



QUEENSLAND PARLIAMENT  
**COMMITTEES**

# Annual Report 2023-24



**Report No. 10, 57th Parliament**

**Education, Employment, Training and Skills Committee**

August 2024

## **Education, Employment, Training and Skills Committee**

<b>Chair</b>	Hon Mark Bailey MP, Member for Miller
<b>Deputy Chair</b>	Mr James Lister MP, Member for Southern Downs
<b>Members</b>	Ms Margie Nightingale MP, Member for Inala*
	Mr Nick Dametto MP, Member for Hinchinbrook
	Mr Barry O'Rourke MP, Member for Rockhampton
	Mr Darren Zanow MP, Member for Ipswich West*

\* Mr Joe Kelly MP, Member for Greenslopes, was discharged from the committee on 16 April 2024 and replaced by the Member for Inala

\* Mr Brent Mickelberg MP, Member for Buderim, was discharged from the committee on 16 April 2024 and replaced by the Member for Ipswich West

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All web address references are current at the time of publishing.

### **Acknowledgements**

The committee acknowledges the assistance provided by the Committee Secretariat, the Queensland Parliamentary Service, departmental officers, and other organisations and individuals who have contributed to the work of the committee.

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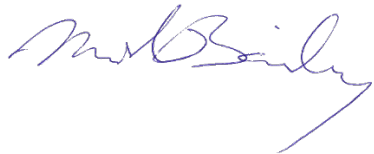
## Chair's foreword

This report details the activities of the Education, Employment, Training and Skills Committee from 13 February 2024 to 30 June 2024.

In accordance with section 108 of the *Parliament of Queensland Act 2001*, this report includes a summary of issues considered by the committee, a brief description of Ministerial responses to committee recommendations, a statement of revenue and spending for the year, and a list of committee meetings and names of members attending or absent from each meeting.

On behalf of the committee, I would like to take this opportunity to thank all those who have contributed to the work of the committee during this reporting period.

I also thank my fellow committee members for their ongoing dedication and collaborative approach and the committee's secretariat and parliamentary staff for their professional support throughout the year.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Mark Bailey', with a long, sweeping underline.

Hon Mark Bailey MP

**Chair**

## Report in brief

The Education, Employment, Training and Skills Committee (committee) of the 57th Parliament was established by the Legislative Assembly on 13 February 2024 as a portfolio committee.

The committee has responsibility for:

- Education and Youth Justice
- Employment, Small Business, Training and Skills Development.

This report covers the period from 13 February 2024 to 30 June 2024 in the 2023-24 financial period.

During this reporting period, the committee:

	examined <b>6</b> bills		heard from <b>87</b> witnesses		received <b>2,130</b> written submissions
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The committee's examination of bills included a diverse range of policy proposals to:

- strengthen the role of health and safety representatives<sup>1</sup>
- address the need for increased access to designated secondary education services in remote Queensland communities<sup>2</sup>
- reduce the out-of-pocket expenses incurred by families whose children attend state schools<sup>3</sup>
- better protect students and contribute to the good order of Queensland schools<sup>4</sup>
- reform the Queensland Workers' Compensation Scheme<sup>5</sup>
- simplify and streamline the Blue Card scheme.<sup>6</sup>

The committee considered 6 bills during the reporting period, 4 of which were government bills and 2 were private members' bills. The committee recommended that 3 of the bills be passed and 2 not be passed. Consideration of 1 of the bills was ongoing.<sup>7</sup>

The committee made 12 recommendations to amend, clarify or improve the operation of the legislation proposed in the bills. The government accepted 4 of the committee's recommendations and indicated that it was undertaking work to deliver on another 7 of them.<sup>8</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Work Health and Safety and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2023.

<sup>2</sup> Education (General Provisions) (Extension of Primary Schools in Remote Areas) Amendment Bill 2023.

<sup>3</sup> Education (General Provisions) (Helping Families with School Costs) Amendment Bill 2023.

<sup>4</sup> Education (General Provisions) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2024.

