
	(h)	expenditure on office accommodation for staff mentioned in paragraph (f) and equipment mentioned in paragraph (g).	6 7 8
'(3)		vever, administrative expenditure for an independent obser does not include the following—	9 10
	(a)	electoral expenditure;	11
	(b)	expenditure for which the member may claim a parliamentary allowance as a member.	12 13
'Subdivi	sion	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14
		registered political parties	15
'177EA E	ligibil	registered political parties ity of political party for administrative funding	15 16
'177 <b>EA</b> E	'A 1		
'177EA E	'A 1	ity of political party for administrative funding registered political party is eligible for administrative	16 17
'177EA E	'A 1 fund	ity of political party for administrative funding registered political party is eligible for administrative ing if— the political party was a registered political party on the polling day for the last general election and continues to be a registered political party on the day the entitlement	16 17 18 19 20 21

'177E			it of administrative funding for which eligible ed political parties are eligible	1 2
	<b>'</b> (1)	•	gistered political party is entitled to be paid administrative ing for the following periods—	3 4
		(a)	the period (the <i>initial period</i> ) starting on 1 January 2011 and ending on 30 June 2011;	5 6
		(b)	the period (the <i>first funding period</i> ) starting on 1 July in each subsequent financial year and ending on 31 December in that year;	7 8 9
		(c)	the period (the <i>second funding period</i> ) starting on 1 January in each subsequent financial year and ending on 30 June in that year.	10 11 12
	'(2)		commission must pay each registered political party the inistrative funding to which it is entitled by the following	13 14 15
		(a)	the amount for the initial funding period, by 1 July 2011;	16 17
		(b)	the amount for the first funding period during a financial year, by 31 July in that year;	18 19
		(c)	the amount for the second funding period during a financial year, by 31 January in that year.	20 21
	'(3)		administrative funding to which a registered political is entitled is the lesser of the following amounts—	22 23
		(a)	the total of the electoral district amounts for each elected member who—	24 25
			(i) on the day the entitlement for the payment is decided, is endorsed by the party; and	26 27
			<ul><li>(ii) received at least 4% of the formal first preference votes at the last general election;</li></ul>	28 29
		(b)	the State-wide amount.	30
	<b>'</b> (4)	For s	subsection (2)—	31
		(a)	the electoral district amount for an elected member is-	32
			(i) \$40000 for the initial period; and	33

	<ul><li>(ii) the amount calculated under subsections (5) to (7) for each funding period during subsequent financial years; and</li></ul>	1 2 3
	(b) the State-wide amount is—	4
	(i) \$1m for the initial period; and	5
	<ul><li>(ii) the amount calculated under subsections (5) to (7) for each funding period during subsequent financial years.</li></ul>	6 7 8
'(5)	The electoral district amount or State-wide amount is adjusted for each financial year on 1 July using the formula—	9 10
	$\frac{\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}}{\mathbf{C}}$	
'(6)	However, if, for a particular financial year, adjustment of the electoral district amount or State-wide amount would reduce the amount, the amount is not to be adjusted for the year.	11 12 13
<b>'</b> (7)	If an amount is not a whole number multiple of \$100, the amount is to be rounded up to the nearest whole number multiple of \$100.	14 15 16
<b>'(</b> 8)	In this section—	17
	<i>A</i> is the electoral district amount or State-wide amount immediately before 1 July in a year.	18 19
	$\boldsymbol{B}$ is the CPI number published for the March quarter in the year.	20 21
	<i>C</i> is the CPI number published for the March quarter in the previous year.	22 23
	<i>CPI</i> means the all groups consumer price index for Brisbane published by the Australian Statistician.	24 25

'Subdivis	sion	3 Administrative funding for independent members	1 2
		ity of independent members for funding for trative expenditure	3 4
		member (an <i>independent member</i> ) is eligible for inistrative funding if—	5 6
	(a)	the member was not an endorsed candidate of any political party at the last general election; and	7 8
	(b)	the commission is satisfied the member is not, on the day the entitlement for the funding is decided, a member of a political party that is entitled to administrative funding.	9 10 11 12
		It of administrative funding for which dent members are eligible	13 14
<b>'</b> (1)		ndependent member is entitled to be paid administrative ing for the following periods ( <i>funding periods</i> )—	15 16
	(a)	the period (the <i>initial funding period</i> ) starting on 1 January 2011 and ending on 30 June 2011;	17 18
	(b)	the period starting on 1 July in each subsequent financial year and ending on 31 December in that year;	19 20
	(c)	the period starting on 1 January in each subsequent financial year and ending on 30 June in that year.	21 22
'(2)	fund perio	ect to subsection (3), the amount of administrative ing payable to an independent member for a funding od is the amount of administrative expenditure incurred by n behalf of the member during that period.	23 24 25 26
'(3)		maximum payment that may be made to an independent ber for administrative funding for a funding period is—	27 28
	(a)	\$20000 for the initial funding period; and	29
	(b)	the amount calculated under subsections (4) to (6) for each funding period during subsequent financial years.	30 31

'(4)	The amount of the maximum payment is adjusted for each financial year on 1 July using the formula—	1 2
	$\frac{\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}}{\mathbf{C}}$	
'(5)	However, if, for a particular financial year, adjustment of the amount would reduce the amount, the amount is not to be adjusted for the year.	3 4 5
<b>'</b> (6)	If an amount is not a whole number multiple of \$100, the amount is to be rounded up to the nearest whole number multiple of \$100.	6 7 8
<b>'</b> (7)	In this section—	9
	<i>A</i> is the amount of the maximum payment of administrative funding immediately before 1 July in a year.	10 11
	$\boldsymbol{B}$ is the CPI number published for the March quarter in the year.	12 13
	C is the CPI number published for the March quarter in the previous year.	14 15
	<b>CPI</b> means the all groups consumer price index for Brisbane published by the Australian Statistician.	16 17
'177EE Ap	oplication for claim	18
'(1)	For an independent member to be paid an amount of administrative funding, the member's agent must make a claim.	19 20 21
<b>'</b> (2)	The claim must—	22
	(a) be in the approved form; and	23
	(b) provide all the information, and be accompanied by any documents, required by the form.	24 25
'(3)	The claim must be made within 3 months after the end of the funding period to which the claim relates.	26 27

'177EF De	ciding claim	1
<b>'</b> (1)	The commission must, after receiving a claim—	2
	(a) decide whether to accept or refuse the claim, in whole or in part; and	3 4
	(b) to the extent the commission accepts the claim, pay the amount required under this subdivision.	5 6
'(2)	In deciding whether to accept or refuse a claim, in whole or in part, the commission must only consider—	7 8
	(a) whether the expenditure claimed is administrative expenditure; and	9 10
	(b) if expenditure claimed is administrative expenditure—	11
	(i) whether the administrative expenditure was incurred; and	12 13
	(ii) whether the independent member is entitled under this subdivision to the amount claimed.	14 15
ʻ(3)	The commission may, by written notice, require the agent of the independent member to provide further information the commission reasonably requires to decide whether to accept or refuse the claim.	16 17 18 19
'177EG Ad	ccepting a claim	20
	'If the commission accepts a claim, in whole or in part, the commission must pay the amount to the agent of the independent member.	21 22 23
'177EH Re	efusing a claim	24
	'If a claim is refused, in whole or in part, the commission must give the agent of the independent member a written notice that states—	25 26 27
	(a) that the claim has been refused, in whole or in part; and	28
	(b) the reasons for the refusal.	29

ʻ177EI Ap clai	plication for reconsideration of decision refusing a im	1 2
'(1)	If a claim is refused, in whole or in part, the agent of the independent member to whom the claim relates may apply to the commission for the commission to reconsider the decision.	3 4 5 6
<b>'</b> (2)	The application must—	7
	(a) be in writing; and	8
	(b) set out the reasons for the application.	9
<b>'</b> (3)	The application must be made within—	10
	(a) 28 days after the day on which the agent is notified of the refusal; or	11 12
	(b) if, either before or after the end of that period of 28 days, the commission extends the period within which the application may be made—the extended period for making the application.	13 14 15 16
'177EJ Re	econsideration by commission	17
<b>'</b> (1)	On receiving an application under section 177EI, the commission must—	18 19
	(a) reconsider the decision; and	20
	(b) decide to—	21
	(i) affirm the decision; or	22
	(ii) vary the decision; or	23
	(iii) set aside the decision and make another decision.	24
'(2)	The commission must give the agent a notice stating the decision on the reconsideration together with a statement of the reasons for the decision.	25 26 27
'(3)	If the commission's decision on the reconsideration would require an amount, or an additional amount, of administrative funding to be paid, the commission must pay the amount within 20 days after the day of its decision.	28 29 30 31

'Division	6	Political donations	1
'177F Mea	aning	of political donation	2
<b>'</b> (1)	A po	<i>litical donation</i> is—	3
	(a)	a gift made to a registered political party, candidate or third party that is accompanied by a statement from the person making the gift (the <i>donor</i> ) that the gift is intended for use for campaign purposes during the capped expenditure period for an election; or	4 5 6 7 8
	(b)	a disposition of property to a registered political party from another branch or division of the party or a related political party (the <i>transferring branch or party</i> ) that is stated by the transferring branch or party to be a disposition intended for use by the registered political party for campaign purposes during the capped expenditure period for an election; or	9 10 11 12 13 14 15
	(c)	a disposition of property to a candidate in an election from a federal or interstate branch or division of a political party that is stated by the branch or division to be a disposition intended for use by the candidate for campaign purposes during the capped expenditure period for an election; or	16 17 18 19 20 21
	(d)	a gift made to an entity (the <i>recipient</i> ) that was used or intended to be used by the recipient to enable the recipient to make a gift mentioned in paragraph (a).	22 23 24
'(2)		tatement made under subsection (1) by a donor or ferring branch or party must be—	25 26
	(a)	in writing; and	27
	(b)	given to the registered political party, candidate or third party at the same time, or within 14 days after, the gift or disposition is made.	28 29 30
<b>'</b> (3)	How	ever, the statement—	31
	(a)	need not be signed by the donor or transferring branch or party; and	32 33

		1 2
'(4)		3 4
		5 6
	receiving the gift the donor's name and address and the person receiving the gift has grounds to believe the name and address given are not the true name and	7 8 9 10 11
<b>'</b> (5)	In this section—	12
	campaign purposes means—	13
	indirectly, a registered political party or the election of a	14 15 16
		17 18
'177FA Me	eaning of <i>unpaid debt</i>	19
<b>'</b> (1)	An <i>unpaid debt</i> —	20
	candidate or third party for electoral expenditure that has remained unpaid for at least 18 months after the return of the writ for the election in relation to which the	21 22 23 24 25
	party, candidate or third party, on a debt incurred for electoral expenditure, that is foregone or written off by	26 27 28 29
'(2)		30 31
		32 33

	(b)	there is in force a binding agreement to repay the debt; or	1 2
	(c)	the debt is the subject of legal proceedings; or	3
	(d)	the debt is the subject of a dispute about the amount repayable; or	4 5
	(e)	the debt has been written off by the creditor as an uncollectible debt in accordance with the creditor's normal accounting practices.	6 7 8
'177FB Ca	alcula	ating amount of applicable donation cap	9
<b>'</b> (1)		this division, the <i>applicable donation cap</i> , for a financial r, is—	10 11
	(a)	for a registered political party—	12
		<ul><li>(i) \$5000 for the part of the financial year that is the period starting on 1 January 2011 and ending on 30 June 2011; and</li></ul>	13 14 15
		(ii) the amount calculated under subsections (2) to (4) for subsequent financial years; and	16 17
	(b)	for a candidate or third party—	18
		(i) \$2000 for the period starting on 1 January 2011 and ending on 30 June 2011; and	19 20
		<ul><li>(ii) the amount calculated under subsections (2) to (4) for subsequent financial years.</li></ul>	21 22
'(2)		amount of the maximum payment is adjusted for each ncial year on 1 July using the formula—	23 24
	$\frac{\mathbf{A} \times}{\mathbf{C}}$	B	
<b>'</b> (3)	amo	vever, if, for a particular financial year, adjustment of the punt would reduce the amount, the amount is not to be listed for the year.	25 26 27
(4)	If ar	n amount is not a whole number multiple of \$100 the	28

(4) If an amount is not a whole number multiple of \$100, the<br/>amount is to be rounded up to the nearest whole number28<br/>29<br/>30multiple of \$100.30

<b>'</b> (5)	In this section—	1
	A is the amount of the applicable donation cap for registered political parties, candidates or third parties immediately before 1 July in a year.	2 3 4
	<b>B</b> is the CPI number published for the March quarter in the year.	5 6
	<i>C</i> is the CPI number published for the March quarter in the previous year.	7 8
	<i>CPI</i> means the all groups consumer price index for Brisbane published by the Australian Statistician.	9 10
	ap on political donations person may make to istered political parties	11 12
<b>'</b> (1)	A person must not, in a financial year—	13
	(a) make a political donation of more than the applicable donation cap for the financial year to a registered political party; or	14 15 16
	(b) make 2 or more political donations to the same registered political party that in total are more than the applicable donation cap for the financial year.	17 18 19
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	20
'(2)	If a registered political party has more than 1 interstate branch or division, subsection (1) applies as if—	21 22
	(a) the interstate branches or divisions together constituted a single person; and	23 24
	(b) a political donation made to the person mentioned in paragraph (a) were a donation made by a single person.	25 26
'(3)	Subsection (1) applies to a person even if at the time the person made a political donation the person was outside Queensland.	27 28 29
'(4)	In this section—	30
	<i>applicable donation cap</i> , for a financial year, means the amount calculated under section 177FB.	31 32

	-	<i>ical donation</i> , in relation to a registered political party, ides the following—	1 2
	(a)	the full or part payment by a person other than the registered political party of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the party or agreement by the person to make the payment;	3 4 5 6
	(b)	the waiving of all or part of payment to a person by the registered political party of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the party;	7 8 9
	(c)	allowing an unpaid debt to be incurred.	10
	ap on y acc	political donations registered political party ept	11 12
<b>'</b> (1)		gistered political party or a person acting on behalf of a stered political party must not, in a financial year—	13 14
	(a)	accept a political donation of more than the applicable donation cap for the financial year from a person; or	15 16
	(b)	accept a political donation from a person if the total of the donation and any other political donations previously made by the person to the registered political party in the financial year will be more than the applicable donation cap for the financial year.	17 18 19 20 21
	Max	imum penalty—200 penalty units.	22
'(2)	dona knov	erson does not commit an offence by accepting a political ation mentioned in subsection (1) if the person did not w that the acceptance of the donation would mean the icable donation cap is exceeded.	23 24 25 26
<b>'</b> (3)	In th	is section—	27
		<i>icable donation cap</i> , for a financial year, means the unt calculated under section 177FB.	28 29
	-	<i>ical donation</i> , in relation to a political party, includes the wing—	30 31
	(a)	the full or part payment by a person other than the registered political party of electoral expenditure	32 33

		incurred or to be incurred by the party or agreement by the person to make the payment;	1 2
	(b)	the waiving of all or part of payment to a person by the registered political party of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the party;	3 4 5
	(c)	allowing an unpaid debt to be incurred.	6
		political donations person may make to tes in elections	7 8
<b>'</b> (1)	A pe	erson must not, in a financial year—	9
	(a)	make a political donation of more than the applicable donation cap for the financial year to a candidate; or	10 11
	(b)	make 2 or more political donations to the same candidate that in total are more than the applicable donation cap for the financial year; or	12 13 14
	(c)	make political donations to 2 or more candidates endorsed by the same registered political party that in total are more than the applicable donation cap; or	15 16 17
	(d)	make political donations to 2 or more independent candidates that in total are more than the applicable donation cap.	18 19 20
	Max	imum penalty—100 penalty units.	21
'(2)	perso	section (1) applies to a person even if at the time the on made a political donation the person was outside ensland.	22 23 24
<b>'</b> (3)	In th	is section—	25
		<i>icable donation cap</i> , for a financial year, means the unt calculated under section 177FB.	26 27
	-	<i>tical donation</i> , in relation to a candidate, includes the owing—	28 29
	(a)	the full or part payment by a person other than the candidate of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the candidate or agreement by the person to make the payment;	30 31 32 33

	(b)	the waiving of all or part of payment to a person by the candidate of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the candidate;	1 2 3
	(c)	allowing an unpaid debt to be incurred.	4
'177FF Ca	ıp on	political donations candidates may accept	5
'(1)		indidate or a person acting on behalf of a candidate must in a financial year—	6 7
	(a)	accept a political donation of more than the applicable donation cap for the financial year from a person; or	8 9
	(b)	accept a political donation from a person if the total of the donation and any other political donations previously made by the person to the candidate in the financial year will be more than the applicable donation cap for the financial year.	10 11 12 13 14
	Max	imum penalty—200 penalty units.	15
'(2)	dona knov	erson does not commit an offence by accepting a political ation mentioned in subsection (1) if the person did not w that the acceptance of the donation would mean the icable donation cap is exceeded.	16 17 18 19
·(3)	In th	is section—	20
		<i>icable donation cap</i> , for a financial year, means the unt calculated under section 177FB.	21 22
	-	<i>ical donation</i> , in relation to a candidate, includes the wing—	23 24
	(a)	the full or part payment by a person other than the candidate of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the candidate or agreement by the person to make the payment;	25 26 27 28
	(b)	the waiving of all or part of payment to a person by the candidate of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the candidate;	29 30 31
	(c)	allowing an unpaid debt to be incurred.	32

	ap or ties	n political donations person may make to third	1 2
<b>'</b> (1)	A pe	erson must not, in a financial year—	3
	(a)	make a political donation of more than the applicable donation cap for the financial year to a third party; or	4 5
	(b)	make 2 or more political donations to the same third party that in total are more than the applicable donation cap for the financial year.	6 7 8
	Max	imum penalty—100 penalty units.	9
·(2)	pers	section (1) applies to a person even if at the time the on made a political donation the person was outside ensland.	10 11 12
<b>'</b> (3)	In th	is section—	13
		<i>icable donation cap</i> , for a financial year, means the unt calculated under section 177FB.	14 15
	-	tical donation, in relation to a third party, includes the owing—	16 17
	(a)	the full or part payment by a person other than the third party of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the third party or agreement by the person to make the payment;	18 19 20 21
	(b)	the waiving of all or part of payment to a person by the third party of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the third party;	22 23 24
	(c)	allowing an unpaid debt to be incurred.	25
177FH Ca	ap on	political donations third parties may accept	26
'(1)		ird party or a person acting on behalf of a third party must in a financial year—	27 28
	(a)	accept a political donation of more than the applicable donation cap for the financial year from a person; or	29 30
	(b)	accept a political donation from a person if the total of the donation and any other political donations previously made by the person to the third party in the	31 32 33

financial year will be more than the applicable donation cap for the financial year.	1 2
ximum penalty—200 penalty units.	3
nation mentioned in subsection (1) if the person did not ow that the acceptance of the donation would mean the	4 5 6 7
this section—	8
	9 10
· ·	11 12
the full or part payment by a person other than the third party of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the third party or agreement by the person to make the payment;	13 14 15 16
the waiving of all or part of payment to a person by the third party of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the third party;	17 18 19
allowing an unpaid debt to be incurred.	20
	21 22
person must, within 14 days after receiving the donation, e the donor a receipt for the donation that includes a	23 24 25 26
the agent of a registered political party, candidate or registered third party;	27 28
a third party.	29
this section—	30
rds that it is an offence for a person to make a political	31 32 33
	<ul> <li>cap for the financial year.</li> <li>aximum penalty—200 penalty units.</li> <li>person does not commit an offence by accepting a political nation mentioned in subsection (1) if the person did not ow that the acceptance of the donation would mean the plicable donation cap is exceeded.</li> <li>this section—</li> <li>plicable donation cap, for a financial year, means the nount calculated under section 177FB.</li> <li>litical donation, in relation to a third party, includes the lowing—</li> <li>the full or part payment by a person other than the third party of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the third party or agreement by the person to make the payment;</li> <li>the waiving of all or part of payment to a person by the third party of electoral expenditure incurred or to be incurred by the third party;</li> <li>allowing an unpaid debt to be incurred.</li> </ul>

<b>'Division 7</b>	Disclosure of donations

# '177G How division applies to gifts that are returned etc. within 6 weeks

(1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), this division does not apply to a gift that is returned within 6 weeks after its receipt.

