

## Waste Reduction and Recycling Amendment Bill 2017



Queensland

### Waste Reduction and Recycling Amendment Bill 2017

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## 2017

# A Bill

for

An Act to amend the *Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011* for particular purposes

[s 1]

	The F	Parlia	ment of Queenslar	nd enacts—	1
Clause	1	Sho	ort title This Act may be cit Amendment Act 201	ed as the <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling</i> 7.	2 3 4
Clause	2	Cor	mmencement		5
		(1)	commences on 1 Jul	•	6 7
			(a) new sections 9	9D and 99E;	8
			(b) new section 99	Р;	9
			(c) new chapter 4,	part 3B, division 3, subdivisions 1 and 2;	10
			(d) new sections 9	9ZB and 99ZH.	11
		(2)	The following provi proclamation—	sions commence on a day to be fixed by	12 13
			(a) section 4, to the division 5;	e extent it inserts new chapter 4, part 3B,	14 15
			(b) section 34, to t	he extent it inserts new section 307.	16
Clause	3	Act	amended		17
			This Act amends the 2011.	he Waste Reduction and Recycling Act	18 19
Clause	4	Inse	ertion of new ch 4,	pts 3A and 3B	20
			Chapter 4—		21
			insert—		22
			Part 3A	Banned plastic	23
			_	shopping bags	24

99A Ob	jects	s of part	1
	The	objects of this part are to—	2
	(a)	reduce plastic pollution by reducing the number of plastic bags that become waste and enter the environment as litter; and	34
	(b)	encourage retailers and consumers to-	6
		<ul> <li>(i) reduce the overall use of carry bags by considering whether it is necessary on every occasion to use a bag to carry goods; and</li> </ul>	7 8 9 1
		(ii) use alternative shopping bags.	
(1)	with	<i>panned plastic shopping bag</i> is a carry bag n handles—	
alte	ernat	g of banned plastic shopping bag and tive shopping bag banned plastic shopping bag is a carry bag	1 1 1
	(a)	made, in whole or part, of plastic (whether or not the plastic is degradable) that has a	1
		thickness of less than—	1
		(i) the thickness prescribed by regulation; or	-
		<ul><li>(ii) if a thickness has not been prescribed by regulation—35 microns; or</li></ul>	
	(b)	prescribed by regulation to be a banned plastic shopping bag.	, , ,
(2)		wever, each of the following is not a banned atic shopping bag—	
	(a)	a barrier bag;	
	(b)	a plastic bag that is, or is an integral part of, the packaging in which goods are sealed for sale;	
	(c)	a bag that is prescribed by regulation to not be a banned plastic shopping bag.	•

(3)	An <i>alternative shopping bag</i> is a bag, other than a banned plastic shopping bag, that is suitable to be used to carry goods from a retailer's premises.	1 2 3
(4)	In this section—	4
	AS 4736 means the Australian Standard for biodegradable plastics as in force from time to time under that designation (regardless of the edition or year of publication of the standard).	5 6 7 8
	<i>barrier bag</i> means a plastic bag used to carry unpackaged perishable food.	9 10
	Examples of unpackaged perishable foods—	11
	fruit, vegetables, meat, fish	12
	degradable, for plastic, means plastic that is—	13
	(a) biodegradable, including material that is compostable under AS 4736; or	14 15
	(b) designed to degrade and break into fragments over time.	16 17
99C Mea	aning of <i>retailer</i>	18
	A <i>retailer</i> is a person who sells goods in trade or commerce.	19 20
99D Ret bag	ailer not to give banned plastic shopping	21 22
(1)	A retailer must not give a banned plastic shopping bag to a person to use to carry goods the retailer sells from the retailer's premises.	23 24 25
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	26
(2)	This section applies whether or not a price is charged for the banned plastic shopping bag.	27 28

	ring false or misleading information about nned plastic shopping bag	1 2
	A person must not give information that the person knows is false or misleading to another person about—	3 4 5
	(a) the composition of a banned plastic shopping bag; or	6 7
	(b) whether or not a plastic bag is a banned plastic shopping bag.	8 9
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	10
99F Ret baç	ailer may charge for alternative shopping	11 12
	Nothing in this part prevents a retailer from charging for an alternative shopping bag.	13 14
99G Re	view of part	15
(1)	The Minister must ensure a review of the operation of this part starts as soon as practicable, but no more than 3 months, after 1 July 2020.	16 17 18
(2)	The review must include a review of—	19
	(a) the effect of this part on the community and retailers; and	20 21
	(b) the level of retailers' knowledge and understanding about the prohibition on giving banned plastic shopping bags to persons; and	22 23 24 25
	(c) the effectiveness of this part in reducing the quantity of banned plastic shopping bags—	26 27
	(i) used; and	28
	(ii) that becomes waste and is littered or disposed of to landfill.	29 30
(3)	The chief executive must give a report on the outcome of the review to the Minister within 6	31 32

(4) The Leg	the after the day the review starts. Minister must table the report in the sislative Assembly within 12 sitting days after eiving the report.	1 2 3 4	
Part 3B	Beverage container refund scheme	5 6	
Division 1	Introduction	7	
Subdivisio	on 1 Preliminary	8	
99H Objects	s of part	9	
The main objects of this part are to—			
(a)	increase the recovery and recycling of empty beverage containers; and	11 12	
(b)	reduce the number of empty beverage containers that are littered or disposed of to landfill; and	13 14 15	
(c)	ensure the manufacturers of beverage products meet their product stewardship responsibility in relation to their beverage products; and	16 17 18 19	
(d)	provide opportunities for social enterprise, and benefits for community organisations, by—	20 21 22	
	(i) making funds available through the payment of refund amounts for empty beverage containers; and	23 24 25	
	<ul><li>(ii) creating opportunities for employment in activities related to collecting, sorting and processing containers for recycling; and</li></ul>	26 27 28 29	