<sup>5</sup> Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2024.

<sup>6</sup> Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2024.

<sup>7</sup> Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2024.

<sup>8</sup> The government is yet to consider the committee's recommendations with respect to the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2024.

The committee also endorsed 10 recommendations arising from the tabling of the former Education, Employment and Training Committee's report into the delivery of vocational education and training in regional, rural, and remote Queensland.<sup>9</sup>

The committee also considered 2 Auditor-General reports and reviewed 2 pieces of subordinate legislation.

On 14 June 2024, the Appropriation Bill 2024 and the estimates for the committee's area of responsibility were referred to the committee for investigation and report. The committee commenced preparation for its examination of portfolio budget estimates.

The committee's total expenditure for the reporting period was \$166,017.

## 1 Functions of the committee

The Education, Employment, Training and Skills Committee is a portfolio committee responsible for:

- Education and Youth Justice
- Employment, Small Business, Training and Skills Development.

The committee has a broad range of responsibilities within its portfolio area detailed in Figure 1 below. These responsibilities are set out in the *Parliament of Queensland Act 2001*.<sup>10</sup>

**Figure 1: Committees are responsible for oversight of many matters within their portfolio areas**



<sup>9</sup> The former Education, Employment and Training Committee undertook a self-referred inquiry and had adopted but not yet tabled its report at the time that committee dissolved.

<sup>10</sup> Sections 92-94.

## 2 Overview of committee activities

Table 1 summarises the activities of the committee during the reporting period.

The committee heard from 87 witnesses across 6 public briefings and 5 public hearings. The committee also received 2,130 submissions. The evidence provided by witnesses and submitters was invaluable and helped the committee to complete its other tasks.

The committee also held 21 deliberative meetings and tabled 7 reports.

**Table 1: Committee activities, by type, 13 February 2024 to 30 June 2024**

Activity	Number
Deliberative meetings	21
Public briefings	6
Private briefings	0
Public hearings – Brisbane	5
Public hearings – Regional Queensland	0
Witnesses questioned at public briefings and hearings	87
Inquiry submissions received	2,130
Bill inquiries	4
Pieces of subordinate legislation examined	2
Forms authorised by legislation considered	0
Public works inquiries	0
Public account inquiries	0
Annual reports of portfolio entities examined	0
Auditor-General reports examined	2
Inquiries referred by the Legislative Assembly	4
Inquiries into other matters (self-referred)	0
Reports tabled	7

The committee's reports completed between 13 February 2024 and 30 June 2024 are available on the committee's webpage: <https://www.parliament.qld.gov.au/EETSC>

Members' attendance at committee meetings, hearings and briefings is set out in **Appendix A** at the back of this report.

## 3 Examination of budget estimates

On 14 June 2024, the Appropriation Bill 2024 and the estimates for the committee's area of responsibility were referred to the committee for investigation and report. The committee commenced preparations for the examination of the 2024-25 budget estimates for its portfolio areas, which totalled approximately \$21.3 billion.

The estimates process for 2024-25 was ongoing at the end of this reporting period.



## 4 Bill inquiries

When it examines legislation, the committee is responsible for considering:

- the policy to which it gives effect
- whether it complies with basic standards for laws, known as fundamental legislative principles
- whether it is compatible with the human rights of people in Queensland
- whether subordinate legislation is lawful.

The committee conducted 6 bill inquiries, with 1 inquiry progressing into the next reporting period.

Of the 5 completed bill inquiries, the committee recommended 3 be passed and 2 not be passed. The committee also made additional recommendations as shown in Table 2.

The government has 3 months to provide a response to recommendations made by the committee. The government accepted all recommendations made by the committee.