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- (2) This division applies to a gift of foreign property within the meaning of division 8, subdivision 1 whether or not the gift is returned within 6 weeks as mentioned in section 177HA.
- '(3) If the gift is returned within 6 weeks after its receipt, any return under this division that includes the amount or value of the gift must also include a statement to the effect that the gift 11 was returned.

### '177GA Disclosure by candidates of gifts

- \*(1) The agent of each person who was a candidate in an election 14 must, within the prescribed time after the polling day for the 15 election, give to the commission a return, in an approved 16 form, stating—17
  - (a) the total amount of all political donations, the number of persons who made the donations and the relevant details 19 of each donation received by the person during the 20 disclosure period for the election; and 21
  - (b) the total amount or value of any other gifts, the number of persons who made the gifts and the relevant details of each gift received by the person during the disclosure period for the election.
    (b) the total amount or value of any other gifts, the number 22 23 23
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    (c) the total amount of any other gifts any othe
- (2) For this section, a reference to the relevant details, of a political donation or other gift, is a reference to the amount or value of the donation or other gift, the date on which the donation or other gift was made and—
  29
  - (a) for a donation or other gift made for the members of an unincorporated association, other than a registered 31 industrial organisation— 32
    - (i) the name of the association; and 33

		executive committee (however described) of the	1 2 3
	(b)		4 5
			6 7
			8 9
	(c)	of a lawyer or accountant under the instructions of a person who is in substance the giver of the donation or other gift—the name and residential or business address	10 11 12 13 14
	(d)	-	15 16
·(3)	requ	ired, in a return under subsection (1), to state the relevant	17 18 19
	(a)	for his or her personal use and the candidate has not used, and will not use, the gift solely or substantially for	20 21 22 23
	(b)	the amount or value of the gift is less than \$1000.	24
'(4)	(1) for if the gifts (3)(a	or a gift other than a political donation made by a person e sum of the amount or value of the gift and of all other (other than gifts of the kind mentioned in subsection a)) made by the person to the candidate during the period	25 26 27 28 29 30
'(5)	a ret value	turn under subsection (1), to state the total amount or e of, or the number of persons who made, gifts of the kind	31 32 33 34
'(6)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	35 36
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	poli	ed and must include a statement to the effect that no tical donations or other gifts of a kind required to be losed were received.	1 2 3		
'177GB L	oans	to candidates	4		
'(1)	mus give all 1 fina	The agent of each person who was a candidate in an election must, within 15 weeks after the polling day for the election, give the commission a return, in an approved form, covering all loans received by the person from a person other than a financial institution during the disclosure period for the election.			
'(2)	The	return must state—	11		
	(a)	the total value of the loans; and	12		
	(b)	the number of persons who made loans.	13		
·(3)		return must also state the following for each loan with a e of \$1000 or more—	14 15		
	(a)	the date on which each loan was made;	16		
	(b)	for a loan made for the members of an unincorporated association—	17 18		
		(i) the name of the association; and	19		
		<ul> <li>(ii) the names and addresses of the members of the executive committee (however described) of the association;</li> </ul>	20 21 22		
	(c)	for a loan purportedly made out of a trust fund or out of the funds of a foundation—	23 24		
		(i) the names and addresses of the trustees of the fund or of the funds of the foundation; and	25 26		
		(ii) the title or other description of the trust fund or the name of the foundation;	27 28		
	(d)	if neither paragraph (b) nor (c) applies to a loan, the name and address of the person who made the loan;	29 30		
	(e)	the terms and conditions of each loan.	31		

ele	isclosure of gifts by third parties that receive State ctoral donations or incur expenditure for political poses	1 2 3
<b>'</b> (1)	This section applies if a third party—	4
	(a) receives a political donation during the disclosure period for an election; or	5 6
	(b) incurs expenditure for a political purpose.	7
·(2)	The third party must, not later than 15 weeks after the polling day for the election, give to the commission a return, in an approved form, stating the relevant details of all gifts received by the third party during the disclosure period, being gifts—	8 9 10 11
	<ul> <li>(a) the whole or a part of each of which was used by the third party to enable the third party to incur expenditure for a political purpose or to reimburse the third party for incurring expenditure for a political purpose; and</li> </ul>	12 13 14 15
	(b) the amount or value of each of which is at least \$1000.	16
<b>'</b> (3)	Subsection (1) does not apply to a third party for the disclosure period for an election if the total amount of expenditure incurred by the third party for political purposes during the disclosure period is less than \$1000.	17 18 19 20
'(4)	For this section, a third party is taken to have incurred expenditure for a political purpose if, during the disclosure period for an election, the third party incurs the expenditure for the election or any other election.	21 22 23 24
·(5)	For this section—	25
	(a) a third party incurs expenditure for a political purpose if the third party incurs expenditure for or by the way of—	26 27
	(i) publication in any way (including radio or television) of electoral matter; or	28 29
	(ii) any other ways publicly expressing views on an issue in an election; or	30 31
	(iii) the making of a gift to a political party; or	32
_	(iv) the making of a gift to a candidate in an election; or	33 34

	(v)	unde apply part	making of a gift to a person on the rstanding that the person or someone else will y, either directly or indirectly, the whole or a of the gift as mentioned in subparagraph (i), (iii) or (iv); and	1 2 3 4 5
	• •		nt details of a gift are the amount or value of the date on which the gift was made and—	6 7
	(i)		a gift made for the members of an corporated association, other than a registered strial organisation—	8 9 10
		(A)	the name of the association; and	11
		(B)	the names and addresses of the members of the executive committee (however described) of the association; and	12 13 14
	(ii)		gift purportedly made out of a trust fund or of the funds of a foundation—	15 16
		(A)	the names and addresses of the trustees of the fund or of the funds of the foundation; and	17 18 19
		(B)	the title or other description of the trust fund or the name of the foundation; and	20 21
	(iii)		wise, the name and address of the person who the gift.	22 23
'(6)		an e	(2), 2 or more gifts made, during the disclosure ection, by the same person to another person 1 gift.	24 25 26
'177GD D	onations	to ca	ndidates etc.	27
'(1)	the disclo	osure in the	makes a political donation or other gift, during period in relation to an election, to any election the third party must, within 15 weeks g day for the election, give the commission a	28 29 30 31

return, in an approved form, stating the required details of the donation or other gift.

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'(2)	thirc	section (1) applies to a third party even if at the time the d party made the political donation or other gift the third y was outside Queensland.	1 2 3
'(3)	pers the t	third party makes a political donation or other gift to any on with the intention of benefiting a particular candidate, third party is taken for subsection (1) to have made the gift ctly to the candidate.	4 5 6 7
'(4)	the t	hird party need not make a return under subsection (1) if total amount or value of political donations or other gifts rred to in subsection (1) was less than \$1000.	8 9 10
<b>'</b> (5)	othe	this section, the required details of a political donation or er gift are whether or not the gift was a political donation, mount or value, the date on which it was made and—	11 12 13
	(a)	if the political donation or other gift was made to an unincorporated association, other than a registered industrial organisation—	14 15 16
		(i) the name of the association; and	17
		<ul><li>(ii) the names and addresses of the members of the executive committee (however described) of the association; or</li></ul>	18 19 20
	(b)	if the political donation or other gift was purportedly made to a trust fund or paid into the funds of a foundation—	21 22 23
		(i) the names and addresses of the trustees of the fund or the foundation; and	24 25
		(ii) the title or other description of the trust fund, or the name of the foundation; or	26 27
	(c)	otherwise, the name and address of the person or organisation.	28 29
'(6)	secti gave	receiving a political donation or other gift to which this ion applies, a candidate must inform the third party who e the donation or other gift of the donor's requirement to ge a return under this section.	30 31 32 33
	Max	kimum penalty for subsection (6)—20 penalty units.	34

'177GE Do	onations to political parties	1
'(1)	Subject to subsections (5) and (6), if, in a reporting period, a person makes political donations or other gifts totalling \$1000 or more to the same registered political party, the person must give a return to the commission within 8 weeks after the end of the reporting period, disclosing all political donations or other gifts the person made to the registered political party during the reporting period.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8
'(2)	Subsection (1) applies to a person even if at the time the person made the gift the person was outside Queensland.	9 10
<b>'</b> (3)	If—	11
	(a) 2 or more political parties are related to each other; and	12
	(b) at least 1 of those parties is a registered political party;	13
	subsection (1) applies as if—	14
	(c) those parties together constituted a single registered political party (rather than being separate political parties); and	15 16 17
	<ul> <li>(d) a political donation or other gift made by a person to any of those parties were a donation or other gift made by that person to the single registered political party referred to in paragraph (c).</li> </ul>	18 19 20 21
'(4)	If a person makes a political donation or other gift to any person or body with the intention of benefiting a particular political party, the person is taken for this section (including subsection $(3)(d)$ ) to have made that donation or other gift directly to that political party.	22 23 24 25 26
<b>'</b> (5)	If a person—	27
	<ul> <li>(a) has given a return to the commission disclosing a political donation or other gift the person made to a registered political party during a reporting period that is the first 6 months of a financial year; and</li> </ul>	28 29 30 31
	<ul> <li>(b) has not made any further political donations or gifts to the registered political party during the remainder of the financial year;</li> </ul>	32 33 34

	unde	person is not required to give a return to the commission er subsection (1) in relation to the reporting period that is full financial year.	1 2 3
'(6)	a rep discl pers subs	turn given by a person under subsection (1) in relation to porting period that is a full financial year does not have to lose any political donation or other gift made by the on that has already been disclosed in a return under section (1) in relation to the reporting period that is the 6 months of that financial year.	4 5 6 7 8 9
'(7)		each political donation or other gift, the return must state following—	10 11
	(a)	the amount of the political donation or other gift;	12
	(b)	the date on which it was made;	13
	(c)	the name and address of the political party that received the political donation or other gift.	14 15
<b>'(</b> 8)	If—		16
	(a)	a person is required to disclose a political donation or other gift (the <i>ultimate gift</i> ) in a return under subsection (1); and	17 18 19
	(b)	the person received a political donation or other gift of \$1000 or more (the <i>enabling gift</i> ) which the person used to make all or a substantial part of the ultimate gift;	20 21 22
		person must also disclose the relevant details of the bling gift in the return under subsection (1).	23 24
<b>'</b> (9)		evant details for subsection (8), in relation to a political ation or other gift, are—	25 26
	(a)	the amount or value of the donation or other gift; and	27
	(b)	the date on which the donation or other gift was received; and	28 29
	(c)	for a donation or other gift made on behalf of the members of an unincorporated association, other than a registered industrial organisation—	30 31 32
		(i) the name of the association; and	33

	ex	e names and addresses of the members of the ecutive committee (however described) of the sociation; and	1 2 3
		onation or other gift purportedly made out of a nd or out of the funds of a foundation—	4 5
	( )	e names and addresses of the trustees of the fund of the funds of the foundation; and	6 7
	. ,	e title or other description of the trust fund or the ame of the foundation; and	8 9
		graph (c) or (d) does not apply—the name and of the person who made the gift.	10 11
<b>'</b> (10)	The return m	ust be in the approved form.	12
'(11)		does not apply to political donations or other gifts of the following—	13 14
	(a) a regist	ered political party;	15
	(b) an asso	ciated entity;	16
	(c) a candi	date in an election.	17
ʻ(12)	return to be party must in	g a political donation or other gift requiring a given under this section, a registered political form the person who gave the political donation of the donor's requirement to lodge a return under	18 19 20 21 22
	Maximum pe	enalty for subsection (12)—20 penalty units.	23
'177GF Sp	ecial report	ing of large gifts	24
'(1)	made by a p	applies if, in a special reporting period, gifts particular person to a registered political party scribed amount.	25 26 27
'(2)	period each return to the	ecial reporting event within a special reporting of the following persons must give a separate e commission within 14 days after the special nt disclosing the gifts—	28 29 30 31
	(a) the pers	son;	32

	(b)	the registered political party to which the person made the gifts;	1 2
	(c)	if the person made any part of the gifts to an associated entity of the registered political party, the associated entity.	3 4 5
'(3)	occa the repo	subsection (2), there is a <i>special reporting event</i> on each asion the amount of the gifts made by the person reaches prescribed amount either since the start of the special rting period or since the last occasion during the special rting period that the prescribed amount was reached.	6 7 8 9 10
	Exam	nple—	11
	rea spe ma up	a special reporting period starting on 1 January a person makes gifts aching the prescribed amount up to and including 10 January. The first ecial reporting event happens on 10 January. Assume the person then kes further gifts reaching the prescribed amount after 10 January and to and including 4 June. The second special reporting event happens 4 June.	12 13 14 15 16 17
'(4)	men parti	section (2) does not require a person, party or entity tioned in the subsection to disclose gifts made within a cular special reporting period that have previously been losed in another return given under the subsection.	18 19 20 21
	Exam	nple—	22
	the inc spe	sume in the example for subsection (3) the person gives a return for e first special reporting event disclosing the gifts made up to and cluding 10 January. When the person gives a return for the second ecial reporting event, the return need not refer to the gifts made up to d including 10 January.	23 24 25 26 27
<b>'</b> (5)	addi	requirement to give a return under subsection (2) is in tion to a requirement to give a return under section GE, 177KB or 177KF.	28 29 30
'(6)	perse	section applies to the person even if at the time the on makes a gift the person was outside Queensland or tralia.	31 32 33
'(7)	If—		34
	(a)	2 or more political parties are related to each other; and	35
	(b)	at least 1 of those parties is a registered political party;	36
	subs	ection (2) applies as if—	37

	(c)	those parties together constituted a single registered political party (rather than being separate political parties); and	1 2 3
	(d)	a gift made by the person to any of those parties were a gift made by the person to the single registered political party referred to in paragraph (c).	4 5 6
<b>'(</b> 8)	-	political party has an associated entity, subsections (2) and apply as if—	7 8
	(a)	the political party and the associated entity together constituted the political party (the <i>recipient party</i> ); and	9 10
	(b)	a gift made by the person to the political party or the associated entity were a gift made by the person to the recipient party.	11 12 13
·(9)	entit parti (incl	e person makes a gift to an entity, including an associated y of a political party, with the intention of benefiting a cular political party, the person is taken for this section luding subsection $(7)(d)$ to have made that gift directly to political party.	14 15 16 17 18
'(10)	secti parti	subsection (8) or (9), the definition <i>associated entity</i> in ion 177A applies as if a reference to registered political ies included a reference to any political parties whether or registered.	19 20 21 22
'(11)		each gift, the return required under subsection (2) must the following—	23 24
	(a)	the amount of the gift;	25
	(b)	the date on which it was made;	26
	(c)	the name and address of the political party that received the gift.	27 28
'(12)	The	return must be in the approved form.	29
'(13)		section does not apply to gifts made by any of the owing—	30 31
	(a)	a registered political party;	32
	(b)	an associated entity;	33
	(c)	a candidate in an election.	34

	On receiving a gift requiring a return to be given under this section, a registered political party must inform the person who gave the gift of the donor's requirement to give a return under this section.	1 2 3 4
	Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	5
<b>'</b> (15)	In this section—	6
	prescribed amount means \$100000.	7
	<i>special reporting period</i> means each of the following periods in any year—	8 9
	(a) the period starting 1 January and ending 30 June;	10
	(b) the period starting 1 July and ending 31 December.	11
'Division	8 Rules about particular gifts and loans	12 13
'Subdivi	sion 1 Gifts of foreign property	14
	sion 1 Gifts of foreign property	14 15
'177H Inte	erpretation	15
'177H Inte	erpretation In this subdivision—	15 16
'177H Inte	erpretation In this subdivision— <i>Australian property</i> means— (a) money standing to the credit of an account kept in	15 16 17 18
'177H Inte	<ul> <li>erpretation In this subdivision— Australian property means— (a) money standing to the credit of an account kept in Australia; or (b) other money (for example, cash) that is located in</li></ul>	15 16 17 18 19 20
'177H Inte	<ul> <li>erpretation In this subdivision— Australian property means— (a) money standing to the credit of an account kept in Australia; or (b) other money (for example, cash) that is located in Australia; or</li></ul>	15 16 17 18 19 20 21
'177H Inte	<ul> <li>erpretation In this subdivision— Australian property means— (a) money standing to the credit of an account kept in Australia; or (b) other money (for example, cash) that is located in Australia; or (c) property, other than money, that is located in Australia.</li></ul>	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