	(e)	complement existing collection and recycling activities for recyclable waste.	1 2
		Example of existing collection and recycling activities—	3 4
		Local governments collect recyclable waste through kerbside waste collection services and arrange for the waste to be recycled.	5 6 7
99I	How ob	jects are to be achieved	8
		objects are achieved by providing for a tainer refund scheme (the <i>scheme</i> ) that—	9 10
	(a)	encourages consumers to collect empty beverage containers for recycling by providing for refund amounts to be paid for the containers; and	11 12 13 14
	(b)	encourages waste management service providers to ensure empty beverage containers collected through general waste services are recycled by providing for recovery amounts to be paid for containers sent for recycling; and	15 16 17 18 19 20
	(c)	recognises the role of the manufacturers of beverage products in generating waste in the form of empty containers by requiring the manufacturers to—	21 22 23 24
		(i) contribute to the cost of refund amounts paid for the containers and the cost of administering the scheme; and	25 26 27
		<ul><li>(ii) ensure containers for their beverage products are made of materials that are suitable for recycling; and</li></ul>	28 29 30
	(d)	is administered by the Product Responsibility Organisation.	31 32

	unctio rganis	ns of Product Responsibility ation	1 2	
(1	func	The Product Responsibility Organisation's main function is to administer and provide governance for the scheme.		
(2		Without limiting subsection (1), the Organisation has the following functions—		
	(a)	to ensure ongoing, efficient and effective arrangements are available in Queensland for empty beverage containers to be collected, sorted and recycled;	8 9 10 11	
	(b)	to establish a network of container refund points to, as far as practicable, provide communities in Queensland with access to a place for the return of empty beverage containers for the payment of refund amounts;	12 13 14 15 16 17	
	(c)	to ensure manufacturers of beverage products fund the scheme by requiring the manufacturers to pay sufficient amounts under container recovery agreements;	18 19 20 21	
	(d)	to set the amounts payable, or the method for working out the amounts payable, under the scheme—	22 23 24	
		(i) by manufacturers of beverage products to fund the scheme; and	25 26	
		<ul> <li>(ii) to the operators of container refund points to pay the refund amounts for empty beverage containers and to handle, sort and transport the containers for recycling;</li> </ul>	27 28 29 30 31	
	(e)	to identify manufacturers of beverage products who are not participating in the scheme, including, for example, because a manufacturer—	32 33 34 35	

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	(i) is selling beverages in containers that are not registered; or	1 2				
	(ii) has not entered into a container recovery agreement with the Organisation;	3 4 5				
(f)	to promote the scheme and the location of container refund points;	6 7				
(g)	to receive and deal with complaints relating to the scheme from members of the public and entities participating in the scheme;	8 9 10				
(h)	the functions given to it under this Act or another Act.	11 12				
Subdivisio	on 2 Definitions	13				
99K Definitio	ons for part	14				
In th	In this part—					
beve	beverage see section 99L.					
beve	<i>beverage product</i> see section 99N(1). <i>container</i> see section 99M.					
cont						
	<i>ainer approval</i> , for a beverage product, see on 99ZN.	19 20				
	<i>ainer collection agreement</i> see section A(1).	21 22				
cont	ainer recovery agreement see section 99Q.	23				
cont	ainer refund point—	24				
(a)	means a facility or other place—	25				
	(i) at which empty containers may be returned in exchange for the payment of refund amounts; and	26 27 28				
	(ii) that may be operated on a permanent, temporary or mobile basis; and	29 30				

(b) includes a reverse vending machine.	1
<i>extraordinary circumstances exemption</i> see section 99ZY(2).	2 3
<i>manufacturer</i> , of a beverage product, see section 990.	4 5
<i>material recovery agreement</i> see section 99ZF(1).	6 7
material recovery facility see section 99ZE.	8
<i>operator</i> , of a container refund point that is a reverse vending machine, means the person who—	9 10 11
<ul> <li>(a) if the owner of the reverse vending machine has leased or hired it to another person—leases or hires the reverse vending machine; or</li> </ul>	12 13 14 15
(b) otherwise—owns the reverse vending machine.	16 17
<i>recovery amount</i> , for a quantity of containers, see section 99ZG.	18 19
recovery amount protocol see section 99ZK.	20
<i>refund amount</i> means the amount prescribed by regulation as the refund amount.	21 22
refund declaration see section 99T(2).	23
<i>refund marking</i> means the marking or labelling about the refund amount payable for a container under the scheme that complies with the requirements prescribed by regulation.	24 25 26 27
<i>registered</i> , for a container, means the container is included in the register of approved containers kept under section $99ZM(1)$ .	28 29 30
<i>reverse vending machine</i> means a device for collecting empty containers that—	31 32
(a) if the device recognises a container placed in the device as a container for which a	33 34

	refund amount is payable under the scheme by, for example, scanning the container's barcode—	1 2 3
	(i) accepts the container; and	4
	<ul><li>(ii) dispenses the refund amount for the container in a way stated on or near the machine; or</li></ul>	5 6 7
	(b) otherwise—refuses to accept the container.	8
	<i>type</i> , of a container, see section 99N(2).	9
99L Mea	aning of <i>beverage</i>	10
(1)	A <i>beverage</i> is a liquid intended for human consumption by drinking.	11 12
(2)	However, a beverage does not include a liquid prescribed by regulation to not be a beverage for this section.	13 14 15
99M Me	aning of <i>container</i>	16
(1)	A <i>container</i> is—	17
	(a) a container that is made to—	18
	(i) contain a beverage; and	19
	<ul><li>(ii) when filled with a beverage, be sealed for storage, transport and handling before being sold for the beverage to be consumed; or</li></ul>	20 21 22 23
	(b) another container prescribed by regulation as a container for this section.	24 25
(2)	However, a container does not include a container prescribed by regulation to not be a container for this section.	26 27 28