**Table 2: Bills examined by the committee, 13 February 2024 to 30 June 2024**

Bill	Report no.	Recommendations
Work Health and Safety and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2023	2	5
Education (General Provisions) (Helping Families with School Costs) Amendment Bill 2023	3	1
Education (General Provisions) (Extension of Primary Schools in Remote Areas) Amendment Bill 2023	5	1
Education (General Provisions) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2024	6	8
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2024	7	2
Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2024	Inquiry ongoing as at 30 June 2024	

### 4.1 Work Health and Safety and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2023 (Report 2)

The bill's purpose was to amend the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011*, the *Safety in Recreational Water Activities Act 2011*, and the *Public Health Act 2005* to give effect to the Queensland Government's response to recommendations from the Review of the Work Health and Safety Act 2011 – Final Report 2022 and the 2018 Review of the Model Work Health and Safety Laws (the Boland Review).

Key reforms proposed in the bill include:

- strengthening the role of health and safety representatives (HSRs), and enabling them to choose the provider of their required training
- clarifying the rights of work health and safety (WHS) entry permit holders
- clarifying entities that may assist workers, and act as their representative, in relation to WHS issues
- moving certain proceedings from the Magistrates Court to the Queensland Industrial Relations Commission

- amending category 1 offences to include negligence as a fault element, in addition to reckless conduct
- prohibiting a person from providing, entering into, or benefiting from insurance to cover liability for monetary penalty under the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011*
- clarifying information sharing arrangements with other regulators in relation to WHS breaches.

The committee recommended that the Bill be passed and that the Office of Industrial Relations:

- develop guidance and resource materials, in consultation with a range of industries, to train and support HSRs to use the powers proposed in the Bill to implement the operational obligations being introduced
- include consideration of how industry specific knowledge is incorporated into HRS training as part of its review into HRS training, particularly in high-risk industries such as Health, Construction, Transport and Manufacturing to ensure any sector specific aspects of health and safety are covered
- consult with registered employer and employee organisations as part of its review into HSR training, and
- should the Bill be passed, consider undertaking an awareness campaign so relevant organisations and workers are fully informed about the changes to who can lawfully represent workers under the new definitions contained within the bill.

The government accepted all of the committee's recommendations.

The bill was passed with amendment on 21 March 2024.

#### **4.2 Education (General Provisions) (Helping Families with School Costs) Amendment Bill 2023 (Report 3)**

The bill was introduced into the Queensland Parliament on 11 October 2023 by Dr Amy MacMahon MP, Member for South Brisbane. The bill's main objective is to reduce the out-of-pocket expenses incurred by families whose children attend state schools by ensuring that Queensland's state schools are fully funded. In particular, the bill aims to reduce the out-of-pocket expenses associated with extracurricular activities, individual student resources (e.g. laptops) and school uniforms.

The bill proposes to achieve its objectives indirectly by amending the *Education (General Provisions) Act 2006* to compel the relevant Minister to introduce a bill that would implement the necessary changes to achieve the bill's goals.

The committee recommended that the bill not be passed.

At the time of reporting, the bill's second reading is yet to be moved.

#### **4.3 Education (General Provisions) (Extension of Primary Schools in Remote Areas) Amendment Bill 2023 (Report 5)**

The bill was introduced into the Queensland Parliament on 25 October 2023 by Mr Robbie Katter MP, Member for Traeger. The primary objective of the bill is to address the need for increased access to designated secondary education services in remote Queensland communities.

The bill proposes to achieve this by amending the *Education (General Provisions) Act 2006* to empower the Minister for Education, on receiving a request from a remote local government acting on a request from residents, to direct the Department of Education to expand the schooling offered at certain 'remote primary schools' to accommodate students up to Year 10. In the event that the Minister declines the request, the bill would require the chief executive of the Department of Education, and the local government that made the request, to establish a remote secondary learning facility for years 7 to 10.

The committee recommended that the bill not be passed.

At the time of reporting, the bill's second reading is yet to be moved.