	(a)	starting on the earlier of the day on which the person announces that the person will be a candidate in an election, or the day on which the nomination of the person as a candidate in the election is made; and	1 2 3 4
	(b)	ending 30 days after the polling day for the election.	5
	cred	<i>it card</i> means—	6
	(a)	any article of a kind commonly known as a credit card; or	7 8
	(b)	any similar article intended for use in obtaining cash, goods or services on credit;	9 10
	busin custo	includes any article of a kind that persons carrying on ness commonly issue to their customers or prospective omers for use in obtaining goods or services from those ons on credit.	11 12 13 14
	<i>fore</i> prop	<i>ign property</i> means property other than Australian erty.	15 16
	Note-	_	17
		how this subdivision applies to gifts or transfers made using a credit d, see subsection 177HB(4).	18 19
		in relation to a candidate, has a meaning affected by ection (2).	20 21
'(2)	cand not bene not u	eference in this subdivision to a gift, in relation to a lidate (or a person acting on behalf of a candidate), does include a gift made in a private capacity to (or for the effit of) the candidate if the candidate has not used, and will use, the gift solely or substantially for a purpose related to lection.	22 23 24 25 26 27
'(3)	to do	this subdivision, a gift or other transfer enables an entity o a particular thing if all or a substantial part of the gift or sfer enables the entity—	28 29 30
	(a)	to do all or a substantial part of that thing; or	31
	(b)	to be wholly or substantially reimbursed for having done that thing.	32 33

'(4)	A reference in this subdivision to a thing done by a person includes a reference to a thing done by a person on behalf of the members of an unincorporated association.	1 2 3
	ubdivision does not apply to gifts that are returned hin 6 weeks	4 5
	'This subdivision does not apply to a gift that is returned within 6 weeks after its receipt.	6 7
	eciding whether a gift or transfer is of Australian or eign property	8 9
'(1)	For this subdivision (but without limiting the effect of subsections $(2)$ and $(3)$ )—	10 11
	<ul> <li>(a) a gift or transfer of property is a gift or transfer of Australian property if the property was Australian property immediately before the gift or transfer was made; and</li> </ul>	12 13 14 15
	(b) a gift or transfer of property is a gift or transfer of foreign property if the property was foreign property immediately before the gift or transfer was made.	16 17 18
<b>'</b> (2)	For this subdivision, if—	19
	(a) a person (the <i>donor</i> ) transfers foreign property (the <i>primary transfer</i> ) to another person (the <i>first recipient</i> ); and	20 21 22
	<ul> <li>(b) the donor's main purpose in making the primary transfer is to enable (directly or indirectly) the first recipient, or another person, to make a gift to another entity (the <i>ultimate recipient</i>); and</li> </ul>	23 24 25 26
	(c) the first recipient, or another person, makes a gift (the <i>ultimate gift</i> ) to the ultimate recipient; and	27 28
	(d) the primary transfer enabled (directly or indirectly) the first recipient, or the other person, to make the ultimate gift;	29 30 31
	the ultimate gift is taken to be a gift of foreign property.	32

<b>'</b> (3)	For this subdivision, a gift or transfer is taken to be a gift or transfer of foreign property if—	1 2
	(a) a person—	3
	(i) changes the location of property so that it becomes Australian property; or	4 5
	(ii) uses foreign property to acquire Australian property; and	6 7
	(b) the person's main purpose in changing the location of the property, or in acquiring the Australian property, was to enable the person to make a gift or transfer of property that would be Australian property rather than foreign property; and	8 9 10 11 12
	(c) the person makes a gift or transfer of Australian property in accordance with that purpose.	13 14
'(4)	This subdivision applies to a gift or transfer of money made by use of a credit card as if the gift or transfer were of money standing to the credit of an account kept in the country in which the credit card is based.	15 16 17 18
	ifts of foreign property—when unlawful for political ty, candidate etc. to receive gift	19 20
'(1)	It is unlawful for an entity to receive a gift of foreign property in any of the following circumstances—	21 22
	(a) the gift is received by a registered political party (or by a person acting on behalf of a registered political party);	23 24
	(b) the gift is received by a candidate (or by a person acting on behalf of a candidate) during the candidacy period.	25 26
'(2)	If an entity specified in column 2 of an item in the following table receives a gift that, under subsection (1), it is unlawful for the entity to receive, an amount equal to the amount or	27 28 29

value of the gift is payable to the State by the person or persons specified in column 3 of that item.						
Liability for unlawful receipt of gift						

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	
Item	If the recipient is	the amount is payable by	
1	a registered political party that is a corporation (or a person acting on behalf of a registered political party that is a corporation)	the registered political party	
2	a registered political party that is not a corporation (or a person acting on behalf of a registered political party that is not a corporation)	the agent of the registered political party	
3	a candidate (or a person acting on behalf of a candidate)	the candidate and the agent of the candidate	
<b>'</b> (3)	If, under subsection (2), an amo or more persons, those persons for the payment of the amount.		
'(4)	An amount that, under subsection or persons to the State may be redue to the State.		
'Subdivis	sion 2 Anonymous g	ifts	
	177HD Particular gifts not to be received		

- '(1) It is unlawful for a political party or a person acting for a political party to receive a gift made to or for the benefit of the party by another person, being a gift the amount or value of 13 which is at least \$200, unless—14
  - (a) the name and address of the person making the gift are 15 known to the person receiving the gift; or 16

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	(b)	give addı to b	the time the gift is made, the person making the gift es to the person receiving the gift his or her name and ress and the person receiving the gift has no grounds believe that the name and address given are not the name and address of the person making the gift.	1 2 3 4 5
'(2)	to re bein	ceive g a g	vful for a candidate or a person acting for a candidate e a gift made to or for the benefit of the candidate gift the amount or value of which is equal to or 200, unless—	6 7 8 9
	(a)		name and address of the person making the gift are wn to the person receiving the gift; or	10 11
	(b)	give addı to b	the time the gift is made, the person making the gift es to the person receiving the gift his or her name and ress and the person receiving the gift has no grounds believe the name and address given are not the true and address of the person making the gift.	12 13 14 15 16
'(3)	perse	on inc	ences in subsections (1) and (2) to a gift made by a cludes a reference to a gift made for the members of rporated association.	17 18 19
'(4)			ce in subsection (1) or (2) to the name and address of making a gift is—	20 21
	(a)	asso	a gift made for the members of an unincorporated ociation, other than a registered industrial anisation, a reference to—	22 23 24
		(i)	the name of the association; and	25
		(ii)	the names and addresses of the members of the executive committee (however described) of the association; and	26 27 28
	(b)		a gift purportedly made out of a trust fund or out of funds of a foundation, a reference to—	29 30
		(i)	the names and addresses of the trustees of the fund or of the funds of the foundation; and	31 32
		(ii)	the title or other description of the trust fund or the name of the foundation.	33 34

'(5)	For subsection (2), a person who is a candidate in an election must be taken to remain a candidate for the time prescribed.	1 2
<b>'</b> (6)	For this section, 2 or more gifts made by the same person to or for the benefit of a political party, or a candidate, must be taken to be 1 gift.	3 4 5
'(7)	If a person receives a gift that, because of this section, it is unlawful for the person to receive, an amount equal to the amount or value of the gift is payable by the person to the State and may be recovered by the State as a debt due to the State from—	6 7 8 9 10
	<ul> <li>(a) for a gift to or for a political party— <ul> <li>(i) if the party is a corporation, the party; or</li> <li>(ii) otherwise, the agent of the party; or</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) otherwise, the candidate or the agent of the candidate.</li> </ul>	11 12 13 14
'Subdivi	sion 3 Other gifts and loans	15

'177HE Pa	articular loans not to be received	16
'(1)	It is unlawful for a political party or a person acting for a political party to receive a loan of \$1000 or more from an entity other than a financial institution unless the loan is made in accordance with subsection (3).	17 18 19 20
"(2)	It is unlawful for a candidate or a person acting for a candidate to receive a loan of \$1000 or more from an entity other than a financial institution, during the disclosure period in relation to an election, unless the loan is made in accordance with subsection (3).	21 22 23 24 25
<b>'</b> (3)	The receiver of the loan must keep a record of the following—	26
	(a) the terms and conditions of the loan;	27
	(b) if the loan was received from a registered industrial organisation other than a financial institution—	28 29
	(i) the name of the organisation; and	30

		<ul> <li>(ii) the names and addresses of the members of the executive committee (however described) of the organisation;</li> </ul>	1 2 3
	(c)	if the loan was received from an unincorporated association-	4 5
		(i) the name of the association; and	6
		(ii) the names and addresses of the members of the executive committee (however described) of the association;	7 8 9
	(d)	if the loan was paid out of a trust fund or out of the funds of a foundation—	10 11
		(i) the names and addresses of the trustees of the fund or of the foundation; and	12 13
		(ii) the title or other description of the trust fund, or the name of the foundation;	14 15
	(e)	if paragraph (b), (c) or (d) does not apply, the name and address of the entity.	16 17
'(2	unla amc Stat	person receives a loan that, because of this section, it is awful for the person to receive, an amount equal to the punt or value of the loan is payable by that person to the e and may be recovered by the State as a debt due to the e from—	18 19 20 21 22
	(a)	for a loan to or for the benefit of a political party—	23
		(i) if the party is a corporation, the party; or	24
		(ii) otherwise, the agent of the party; or	25
	(b)	otherwise, the candidate or the agent of the candidate.	26
'Divisio	on 9	Electoral expenditure	27
'177I C	Definitio	on for div 9	28
	'In t	this division—	29
	asso	ociated parties means registered political parties that—	30

	(a)	endorse the same candidate for an election; or	1
	(b)	form a coalition and endorse different candidates for a State election.	2 3
'177IA Ca	lcula	ting applicable expenditure cap	4
'(1)		this division, the <i>applicable expenditure cap</i> for electoral enditure is—	5 6
	(a)	for a registered political party—	7
		(i) \$80000 for the first financial year starting after this section commences; and	8 9
		<ul><li>(ii) the amount calculated under subsections (2) to (6) for subsequent financial years; and</li></ul>	10 11
	(b)	for a candidate endorsed by a registered political party for a general election if the candidate is the only candidate endorsed by the party or an associated party for election for the electoral district—	12 13 14 15
		(i) \$50000 for the first financial year starting after this section commences; and	16 17
		<ul><li>(ii) the amount calculated under subsections (2) to (6) for subsequent financial years; and</li></ul>	18 19
	(c)	for a candidate endorsed by a registered political party for a general election if 1 or more other candidates have been endorsed by the party or an associated party for election for the electoral district—	20 21 22 23
		<ul> <li>(i) the amount that is equal to \$50000, divided by the number of candidates endorsed by the party or associated party for the electoral district, for the first financial year starting after this section commences; and</li> </ul>	24 25 26 27 28
		<ul> <li>(ii) the amount calculated under subsections (2) to (6), divided by the number of candidates endorsed by the party or associated party for the electoral district, for subsequent financial years; and</li> </ul>	29 30 31 32

(d)	for a ende	a candidate endorsed by a registered political party a by-election if the candidate is the only candidate prsed by the registered political party or an ociated party for election for the electoral district—	1 2 3 4
	(i)	\$75000 for the first financial year starting after this section commences; and	5 6
	(ii)	the amount calculated under subsections (2) to (6) for subsequent financial years; and	7 8
(e)	for a ende	a candidate endorsed by a registered political party a by-election if 1 or more other candidates have been prsed by the party or an associated party for the tion for the electoral district—	9 10 11 12
	(i)	the amount that is equal to \$75000, divided by the number of candidates endorsed by the party or an associated party for election for the electoral district, for the first financial year starting after this section commences; and	13 14 15 16 17
	(ii)	the amount calculated under subsections (2) to (6), divided by the number of candidates endorsed by the party or an associated party for election for the electoral district, for subsequent financial years; and	18 19 20 21 22
(f)	for a	an independent candidate—	23
	(i)	\$75000 for the first financial year starting after this section commences; and	24 25
	(ii)	the amount calculated under subsections (2) to (6) for subsequent financial years; and	26 27
(g)	for a	a registered third party—	28
	(i)	\$500000, but no more than \$75000 in relation to a particular electoral district, for the first financial year starting after this section commences; and	29 30 31
	(ii)	the amount calculated under subsections (2) to (6) for subsequent financial years; and	32 33
(h)	for a	an unregistered third party—	34

	(i)	) \$10000, but no more than \$2000 in relation to a particular electoral district, in the first financial year starting after this section commences; and	1 2 3
	(i	i) the amount calculated under subsections (2) to (6) for subsequent financial years.	4 5
'(2)		section (1), electoral expenditure relates to an electoral if the expenditure is for advertising or other material	6 7 8
	el	xplicitly mentions the name of a candidate in the lection in the electoral district or the name of the lectoral district; and	9 10 11
	(b) is	communicated to electors in the electoral district; and	12
	. ,	not mainly communicated to electors outside the ectoral district.	13 14
<b>'</b> (3)	finishes cap is ta	ped expenditure period starts in one financial year and s in another financial year, the applicable expenditure aken to be the cap that applied for the financial year in the capped expenditure period started.	15 16 17 18
'(4)	subsect	mount of an applicable expenditure cap under ion (1) is adjusted for each financial year on 1 July ne formula—	19 20 21
	$\frac{\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}}{\mathbf{C}}$		
'(5)	amount	er, if, for a particular financial year, adjustment of the would reduce the amount, the amount is not to be d for the year.	22 23 24
'(6)	amount	mount is not a whole number multiple of \$100, the t is to be rounded up to the nearest whole number e of \$100.	25 26 27
'(7)	In this s	section—	28
	A is immedi	the amount of the applicable expenditure cap lately before 1 July in a year.	29 30
	<b>B</b> is the year.	e CPI number published for the March quarter in the	31 32

	<i>C</i> is the CPI number published for the March quarter in the previous year.	1 2
	<i>CPI</i> means the all groups consumer price index for Brisbane published by the Australian Statistician.	3 4
	ent to ensure electoral expenditure paid from State npaign account	5 6
	'An agent of a registered political party, candidate or registered third party must ensure the party, candidate or third party does not pay an amount of money for electoral expenditure unless the amount is paid from the party's, candidate's or third party's State campaign account.	7 8 9 10 11
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	12
	p on electoral expenditure by registered political ties for general elections	13 14
'(1)	An agent of a registered political party must ensure the party does not, during the capped expenditure period for an election, incur electoral expenditure that is more than the amount that is equal to the applicable expenditure cap multiplied by the number of electoral districts for which the party has endorsed candidates for the election.	15 16 17 18 19 20
	Note—	21
	See section 177IH, which provides for the penalty for a contravention of this section.	22 23
ʻ(2)	For subsection (1), if 2 or more registered political parties are associated parties the amount of the applicable expenditure cap for each electoral district for which the parties have endorsed candidates is, for calculating the amount of electoral expenditure that may be incurred, to be shared equally by the parties and is not a separate amount for each of the parties.	24 25 26 27 28 29

	p on electoral expenditure by registered political ties for by-elections	$1 \\ 2$
'(1)	This section applies if a candidate has been endorsed by a registered political party for a by-election for an electoral district.	3 4 5
ʻ(2)	The agent of the registered political party must ensure the political party does not, during the capped expenditure period for the election, incur electoral expenditure for the by-election if the total of the expenditure and any electoral expenditure by the candidate, the registered political party or an associated party for the by-election will be more than the applicable electoral expenditure for the candidate.	6 7 8 9 10 11 12
	Note—	13
	See section 177IH, which provides for the penalty for a contravention of this section.	14 15
'177IE Ca	p on electoral expenditure by candidates	16
'(1)	A candidate for an election must not, during the capped expenditure period for the election, incur electoral expenditure of more than the applicable expenditure cap. <i>Note—</i>	17 18 19 20
	See section 177IH, which provides for the penalty for a contravention of this subsection.	20 21 22
'(2)	A candidate for an election must ensure that, during the capped expenditure period for the election, the candidate's electoral expenditure relates to the election of the candidate to the electoral district in which the candidate is nominated.	23 24 25 26
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	27
·(3)	For subsection (2), a candidate's electoral expenditure relates to the election of the candidate to an electoral district if the expenditure is for other advertising or other material that—	28 29 30
	(a) explicitly mentions the name of the candidate or the name of the electoral district; and	31 32
	(b) is communicated to electors in the electoral district; and	33

	(c) is not mainly communicated to electors outside the electoral district.	1 2
'177IF	Cap on electoral expenditure by registered third parties	3 4
	'A registered third party must not, during the capped expenditure period for an election, incur electoral expenditure of more than the applicable expenditure cap.	5 6 7
	Note—	8
	See section 177IH, which provides for the penalty for a contravention of this section.	9 10
'177IG	Cap on electoral expenditure by third parties	11
	'A third party must not, during the capped expenditure period for an election, incur electoral expenditure of more than the applicable expenditure cap.	12 13 14
	Note—	15
	See section 177IH, which provides for the penalty for a contravention of this section.	16 17
'177IH	Penalty for contravening this division	18
	'If a person is convicted of an offence against this division for incurring electoral expenditure, during the capped expenditure period for an election, that is more than the applicable expenditure cap, the maximum penalty for the offence is the greater of the following amounts—	19 20 21 22 23
	(a) the amount that is equal to twice the amount by which the electoral expenditure incurred exceeded the cap;	24 25
	(b) 200 penalty units.	26