	anin Itain	g of <i>beverage product</i> and <i>type</i> of er	$\frac{1}{2}$
(1)	part	<i>Deverage product</i> is the combination of a icular beverage packaged in a container of a icular type.	3 4 5
(2)	The	<i>type</i> of a container is the combination of—	6
	(a)	the volume of a beverage the container is made to hold; and	7 8
	(b)	the material the container is made of.	9
990 Me	anin	g of <i>manufacturer</i>	10
		<i>manufacturer</i> of a beverage product is a son who—	11 12
	(a)	makes the beverage product, including, for example—	13 14
		(i) by filling containers with a beverage; or	15 16
		<ul><li>(ii) engaging another person under a contract to make the beverage product or fill containers with a beverage for the person; or</li></ul>	17 18 19 20
	(b)	imports the beverage product from a foreign country.	21 22
Divisio	on 2	Sale of beverages in	23
		containers	24
	strict duct	ion on manufacturer selling beverage	25 26
(1)	beve	s section applies to the manufacturer of a erage product that is made or imported for sale queensland.	27 28 29
(2)	-	manufacturer must not sell the beverage	30

	product to another person to use or consume in Queensland, or to sell for use, consumption o further sale in Queensland, unless—	
	<ul> <li>(a) a container recovery agreement is in force for the type of container used for the beverage product; and</li> </ul>	
	(b) the container is registered; and	7
	(c) the container displays—	8
	(i) the refund marking; and	9
	(ii) a barcode for the beverage product.	10
	Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	11
(3)	For this section, it does not matter—	12
	<ul><li>(a) whether the beverage product is made in, o imported into, Queensland or somewhere else; and</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>(b) whether the beverage manufacturer sells the beverage product in Queensland o somewhere else.</li> </ul>	
Q Co	ntainer recovery agreement	19
(1)	A <i>container recovery agreement</i> is a written agreement between the Organisation and the manufacturer of a beverage product about the type of container used for the product.	e 21
(2)	-	
(3)	The Organisation must not enter into a container recovery agreement with the manufacturer for a type of container unless the Organisation is satisfied ongoing, effective and appropriate arrangements for the container type to be	a 30 s 31 e 32

99Q

	collected, sorted and recycled are available.				
(4)	A container recovery agreement must include provisions about the following matters—				
	(a)	paying amounts to the Organisation,	4 5 6 7 8		
		<ul><li>(i) refund amounts for empty containers of the manufacturer's beverage products to be paid under the scheme; and</li></ul>	9 10 11		
		<ul> <li>(ii) the administration of the scheme, including amounts paid to the operators of container refund points under the scheme;</li> </ul>	12 13 14 15		
	(b)	the manufacturer's obligations in relation to giving information to the Organisation about the beverage products made or imported for sale in Queensland by the manufacturer, including how and when the information is to be given;	16 17 18 19 20 21		
	(c)	a dispute resolution process for settling disputes between the Organisation and the manufacturer;	22 23 24		
	(d)	when the agreement must be reviewed;	25		
	(e)		26 27 28		
	(f)	other matters prescribed by regulation.	29		
(5)	the subs	standard terms, about a matter mentioned in section (4) or another matter, prescribed by	30 31 32 33		

ma	nits on amounts paid by small beverage nufacturers under container recovery reements	1 2 3	
(1) A small beverage manufacturer must not, under a container recovery agreement, be required to pay an amount to contribute to the costs of the scheme that is more than the amount worked out under a regulation.			
(2)	In this section—	9	
	<i>small beverage manufacturer</i> means the manufacturer of a beverage product who is prescribed by regulation to be a small beverage manufacturer.	10 11 12 13	
Divisio	on 3 Refund amounts for empty containers and container refund points	14 15 16	
Subdiv	vision 1 Claiming refund amounts for empty containers	17 18	
	for empty containers		
99S Cla	for empty containers	18 19	
99S Cla poi	for empty containers iming refund amount from container refund nt A person may claim a refund amount for an empty container by presenting the container at a	18 19 20 21 22	
99 <b>S Cla</b> poi (1)	for empty containers iming refund amount from container refund nt A person may claim a refund amount for an empty container by presenting the container at a container refund point. The operator of the container refund point must accept the container and pay the person the refund	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	
99 <b>S Cla</b> poi (1)	for empty containers iming refund amount from container refund nt A person may claim a refund amount for an empty container by presenting the container at a container refund point. The operator of the container refund point must accept the container and pay the person the refund amount for the container.	<ol> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> </ol>	

[s	4]
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	(b)	the refund marking is not displayed on the container; or	1 2
	(c)	the operator of the container refund point reasonably believes a refund amount has already been paid for the container; or	3 4 5
	(d)	if the person is required to give the operator a refund declaration under section 99T—the person does not comply with the requirement; or	6 7 8 9
	(e)	if a sign at the container refund point states that the operator of the container refund point pays refund amounts in a way other than in cash—the person refuses to accept the refund amount paid in the other way.	10 11 12 13 14
		Note—	15
		See section 99V for provisions about the ways the operator of a container refund point may pay refund amounts.	16 17 18
(4)		s section does not apply to a container refund at that is a reverse vending machine.	19 20
99T Ref	und	declaration and proof of identity	21
(1)	cont give	person who claims a refund amount at a painer refund point under section 99S must a the operator of the container refund point a nd declaration if—	22 23 24 25
	(a)	the claim is for a bulk quantity of empty containers and the person has not entered into a bulk claim arrangement with the operator; or	26 27 28 29
	(b)	the operator asks the person for a refund declaration.	30 31
	Max	timum penalty—100 penalty units.	32
(2)	decl	<i>fund declaration</i> is a notice in which a person ares, for the containers for which the person is ning a refund amount—	33 34 35