#### 4.4 Education (General Provisions) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2024 (Report 6)

The purpose of the bill is to amend the *Education (General Provisions) Act 2006* (EGP Act) and other legislation to better protect students, contribute to the good order and management of Queensland state schools, and modernise and improve education services. This includes proposed changes to:

- home education
- rules surrounding school disciplinary absences, enrolment decisions and student support plans (SSPs)
- how schools share student information via transfer notes
- information sharing with online providers
- state school kindergarten and eKindy
- the rules governing Parents and Citizens' associations
- special school enrolment.

The bill also proposes to update the guiding principles of the EGP Act to include a commitment to an inclusive and equitable education and to recognise wellbeing as the foundation of educational engagement and outcomes.

During the period of the committee's inquiry the Minister for Education announced that changes will be made to the bill to avoid unintended consequences.<sup>11</sup> This included further consultation with all stakeholders around provisions related to student disciplinary absences and the regulation of homeschooling. This decision reflected some of the concerns that the committee received from affected submitters during the inquiry.

The committee recommended that the bill be passed and that during the extended consultation period the Department of Education:

- consider suggestions to include the participation of relevant allied health professions for all students, and local community organisations for children who identify as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander, in the development of SSPs for vulnerable cohorts
- consults with stakeholders, including the Queensland Teachers' Union of Employees, to consider and address the concerns regarding the resourcing and management of SSPs
- conducts further consultation on the use of curricula in home education programs
- conducts further consultation with stakeholders on the definition of a high-quality education
- works with stakeholders on any changes to home education annual reporting requirements
- consult with affected stakeholders to determine what services or agencies currently use Certificates of Registration as evidence of home education registration and accordingly advises these services and agencies of the changes, should the provision be introduced in future legislation.

<sup>11</sup> Hon Di Farmer MP, Minister for Education and Minister for Youth Justice, 'Consultation on Education reform to be extended', media release, 15 April 2024, <https://statements.qld.gov.au/statements/100115>.

The committee also recommended that the government focus on ensuring the Home Education Unit has sufficient resources to assess annual reports in a timely manner and provide guidance to parents on any future reporting requirements.

In its response the government indicated that during the extended consultation it is engaging in activities that will deliver on all of the committee's recommendations.

At the time of reporting, the bill's second reading is to be moved.<sup>12</sup>

#### **4.5 Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2024 (Report 7)**

The bill's primary purpose is to amend the *Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003* to implement the legislative recommendations of the 2023 Review of the Operation of the Queensland Workers' Compensation Scheme and the Decision Impact Analysis Statement in relation to proposals to extend workers' compensation coverage to gig workers.

The bill includes proposed changes to the workers' compensation scheme (the scheme) designed to:

- allow the government to introduce a regulation prescribing that certain cohorts of individuals be classified as 'workers' within the scheme following a relevant determination by the Fair Work Commission
- reduce the risk of a worker suffering a psychological injury
- increase the effectiveness of rehabilitation and return to work plans
- improve compliance with the scheme
- for firefighters, add an additional 10 diseases to the list of diseases that are presumed to have been work related.

The bill also proposes to amend the *Industrial Relations Act 2016* in relation to superannuation contributions, the threshold for unpaid wage claims, and appeals to decisions of the Queensland Industrial Relations Commission.

The committee recommended that the bill be passed. The committee also recommended that further consultation be undertaken on proposed amendments relating to the appeal pathways for full bench decisions of the Queensland Industrial Relations Commission.

The committee's report was tabled on 7 June 2024. The government has 3 months to respond to the report's recommendations.

## **5 Other inquiries**

The committee undertook 3 other inquiries during the reporting period in relation to its public accounts and other responsibilities.

### **5.1 Public accounts inquiries**

The committee is responsible for assessing the public accounts of entities within its portfolio areas with regard to the economy, efficiency and effectiveness of financial management. This responsibility includes examination of government financial documents including annual reports, and reports of the Auditor-General relevant to the committee's portfolio.<sup>13</sup>

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<sup>12</sup> Not before 19 August 2024, in accordance with Standing Order 136(8).

<sup>13</sup> *Parliament of Queensland Act 2001*, s 94(1).