'Divis	ion 1	0 Disclosure of electoral expenditure	1
ʻ177J	Inter	pretation	2
		A reference in this division to a participant in an election is a eference to—	3 4
	(	a) a registered political party or a candidate; or	5
	(	b) any other person by whom or with the authority of whom electoral expenditure for an election was incurred.	6 7 8
'177JA	Retu	urns of electoral expenditure	9
د ا	e ru e 0	The agent of a registered political party must, before the expiration of the prescribed time, give to the commission a eturn, in an approved form, stating details of all electoral expenditure for an election incurred by or with the authority of the registered political party for the capped expenditure beriod.	10 11 12 13 14 15
، ۲	n c a tl	The agent of each person who was a candidate in an election must, before the expiration of the prescribed time, give to the commission a return, in an approved form, stating details of ll electoral expenditure for the election incurred by or with the authority of the candidate for the capped expenditure period.	16 17 18 19 20 21
د,	e re	The agent of a registered third party must, before the expiration of the prescribed time, give to the commission a eturn, in an approved form, stating details of all electoral expenditure for an election incurred by or with the authority of the registered third party for the capped expenditure period.	22 23 24 25 26
'177JB	Retu	urns by broadcasters	27
د ا	tl a p	f an election has taken place, each broadcaster who, during he capped expenditure period for the election, broadcast an dvertisement relating to the election with the authority of a participant in the election must, before the end of 8 weeks fter the polling day for the election, give the commission a	28 29 30 31 32

		n, in an approved form, stating particulars of the rtisement, being particulars—	1 2
	(a)	identifying the broadcasting service as part of which the advertisement was broadcast; and	3 4
	(b)	identifying the person at whose request the advertisement was broadcast; and	5 6
	(c)	identifying the participant in the election with whose authority the advertisement was broadcast; and	7 8
	(d)	stating the date on which, and the times between which, the advertisement was broadcast; and	9 10
	(e)	showing whether or not, on each occasion when the advertisement was broadcast, a charge was made by the broadcaster for the broadcasting of the advertisement and, if a charge was made, stating the amount of the charge.	11 12 13 14 15
'(2)	broa	ection (1) applies to a broadcaster even if at the time the dcaster broadcast the advertisement the broadcaster was ide Queensland.	16 17 18
'(3)	spect broad is a c to th	a return under subsection (1), the amount of a charge is ified by a broadcaster in relation to an advertisement, the dcaster must, in the return, state whether or not the charge charge at less than normal commercial rates having regard e length of the advertisement and the day on which, and imes between which, the advertisement was broadcast.	19 20 21 22 23 24
'(4)	secti the r starti	roadcaster who is required to make a return under this on for an advertisement must keep the record made for relevant provision until the end of the period of 1 month ing on the day on which the return is given to the mission.	25 26 27 28 29
'(5)		requirement of subsection (4) is in addition to the irements of the relevant provision for the retention of the rd.	30 31 32
'(6)	In su	bsections (4) and (5)—	33
	relev	pant provision means—	34

	(a)	in relation to the Australian Broadcasting Corporation, the Australian Broadcasting Corporation Act 1983 (Cwlth), section 79B; or	1 2 3
	(b)	in relation to the Special Broadcasting Service, the <i>Special Broadcasting Service Act 1991</i> (Cwlth), section 70B; or	4 5 6
	(c)	otherwise, the <i>Broadcasting Services Act 1992</i> (Cwlth), section 5.	7 8
'177JC Re	eturn	s by publishers	9
ʻ(1)	durin publi elect must elect	election has taken place, each publisher of a journal who, ng the capped expenditure period for the election, ished in the journal an advertisement relating to the ion with the authority of a participant in the election t, before the end of 8 weeks after the polling day for the ion, give the commission a return, in an approved form, ng particulars of the advertisement, being particulars—	10 11 12 13 14 15 16
	(a)	identifying the journal in which the advertisement was published; and	17 18
	(b)	identifying the person at whose request the advertisement was published; and	19 20
	(c)	identifying the participant in the election with whose authority the advertisement was published; and	21 22
	(d)	stating the date on which the advertisement was published; and	23 24
	(e)	identifying the page in the journal on which the advertisement was published and the space in the journal occupied by the advertisement; and	25 26 27
	(f)	showing whether or not a charge was made by the publisher for the publication of the advertisement and, if a charge was made, stating the amount of the charge.	28 29 30
'(2)	publ	section (1) applies to a publisher even if at the time the isher published the advertisement the publisher was ide Queensland.	31 32 33

'(3)	If, in a return under subsection (1), the amount of a charge is specified by a publisher in relation to an advertisement, the publisher must, in the return, state whether or not the charge was a charge at less than normal commercial rates having regard to the space in the journal occupied by the advertisement and the nature of the journal.	1 2 3 4 5 6
ʻ(4)	A publisher is not required to give a return under subsection (1) in relation to an election if the total amount of the charge made by the publisher for the publication of the advertisement referred to in the subsection and any other advertisement relating to an election that took place on the same day as the first-mentioned election does not exceed \$1000.	7 8 9 10 11 12
'177JD Ni	returns	13
	'If no electoral expenditure for an election was incurred by or with the authority of a particular candidate, a return under this division for the candidate must nevertheless be lodged and must include a statement to the effect that no expenditure of the kind was incurred by or with the authority of the candidate.	14 15 16 17 18 19
'177JE Tw	o or more elections on the same day	20
<b>'177JE Tw</b> '(1)	o or more elections on the same day If—	20 21
	-	
	If— (a) the polling at 2 or more elections took place on the same	21 22
	<ul> <li>If—</li> <li>(a) the polling at 2 or more elections took place on the same day; and</li> <li>(b) a person would, but for this subsection, be required to give 2 or more returns under this division relating to the</li> </ul>	21 22 23 24 25
	<ul> <li>If— <ul> <li>(a) the polling at 2 or more elections took place on the same day; and</li> <li>(b) a person would, but for this subsection, be required to give 2 or more returns under this division relating to the elections;</li> </ul> </li> <li>the person may, instead of giving the returns, give 1 return, in an approved form, stating the particulars that the person</li> </ul>	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

	(b)	particular electoral expenditure, details of which are required to be stated in the return, relates to more than 1 election;	1 2 3
	detai	sufficient compliance with this division if the return states ls of the expenditure without showing the extent to which ates to any particular election.	4 5 6
'Division	11	Returns by registered political parties and associated entities	7 8
'177K Inte	erpret	ation	9
	'In th	nis division—	10
	amoi	unt includes the value of a gift, loan or bequest.	11
		vision applies to gifts that are returned etc. weeks	12 13
<b>'</b> (1)		ect to subsections (2) and (3), this division does not apply gift that is returned within 6 weeks after its receipt.	14 15
·(2)	mear	division applies to a gift of foreign property within the ning of division 8, subdivision 1 whether or not the gift is ned within 6 weeks as mentioned in section 177HA.	16 17 18
<b>'</b> (3)	inclu	e gift is so returned, any return under this division that des the amount or value of the gift must also include a ment to the effect that the gift was so returned.	19 20 21
	eturn: ties	s for reporting periods by registered political	22 23
	party	ject to this division, the agent of each registered political must, within the prescribed time, give to the commission arn, in an approved form, stating—	24 25 26
	(a)	the total amount received by, or for, the party during the reporting period, together with the details required by section 177KC; and	27 28 29

	]	the total amount of political donations received by the party during the reporting period, together with the details required by section 177KC for each donation; and	1 2 3 4
	1	the total amount paid by, or for, the party during the reporting period, together with the details required by section 177KD; and	5 6 7
	]	the total outstanding amount, as at the end of the reporting period, of all debts incurred by, or for, the party, together with the details required by section 177KE.	8 9 10 11
'177KC A	mount	s received	12
'(1)	by, or	sum of all political donations or other amounts received for, the party from an entity during a reporting period is ) or more, the return must include the particulars of the	13 14 15 16
'(2)	In cale be cou	culating the sum, an amount of less than \$1000 need not unted.	17 18
'(3)		particulars of the sum required to be given under ction (1) are the amount of the sum and—	19 20
	;	if the sum was received from an unincorporated association, other than a registered industrial organisation—	21 22 23
		(i) the name of the association; and	24
		(ii) the names and addresses of the members of the executive committee (however described) of the association; or	25 26 27
		if the sum was purportedly paid out of a trust fund or out of the funds of a foundation—	28 29
		(i) the names and addresses of the trustees of the fund or of the foundation; and	30 31

		(ii)	the title or other description of the trust fund, or the name of the foundation; or	1 2
	(c)	othe	rwise, the name and address of the entity.	3
'177KD A	mour	nts pa	aid	4
'(1)	duri	ng a i	of all amounts paid by, or for, the party to an entity reporting period is \$1000 or more, the return must e particulars of the sum.	5 6 7
'(2)		alcula nted—	ting the sum, the following amounts need not be	8 9
	(a)	an a	mount of less than \$1000;	10
	(b)		mount paid under a contract of employment or an rd stating terms and conditions of employment.	11 12
'(3)			ulars of a sum required to be given under subsection amount of the sum and—	13 14
	(a)		e sum was paid to an unincorporated association, r than a registered industrial organisation—	15 16
		(i)	the name of the association; and	17
		(ii)	the names and addresses of the members of the executive committee (however described) of the association; or	18 19 20
	(b)		e sum was purportedly paid into a trust fund or into funds of a foundation—	21 22
		(i)	the names and addresses of the trustees of the fund or of the foundation; and	23 24
		(ii)	the title or other description of the trust fund, or the name of the foundation; or	25 26
	(c)	othe	rwise, the name and address of the entity.	27
'177KE O	utsta	ndin	g amounts	28

(1) If the sum of all outstanding debts incurred by, or for, the party to a person or an organisation during a reporting period 30

	is \$1 sum.	000 or more, the return must include the particulars of the .	1 2
'(2)		particulars of a sum required to be given under subsection are the amount of the sum and—	3 4
	(a)	if the sum was owed to an unincorporated association, other than a registered industrial organisation—	5 6
		(i) the name of the association; and	7
		<ul><li>(ii) the names and addresses of the members of the executive committee (however described) of the association; or</li></ul>	8 9 10
	(b)	if the sum was purportedly incurred as a debt to a trust fund or to a foundation—	11 12
		(i) the names and addresses of the trustees of the fund or of the foundation; and	13 14
		(ii) the title or other description of the trust fund, or the name of the foundation; or	15 16
	(c)	otherwise, the name and address of the person or organisation.	17 18
'177KF Re	eturn	s for reporting periods by associated entities	19
'(1)	repo retur	n entity is an associated entity at any time during a orting period, the entity's financial controller must give a rn to the commission, in the approved form, within the cribed time, setting out—	20 21 22 23
	(a)	the total amount received by, or for, the entity during the reporting period, together with the details required by section 177KC; and	24 25 26
	(b)	the total amount paid by, or for, the entity during the reporting period, together with the details required by section 177KD; and	27 28 29
	(c)	if the entity is an associated entity at the end of the reporting period, the total outstanding amount, as at the end of the reporting period, of all debts incurred by or	30 31 32

	for the entity, together with the details required by section 177KE.	1 2
'(2)	Amounts received or paid at a time when the entity was not an associated entity are not to be counted for subsection (1)(a) and (b).	3 4 5
<b>'</b> (3)	If any amount required to be set out under subsection (1)(b)—	6
	(a) was paid to or for 1 or more registered political parties; and	7 8
	(b) was paid out of funds generated from capital of the associated entity;	9 10
	the return must also set out the following details about each person who contributed to the capital at any time—	11 12
	(c) the name and address of the person;	13
	(d) the total amount of the person's contributions to the capital, up to the end of the reporting period.	14 15
'(4)	Subsection (3) does not apply to contributions that have been set out in a previous return under this section.	16 17
'(5)	Sections 177KC, 177KD and 177KE apply for subsection (1)(a), (b) and (c) to a return for an associated entity in the same way as they apply for section 177KB(a), (b) and (c) to a return for a registered political party.	18 19 20 21
'177KG R	eturns not to include lists of party membership	22
	'Returns given under this division are not to include lists of party membership.	23 24
'177KH R	egulation	25
<b>'</b> (1)	The regulation may require greater detail to be provided in returns than is otherwise required under this division.	26 27
'(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the regulation may require that the total amounts mentioned in section 177KB be broken down in the way specified in the regulation.	28 29 30

'(3)	0	lation may reduce the amount of information to be in returns under section 177KF.	1 2
'Division	12	Registration of third parties	3
'177L App	olication	for registration	4
'(1)	capped e	arty that intends to incur electoral expenditure for a xpenditure period for an election may apply to the ion for registration as a third party for the election.	5 6 7
	Note—		8
	the amou	ion 177IA(1)(g) and (h), which provides for different caps for unt of electoral expenditure that may be incurred by registered ties and third parties that are not registered under this division.	9 10 11
<b>'</b> (2)	The appli	ication must be—	12
	(a) in the	he approved form; and	13
	(b) mad	de to the commission during the period—	14
	(i)	starting on the day after the polling day for the previous election; and	15 16
	(ii)	ending on the day that is the day before the polling day for the election for which the third party is seeking registration.	17 18 19
·(3)	11	ication must be accompanied by an appointment of dual as the agent of the third party under section	20 21 22
'177LA De	cision al	bout application	23
'(1)	commissi	as practicable after receiving the application, the ion must decide to register or to refuse to register the as a third party for the election.	24 25 26
'(2)	applicant	mission must decide to refuse to register the if the application is received other than during the entioned in section $177L(2)(b)$ .	27 28 29

<b>'</b> (3)	The commission may refuse to register the applicant only if the application is incomplete or incorrect.	1 2
'177LB Aj	oproval of application	3
<b>'</b> (1)	If the commission decides to register the applicant, the commission must, as soon as practicable after making the decision—	4 5 6
	(a) enter the third party's name and other relevant particulars in the register; and	7 8
	(b) give the third party written notice that the third party has been registered.	9 10
'(2)	The registration takes effect when the third party's name and other particulars are entered in the register.	11 12
'177LC Re	efusal of application	13
<b>'</b> (1)	If the commission decides to refuse to register the applicant, the commission must as soon as practicable after making the decision give the applicant a written notice that states—	14 15 16
	(a) that the commission has decided to refuse to register the applicant; and	17 18
	(b) the reason for the refusal; and	19
	(c) that the applicant may, within 30 days after receiving the notice—	20 21
	(i) amend the application for registration in the way stated in the notice; and	22 23
	(ii) resubmit the application to the commission; and	24
	(d) that if the applicant amends and resubmits the application as mentioned in paragraph (c), the amended application is taken to have been made on the day the original application was made.	25 26 27 28
·(2)	Subsection (1)(c) and (d) does not apply to a written notice given for a decision under section 177LA(2) to refuse to register an applicant.	29 30 31

'177LD Re	esubmission of application	1
	'If the application is refused and the applicant resubmits the application as mentioned in the notice given to the applicant under section 177LC—	2 3 4
	(a) the commission must approve the application; and	5
	(b) the registration is taken to have had effect from the day the original application was made.	6 7
'177LE Ot	bligation to notify commission of change of details	8
'(1)	If the relevant details for a registered third party change after the third party is registered, the third party's agent must give the commission a written notice about the change as required by subsection (2).	9 10 11 12
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	13
<b>'</b> (2)	The notice must be—	14
	(a) in the approved form; and	15
	(b) given to the commission within 30 days after the change happens.	16 17
'(3)	The commission must vary the entry for the registered third party in the register as stated in the notice, unless the commission reasonably believes the variation is incorrect.	18 19 20
<b>'</b> (4)	In this section—	21
	<i>relevant details</i> , for a registered third party, means any details included in the third party's application for registration.	22 23
'177LF Co	mmission's power to confirm details	24
<b>'</b> (1)	This section applies if—	25
	(a) the commission believes, on reasonable grounds, that a registered third party's relevant details have changed; and	26 27 28
	(b) the third party's agent has not given the commission a notice required under section 177LE.	29 30

'(2)	The commission may, by written notice given to the agent, require the agent to do the following within the time stated in the notice—	1 2 3
	<ul> <li>(a) give the commission a written declaration that states the relevant details have not changed if the details have not changed;</li> </ul>	4 5 6
	(b) give the notice required under section 177LE if the details have changed.	7 8
<b>'</b> (3)	If the agent fails to comply with the notice under subsection (2), the commission may—	9 10
	(a) cancel the third party's registration; and	11
	(b) remove the third party's name and other details from the register.	12 13
'(4)	The cancellation of the third party's registration takes effect on—	14 15
	(a) the day the third party receives the notice; or	16
	(b) the later day stated in the notice.	17
<i></i>		
'177LG Ca	ancellation of registration at request of third party	18
	'The commission must cancel the registration of a third party if asked to do so, in writing, by the third party's agent.	19 20
ʻ177LH Va con	riation of entry in register on initiative of nmission	21 22
<b>'</b> (1)	If the commission believes, on reasonable grounds, that an entry in the register contains incorrect details, the commission may change the entry to the extent necessary to ensure the details are correct.	23 24 25 26
'(2)	If the commission changes an entry under subsection (1), the commission must, as soon as practicable after making the change, give the agent of the registered third party to whom the entry relates written notice of the change.	27 28 29 30

'Division	13	Miscellaneous	1
'177M Inte	rpret	tation	2
	retur part	cept in section 177MF, a reference in this division to a rn under division 7, 8, 10 or 11 or to a return under this includes a reference to particulars under section MF(2).	3 4 5 6
<b>'177MA O</b>	ffenc	es	7
'(1)	to gi	erson who fails to give a return that the person is required ive under division 7, 8, 10 or 11 within the time required his part commits an offence.	8 9 10
	Max	imum penalty—	11
	(a)	for a return required to be given by the agent of a registered political party—100 penalty units; or	12 13
	(b)	otherwise—20 penalty units.	14
'(2)	A pe	erson who—	15
	(a)	gives a return that is incomplete, being a return that the person is required to give under division 7, 10 or 11; or	16 17
	(b)	fails to keep records in accordance with section 177MC;	18
	is gu	uilty of an offence.	19
	Max	imum penalty—20 penalty units.	20
'(3)	a cla requi parti	erson who is the agent of a political party and who lodges aim under division 4, or gives a return that the agent is ired to give under division 7, 10 or 11, that contains culars that are, to the knowledge of the agent, false or eading in a material particular is guilty of an offence.	21 22 23 24 25
	Max	imum penalty—200 penalty units.	26
'(4)	clain requi parti	erson who is the agent of a candidate and who lodges a n under division 4, or gives a return that the agent is ired to give under division 7, 10 or 11, that contains culars that are, to the knowledge of the agent, false or eading in a material particular is guilty of an offence.	27 28 29 30 31