Page 24

	(a)	the containers were collected in Queensland or a corresponding jurisdiction for the purpose of claiming the refund amount under the scheme or a corresponding scheme; and	1 2 3 4 5
	(b)	that the person reasonably believes—	6
		(i) all the containers display the refund marking; and	7 8
		(ii) all the containers are registered; and	9
		(iii) a refund amount has not previously been paid for the containers.	10 11
(3)	A re	efund declaration must be—	12
	(a)	in the approved form; and	13
	(b)	signed by the person making the declaration; and	14 15
	(c)	accompanied by an official document containing the person's photograph (for example, a passport or driver licence) as proof of the person's identity.	16 17 18 19
(4)	In t	his section—	20
	the	<i>k claim arrangement</i> , between a person and operator of a container refund point, is an ingement in writing—	21 22 23
	(a)	under which the operator agrees to accept claims for refund amounts for bulk quantities of empty containers from the person; and	24 25 26 27
	(b)	that states the person's obligations under the arrangement in relation to claiming the refund amounts and delivering empty containers to the container refund point.	28 29 30 31
		<i>k quantity</i> , of empty containers, means the ntity of containers prescribed by regulation.	32 33

	imin chin		fund amount from reverse vending	1 2
(1)	cont	tainer	may claim a refund amount for an empty from a reverse vending machine by he container in the machine.	3 4 5
(2)			amount is paid for the container when se vending machine—	6 7
	(a)	acce	epts the container; and	8
	(b)	-	enses the refund amount for the tainer in a way mentioned in subsection and	9 10 11
	(c)	give	s the person a written record of—	12
		(i)	the container accepted; and	13
		(ii)	the refund amount for the container; and	14 15
		(iii)	how and, if the refund amount was not dispensed to the person, to whom the refund amount was dispensed.	16 17 18
(3)			amount may be dispensed by a reverse machine in the following ways—	19 20
	(a)	to th	e person claiming the refund amount—	21
		(i)	in cash; or	22
		(ii)	in another way stated on a sign that is on or near the machine;	23 24
	(b)	refu acce	epted by the machine are paid to another ty—by paying the amount to the other	25 26 27 28 29
		Exan to—	nple of an entity refund amounts may be paid	30 31
			reverse vending machine raises money for a narity by paying refund amounts to the charity.	32 33
(4)	Ам	vritter	n record may be given under subsection	34

	(2)(c) electronically.	1
99V Wa	ys refund amount may be paid	2
(1)	The operator of a container refund point may pay refund amounts for containers presented at the container refund point—	3 4 5
	(a) in cash or another way; or	6
	(b) in 1 or more ways; or	7
	(c) in different ways for different quantities of containers.	8 9
	Examples of ways in which refund amounts may be paid—	10
	• in cash	11
	• by electronic funds transfer to a bank account or credit card account	12 13
	• as a voucher or card redeemable for cash, goods or services	14 15
(2)	If an operator pays a refund amount other than in cash, the operator must clearly display a sign at the container refund point that states—	16 17 18
	(a) the way the operator pays the refund amount; and	19 20
	(b) if the operator pays the refund amount in different ways for different quantities of containers—the quantities of containers that apply for each different way.	21 22 23 24
99W WI	hen refund amount must not be claimed	25
	A person must not claim a refund amount for an empty container at a container refund point if the person knows, or ought reasonably to know—	26 27 28
	(a) a refund amount has already been paid for the container; or	29 30

	(b)	oper	ecovery amount has been paid to the rator of a material recovery facility for container.	1 2 3
	Max	kimuı	m penalty—100 penalty units.	4
Subdiv	/isio	on 2	Other obligations of container refund point operators	5 6 7
	ligati chin		of operator of reverse vending	8 9
(1)			ion applies to the operator of a container bint that is a reverse vending machine.	10 11
(2)		oper	ator must ensure, as far as is reasonably le—	12 13
	(a)		reverse vending machine is working perly; and	14 15
	(b)	if th	e machine is not working properly—	16
		(i)	the machine is turned off; or	17
		(ii)	a sign or other method is used to indicate to users the machine is not working properly; and	18 19 20
	(c)	cont	machine does not accept an empty tainer if the machine is not able to the sense a refund amount for the container;	21 22 23 24
	(d)		machine does not dispense a refund ount for a container if—	25 26
		(i)	the container is not registered; or	27
		(ii)	the container does not display the refund marking and a barcode for a beverage product; and	28 29 30

	(e)	the disp	following information is clearly ayed on or near the machine—	1 2
		(i)	the types of container that can be accepted by the machine;	3 4
		(ii)	if the machine dispenses the refund amount for a container other than in cash—the way the refund amount is dispensed;	5 6 7 8
			Examples of ways other than cash in which a refund amount may be dispensed—	9 10
			• issuing a voucher or card redeemable for cash, goods or services	11 12
			• crediting the amount to a bank account or credit card account using electronic funds transfer	13 14 15
		(iii)	if the refund amount for an empty container is dispensed by being paid to an entity other than the person who claims the refund amount—the entity to whom the refund amount is paid.	16 17 18 19 20
			Example of an entity to whom a refund amount may be paid—	21 22
			A reverse vending machine raises money for a charity by paying refund amounts to the charity.	23 24 25
	Max	imur	n penalty—300 penalty units.	26
			fund point operator must keep rations	27 28
(1)	The	opera	ator of a container refund point must—	29
	(a)	oper	each refund declaration given to the ator for at least 5 years after the aration was given; and	30 31 32
	(b)	men	the proof of identity document tioned in section 99T(3)(c) that mpanied the declaration—	33 34 35