### 5.1.1 Auditor-General reports

The committee's role includes consideration of reports of the Auditor-General that fall within its portfolio.<sup>14</sup> The Auditor-General leads the Queensland Audit Office (QAO), which is the independent auditor of the public sector. It reports to parliament on the results of its audit work, providing insights and advice, and recommendations for improvement.

In the reporting period, the committee considered 2 reports from the Auditor-General.

#### 5.1.1.1 *Report 16: 2022-23—Education 2022*

This report summarised the QAO's results from its audit of entities in Queensland's education sector conducted during the 2021-22 financial year,<sup>15</sup> including:

- the Department of Education
- the Department of Employment, Small Business and Training (DESBT)
- TAFE Queensland
- 7 universities
- 8 grammar schools
- 20 statutory and other bodies.

The audit found that:

- all education entities' financial statements are reliable and comply with relevant reporting requirements
- education entities need to take immediate and ongoing action to improve cybersecurity highlighted by a serious cybersecurity incident at Queensland University of Technology in December 2022
- almost two-thirds of the internal control deficiencies identified by the Auditor-General related to the security of, and access to, information systems (60 out of 93 deficiencies), including one significant deficiency relating to security of information systems
- universities can improve the efficiency of their risk management systems and are in a weaker financial position than last year
- the financial sustainability of TAFE Queensland is at risk due to low unemployment, increasing employee costs, and its provision of training in remote and regional areas
- the Department of Education is likely to face challenges in achieving desired outcomes from its capital investment program, including plans to build new schools and replace existing buildings
- the Department of Education has delivered significant improvements to internet access at state schools in the last 2 years.

The report made 1 recommendation, that education entities continue to address the security of their information systems. The same recommendation was made in 2021.<sup>16</sup>

This concludes the committee's consideration of the report.

<sup>14</sup> *Parliament of Queensland Act 2001*, s 94(1).

<sup>15</sup> For universities, grammar schools, and other statutory bodies, the end of their financial year was 31 December 2022.

<sup>16</sup> Queensland Audit Office, *Report 19: 2021-22 – Education 2021*, p 2.

#### 5.1.1.2 *Report 13: 2023-24—Education 2023*

This report summarised the QAO's results from its audit of entities in Queensland's education sector conducted during the 2022-23 financial year,<sup>17</sup> including:

- the Department of Education
- DESBT
- TAFE Queensland
- 7 universities
- 8 grammar schools
- 20 statutory and other bodies.

The audit found that:

- the financial statements of all education entities were reliable and complied with relevant requirements
- while some progress has been made, education entities still need to improve their information systems and processes, particularly as cyber security risk continues to grow given the sensitive nature of the data that educational entities hold
- universities are facing financial challenges, including that despite recording higher investment income, most universities recorded a loss in 2023, and the proposed Australian Government cap on international students
- TAFE Queensland's financial sustainability remains at risk
- the Department of Education and DESBT have not met their budgeted capital spends with actual capital expenditure 22.6 per cent less than planned, principally due to shortages in materials and labour.

The report made 3 recommendations, that education entities:

- strengthen controls on their information systems (similar recommendations were made in 2021 and 2022)
- improve their processes to capture and record the ongoing costs of building projects
- assess their employment agreements and historical pay practices to identify if they have underpaid wages.

This concludes the committee's consideration of the report.

## 5.2 **Inquiries into other matters**

In relation to its portfolio areas, the committee may initiate an inquiry into any other matter it considers appropriate.<sup>18</sup>

### 5.2.1 **The delivery of VET in regional, rural and remote Queensland (Report 1)**

On 24 October 2022, the former Education, Employment and Training Committee commenced an inquiry into the delivery of vocational education and training (VET) in regional, rural and remote Queensland.

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<sup>17</sup> For universities, grammar schools, and other statutory bodies, the end of their financial year was 31 December 2023.

<sup>18</sup> *Parliament of Queensland Act 2001*, s 92(1)(d).