	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	1
<b>'</b> (5)	A person (other than an agent) who lodges a claim under division 4, or gives a return that the person is required to give under division 7 or 10, that contains particulars that are, to the knowledge of the person, false or misleading in a material particular is guilty of an offence.	2 3 4 5 6
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	7
'(6)	If a person is convicted of an offence against subsection (1), the court may, as well as imposing a penalty under the subsection, order the person to give the relevant return within a time stated by the court in its order.	8 9 10 11
'(7)	If a person is convicted of an offence against subsection (3), (4) or (5), the court may, as well as imposing a penalty under the subsection, order the person to refund to the State the amount of any payment wrongfully obtained by the person under division 4.	12 13 14 15 16
ʻ(8)	If a court has made an order under subsection (7), a certificate signed by the appropriate officer of the court stating the amount ordered to be refunded and the person by whom the amount is payable may be filed in a court having civil jurisdiction to the extent of that amount and is enforceable as a final judgment of the court having civil jurisdiction.	17 18 19 20 21 22
<b>'</b> (9)	A person must not give to another person, for the making by the other person of a claim under division 4, information that is, to the knowledge of the first-mentioned person, false or misleading in a material particular.	23 24 25 26
	Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	27
ʻ(10)	A person must not give to another person who is required to give a return under division 7, 10 or 11 information that relates to the return and that is, to the knowledge of the first-mentioned person, false or misleading in a material particular.	28 29 30 31 32
	Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	33
'(11)	A person is guilty of an offence if—	34

	(a)		acting on behalf of the person) receipt of the gift is unlawful ; and	1 2 3
	(b)	the person is—		4
		(i) a registered politica	al party that is a corporation; or	5
		(ii) a candidate; or		6
		(iii) an associated entity	that is a corporation.	7
	Max units		imprisonment or 240 penalty	8 9
<b>'</b> (12)	A pe	erson is guilty of an offend	ce if—	10
	(a)	a gift is received by (or either of the following (	by a person acting on behalf of) the <i>recipient</i> )—	11 12
		(i) a registered politica	al party that is not a corporation;	13
		(ii) an associated entity	that is not a corporation; and	14
	(b)	the receipt of the gif 177HC(1); and	t is unlawful under section	15 16
	(c)		d in column 2 of an item in the person is specified in column 3	17 18 19
Liability for	unlaw	vful receipt of gift		
Column 1	Colu	ımn 2	Column 3	
Item	lf the	e recipient is	the person is liable for the offence if the person is	
1	a reg	gistered political party	the registered officer of the party, the secretary of the party (as defined in section 3), or the agent of the party	
2	an a	ssociated entity	the financial controller of the associated entity	

Maximum penalty—1 year's imprisonment or 240 penalty 20 units. 21

A person does not commit an offence against subsection (12)

	(a) the person does not know of the circumstances because of which the receipt of the gift is unlawful; or	3 4		
	(b) the person takes all reasonable steps to avoid those circumstances occurring.	5 6		
<b>'</b> (14)	A prosecution for an offence against a provision of this section may be started at any time within 3 years after the offence was committed.	7 8 9		
'177MB R	ecovery of payments	10		
'(1)	An action in a court to recover an amount due to the State under section 177DN(3) or 177HD(7) may be brought in the name of the commission.			
'(2)	Any process in the action required to be served on the State may be served on the commission.			
'177MC R	ecords to be kept	16		
'(1)	This section applies if a person makes or obtains a document or other thing that is or includes a record about a matter particulars of which are, or could be, required to be stated in a claim or return under this part, other than a record that, in the normal course of business or administration, would be transferred to another person.			
·(2)	The first-mentioned person must keep the record for a period of at least 3 years commencing on the day on which the claim or return was made.			
'177MD A	udit certificates	26		
'(1)	This section applies if a person is required under this part to give a return to the commission other than one of the following returns—			
	(a) a return under section 177GF;	30		
	(b) a return under section 177JB;	31		
	Page 105			

**'**(13)

if—

	(c)	a return under section 177JC;	1
	(d)	a return given under section 177GD or 177GE.	2
'(2)		return must be accompanied by a certificate from an tor stating—	3 4
	(a)	that the auditor was given full and free access at all reasonable times to the accounts and documents of the agent responsible for giving the return and of the party, elected member, candidate or registered third party relating directly or indirectly to a matter required to be disclosed in the return; and	5 6 7 8 9 10
	(b)	the auditor examined the accounts and documents mentioned in paragraph (a) that the auditor considered material for giving the certificate; and	11 12 13
	(c)	the auditor received all the information and explanations the auditor asked for in relation to any matter required to be stated in the certificate, subject to the qualifications, if any, stated in the certificate; and	14 15 16 17
	(d)	the auditor has no reason to think any statement in the declaration is not correct.	18 19
'(3)	The commission may waive compliance with the requirement to give an audit certificate if—		
	(a)	the return contains a statement to the effect that no political donation was received, and no electoral expenditure was incurred, by the candidate or registered third party; or	22 23 24 25
	(b)	the commission considers the cost of compliance with the requirement would be unreasonable.	26 27
'(4)	A return required to be accompanied by a certificate from auditor is taken not to have been given as required under the part if it is not accompanied by the certificate.		28 29 30
'177ME A	udito	r to give notice of contravention	31

'(1) This section applies if, in carrying out an audit to prepare an audit certificate for this part, an auditor becomes aware of a matter that is reasonably likely to constitute a contravention of 34

	this part by a registered political party, candidate or registered third party.	1 2			
'(2)	The auditor must, within 7 days after becoming aware of the matter, give the commission written notice of the matter.	3 4			
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	5			
'177MF In	ability to complete returns	6			
'(1)	If a person who is required to give a return under division 7, 10 or 11 considers that it is impossible to complete the return because the person is unable to obtain particulars that are required for the preparation of the return, the person may—	7 8 9 10			
	<ul><li>(a) prepare the return to the extent that it is possible to do so without the particulars; and</li></ul>	11 12			
	(b) give the return so prepared; and	13			
	(c) give to the commission a written notice—	14			
	(i) identifying the return; and	15			
	(ii) stating that the return is incomplete because the person is unable to obtain certain particulars; and	16 17			
	(iii) identifying the particulars; and	18			
	(iv) stating the reasons the person is unable to obtain the particulars; and	19 20			
	<ul> <li>(v) if the person believes, on reasonable grounds, that another person whose name and address the person knows can give those particulars—stating that belief and the reasons for it and the name and address of that other person;</li> </ul>	21 22 23 24 25			
	and a person who complies with this subsection must not, merely because of the omission of the particulars, be taken, for section 177MA(2), to have given a return that is incomplete.				
'(2)	If the commission has been informed under subsection $(1)(c)(v)$ or $(3)(e)$ that a person can supply particulars that have not been included in a return, the commission may, by written notice given to the person, require the person to give				

	to the commission, within the period stated in the notice and in writing, those particulars and, subject to subsection (3), the person must comply with the requirement.				
'(3)	If a person who is required to give particulars under subsection (2) considers that the person is unable to obtain some or all of the particulars, the person must give to the commission a written notice—		4 5 6 7		
	(a)	stating the particulars (if any) that the person is able to give; and	8 9		
	(b)	stating that the person is unable to obtain some or all of the particulars; and	10 11		
	(c)	identifying the particulars the person is unable to obtain; and	12 13		
	(d)	stating the reasons the person considers the person is unable to obtain the particulars; and	14 15		
	(e)	if the person believes, on reasonable grounds, that another person whose name and address the person knows can give the particulars—stating the name and address of the other person and the reasons the person believes that the other person is able to give the particulars.	16 17 18 19 20 21		
ʻ(4)	(4) A person who complies with subsection (3) must not, beca of the omission of particulars required under subsection be taken, for section 177MA(2), to have given a return th incomplete.		22 23 24 25		
177MG E	xtens	sion for giving return	26		
'(1)	A person who is required to give a return under this part may, before the day by which the return must be given, apply to the commission for an extension of the day by which the return must be lodged.		27 28 29 30		
<b>'</b> (2)		commission may grant the application if the commission tisfied it is appropriate to do so in the circumstances.	31 32		
'(3)		ever, an extension under this section may not extend the by which the return is required to be given to a day that is	33 34		

	more than 8 weeks after the day the return would, but for this section, be required to be lodged.	1 2
'(4)	The commission may, as a condition of extending the day by which the return must be given, require the person to give a return containing the particulars the person has available at the time.	3 4 5 6
'177MH N	oncompliance with part does not affect election	7
<b>'</b> (1)	A failure of a person to comply with a provision of this part for an election does not invalidate the election.	8 9
<b>'</b> (2)	Without limiting subsection (1), if—	10
	(a) a registered political party endorsed a candidate in an election; and	11 12
	(b) the candidate was elected at the election;	13
	any failure by the agent of the political party to comply with a provision of this part for the election does not invalidate the election of the candidate.	14 15 16
'(3)	Without limiting subsection (1), if the agent of a candidate who is elected at an election fails to comply with a provision of this part for the election, that failure does not invalidate the election of the candidate.	17 18 19 20
'177MI An	nendment of claims and returns	21
'(1)	If the commissioner is satisfied that a claim or return under this part contains a formal error or is subject to a formal defect, the commissioner may amend the claim or return to the extent necessary to correct the error or remove the defect.	22 23 24 25
'(2)	A person who has lodged a claim or given a return under this part may ask the permission of the commission to make a specified amendment of the claim or return for correcting an error or omission.	26 27 28 29
<b>'</b> (3)	If the claim was lodged, or the return was given, by a person as the agent of a registered political party, the request under subsection (2) may be made either by—	30 31 32

[s	15]
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	(a)	the person who lodged the claim or return; or	1
	(b)	the person who is currently registered as the agent of the political party.	2 3
'(4)	A re	quest under subsection (2) must—	4
	(a)	be by written notice signed by the person making the request; and	5 6
	(b)	be given to the commission.	7
<b>'</b> (5)	If—		8
	(a)	a request has been made under subsection (2); and	9
	(b)	the commission is satisfied that there is an error in, or omission from, the claim or return to which the request relates;	10 11 12
		commission must permit the person making the request to nd the claim or return in accordance with the request.	13 14
'(6)	If the commission decides to refuse a request under subsection (2), the commission must give to the person making the request written notice of the reasons for the decision.		
<b>'</b> (7)	An officer authorised for the purpose by the commission may exercise the power of the commission under subsection (5).		
<b>'(8</b> )		n officer acting under subsection (7) decides to refuse a lest under subsection (2)—	20 21
	(a)	subsection (6) applies as if the officer were the commission; and	22 23
	(b)	the person who made the request may, by written notice lodged with the commission within 28 days after notice of the refusal was given, ask the commission to review the decision.	24 25 26 27
<b>'</b> (9)	If a request is made under subsection (8), the commission must review the decision to which the request relates and make a fresh decision.		28 29 30
<b>'</b> (10)	not offe	amendment of a claim or return under this section does affect the liability of a person to be convicted of an nce against section 177MA(2), (3) or (5) arising out of the ing of the claim or the giving of the return.	31 32 33 34

177MJ P	ublishing of returns	1
'(1)	The commission must publish on its website the following returns given to the commission—	2 3
	(a) a return under section 177GE;	4
	(b) a return under section 177GF;	5
	(c) a return under section 177KB;	6
	(d) a return under section 177KF.	7
'(2)	A return mentioned in subsection (1)(a), (c) or (d) must be published within 6 weeks after the return is given to the commission.	8 9 10
'(3)	A return mentioned in subsection (1)(b) must be published within 10 business days after the return is given to the commission.	11 12 13
'177MK Ir	nspection and supply of copies of claims and returns	14
<b>'</b> (1)	The commission must keep, at its office, a copy of—	15
	(a) each claim under division 4; and	16
	(b) each return under division 7, 8 or 10; and	17
	(c) each return under division 11.	18
'(2)	Any person may peruse, at the office of the commission, a copy of a claim or return mentioned in subsection (1).	19 20
·(3)	A person may, on payment of a fee decided by the commission to cover the cost of copying, obtain a copy of a claim or return mentioned in subsection (1).	21 22 23
'(4)	A person is not entitled under this section to peruse, or obtain a copy of—	24 25
	(a) a claim under division 4; or	26
	(b) a return under division 7 (other than section 177GE or 177GF) or 10;	27 28
	until after the end of 24 weeks after the polling day for the election to which the claim or return relates.	29 30
<b>'</b> (5)	In this section—	31

	clai	<i>m</i> includes the following—	1		
	(a)	any documents accompanying the claim;	2		
	(b)	any documents relating to the assessment of the claim by the commission.	3 4		
'177ML R	ecov	ery of unlawful donations	5		
'(1)	invo	This section applies if a person is convicted of an offence involving the unlawful acceptance of a political donation under this part.			
'(2)		maximum penalty for the offence is the greater of the owing amounts—	9 10		
	(a)	the amount that is equal to twice the amount of the political donation;	11 12		
	(b)	200 penalty units.	13		
<b>'</b> (3)	The amount payable under subsection (2) may be recovered from—				
	(a)	if the donation was accepted by the person on behalf of a registered political party that is a corporation, the party; or	16 17 18		
	(b)	if the donation was accepted by the person on behalf of a registered political party that is not a corporation, the party's agent; or	19 20 21		
	(c)	otherwise, the person who accepted the donation or, if the person has an agent, the agent.	22 23		
'177MM C	omp	liance agreements	24		
'(1)	The commission may enter into a written agreement (a <i>compliance agreement</i> ) with a person on whom an obligation is placed by this part to ensure the person complies with this part or remedies an apparent contravention of this part.				
'(2)	A compliance agreement may state the measures to be taken by the person to whom it applies to ensure the person complies with this part or remedies an apparent contravention of this part.				

ʻ(3)	A court may, on application by the commission, make a declaration that a person has contravened a compliance agreement and make ancillary orders to enforce the compliance agreement.	1 2 3 4	
'(4)	This section does not affect proceedings for an offence for a contravention of this Act.	5 6	
'Division	14 General provisions about authorised officers	7 8	
'Subdivis	sion 1 Appointment	9	
'177N Aut	horised officer under pt 9A	10	
'(1)	(1) This part includes provision for the appointment of authorised officers, and gives authorised officers particular powers.		
'(2)	(2) The purpose of these provisions is to ensure the commission has available to it suitably qualified persons who can help the commission properly deal with issues about compliance with the part.		
"177NA Ap	opointment and qualifications	17	
<b>'</b> (1)	The commission may, by instrument in writing, appoint any of the following persons as authorised officers—	18 19	
	(a) officers of the commission;	20	
	(b) public service employees;	21	
	(c) other persons prescribed under a regulation.	22	
'(2)	However, the commissioner may appoint a person as an authorised officer only if—	23 24	
	<ul> <li>(a) the commissioner is satisfied the person is qualified for appointment because the person has the necessary expertise or experience; or</li> </ul>	25 26 27	

		(b) the person has satisfactorily finished training approved by the commissioner.	1 2
'177N	ΒA	ppointment conditions and limit on powers	3
	<b>'</b> (1)	An authorised officer holds office on any conditions stated in-	4 5
		(a) the authorised officer's instrument of appointment; or	6
		(b) a signed notice given to the authorised officer; or	7
		(c) a regulation.	8
	'(2)	The instrument of appointment, a signed notice given to the authorised officer or a regulation may limit the authorised officer's powers.	9 10 11
	<b>'</b> (3)	In this section—	12
		signed notice means a notice signed by the commissioner.	13
'177N	<b>C W</b> '(1)	<b>The office ends</b> The office of a person as an authorised officer ends if any of the following happens—	14 15 16
		(a) the term of office stated in a condition of office ends;	10
		<ul><li>(a) the term of office stated in a condition of office ends;</li><li>(b) under another condition of office, the office ends;</li></ul>	17
		<ul><li>(c) the authorised officer's resignation under section 177ND takes effect.</li></ul>	19 20
	'(2)	Subsection (1) does not limit the ways the office of a person as an authorised officer ends.	21 22
	<b>'</b> (3)	In this section—	23
		<i>condition of office</i> means a condition under which the authorised officer holds office.	24 25
'177N	DR	esignation	26
	'(1)	An authorised officer may resign by signed notice given to the commissioner.	27 28

'(2)	However, if holding office as an authorised officer is a condition of the authorised officer holding another office, the authorised officer may not resign as an authorised officer without resigning from the other office.	1 2 3 4
'Subdivi	sion 2 Identity cards	5
'177NE Is	sue of identity card	6
'(1)	The commissioner must issue an identity card to each authorised officer.	7 8
<b>'</b> (2)	The identity card must—	9
	(a) contain a recent photo of the authorised officer; and	10
	(b) contain a copy of the authorised officer's signature; and	11
	(c) identify the person as an authorised officer under this Act; and	12 13
	(d) state an expiry date for the card.	14
'(3)	This section does not prevent the issue of a single identity card to a person for this Act and other purposes.	15 16
ʻ177NF Pi	oduction or display of identity card	17
'(1)	In exercising a power in relation to a person in the person's presence, an authorised officer must—	18 19
	(a) produce the authorised officer's identity card for the person's inspection before exercising the power; or	20 21
	(b) have the identity card displayed so it is clearly visible to the person when exercising the power.	22 23
'(2)	However, if it is not practicable to comply with subsection (1), the authorised officer must produce the identity card for the person's inspection at the first reasonable opportunity.	24 25 26
ʻ(3)	For subsection (1), an authorised officer does not exercise a power in relation to a person only because the authorised officer has entered a place as mentioned in section $177O(1)(b)$ .	27 28 29 30

177NG Return of identity card	1
'If the office of a person as an authorised officer ends, the person must return the person's identity card to the commissioner within 21 days after the office ends unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	2 3 4 5
Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	6
<b>Subdivision 3</b> Miscellaneous provisions	7
177NH References to exercise of powers	8
'If—	9
(a) a provision of this part refers to the exercise of a power by an authorised officer; and	10 11
(b) there is no reference to a specific power;	12
the reference is to the exercise of all or any authorised officer's powers under this part or a warrant, to the extent the powers are relevant.	13 14 15
<b>'177NI Reference to document includes reference to reproductions from electronic document</b>	16 17
'A reference in this part to a document includes a reference to an image or writing—	18 19
(a) produced from an electronic document; or	20
(b) not yet produced, but reasonably capable of being produced, from an electronic document, with or without the aid of another article or device.	21 22 23