		(i)	make a copy of the proof of identity document; and	1 2	
		(ii)	keep the copy with the declaration for the period mentioned in paragraph (a); and	3 4 5	
	(c)	the ider	sked by an authorised person—produce declaration and copy of the proof of atity document for inspection by the norised person.	6 7 8 9	
	Max	kimu	m penalty—300 penalty units.	10	
(2)	For this section, a document may be made, kept or produced for inspection—				
	(a)	elec	tronically; or	13	
	(b)	•	making, keeping or producing for bection a copy of the document.	14 15	

### Subdivision 3 Container refund points 16

## 99Z Container collection agreement required to<br/>operate container refund point17<br/>18

A person must not operate a container refund19point unless a container collection agreement is in20force for the container refund point.21

Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.

### 99ZA Container collection agreement

23

22

- A container collection agreement is a written agreement between the Organisation and the operator of a container refund point that includes provisions about the following matters—
  - (a) the operator's obligations under the 28 agreement in relation to— 29

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	(i) sorting empty containers and transporting the containers, or arranging for the containers to be transported, to a waste facility for recycling; and	1 2 3 4 5
	<ul> <li>(ii) keeping records, and reporting to the Organisation, about the refund amounts paid and containers collected, sorted and transported for recycling by the operator; and</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10
	<ul> <li>(iii) ensuring the container refund point is accessible to the public, including by operating the container refund point at particular times;</li> </ul>	11 12 13 14
(b)	the amounts payable to the operator under the agreement for—	15 16
	<ul><li>(i) refund amounts paid, or to be paid, by the operator for containers under subdivision 1; and</li></ul>	17 18 19
	(ii) handling, sorting and transporting the containers for recycling;	20 21
(c)	when and how the operator may claim amounts mentioned in paragraph (b) and when and how the Organisation must pay the amounts;	22 23 24 25
(d)	if the agreement relates to a reverse vending machine—the types of containers to be collected using the machine;	26 27 28
(e)	whether the operator may subcontract the operation of the container refund point and the operator's obligations to the Organisation if the operation is subcontracted;	29 30 31 32 33
(f)	a dispute resolution process for settling disputes between the Organisation and the operator;	34 35 36

	(g) the term of the agreement and when the agreement must be reviewed;	1 2
	(h) a process for either party to the agreement to seek an earlier review of the agreement or an amendment to it;	3 4 5
	(i) other matters prescribed by regulation.	6
(2)	A container collection agreement must also include the standard terms, about a matter mentioned in subsection (1) or another matter, prescribed by regulation.	7 8 9 10
(3)	The Organisation must give a person an information notice if—	11 12
	<ul> <li>(a) the person asks the Organisation, in writing, to enter into a container collection agreement for the purpose of the person operating a container refund point; and</li> </ul>	13 14 15 16
	(b) the Organisation decides not to enter into a container collection agreement with the person.	17 18 19
	Note—	20
	See chapter 9 for provisions about internal and external reviews for a decision under this subsection.	21 22
(4)	For subsection (3), the Organisation is taken to have decided not to enter into a container collection agreement with a person if the Organisation does not offer, in writing, to enter into an agreement with the person within 20 business days after the person makes the request mentioned in subsection $(3)(a)$ .	23 24 25 26 27 28 29
	perator of container refund point may claim ment for containers collected	30 31
(1)	The operator of a container refund point may claim a collection amount from the Organisation for containers collected by the operator.	32 33 34
(2)	The claim must—	35

	(a)		in the form required by the operator's tainer collection agreement; and	1 2
	(b)	be s	igned by the operator; and	3
	(c)	incl	ude details of—	4
		(i)	the number of containers the subject of the claim and the amount of the refund amounts paid for the containers; and	5 6 7
		(ii)	the waste facility to which the containers were transported for recycling; and	8 9 10
	(d)	be a	ccompanied by the following—	11
		(i)	a declaration that the operator reasonably believes all the containers are registered and display the refund marking;	12 13 14 15
		(ii)	copies of any refund declarations and proof of identity documents mentioned in section 99T(3)(c) that relate to the containers;	16 17 18 19
		(iii)	a notice signed by the operator of the waste facility mentioned in paragraph (c)(ii) declaring the operator has received the containers for recycling.	20 21 22 23
(3)	for	the c	anisation must pay the collection amount ontainers to the operator as required by iner collection agreement.	24 25 26
(4)	clair oper the	med rator Org	ganisation decides the collection amount for the containers is not payable to the by the container collection agreement, anisation must give the operator an ion notice for the decision.	27 28 29 30 31
	Note			32
			pter 9 for provisions about internal and external of a decision under this subsection.	33 34
(5)	For	subs	ection (4), the Organisation is taken to	35