On 13 February 2024, the Education, Employment and Training Committee ceased to exist following a motion agreed to by the Legislative Assembly. Carriage of that committee's inquiry into the delivery of VET in regional, rural and remote Queensland transferred to the Education, Employment, Training and Skills Committee for its consideration.

The former Education, Employment and Training Committee had adopted its report prior to dissolution. This committee accepted the report unamended and agreed to its tabling in the Legislative Assembly.

The report made 10 recommendations. The government accepted or accepted-in-principle all of the report's recommendations.

## 6 Scrutiny of subordinate legislation

Subordinate legislation is legislation made by a department or other entity under powers given to them by an act of parliament. All subordinate legislation must be tabled in the Legislative Assembly, which can disallow it by resolution.<sup>19</sup> To help it decide whether or not to do so, the Legislative Assembly refers each item of subordinate legislation to the relevant portfolio committee for consideration.

When examining subordinate legislation, each committee considers a range of matters, including:

- whether it has sufficient regard for basic standards for legislation, known as 'fundamental legislative principles'
- whether it is consistent with the human rights of people in Queensland
- whether the explanatory notes provide an adequate explanation of why the subordinate legislation is needed and what it does.

During the reporting period, the committee examined 2 pieces of subordinate legislation. As shown in Table 3, the committee did not identify any matters of concern regarding fundamental legislative principles or human rights.

**Table 3: Portfolio subordinate legislation examined, 13 February 2024 to 30 June 2024**

Report No.	Subordinate legislation	Matters identified		Explanatory notes adequate
		Fundamental legislative principles	Human rights	
4	Education (General Provisions) (Barcaldine State School P-12 Campus) Amendment Regulation 2023	0	0	✓
	Education (Accreditation of Non-State Schools) (Survey Data) Amendment Regulation 2023	0	0	✓

<sup>19</sup> *Statutory Instruments Act 1992*, ss 49 & 50.

## 7 Committee expenditure

Committees are funded from the appropriation made to the Legislative Assembly and rarely generate revenue. After funding is allocated for the Committee Office as a whole, expenditure by individual committees is determined by their specific requirements and volume of work. Travel expenditure is subject to an additional approval process.

In the reporting period, the committee's total expenditure was \$166,017. The committee did not receive any revenue.

Figure 2 below shows the 3 main areas of expenditure. As that figure illustrates, employee expenses for the secretariat staff that support the committee comprised the vast majority (just under 93 per cent) of the committee's expenditure. The committee's secretariat is a three-person team, supplemented with additional resources from across the Committee Office as needed throughout the year.

**Figure 2: Main areas of committee expenditure from 13 February 2024 to 30 June 2024**



After employee expenses, meeting expenses, which primarily comprised catering expenses, were the most notable area of expenditure for the committee.

Table 4 provides a more detailed breakdown of the committee's expenditure for the year. As demonstrated below, legal advice was another notable expense. This expenditure allowed the committee to obtain expert briefings on the compliance of legislation with the *Human Rights Act 2019*.

**Table 4: Expenditure of the committee, 13 February 2024 to 30 June 2024**

Item	\$
Employee expenses	\$153,753
Meeting expenses	\$4,611
Technology	\$2,705
Legal advice	\$4,308
Printing, stationery and maintenance	\$640
Advertising	\$0
Committee travel (including business travel)	\$0
<b>Total expenditure</b>	<b>\$166,017</b>

*Breakdown of expenses:*

*Meeting expenses = Catering and Broadcast support*

*Technology = Convene, Mailchimp, Telephones/Teleconferencing, Snapforms, VC, Adobe licenses*



## Appendix A: Meeting attendance record

Table 5 below shows the attendance of committee members at private committee meetings (PrM), public briefings (PB), private briefings (PrB) and private hearings (PrH) and public hearings (PH) during the reporting period.

Standing Order 202(1) provides that in the case of a committee members' illness or inability to attend, another member may be appointed to attend that meeting or stand in for a particular inquiry. The details of these appointments are included in the footnotes.