'Division 15		Entry of places by authorised officers	1 2
'Subdivis	sion	1 Power to enter	3
'1770 Ger	neral j	power to enter places	4
'(1)	An at	thorised officer may enter a place if—	5
		an occupier at the place consents under subdivision 2 to the entry and section 177OC has been complied with for the occupier; or	6 7 8
	. ,	it is a public place and the entry is made when the place is open to the public; or	9 10
		the entry is authorised under a warrant and, if there is an occupier of the place, section 1770J has been complied with for the occupier.	11 12 13
·(2)	place condi	power to enter arose only because an occupier of the consented to the entry, the power is subject to any tions of the consent and ceases if the consent is rawn.	14 15 16 17
<b>'</b> (3)		power to enter is under a warrant, the power is subject to rms of the warrant.	18 19
<b>'</b> (4)		onsent may provide consent for re-entry and is subject to onditions of consent.	20 21
'(5)		e power to re-enter is under a warrant, the re-entry is et to the terms of the warrant.	22 23
'Subdivis	sion	2 Entry by consent	24
'1770A Ap	oplica	tion of sdiv 2	25
	ask an or and	subdivision applies if an authorised officer intends to a occupier of a place to consent to the authorised officer other authorised officer entering the place under section (1)(a).	26 27 28 29

'177OB	In	cider	ital e	ntry to ask for access	1
		autho	-	urpose of asking the occupier for the consent, an officer may, without the occupier's consent or a	2 3 4
		(a)		land around premises at the place to an extent that asonable to contact the occupier; or	5 6
		(b)	consi	part of the place the authorised officer reasonably ders members of the public ordinarily are allowed ater when they wish to contact an occupier of the c.	7 8 9 10
'177OC	Ма	atters	s autł	norised officer must tell occupier	11
				king for the consent, the authorised officer must onable explanation to the occupier—	12 13
		(a)		t the purpose of the entry, including the powers ded to be exercised; and	14 15
		(b)	that t	he occupier is not required to consent; and	16
		(c)		he consent may be given subject to conditions and be withdrawn at any time.	17 18
'177OD	Co	onsei	nt acl	knowledgement	19
'(1	1)			sent is given, the authorised officer may ask the sign an acknowledgement of the consent.	20 21
'(2	2)	The a	ackno	wledgement must state—	22
		(a)	-	burpose of the entry, including the powers to be eised; and	23 24
		(b)	the fo	ollowing has been explained to the occupier—	25
			(i)	the purpose of the entry, including the powers intended to be exercised;	26 27
			(ii)	that the occupier is not required to consent;	28
			(iii)	that the consent may be given subject to conditions and may be withdrawn at any time; and	29 30

	(c) the occupier gives the authorised officer or another authorised officer consent to enter the place and exercise the powers; and	1 2 3
	(d) the time and day the consent was given; and	4
	(e) any conditions of the consent.	5
·(3)	If the occupier signs the acknowledgement, the authorised officer must immediately give a copy to the occupier.	6 7
<b>'</b> (4)	If—	8
	(a) an issue arises in a proceeding about whether the occupier consented to the entry; and	9 10
	(b) an acknowledgement complying with subsection (2) for the entry is not produced in evidence;	11 12
	the onus of proof is on the person relying on the lawfulness of the entry to prove the occupier consented.	13 14
'Subdivi	sion 3 Entry under warrant	15
	sion 3 Entry under warrant	15 16
'1770E A	pplication for warrant An authorised officer may apply to a magistrate for a warrant	16 17 18 19
<b>'177OE A</b> '(1)	<b>pplication for warrant</b> An authorised officer may apply to a magistrate for a warrant for a place. The authorised officer must prepare a written application that	16 17
<b>'177OE A</b> '(1) '(2)	<b>pplication for warrant</b> An authorised officer may apply to a magistrate for a warrant for a place. The authorised officer must prepare a written application that states the grounds on which the warrant is sought.	16 17 18 19 20
<b>'177OE A</b> '(1) '(2) '(3)	<ul> <li>pplication for warrant</li> <li>An authorised officer may apply to a magistrate for a warrant for a place.</li> <li>The authorised officer must prepare a written application that states the grounds on which the warrant is sought.</li> <li>The written application must be sworn.</li> <li>The magistrate may refuse to consider the application until the authorised officer gives the magistrate all the information the magistrate requires about the application in the way the</li> </ul>	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

'1770F Is	sue o	f warrant	1
'(1)	magi suspe withi	magistrate may issue the warrant for the place only if the strate is satisfied there are reasonable grounds for ecting that there is at the place, or will be at the place in the next 7 days, a particular thing or activity that may ide evidence of an offence against this part.	2 3 4 5 6
'(2)	The	warrant must state—	7
	(a)	the place to which the warrant applies; and	8
	(b)	that a stated authorised officer or any authorised officer may with necessary and reasonable help and force—	9 10
		(i) enter the place and any other place necessary for entry to the place; and	11 12
		(ii) exercise the authorised officer's powers; and	13
	(c)	particulars of the offence that the magistrate considers appropriate; and	14 15
	(d)	the name of the person suspected of having committed the offence unless the name is unknown or the magistrate considers it inappropriate to state the name; and	16 17 18 19
	(e)	the evidence that may be seized under the warrant; and	20
	(f)	the hours of the day or night when the place may be entered; and	21 22
	(g)	the magistrate's name; and	23
	(h)	the day and time of the warrant's issue; and	24
	(i)	the day, within 14 days after the warrant's issue, the warrant ends.	25 26
'1770G EI	ectro	onic application	27
'(1)	fax, elect	pplication under section 177OE may be made by phone, email, radio, videoconferencing or another form of ronic communication if the authorised officer reasonably iders it necessary because of—	28 29 30 31
	(a)	urgent circumstances; or	32

		1 2
<b>'</b> (2)	The application—	3
		4 5
	(b) may be made before the written application is sworn.	6
'1770H A	dditional procedure if electronic application	7
'(1)	may issue the warrant (the original warrant) only if the	8 9 10
	• • •	11 12
	· · · ·	13 14
<b>'</b> (2)	After the magistrate issues the original warrant—	15
	giving a copy of the warrant to the authorised officer, including, for example, by sending a copy by fax or email, the magistrate must immediately give a copy of	16 17 18 19 20
	(b) otherwise—	21
		22 23
	warrant, including by writing on it the information mentioned in section 177OF(2) provided by the	24 25 26 27
<b>'</b> (3)	form of warrant completed under subsection (2)(b) (in either case the <i>duplicate warrant</i> ), is a duplicate of, and as effectual	28 29 30 31
'(4)		32 33

	(a) the written application complying with section 177OE(2) and (3); and	1 2
	(b) if the authorised officer completed a form of warrant under subsection (2)(b)—the completed form of warrant.	3 4 5
'(5)	The magistrate must keep the original warrant and, on receiving the documents under subsection (4)—	6 7
	(a) attach the documents to the original warrant; and	8
	(b) give the original warrant and documents to the clerk of the court of the relevant magistrates court.	9 10
<b>'</b> (6)	Despite subsection (3), if—	11
	<ul> <li>(a) an issue arises in a proceeding about whether an exercise of a power was authorised by a warrant issued under this section; and</li> </ul>	12 13 14
	(b) the original warrant is not produced in evidence;	15
	the onus of proof is on the person relying on the lawfulness of the exercise of the power to prove a warrant authorised the exercise of the power.	16 17 18
<b>'</b> (7)	This section does not limit section 1770E.	19
<b>'</b> (8)	In this section—	20
	<i>relevant magistrates court</i> , in relation to a magistrate, means the Magistrates Court that the magistrate constitutes under the <i>Magistrates Act 1991</i> .	21 22 23
'1770I De	fect in relation to a warrant	24
<b>'</b> (1)	A warrant is not invalidated by a defect in—	25
	(a) the warrant; or	26
	(b) compliance with this subdivision;	27
	unless the defect affects the substance of the warrant in a material particular.	28 29
·(2)	In this section—	30

	<i>warrant</i> includes a duplicate warrant mentioned in section 1770H(3).	1 2
'1770J Er	ntry procedure	3
'(1)	This section applies if an authorised officer is intending to enter a place under a warrant issued under this subdivision.	4 5
'(2)	Before entering the place, the authorised officer must do or make a reasonable attempt to do the following things—	6 7
	<ul> <li>(a) identify himself or herself to a person who is an occupier of the place and is present by producing the authorised officer's identity card or another document evidencing the authorised officer's appointment;</li> </ul>	8 9 10 11
	(b) give the person a copy of the warrant;	12
	(c) tell the person the authorised officer is permitted by the warrant to enter the place;	13 14
	(d) give the person an opportunity to allow the authorised officer immediate entry to the place without using force.	15 16
<b>'</b> (3)	However, the authorised officer need not comply with subsection (2) if the authorised officer believes on reasonable grounds that entry to the place without compliance is required to ensure the execution of the warrant is not frustrated.	17 18 19 20
<b>'</b> (4)	In this section—	21
	<i>warrant</i> includes a duplicate warrant mentioned in section 1770H(3).	22 23
'Division	16 General powers of authorised officers after entering places	24 25
'177P Ap	olication of div 16	26
·(1)	The power under this division may be exercised if an authorised officer enters a place under section $177O(1)(a)$ or (c).	27 28 29

'(2)	However, if the authorised officer enters under section $177O(1)(a)$ or (c), the powers under this division are subject to any conditions of the consent or terms of the warrant.	1 2 3
'177PA Ge	eneral powers	4
'(1)	The authorised officer may do any of the following (each a <i>general power</i> )—	5 6
	(a) search any part of the place;	7
	(b) inspect, examine or film any part of the place or anything at the place;	8 9
	(c) place an identifying mark in or on anything at the place;	10
	(d) take an extract from, or copy, a document at the place, or take the document to another place to copy;	11 12
	(e) produce an image or writing at the place from an electronic document or, to the extent it is not practicable, take a thing containing an electronic document to another place to produce an image or writing;	13 14 15 16 17
	(f) take to, into or onto the place and use any person, equipment and materials the authorised officer reasonably requires for exercising the authorised officer's powers under this division;	18 19 20 21
	(g) remain at the place for the time necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry.	22 23
'(2)	The authorised officer may take a necessary step to allow the exercise of a general power.	24 25
'(3)	If the authorised officer takes a document from the place to copy it, the authorised officer must copy and return the document to the place as soon as practicable.	26 27 28
'(4)	If the authorised officer takes from the place an article or device reasonably capable of producing a document from an electronic document to produce the document, the authorised officer must produce the document and return the article or device to the place as soon as practicable.	29 30 31 32 33

<b>'</b> (5)	In this section—	1
	<i>examine</i> includes analyse, test, account, measure, weigh, grade, gauge and identify.	2 3
	<i>film</i> includes photograph, videotape and record an image in another way.	4 5
	<i>inspect</i> , a thing, includes open the thing and examine its contents.	6 7
'177PB Pc	ower to require reasonable help	8
'(1)	The authorised officer may make a requirement (a <i>help requirement</i> ) of an occupier of the place or a person at the place to give the authorised officer reasonable help to exercise a general power, including, for example, to produce a document or to give information.	9 10 11 12 13
'(2)	When making the help requirement, the authorised officer must give the person an offence warning for the requirement.	14 15
'177PC Of	ffence to contravene help requirement	16
<b>'</b> (1)	A person of whom a help requirement has been made must comply with the requirement unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	17 18 19
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	20
'(2)	It is a reasonable excuse for an individual not to comply with a help requirement if complying might tend to incriminate the individual or expose the individual to a penalty.	21 22 23
'(3)	However, subsection (2) does not apply if a document or information the subject of the help requirement is required to be held or kept by the defendant under this part.	24 25 26
	Note—	27
	See, however, section 177SF.	28

'Division	17	Seizure by authorised officers and forfeiture	1 2
'Subdivi	sion	1 Power to seize	3
		evidence at a place that may be entered consent or warrant	4 5
	office occup at the	authorised officer who enters a place the authorised er may enter under this Act without the consent of an pier of the place and without a warrant may seize a thing e place if the authorised officer reasonably believes the is evidence of an offence against this part.	6 7 8 9 10
		evidence at a place that may be entered only sent or warrant	11 12
<b>'</b> (1)	This	section applies if—	13
	(a)	an authorised officer is authorised to enter a place only with the consent of an occupier of the place or a warrant; and	14 15 16
	(b)	the authorised officer enters the place after obtaining the consent or under a warrant.	17 18
'(2)		e authorised officer enters the place with the occupier's ent, the authorised officer may seize a thing at the place if—	19 20 21
	(a)	the authorised officer reasonably believes the thing is evidence of an offence against this part; and	22 23
	(b)	seizure of the thing is consistent with the purpose of entry as explained to the occupier when asking for the occupier's consent.	24 25 26
·(3)	autho	e authorised officer enters the place under a warrant, the prised officer may seize the evidence for which the ant was issued.	27 28 29
'(4)		authorised officer may also seize anything else at the if the authorised officer reasonably believes—	30 31

	(a) the thing is evidence of an offence against this part; and	1
	(b) the seizure is necessary to prevent the thing being	
	hidden, lost or destroyed.	3
<b>'</b> (5)	The authorised officer may also seize a thing at the place if the	4
	authorised officer reasonably believes it has just been used in	5
	committing an offence against this part.	6
'177QB S	eizure of property subject to security	7
<b>'</b> (1)	An authorised officer may seize a thing, and exercise powers	8
	relating to the thing, despite a lien or other security over the	9
	thing claimed by another person.	10
·(2)	However, the seizure does not affect the other person's claim	11
	to the lien or other security against a person other than the authorised officer or a person acting for the authorised officer.	12 13
	autionsed officer of a person acting for the autionsed officer.	15
'Subdivi	sion 2 Powers to support spizure	14
'Subdivi	sion 2 Powers to support seizure	14
'177QC P	ower to secure seized thing	15
'177QC P	ower to secure seized thing Having seized a thing under this division, an authorised	15 16
'177QC P	<ul> <li>ower to secure seized thing</li> <li>Having seized a thing under this division, an authorised officer may— <ul> <li>(a) leave it at the place where it was seized (the <i>place of seizure</i>) and take reasonable action to restrict access to</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	15 16 17
'177QC P	<ul> <li>ower to secure seized thing</li> <li>Having seized a thing under this division, an authorised officer may— <ul> <li>(a) leave it at the place where it was seized (the <i>place of</i></li> </ul> </li> </ul>	15 16 17 18
'177QC P	<ul> <li>ower to secure seized thing</li> <li>Having seized a thing under this division, an authorised officer may— <ul> <li>(a) leave it at the place where it was seized (the <i>place of seizure</i>) and take reasonable action to restrict access to</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	15 16 17 18 19
'177QC P	<ul> <li>ower to secure seized thing</li> <li>Having seized a thing under this division, an authorised officer may— <ul> <li>(a) leave it at the place where it was seized (the <i>place of seizure</i>) and take reasonable action to restrict access to it; or</li> <li>(b) move it from the place of seizure.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For subsection (1)(a), the authorised officer may, for</li> </ul>	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22
<b>'177QC P</b> '(1)	<ul> <li>ower to secure seized thing</li> <li>Having seized a thing under this division, an authorised officer may— <ul> <li>(a) leave it at the place where it was seized (the <i>place of seizure</i>) and take reasonable action to restrict access to it; or</li> <li>(b) move it from the place of seizure.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	15 16 17 18 19 20 21
<b>'177QC P</b> '(1)	<ul> <li>ower to secure seized thing</li> <li>Having seized a thing under this division, an authorised officer may— <ul> <li>(a) leave it at the place where it was seized (the <i>place of seizure</i>) and take reasonable action to restrict access to it; or</li> <li>(b) move it from the place of seizure.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For subsection (1)(a), the authorised officer may, for example— <ul> <li>(a) seal the thing, or the entrance to the place of seizure, and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
<b>'177QC P</b> '(1)	<ul> <li>ower to secure seized thing</li> <li>Having seized a thing under this division, an authorised officer may— <ul> <li>(a) leave it at the place where it was seized (the <i>place of seizure</i>) and take reasonable action to restrict access to it; or</li> <li>(b) move it from the place of seizure.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For subsection (1)(a), the authorised officer may, for example— <ul> <li>(a) seal the thing, or the entrance to the place of seizure, and mark the thing or place to show access to the thing or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
<b>'177QC P</b> '(1)	<ul> <li>ower to secure seized thing</li> <li>Having seized a thing under this division, an authorised officer may— <ul> <li>(a) leave it at the place where it was seized (the <i>place of seizure</i>) and take reasonable action to restrict access to it; or</li> <li>(b) move it from the place of seizure.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For subsection (1)(a), the authorised officer may, for example— <ul> <li>(a) seal the thing, or the entrance to the place of seizure, and mark the thing or place to show access to the thing or place is restricted; or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
<b>'177QC P</b> '(1)	<ul> <li>ower to secure seized thing</li> <li>Having seized a thing under this division, an authorised officer may— <ul> <li>(a) leave it at the place where it was seized (the <i>place of seizure</i>) and take reasonable action to restrict access to it; or</li> <li>(b) move it from the place of seizure.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For subsection (1)(a), the authorised officer may, for example— <ul> <li>(a) seal the thing, or the entrance to the place of seizure, and mark the thing or place to show access to the thing or place is restricted; or</li> <li>(b) require a person the authorised officer reasonably</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27
<b>'177QC P</b> '(1)	<ul> <li>ower to secure seized thing</li> <li>Having seized a thing under this division, an authorised officer may— <ul> <li>(a) leave it at the place where it was seized (the <i>place of seizure</i>) and take reasonable action to restrict access to it; or</li> <li>(b) move it from the place of seizure.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For subsection (1)(a), the authorised officer may, for example— <ul> <li>(a) seal the thing, or the entrance to the place of seizure, and mark the thing or place to show access to the thing or place is restricted; or</li> <li>(b) require a person the authorised officer reasonably believes is in control of the place or thing to do an act</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28
' <b>177QC Р</b> '(1)	<ul> <li>ower to secure seized thing</li> <li>Having seized a thing under this division, an authorised officer may— <ul> <li>(a) leave it at the place where it was seized (the <i>place of seizure</i>) and take reasonable action to restrict access to it; or</li> <li>(b) move it from the place of seizure.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For subsection (1)(a), the authorised officer may, for example— <ul> <li>(a) seal the thing, or the entrance to the place of seizure, and mark the thing or place to show access to the thing or place is restricted; or</li> <li>(b) require a person the authorised officer reasonably</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