	have decided the collection amount is not payable to the operator under the container collection agreement if the Organisation does not pay the collection amount claimed for the containers within the time required under the agreement.	1 2 3 4 5
(6)	Subsection (2)(c)(ii) and (d)(iii) does not apply to a container the subject of an extraordinary circumstances exemption.	6 7 8
(7)	In this section—	9
	<i>collection amount</i> means an amount payable to the operator under a container collection agreement for—	10 11 12
	(a) refund amounts paid, or to be paid, by the operator for containers under subdivision 1; and	13 14 15
	(b) handling, sorting and transporting the containers for recycling.	16 17
	hen container refund point operator must claim payment	18 19
(1)	The operator of a container refund point must not claim payment of an amount from the Organisation under a container collection agreement if the payment relates to a container and any of the following apply—	20 21 22 23 24
	(a) the operator has not paid a refund amount for the container;	25 26
	(b) the container is not registered;	27
	(c) the operator knows, or ought reasonably to know, the container has been disposed of to landfill, whether or not the operator has paid a refund amount for the container.	28 29 30 31
	Maximum penalty—300 penalty units.	32
(2)	Subsection (1)(c) does not apply to a container that is the subject of an extraordinary	33 34
	perator must ensure containers sent for ycling	
-------	--	
(1)	This section applies if—	
	(a) the operator of a container refund point has paid a refund amount for a container; and	
	(b) the container is not the subject of an extraordinary circumstances exemption.	
(2)	The operator must not allow the container to be disposed of to landfill.	
	Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	
	on 4 Recovery amounts for empty containers recycled by material recovery facilities	
	empty containers recycled by material recovery facilities	
	empty containers recycled by material recovery	
97E M	empty containers recycled by material recovery facilities eaning of <i>material recovery facility</i> A <i>material recovery facility</i> is a facility or other place— (a) at which recyclable waste is sorted and	
92E M	<ul> <li>empty containers recycled by material recovery facilities</li> <li>eaning of material recovery facility</li> <li>A material recovery facility is a facility or other place—         <ul> <li>(a) at which recyclable waste is sorted and prepared for recycling, whether or not the waste is also recycled at the facility or place;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

99ZF Ma	aterial recovery agreement	1
(1)	A <i>material recovery agreement</i> is a written agreement between the Organisation and the operator of a material recovery facility about the payment of recovery amounts to the operator for containers the operator sorts and prepares for recycling.	2 3 4 5 6 7
(2)	A material recovery agreement must contain provisions about the following matters—	8 9
	(a) the types of containers the operator sorts and prepares for recycling;	10 11
	(b) the arrangements the operator has in place for recycling the containers or sending the containers to a waste facility for recycling;	12 13 14
	(c) whether recovery amounts for quantities of containers will be worked out based on the actual number of containers or the recovery amount protocol;	15 16 17 18
	(d) when and how recovery amounts may be claimed by the operator and will be paid by the Organisation;	19 20 21
	(e) a dispute resolution process for settling disputes between the Organisation and the operator;	22 23 24
	(f) when the agreement must be reviewed;	25
	(g) a process for either party to the agreement to seek an earlier review of the agreement or an amendment to it;	26 27 28
	(h) other matters prescribed by regulation.	29
(3)	A material recovery agreement must also include the standard terms, about a matter mentioned in subsection (2) or another matter, prescribed by regulation.	30 31 32 33
(4)	The Organisation must give the operator of a material recovery facility an information notice	34 35

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	<ul> <li>if— <ul> <li>(a) the operator asks the Organisation, in writing, to enter into a material recovery agreement for the purpose of claiming recovery amounts for containers; and</li> <li>(b) the Organisation decides not to enter into a material recovery agreement with the operator.</li> </ul> </li> <li><i>Note</i>— <ul> <li>See chapter 9 for provisions about internal and external</li> </ul></li></ul>	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
(5)	reviews for a decision under this subsection. For subsection (4), the Organisation is taken to have decided not to enter into a material recovery agreement with the operator of a material recovery facility if the Organisation does not offer, in writing, to enter into an agreement with the operator within 20 business days after the operator makes the request mentioned in subsection (4)(a).	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19
99ZG M	eaning of recovery amount	20
(1)	The <i>recovery amount</i> for a quantity of containers is—	21 22
	<ul> <li>(a) if the number of containers in the quantity is known—the total of the refund amounts for the number of containers; or</li> </ul>	23 24 25
	(b) otherwise—the amount worked out under the recovery amount protocol for the quantity.	26 27 28
(2)	In this part, a recovery amount for a container—	29
	<ul> <li>(a) has been claimed if the container is included in a quantity of containers for which a recovery amount has been claimed; and</li> </ul>	30 31 32

	(b) has been paid if the container is included in a quantity of containers for which a recovery amount has been paid.	1 2 3
	perator of material recovery facility may m recovery amounts	4 5
(1)	The operator of a material recovery facility may claim the recovery amount for a quantity of containers from the Organisation if the operator—	6 7 8
	(a) has entered into a material recovery agreement with the Organisation; and	9 10
	(b) has recycled the containers or sent the containers to a waste facility for recycling.	11 12
(2)	The claim must be in the form required by the operator's material recovery agreement and accompanied by—	13 14 15
	(a) a notice signed by the operator declaring—	16
	<ul><li>(i) a refund amount has not been paid for any of the containers in the quantity; and</li></ul>	17 18 19
	<ul><li>(ii) if the operator has recycled the containers—the operator has recycled the containers; and</li></ul>	20 21 22
	(b) if the operator has sent the containers to a waste facility for recycling—a notice signed by the operator of the waste facility declaring the operator has received the containers for recycling; and	23 24 25 26 27
	(c) if the operator is claiming a recovery amount worked out under the recovery amount protocol—evidence the operator has complied with the protocol for claiming the recovery amount.	28 29 30 31 32
(3)	The Organisation must pay the recovery amount for the quantity of containers to the operator as	33 34