**Table 5: Meeting attendance record, 13 February 2024 to 30 June 2024.**

Meeting Date	Activity	Mark Bailey MP	Brent Mickelberg MP	Joe Kelly MP	James Lister MP	Nick Dametto MP	Barry O'Rourke MP	Margie Nightingale MP	Darren Zanow MP
20-FEB-24	PrM	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
4-MAR-24	PrM	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
4-MAR-24	PH	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
4-MAR-24	PB	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
11-MAR-24	PrM	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
18-MAR-24	PrM	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
18-MAR-24	PB	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
18-MAR-24	PH	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
21-MAR-24	PrM	✓	✓	✓	✓	x	✓		
26-MAR-24	PrM	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
28-MAR-24	PrM	✓	x	✓	✓	x	✓		
28-MAR-24	PH	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
2-APR-24	PrM	✓	✓	x <sup>20</sup>	✓	✓	✓		
4-APR-24	PrM	✓	✓	x <sup>21</sup>	✓	✓	✓		
4-APR-24	PH	✓	✓	x <sup>22</sup>	✓	✓	✓		
10-APR-24	PrM	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		

<sup>20</sup> Linus Power MP, Member for Logan, replaced Joe Kelly MP under SO202(1).

<sup>21</sup> Linus Power MP, Member for Logan, replaced Joe Kelly MP under SO202(1).

<sup>22</sup> Linus Power MP, Member for Logan, replaced Joe Kelly MP under SO202(1).

Meeting Date	Activity	Mark Bailey MP	Brent Mickelberg MP	Joe Kelly MP	James Lister MP	Nick Dametto MP	Barry O'Rourke MP	Margie Nightingale MP	Darren Zanow MP
15-APR-24	PrM	✓	✓	✓	✓	x <sup>23</sup>	✓		
15-APR-24	PB	✓	✓ <sup>24</sup>	✓ <sup>25</sup>	✓	✓	✓		
17-APR-24	PrM	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	x <sup>26</sup>
22-APR-24	PrM	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
29-APR-24	PrM	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
29-APR-24	PB	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
14-MAY-24	PrM	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	x <sup>27</sup>
20-MAY-24	PrM	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20-MAY-24	PH	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
27-MAY-24	PrM	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	x <sup>28</sup>
5-JUN-24	PrM	✓			✓	✓	x <sup>29</sup>	✓	✓
17-JUN-24	PrM	✓			✓	x <sup>30</sup>	✓	✓	✓
24-JUN-24	PrM	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
28-JUN-24	PrM	✓			✓	✓	✓	x <sup>31</sup>	✓
28-JUN-24	PB	✓			✓	✓	✓	x <sup>32</sup>	✓

Legend: PrM private meeting PB public briefing PrH private hearing  
PrB private briefing PH public hearing

<sup>23</sup> Nick Dametto MP, Member for Hinchinbrook, was an apology.

<sup>24</sup> Brent Mickelberg MP, Member for Buderim, was discharged from the committee on 16 April 2024 and Darren Zanow MP, Member for Ipswich West, was appointed.

<sup>25</sup> Joe Kelly MP, Member for Greenslopes, was discharged from the committee on 16 April 2024 and Margie Nightingale MP, Member for Inala, was appointed.

<sup>26</sup> Brent Mickelberg MP, Member for Buderim, replaced Darren Zanow MP under SO202(1).

<sup>27</sup> Darren Zanow MP, Member for Ipswich West, was an apology.

<sup>28</sup> Darren Zanow MP, Member for Ipswich West, was an apology.

<sup>29</sup> Jess Pugh MP, Member for Mount Ommaney, replaced Barry O'Rourke MP under SO202(1).

<sup>30</sup> Nick Dametto MP, Member for Hinchinbrook, was an apology.

<sup>31</sup> Joan Pease MP, Member for Lytton, replaced Margie Nightingale MP under SO202(1).

<sup>32</sup> Joan Pease MP, Member for Lytton, replaced Margie Nightingale MP under SO202(1).