'177QD O	ffence to contravene other seizure requirement	1
	'A person must comply with a requirement made of the person under section 177QC(2)(b) unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	2 3 4
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	5
'177QE O	ffence to interfere	6
'(1)	If access to a seized thing is restricted under section 177QC, a person must not tamper with the thing or with anything used to restrict access to the thing without—	7 8 9
	(a) an authorised officer's approval; or	10
	(b) a reasonable excuse.	11
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	12
'(2)	If access to a place is restricted under section 177QC, a person must not enter the place in contravention of the restriction or tamper with anything used to restrict access to the place without—	13 14 15 16
	(a) an authorised officer's approval; or	17
	(b) a reasonable excuse.	18
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	19
'Subdivis	sion 3 Safeguards for seized things	20
'177QF Re	eceipt and information notice for seized thing	21
'(1)	This section applies if an authorised officer seizes anything under this division unless—	22 23
	<ul> <li>(a) the authorised officer reasonably believes there is no-one apparently in possession of the thing or it has been abandoned; or</li> </ul>	24 25 26
	(b) because of the condition, nature and value of the thing it would be unreasonable to require the authorised officer to comply with this section.	27 28 29

'(2)	The authorised officer must, as soon as practicable after seizing the thing, give an owner or person in control of the thing before it was seized—	1 2 3
	(a) a receipt for the thing that generally describes the thing and its condition; and	4 5
	(b) an information notice about the decision to seize it.	6
'(3)	However, if an owner or person from whom the thing is seized is not present when it is seized, the receipt and information notice may be given by leaving them in a conspicuous position and in a reasonably secure way at the place at which the thing is seized.	7 8 9 10 11
'(4)	The receipt and information notice may—	12
	(a) be given in the same document; and	13
	(b) relate to more than 1 seized thing.	14
·(5)	The authorised officer may delay giving the receipt and information notice if the authorised officer reasonably suspects giving them may frustrate or otherwise hinder an investigation by the authorised officer under this part.	15 16 17 18
'(6)	However, the delay may be only for so long as the authorised officer continues to have the reasonable suspicion and remains in the vicinity of the place at which the thing was seized to keep it under observation.	19 20 21 22
'177QG A	ccess to seized thing	23
'(1)	Until a seized thing is forfeited or returned, the authorised officer who seized the thing must allow an owner of the thing—	24 25 26
	(a) to inspect it at any reasonable time and from time to time; and	27 28
	(b) if it is a document—to copy it.	29
'(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if it is impracticable or would be unreasonable to allow the inspection or copying.	30 31
<b>'</b> (3)	The inspection or copying must be allowed free of charge.	32

'177QH R	eturn of seized thing	1	
'(1)	This section applies if a seized thing has some intrinsic value and is not forfeited or transferred under subdivision 4 or 5.		
'(2)	The authorised officer must return the seized thing to an owner—	4 5	
	(a) generally—at the end of 6 months after the seizure; or	6	
	(b) if a proceeding for an offence involving the thing is started within the 6 months—at the end of the proceeding and any appeal from the proceeding.	7 8 9	
'(3)	Despite subsection (2), if the thing was seized as evidence, the authorised officer must return the thing seized to an owner as soon as practicable after the authorised officer is satisfied—	10 11 12	
	(a) its continued retention as evidence is no longer necessary; and	13 14	
	(b) it is lawful for the owner to possess it.	15	
'(4)	Nothing in this section affects a lien or other security over the seized thing.	16 17	
'Subdivi	sion 4 Forfeiture	18	
'177QI Fo	rfeiture by commissioner decision	19	
'(1)	The commissioner may decide a seized thing is forfeited to the State if an authorised officer—	20 21	
	(a) after making reasonable inquiries, can not find an owner; or	22 23	
	(b) after making reasonable efforts, can not return it to an owner.	24 25	
<b>'</b> (2)	However, the authorised officer is not required to-	26	
	(a) make inquiries if it would be unreasonable to make inquiries to find an owner; or	27 28	

	[s 15]	
	Example for paragraph (b)—	
	The owner of the thing has migrated to another country.	
'(3)	Regard must be had to the thing's condition, nature and value in deciding—	
	(a) whether it is reasonable to make inquiries or efforts; and	
	(b) if inquiries or efforts are made—what inquiries or efforts, including the period over which they are made, are reasonable.	
'177QJ In	formation notice about forfeiture decision	
'(1)	If the commissioner decides under section 177QI(1) to forfeit a thing, the commissioner must as soon as practicable give a person who owned the thing immediately before the forfeiture (the <i>former owner</i> ) an information notice about the decision.	
'(2)	The information notice may be given by leaving it at the place where the thing was seized, in a conspicuous position and in a reasonably secure way.	
·(3)	The information notice must state that the former owner may apply for a stay of the decision if the person appeals against the decision.	
'(4)	However, subsections (1) to (3) do not apply if the place where the thing was seized is—	
	(a) a public place; or	
	(b) a place where the notice is unlikely to be read by the former owner.	
'Subdivi	sion 5 Dealing with property forfeited or	
	transferred to State	
'177QK W	/hen thing becomes property of the State	
	'A thing becomes the property of the State if—	
	(a) the thing is forfeited to the State under section $177 \text{QI}(1)$ ; or	

	(b)	the owner of the thing and the State agree, in writing, to the transfer of the ownership of the thing to the State.	1 2
'177QL H	low p	roperty may be dealt with	3
<b>'</b> (1)		s section applies if, under section 177QK, a thing becomes property of the State.	4 5
'(2)	com	commissioner may deal with the thing as the missioner considers appropriate, including, for example, lestroying it or giving it away.	6 7 8
'(3)	coul	commissioner must not deal with the thing in a way that d prejudice the outcome of an appeal against the eiture under this part.	9 10 11
'(4)	after	ne commissioner sells the thing, the commissioner may, r deducting the costs of the sale, return the proceeds of the to the former owner of the thing.	12 13 14
'Divisio	n 18	Other information-obtaining powers of authorised officers	15 16
'177R Po	wer to	o require name and address	17
<b>'177R Pc</b> '(1)		o require name and address s section applies if an authorised officer—	17 18
		-	
	This	s section applies if an authorised officer— finds a person committing an offence against this part;	18 19
	This (a)	<ul> <li>section applies if an authorised officer—</li> <li>finds a person committing an offence against this part; or</li> <li>finds a person in circumstances that lead the authorised officer to reasonably suspect the person has just</li> </ul>	18 19 20 21 22
	This (a) (b) (c) The	s section applies if an authorised officer— finds a person committing an offence against this part; or finds a person in circumstances that lead the authorised officer to reasonably suspect the person has just committed an offence against this part; or has information that leads the authorised officer to reasonably suspect a person has just committed an	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

	the circumstances, it would be reasonable to expect the person to—	1 2
	(a) be in possession of evidence of the correctness of the stated name or address; or	3 4
	(b) otherwise be able to give the evidence.	5
<b>'</b> (4)	When making a personal details requirement, the authorised officer must give the person an offence warning for the requirement.	6 7 8
'(5)	A requirement under this section is a <i>personal details requirement</i> .	9 10
'177RA O	ffence to contravene personal details requirement	11
<b>'</b> (1)	A person of whom a personal details requirement has been made must comply with the requirement unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	12 13 14
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	15
·(2)	A person may not be convicted of an offence under subsection (1) unless the person is found guilty of the offence in relation to which the personal details requirement was made.	16 17 18
'177RB Pe	ower to require production of documents	19
'(1)	An authorised officer may require a person to make available for inspection by an authorised officer, or to produce to the authorised officer for inspection, at a reasonable time and place nominated by the authorised officer—	20 21 22 23
	(a) a document issued to the person under this part; or	24
	(b) a document required to be kept by the person under this part; or	25 26
	(c) if a document or information required to be kept by the person under this part is stored or recorded by means of a device—a document that is a clear written reproduction of the stored or recorded document or information.	27 28 29 30 31

·(2)	A requirement under subsection (1) is a <i>document production requirement</i> .	1 2
·(3)	For an electronic document, compliance with the document production requirement requires the making available or production of a clear written reproduction of the electronic document.	3 4 5 6
'(4)	The authorised officer may keep the document to copy it.	7
ʻ(5)	If the authorised officer copies the document, or an entry in the document, the authorised officer may require the person responsible for keeping the document to certify the copy as a true copy of the document or entry.	8 9 10 11
<b>'</b> (6)	A requirement under subsection (5) is a <i>document certification requirement</i> .	12 13
<b>'</b> (7)	The authorised officer must return the document to the person as soon as practicable after copying it.	14 15
<b>'</b> (8)	However, if a document certification requirement is made of a person, the authorised officer may keep the document until the person complies with the requirement.	16 17 18
	ffence to contravene document production uirement	19 20
'(1)	A person of whom a document production requirement has been made must comply with the requirement unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	21 22 23
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	24
'(2)	It is not a reasonable excuse for a person to fail to comply with a document production requirement on the basis that complying with the requirement might tend to incriminate the person or expose the person to a penalty.	25 26 27 28
	Note—	29
	See, however, section 177SF.	30
·(3)	The authorised officer must inform the person, in a way that is reasonable in the circumstances—	31 32

	(a) that the person must comply with the document production requirement even though complying might tend to incriminate the person or expose the person to a penalty; and	1 2 3 4
	(b) that, under section 177SF, there is a limited immunity against the future use of the information or document given in compliance with the requirement.	5 6 7
'(4)	If the person fails to comply with the document production requirement when the authorised officer has failed to comply with subsection (3), the person can not be convicted of the offence against subsection (1).	8 9 10 11
'(5)	If a court convicts a person of an offence against subsection (1), the court may, as well as imposing a penalty for the offence, order the person to comply with the document production requirement.	12 13 14 15
	ifence to contravene document certification uirement	16 17
'(1)	A person of whom a document certification requirement has been made must comply with the requirement unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	18 19 20
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units.	21
·(2)	It is not a reasonable excuse for a person to fail to comply with a document certification requirement on the basis that complying with the requirement might tend to incriminate the person or expose the person to a penalty.	22 23 24 25
	Note—	26
	See, however, section 177SF.	27
'(3)	The authorised officer must inform the person, in a way that is reasonable in the circumstances—	28 29
	(a) that the person must comply with the document certification requirement even though complying might tend to incriminate the person or expose the person to a penalty; and	30 31 32 33

	(b) that, under section 177SF, there is a limited immunity against the future use of the information or document given in compliance with the requirement.	1 2 3
'(4)	If the person fails to comply with the document certification requirement when the authorised officer has failed to comply with subsection (3), the person can not be convicted of the offence against subsection (1).	4 5 6 7
'177RE Po	ower to require information	8
'(1)	This section applies if an authorised officer reasonably believes—	9 10
	(a) an offence against this part has been committed; and	11
	(b) a person may be able to give information about the offence.	12 13
'(2)	The authorised officer may, by notice given to the person, require the person to give the authorised officer information related to the offence at a stated reasonable time and place.	14 15 16
<b>'</b> (3)	A requirement under subsection (2) is an <i>information requirement</i> .	17 18
'(4)	For information that is an electronic document, compliance with the information requirement requires the giving of a clear image or written version of the electronic document.	19 20 21
<b>'</b> (5)	In this section—	22
	<i>information</i> includes a document.	23
'177RF O	ffence to contravene information requirement	24
<b>'</b> (1)	A person of whom an information requirement is made must comply with the requirement unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	25 26 27
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment.	28 29
'(2)	It is a reasonable excuse for an individual not to give the information if giving the information might tend to	30 31

	incriminate penalty.	e the individual	or expose	the individual to a	1 2
'Division	19	Miscellane to authoris		sions relating s	3 4
Subdivi	sion 1	Damage			5
177S Du	ty to avoid	inconvenience	e and minin	nise damage	6
		<b>U</b> 1		officer must take all	7
		ge, as possible.	as intre inco	nvenience, and do as	8 9
	Note—				10
	See also se	ection 177SB.			11
177SA N	otice of da	mage			12
·(1)		n applies if—			12
	· · /	authorised officients	cer damage	-	14 15
	· / <b>1</b>	,	, U	nder the direction or amages something.	16 17
'(2)	authorised		bly consider	ply to damage the s is trivial or if the	18 19 20
	(a) there	is no-one appare	ently in posse	ession of the thing; or	21
	(b) the th	ning has been aba	andoned.		22
·(3)	person who		authorised of	of the damage to the fficer to be an owner,	23 24 25
'(4)		f for any reason (3), the authoris		icable to comply with st—	26 27

	(a) leave the notice at the place where the damage happened; and	1 2
	(b) ensure it is left in a conspicuous position and in a reasonably secure way.	3 4
ʻ(5)	The authorised officer may delay complying with subsection (3) or (4) if the authorised officer reasonably suspects complying with the subsection may frustrate or otherwise hinder an investigation by the authorised officer.	5 6 7 8
'(6)	The delay may be only for so long as the authorised officer continues to have the reasonable suspicion and remains in the vicinity of the place.	9 10 11
<b>'</b> (7)	If the authorised officer believes the damage was caused by a latent defect in the thing or other circumstances beyond the control of the authorised officer or the assistant, the authorised officer may state the belief in the notice.	12 13 14 15
<b>'(8)</b>	The notice must state—	16
	(a) particulars of the damage; and	17
	(b) that the person who suffered the damage may claim compensation under section 177SB.	18 19
'Subdivis	sion 2 Compensation	20
'177SB C	ompensation	21
'(1)	A person may claim compensation from the State if the person incurs loss because of the exercise, or purported exercise, of a power by or for an authorised officer including a loss arising from compliance with a requirement made of the person under division 17 or 18.	22 23 24 25 26
'(2)	However, subsection (1) does not include loss arising from a lawful seizure or a lawful forfeiture.	27 28
<b>'</b> (3)	The compensation may be claimed and ordered in a proceeding—	29 30
	(a) brought in a court with jurisdiction for the recovery of the amount of compensation claimed; or	31 32

	(b) for an alleged offence against this part the investigation of which gave rise to the claim for compensation.	1 2
'(4)	A court may order the payment of compensation only if it is satisfied it is just to make the order in the circumstances of the particular case.	3 4 5
'(5)	In considering whether it is just to order compensation, the court must have regard to any relevant offence committed by the claimant.	6 7 8
'(6)	A regulation may prescribe other matters that may, or must, be taken into account by the court when considering whether it is just to order compensation.	9 10 11
'(7)	Section 177S does not provide for a statutory right of compensation other than is provided by this section.	12 13
<b>'</b> (8)	In this section—	14
	loss includes costs and damage.	15
	with includes costs and damage.	15
	ioss menudes costs and damage.	15
'Subdivis	sion 3 Other offences relating to	16
'Subdivis		
	sion 3 Other offences relating to authorised officers	16 17
'177SC Gi	sion 3 Other offences relating to	16
'177SC Gi	sion 3 Other offences relating to authorised officers	16 17 18
ʻ177SC Gi	<ul> <li>Sion 3 Other offences relating to authorised officers</li> <li>Siving authorised officer false or misleading formation</li> <li>A person must not, in relation to the administration of this part, give an authorised officer information, or a document containing information, that the person knows is false or</li> </ul>	16 17 18 19 20 21 22

'177SD O	bstructing authorised officer	1
'(1)	A person must not obstruct an authorised officer, or someone helping an authorised officer, exercising a power unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	2 3 4
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units or 1 year's imprisonment.	5 6
"(2)	If a person has obstructed an authorised officer, or someone helping an authorised officer, and the authorised officer decides to proceed with the exercise of the power, the authorised officer must warn the person that—	7 8 9 10
	(a) it is an offence to cause an obstruction unless the person has a reasonable excuse; and	11 12
	(b) the authorised officer considers the person's conduct an obstruction.	13 14
<b>'</b> (3)	In this section—	15
	<i>obstruct</i> includes assault, hinder, resist, attempt to obstruct and threaten to obstruct.	16 17
'177SE Im	personating authorised officer	18
	'A person must not impersonate an authorised officer.	19
	Maximum penalty—80 penalty units.	20
<b>'Subdivi</b> s	sion 4 Other provisions	21
	vidential immunity for individuals complying with ticular requirements	22 23
'(1)	Subsection (2) applies if an individual gives or produces information or a document to an authorised officer under section 177PB.	24 25 26
'(2)	Evidence of the information or document, and other evidence directly or indirectly derived from the information or document, is not admissible against the individual in any	27 28 29

	proceeding to the extent it tends to incriminate the individual, or expose the individual to a penalty, in the proceeding.	1 2
·(3)	Subsection (2) does not apply to a proceeding about the false or misleading nature of the information or anything in the document or in which the false or misleading nature of the information or document is relevant evidence.	3 4 5 6
'177SG P	rotection from liability for particular persons	7
<b>'</b> (1)	A designated person does not incur civil liability for an act done, or omission made, honestly and without negligence under this part.	8 9 10
'(2)	If subsection (1) prevents a civil liability attaching to a designated person, the liability attaches instead to the State.	11 12
<b>'</b> (3)	In this section—	13
	<i>civil liability</i> includes liability for the payment of costs ordered to be paid in a proceeding for an offence against this part.	14 15 16
	designated person means—	17
	(a) the commissioner; or	18
	(b) an authorised officer; or	19
	(c) a person acting under the authority or direction of an authorised officer.	20 21
'177SH C	onfidentiality of information	22
'(1)	An authorised officer must not, whether directly or indirectly, disclose confidential information.	23 24
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	25
<b>'</b> (2)	However, subsection (1) does not apply if—	26
	(a) the confidential information is disclosed—	27
	(i) in the performance of functions under this part; or	28
	(ii) with the written consent of the person to whom the information relates; or	29 30