	required under the material recovery agreement.	1
(4)	If the Organisation decides the recovery amount claimed for the quantity of containers is not payable under the material recovery agreement, the Organisation must give the operator an information notice for the decision.	2 3 4 5 6
	Note—	7
	See chapter 9 for provisions about internal and external reviews of a decision under this subsection.	8 9
(5)	For subsection (4), the Organisation is taken to have decided the recovery amount is not payable under the material recovery agreement if the Organisation does not pay the recovery amount claimed for a quantity of containers within the time required by the agreement.	10 11 12 13 14 15
(6)	Subsections (1)(b) and (2)(a)(ii) and (b) do not apply to containers the subject of an extraordinary circumstances exemption.	16 17 18
	en material recovery facility operator must claim recovery amount	19 20
(1)	The operator of a material recovery facility must not claim the recovery amount for a container if—	21 22
	(a) a refund amount has been paid for the container at a container refund point; or	23 24
	(b) the container is not registered; or	25
	(c) the operator has allowed the container to be, or knows the container has been, disposed of to landfill.	26 27 28
	Note—	29
	See section 99ZX for deciding if an operator has allowed a container to be disposed of to landfill.	30 31
	Maximum penalty—300 penalty units.	32
(2)	Subsection (1)(c) does not apply to a container that is the subject of an extraordinary	33 34

	circumstances exemption.	1
	perator must not allow containers to come landfill	2 3
(1)	The operator of a material recovery facility must not allow a container to be disposed of to landfill if the operator has received a recovery amount for the container.	4 5 6 7
	Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	8
	Note—	9
	See section 99ZX for deciding if an operator has allowed a container to be disposed of to landfill.	10 11
(2)	This section does not apply to a container that is the subject of an extraordinary circumstances exemption.	12 13 14
9ZK R	ecovery amount protocol	15
(1)	A <i>recovery amount protocol</i> is a document, issued by the chief executive, that states the way in which recovery amounts for containers are worked out if the number of containers is not known.	16 17 18 19 20
(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), a recovery amount protocol may provide for ways to estimate the number of containers that are intermingled with other recyclable waste, for example—	21 22 23 24
	<ul><li>(a) by sampling quantities of recyclable waste that include containers to work out the proportion of the waste that is containers; and</li></ul>	25 26 27 28
	(b) estimating the number of containers in other quantities of recyclable waste using the proportion worked out from the sampling.	29 30 31
(3)	A recovery amount protocol is issued by the chief executive by publishing it on the department's	32 33

	website.		1
(4)	The chief amount pro-	executive must review a recovery tocol—	2 3
	materia	Organisation or the operator of a al recovery facility asks the chief ive, in writing, to review the protocol;	4 5 6 7
	(b) at othe	r times prescribed by regulation.	8
	perator of n ply with p	naterial recovery facility must rotocol	9 10
(1)	agreement j quantities of a material	on applies if a material recovery provides for the recovery amounts for f containers claimed by the operator of recovery facility to be worked out covery amount protocol.	11 12 13 14 15
(2)	-	or of the material recovery facility y with the recovery amount protocol.	16 17
	Maximum p	penalty—300 penalty units.	18
Divisio	on 5	Approved containers for	19
		beverage products	20
Subdiv	vision 1	Pagistar of approved	0.1
Subury		Register of approved containers	21 22
99ZM Or regi	rganisatior ster	must establish and keep	23 24
(1)		sation must keep an up-to-date register l containers.	25 26
(2)		<i>ed container</i> is a container for a oduct for which an approval is in force	27 28 29

The register must be kept as a searchable, public register.	
	26 27
The Organisation may also record in the register any other information the Organisation considers appropriate.	23 24 25
(f) any conditions of the approval.	22
<ul><li>(ii) if the approval has ended—the day the approval ended;</li></ul>	20 21
(i) the day the approval was granted;	19
(e) the following days—	18
(d) if the approval was granted in a corresponding jurisdiction—the corresponding jurisdiction;	15 16 17
(c) the barcode for the beverage product;	14
(b) the manufacturer of the beverage product;	13
(iii) the material the container, including its label, is made of;	11 12
(ii) the volume of beverage in the product;	10
(i) the type of beverage in the product;	9
(a) a description of the beverage product, including the following—	7 8
each approved container and the beverage product packaged in the container—	4 5 6
The register must contain the following details for	2 3
<ul><li>(b) a corresponding law for a corresponding scheme.</li><li>The register must contain the following details for</li></ul>	
	scheme. The register must contain the following details for

	[s 4]	
99ZN Applica	ation	1
chiet beve <i>Note-</i> Se	manufacturer of a beverage may apply to the f executive for approval of a container for a grage product (a <i>container approval</i> ). — e chapter 8A for general provisions that apply to the plication and to a container approval.	2 3 4 5 6 7
99ZO Particu	lar matters for deciding application	8
	chief executive may grant the container oval only if satisfied—	9 10
(a)	a container recovery agreement between the Organisation and a manufacturer of the beverage product for the container type used in the product—	11 12 13 14
	(i) is in force; or	15
	(ii) has been agreed in principle by the Organisation pending the approval being granted; and	16 17 18
(b)	the container is suitable to be recycled; and	19
(c)	the way the refund marking is proposed to be displayed on the container is not likely to affect whether the container is suitable to be recycled; and	20 21 22 23
(d)	approval for the beverage product is not in force under a corresponding law for a corresponding scheme; and	24 25 26
(e)	approval for the beverage product has not been refused or cancelled under a corresponding law for a corresponding scheme.	27 28 29 30
Note-	_	31
	e section 173V for the general criteria that apply for ciding the application.	32 33

99ZP N	otice of container approval	1
(1)	If the chief executive decides to grant the container approval for a beverage product, the notice given to the manufacturer under section 173W must state the matters mentioned in section 99ZM(3) for the beverage product.	2 3 4 5 6
(2)	The chief executive must give a copy of the notice about the decision to the Organisation within 10 business days after making the decision.	7 8 9
99ZQ C	onditions of container approval	10
(1)	It is a condition of a container approval that the holder must give the Organisation notice about any changes to the beverage product the subject of the approval, including, for example—	11 12 13 14
	(a) the type of beverage in the product; or	15
	(b) the volume of beverage in the product; or	16
	(c) the material the container, including its label, is made of.	17 18
	Note—	19
	See section 173X for the chief executive's general power to impose conditions on a container approval.	20 21
(2)	The holder of a container approval must comply with the conditions of the approval.	22 23
	Maximum penalty—300 penalty units.	24
99ZR C	ontainer approval continues in force	25
(1)	A container approval continues in force until the approval is cancelled or surrendered.	26 27
(2)	However, if a container approval is suspended, the approval does not have effect for the period of the suspension.	28 29 30
(3)	Despite subsections (1) and (2), a person, other than the manufacturer of a beverage product the	31 32