	(iii) to the person to whom the information relates; or	1
	(iv) in a form that could not identify any person; or	2
	(b) the disclosure of the confidential information is authorised under an Act or another law.	3 4
<b>'</b> (3)	In this section—	5
	<i>confidential information</i> means information that has become known to an authorised officer in the course of performing the authorised officer's functions for this part.	6 7 8
'Division	Appeals, evidence and legal proceedings	9 10
'Subdivi	sion 1 Reviews and appeals	11
'177T Rig	Iht of appeal	12
	'A person who has a right to be given an information notice about a decision made under this part has a right to appeal against the decision.	13 14 15
	Note—	16
	Information notices are given under sections 177QF and 177QJ.	17
ʻ177TA Aj	opeal process starts with internal review	18
'(1)	Every appeal against a decision must be, in the first instance, by way of an application for an internal review.	19 20
'(2)	A person who has a right to appeal against a decision may apply to the commissioner for a review of the decision.	21 22
'177TB Н	ow to apply for review	23
<b>'</b> (1)	An application for review of a decision must be—	24
	(a) in the approved form; and	25

	(b) supported by enough information to enable the commissioner to decide the application.	1 2
<b>'</b> (2)	The application must be made within 20 business days after—	3
	(a) the day the person is given the information notice about the decision; or	4 5
	(b) if the person is not given an information notice about the decision—the day the person otherwise becomes aware of the decision.	6 7 8
<b>'</b> (3)	The commissioner may extend the period for applying for the review.	9 10
<b>'</b> (4)	The application must not be dealt with by—	11
	(a) the person who made the decision; or	12
	(b) a person in a less senior office than the person who made the decision.	13 14
<b>'</b> (5)	Subsection (4)—	15
	(a) applies despite the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 27A; and	16 17
	(b) does not apply to a decision made by the commissioner.	18
'177TC St	ay of operation of decision	19
'(1)	An application for review of a decision does not stay the decision.	20 21
'(2)	However, the applicant may immediately apply for a stay of the decision to the court.	22 23
<b>'</b> (3)	The court may stay the decision to secure the effectiveness of the review and a later appeal to the court.	24 25
<b>'</b> (4)	The stay—	26
	(a) may be given on conditions the court considers appropriate; and	27 28
	(b) operates for the period fixed by the court; and	29
	(c) may be amended or revoked by the court.	30

### [s 15]

'(5)	The period of the stay must not extend past the time when the commissioner makes a review decision about the decision and any later period the court allows the applicant to enable the applicant to appeal against the review decision.	1 2 3 4
'(6)	An application for review of a decision affects the decision, or carrying out of the decision, only if the decision is stayed.	5 6
'177TD Re	eview decision	7
'(1)	The commissioner must, within 30 business days after receiving the application—	8 9
	(a) review the decision (the <i>original decision</i> ); and	10
	(b) make a decision (the <i>review decision</i> ) to—	11
	(i) confirm the original decision; or	12
	(ii) amend the original decision; or	13
	(iii) substitute another decision for the original decision; and	14 15
	(c) give the applicant notice (the <i>review notice</i> ) of the review decision.	16 17
'(2)	If the review decision is not the decision sought by the applicant, the review notice must state the following—	18 19
	(a) the day the notice is given to the applicant (the <i>review notice day</i> );	20 21
	(b) the reasons for the decision;	22
	(c) that the applicant may appeal against the decision to the court within 28 days after the review notice day;	23 24
	(d) how to appeal;	25
	(e) that the applicant may apply to the court for a stay of the decision.	26 27
<b>'</b> (3)	If the commissioner does not give the review notice within the 30 days, the commissioner is taken to have made a review decision confirming the original decision.	28 29 30

[s	1	51
Ľ		<b>U</b>

'177TE WI	ho may appeal	1
	'A person who has applied for review of an original decision and is dissatisfied with the review decision may appeal to the court against the decision.	2 3 4
'177TF Pr	ocedure for an appeal to the court	5
'(1)	An appeal to the court is started by filing a notice of appeal with the clerk of the court.	6 7
<b>'</b> (2)	A copy of the notice must be served on the commissioner.	8
<b>'</b> (3)	The notice of appeal must be filed within 28 days after the review notice day.	9 10
'(4)	The court may, whether before or after the time for filing the notice of appeal ends, extend the period for filing the notice of appeal.	11 12 13
'(5)	The notice of appeal must state fully the grounds of the appeal.	14 15
'177TG St	ay of operation of review decision	16
'(1)	The court may grant a stay of the operation of a review decision appealed against to secure the effectiveness of the appeal.	17 18 19
<b>'</b> (2)	A stay—	20
	(a) may be granted on conditions the court considers appropriate; and	21 22
	(b) operates for the period fixed by the court; and	23
	(c) may be amended or revoked by the court.	24
·(3)	The period of a stay stated by the court must not extend past the time when the court decides the appeal.	25 26
'(4)	An appeal against a decision affects the decision, or the carrying out of the decision, only if the decision is stayed.	27 28

### [s 15]

'177TH Pc	owers of court on appeal	1
<b>'</b> (1)	In deciding an appeal, the court—	2
	(a) has the same powers as the commissioner in making the review decision appealed against; and	3 4
	(b) is not bound by the rules of evidence; and	5
	(c) must comply with natural justice.	6
·(2)	An appeal is by way of rehearing.	7
<b>'</b> (3)	The court may—	8
	(a) confirm the review decision; or	9
	(b) set aside the review decision and substitute another decision; or	10 11
	(c) set aside the review decision and return the matter to the commissioner with directions the court considers appropriate.	12 13 14
'177TI Eff	ect of decision of court on appeal	15
'(1)	If the court acts to set aside the review decision and return the matter to the commissioner with directions the court considers appropriate, and the commissioner makes a new decision, the new decision is not subject to review or appeal under this subdivision.	16 17 18 19 20
'(2)	If the court substitutes another decision, the substituted decision is taken to be the decision of the commissioner, and the commissioner may give effect to the decision as if the decision was the original decision of the commissioner and no application for review or appeal had been made.	21 22 23 24 25
'Subdivis	sion 2 Evidence and legal proceedings	26
'177TJ Ev	identiary provisions	27
'(1)	This section applies to a proceeding under this part.	28

[s 15]

'(2)	The appointment or power of the commissioner or an authorised officer must be presumed unless a party, by reasonable notice, requires proof of—	1 2 3
	(a) the appointment; or	4
	(b) the power to do anything under this part.	5
·(3)	A signature purporting to be the signature of the commissioner or an authorised officer is evidence of the signature it purports to be.	6 7 8
'(4)	A certificate purporting to be signed by a person mentioned in subsection (3) and stating any of the following matters is evidence of the matter—	9 10 11
	(a) that a stated document of any of the following types is a document given, issued, kept or made under this part—	12 13
	(i) an appointment, approval or decision;	14
	(ii) a direction or requirement;	15
	(iii) a notice or other document given under this part;	16
	(b) that a stated document is another document kept under this part;	17 18
	(c) that a stated document is a copy of, or an extract from or part of, a thing mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b);	19 20
	(d) that on a stated day—	21
	(i) a stated person was given a stated decision, direction or notice under this part; or	22 23
	<ul><li>(ii) a stated requirement under this part was made of a stated person;</li></ul>	24 25
	(e) that a stated amount is payable under this part by a stated person and has not been paid;	26 27
	(f) anything else prescribed under the regulation.	28
'177TK O	ffences under this part are summary	29
<b>'</b> (1)		30

## [s 16]

		<b>(</b> 2)	agai	net to section 177MA(14), a proceeding for an offence nst this part must start within the later of the following ods to end—	1 2 3
			(a)	1 year after the commission of the offence;	4
			(b)	6 months after the offence comes to the complainant's knowledge but within 2 years after the commission of the offence.	5 6 7
	'177TL	_ Sta	atem	ent of complainant's knowledge	8
			this the o	a complaint starting a proceeding for an offence against part, a statement that the matter of the complaint came to complainant's knowledge on a stated day is evidence the ter came to the complainant's knowledge on that day.'.	9 10 11 12
Clause	16	Inse	ertio	n of new s 179A	13
			Afte	er section 179—	14
			inse	rt—	15
	ʻ179A	Арр	orova	al of forms	16
			'The Act.'	e commissioner may approve forms for use under this '.	17 18
Clause	17	Inse	ertio	n of new pt 11, div 5	19
			Part	11—	20
			inse	rt—	21

'Divisio	on 5	Transitional provisions for Electoral Reform and Accountability Amendment Act 2011	1 2 3
'Subdiv	vision 1	Purposes, definitions and general approach	4 5
'191 N	lain purpose	of div 5	6
	of part 92 provisions	purpose of this division is to provide for provisions A that are substantially the same as repealed of the previous schedule to be dealt with as its of the repealed provisions.	7 8 9 10
'192 D	efinitions for	r div 5	11
	'In this div	ision—	12
		<i>ment</i> means the commencement of the provision in erm is used.	13 14
		<i>ling provision</i> , for a previous provision, means a of part 9A that is substantially the same as the rovision.	15 16 17
	<i>made</i> inclu	des given and issued.	18
	obligation	includes duty.	19
	schedule th	in relation to a stated provision of the previous nat includes a number, means the provision of the with that number immediately before the ment.	20 21 22 23
		<i>provision</i> means a provision of the previous s in force immediately before the commencement.	24 25
	<b>A</b>	<i>schedule</i> means the schedule as in force y before the commencement.	26 27
	the repeal	n relation to a provision, means as in force before of the provision by the <i>Electoral Reform and</i> <i>ility Amendment Act 2011</i> .	28 29 30

'193		cument, action, obligation or protection under evious provision of primary Act	1 2
	<b>'</b> (1)	This section applies to any of the following—	3
		<ul> <li>(a) a document made or kept under a previous provision (the <i>relevant previous provision</i> for the document) if the document continued to have effect or was in force immediately before the commencement;</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7
		(b) an action done under a previous provision (the <i>relevant previous provision</i> for the action) if the action continued to have effect immediately before the commencement;	8 9 10
		(c) an entity's obligation under a previous provision (the <i>relevant previous provision</i> for the obligation) if the obligation applied to the entity immediately before the commencement;	11 12 13 14
		(d) an entity's protection under a previous provision (the <i>relevant previous provision</i> for the protection) that applied to the entity immediately before the commencement.	15 16 17 18
	'(2)	Subject to a specific provision of this Act in relation to the document, action, obligation or protection, if there is a corresponding provision for the relevant previous provision for the document, action, obligation or protection, the document, action, obligation or protection—	19 20 21 22 23
		(a) continues in force or to have effect according to its terms; and	24 25
		(b) may be taken to have been made, kept or done under the corresponding provision.	26 27
	·(3)	Subsection (2)(b) applies whether or not the relevant previous provision refers to the document, action, obligation or protection by reference to a previous provision.	28 29 30
	'(4)	Other provisions of this division include examples of the operation of this section.	31 32

<b>'19</b> 4	Ter	minology in things mentioned in s 193(1)	1
	<b>'</b> (1)	This section applies to a document (the <i>relevant document</i> ) that is—	2 3
		(a) a document as mentioned in section 193(1); or	4
		(b) evidence of a document, action, obligation or protection as mentioned in section 193(1).	5 6
	'(2)	A reference in the relevant document to a document, action, obligation or protection as mentioned in section 193(1) is to be read, if the context permits and with the necessary changes to terminology, as if the document, action, obligation or protection were made, kept or done under part 9A.	7 8 9 10 11
		Example for subsection (2)—	12
		An instrument of appointment given under the previous schedule by the electoral commission to an authorised officer limiting the powers of the authorised officer is to be read as if the instrument limited the powers of the authorised officer under part 9A.	13 14 15 16
'195	Per	riod stated in previous provision	17
	<b>'</b> (1)	This section applies if, in a previous provision, there is a period for doing something, and the period for doing the thing started but did not finish before the commencement.	18 19 20
	'(2)	If there is a corresponding provision to the previous provision and both the corresponding provision and the previous provision provide for the same period, the period for doing the thing continues to have started from when the period started under the previous provision but ends under the corresponding provision.	21 22 23 24 25 26
'196		riod or date stated in document given under evious provision	27 28
	<b>'</b> (1)	This section applies if—	29
		(a) there was a previous provision that provided for a document to be made under it; and	30 31
		(b) there is a corresponding provision to the previous provision; and	32 33

[s	1	7]
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		(c) under the previous provision and before the commencement, a document was given to a person, whether or not the person had received the document before the commencement.	1 2 3 4
		Example for paragraph (c)—	5
		a notice under section 335 of the previous schedule, that states a period within which a person who is in control of a thing to be seized must take the thing to a place stated in the notice	6 7 8
	'(2)	If the document stated a period for doing something—	9
		(a) the stated period continues to apply for doing the thing; and	10 11
		(b) the period continues to have started from when the period started under the previous provision.	12 13
	'(3)	If the document stated a day before which, or by which, a thing is to be done (however expressed), the thing must be done by the stated day.	14 15 16
ʻ197		tion happening before commencement may be evant to proceeding for particular acts or omissions	17 18
'197			
'197	rele	An action as mentioned in section 193(1) happening before the commencement may be relevant to a proceeding relating to a contravention of a provision of part 9A involving an act or	18 19 20 21
'197	rele '(1)	An action as mentioned in section 193(1) happening before the commencement may be relevant to a proceeding relating to a contravention of a provision of part 9A involving an act or omission that happened after the commencement. This section does not limit the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> ,	18 19 20 21 22 23
'197	rele '(1) '(2)	An action as mentioned in section 193(1) happening before the commencement may be relevant to a proceeding relating to a contravention of a provision of part 9A involving an act or omission that happened after the commencement. This section does not limit the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 20C.	18 19 20 21 22 23 24
ʻ197 ʻ198	rela '(1) '(2) '(3)	An action as mentioned in section 193(1) happening before the commencement may be relevant to a proceeding relating to a contravention of a provision of part 9A involving an act or omission that happened after the commencement. This section does not limit the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 20C. In this section—	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

'Sub	divi	sion 2 Transitional provisions relating to particular matters	1 2 3
ʻ199	Am	nounts held before the commencement	
	<b>'</b> (1)	This section applies to an amount of money held by a registered political party, an associated entity, a candidate or a third party before the commencement.	4 5 6
	'(2)	Subject to subsection (4), from the commencement the amount or a part of the amount may be deposited—	7 8
		<ul> <li>(a) for an amount held by a registered political party, candidate or third party, in the State campaign account kept by the registered political party, candidate or third party; or</li> </ul>	9 10 11 12
		(b) for an amount held by an associated entity, in the State campaign account kept by a registered political party by which the associated entity is controlled or for which the associated entity operates beneficially.	13 14 15 16
	'(3)	If an amount received as a gift by the registered political party, candidate or third party after 1 January 2011 is deposited in the State campaign account kept by the agent of the party or candidate or the third party, the amount is taken to be a political donation despite section 177F.	17 18 19 20 21
	'(4)	An amount of money may not be deposited in a State campaign account under this section if the deposit of the amount would constitute a contravention of an applicable donation cap under part 9A, division 6.	22 23 24 25
	<b>'</b> (5)	In this section—	26
		<i>candidate</i> includes an elected member or other person who has announced or otherwise indicated an intention to be a candidate in an election.	27 28 29
<b>'200</b>	Exi	isting agents	30
	<b>'</b> (1)	This section applies to a person who, immediately before the commencement, was an agent of a registered political party or candidate under the previous schedule.	31 32 33

32 33

	'(2)	From the commencement, the person continues to be an agent of the registered political party or candidate under part 9A.	1 2
'201	Со	<b>nvictions against previous provision</b> 'Section 177BC(3) applies to a person convicted of an offence against a previous provision as if the person had been convicted of an offence against part 9A.	3 4 5 6
'202	Re	<b>gister of agents</b> 'The Register of Party Agents kept by the commission under the previous schedule immediately before the commencement is taken, from the commencement to be the register of agents	7 8 9
		is taken, from the commencement, to be the register of agents kept by the commission under part 9A.	10 11
<b>'203</b>	Exi	isting authorised officers	12
	<b>'</b> (1)	This section applies to a person who—	13
		(a) before the commencement, was appointed under the previous schedule as an authorised officer; and	14 15
		(b) still held the appointment immediately before the commencement.	16 17
	'(2)	On the commencement—	18
		<ul> <li>(a) the person is taken to hold office under part 9A as an authorised officer on the same conditions as the person held office as an authorised officer before the commencement; and</li> </ul>	19 20 21 22
		(b) the person's identity card issued under the previous schedule is taken to be an identity card under part 9A.	23 24
<b>'204</b>	Am	nendment to renumber	25
-	'(1)	On the commencement of this section, the provisions of this Act are amended by numbering and renumbering them in the same way as a reprint may be numbered and renumbered under the <i>Reprints Act 1992</i> , section 43.	26 27 28 29

'(2)	othe ameri is c	section (1) applies to a provision of this Act enacted or rwise affected (a <i>relevant provision</i> ) by a provision of an nding Act enacted but uncommenced when subsection (1) commenced (the <i>uncommenced provision</i> ), with the owing intent for the relevant provision—	1 2 3 4 5
	(a)	if the number of the relevant provision would have changed under subsection (1) had the uncommenced provision commenced—	6 7 8
		(i) a number is allocated to the relevant provision as if the uncommenced provision had commenced; and	9 10
		<ul> <li>(ii) when the uncommenced provision commences, the number of the relevant provision is amended by omitting it and inserting the number allocated to it under subparagraph (i);</li> </ul>	11 12 13 14
	(b)	if the relevant provision would have been omitted or relocated had the uncommenced provision commenced, its number remains the same as it was before the commencement of subsection (1) until the omission or relocation takes effect.	15 16 17 18 19
'(3)	Without limiting the <i>Reprints Act 1992</i> , section 43(4), each reference in this Act to a provision of the Act renumbered under subsection (1), is amended, when the renumbering happens, by omitting the reference to the previous number and inserting the new number.		
<b>'</b> (4)	This	section expires on the later of the following—	25
	(a)	the day after the commencement of the last numbering or renumbering of a provision done under the section;	26 27
	(b)	30 December 2011.	28
<b>'</b> (5)	In th	is section—	29
	ame	nding Act means an Act that amends this Act.'.	30

[s 18]

# Clause 18 Omission of schedule (Election Funding and financial disclosure based on part XX of the Commonwealth Electoral Act)

Schedule—

omit.

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