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	subject of the container approval, does not commit an offence against this part—	1 2
	<ul> <li>(a) if the container used for the beverage product is no longer registered because the container approval has been cancelled or surrendered, or is suspended; and</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6
	(b) merely because the container used for the product is not registered.	7 8
99ZS Ap	oplying to amend container approval	9
(1)	The holder of a container approval for a beverage product may apply to the chief executive to amend the approval, including a condition of the approval. <i>Note</i> —	10 11 12 13 14
	See chapter 8A, part 2 for general provisions that apply to the application.	14 15 16
(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the holder may apply to amend—	17 18
	(a) the type of beverage in the beverage product; or	19 20
	(b) the volume of beverage in the product; or	21
	(c) the material the container, including its label, is made of.	22 23
99ZT De	eciding amendment application	24
(1)	This section applies if the chief executive is deciding whether or not to amend a container approval—	25 26 27
	(a) on an application made under section 99ZS; or	28 29
	(b) after giving the holder of the approval a show cause notice about a proposed amendment under section 173ZB.	30 31 32

(2)	Section 99ZO applies as if the decision were a decision about whether to grant the container approval.	1 2 3
99ZU A	pplying to transfer container approval	4
(1)	The holder of a container approval may apply to the chief executive to transfer the approval to another person.	5 6 7
	Note—	8
	See chapter 8A, part 2 for general provisions that apply to the application.	9 10
(2)	The application must be accompanied by the signed consent of the proposed transferee.	11 12
(3)	The period for deciding the application is 10 business days.	13 14
(4)	If the chief executive decides to grant the application, the chief executive must, in addition to the notice under section 173W, give a notice about the decision to the proposed transferee and the Organisation within 5 business days after making the decision.	15 16 17 18 19 20
	rounds for suspending or cancelling ntainer approval	21 22
	Each of the following is a ground for suspending or cancelling a container approval for a beverage product—	23 24 25
	<ul> <li>(a) a container recovery agreement for the type of container for the beverage product is not, or is no longer, in force between the Organisation and a manufacturer of the product;</li> </ul>	26 27 28 29 30
	<ul><li>(b) the container is not, or is no longer, suitable to be recycled;</li></ul>	31 32

	(c)	the way the refund marking is proposed to be displayed on the container affects, or is likely to affect, whether the container can be recycled;	1 2 3 4
	(d)	the container for the beverage product is no longer a container under the scheme;	5 6
	(e)	the beverage in the beverage product is no longer a beverage under the scheme.	7 8
	Note	_	9
		ee chapter 8A, part 3 for general provisions that apply or suspending or cancelling a container approval.	10 11
Divisio	on 6	Miscellaneous	12
99ZW In	icon	sistent provision has no effect	13
	Ар	rovision of any of the following agreements	14
		no effect to the extent the provision is	15
	inco	onsistent with this Act—	16
	(a)	a container recovery agreement;	17
	(b)	a container collection agreement;	18
	(c)	a material recovery agreement.	19
99ZX Di	spos	sal of containers to landfill	20
(1)		s section applies for deciding, for this part,	21
		ether a person has disposed of, or allowed the	22
	-	oosal of, a container to landfill.	23
(2)	-	erson has allowed a container to be disposed o landfill if—	24 25
	(a)	the person arranged for the container to be taken to a waste facility for recycling; and	26 27
	(b)	when the person made the arrangement, the person knew, or ought reasonably to have known, the operator of the waste facility	28 29 30

	was likely to dispose of, or allow the disposal of, the container to landfill; and	1 2
	(c) the container is disposed of to landfill.	3
(3)	A person has not disposed of, or allowed the disposal of, a container to landfill if—	4 5
	<ul><li>(a) the person arranged for the container to be taken to a waste facility at which containers of that type can be recycled; and</li></ul>	6 7 8
	(b) part of the container can not be recycled at the waste facility; and	9 10
	(c) that part of the container is disposed of to landfill.	11 12
99ZY Ex	traordinary circumstances exemption	13
(1)	This section applies if a container has become unsuitable to be recycled because of extraordinary circumstances.	14 15 16
	Example—	17
	The container becomes contaminated when the place at which the container is stored is inundated by water from a flooded river during a severe storm.	18 19 20
(2)	The operator of a container refund point or material recovery facility may apply to the chief executive for an exemption (an <i>extraordinary</i> <i>circumstances exemption</i> ) from the requirements under this part to—	21 22 23 24 25
	(a) recycle the container or send the container to be recycled; and	26 27
	(b) not allow the container to be disposed of to landfill.	28 29
	Note—	30
	See chapter 8A for general provisions that apply to the application and an extraordinary circumstances exemption.	31 32 33
(3)	The chief executive may grant the exemption if	34

	sati	sfied— 1	
	(a)	the container has become unsuitable to be 2 recycled; and 3	
	(b)	the circumstances that caused the container4to become unsuitable to be recycled were5extraordinary and either—6	
		(i) could not have reasonably been 7 foreseen; or 8	
		(ii) were beyond the operator's control. 9	
99ZZ A	utho	risations for competition legislation	0
(1)		following things are specifically authorised1competition legislation—12	
	(a)	appointing, under part 5, a company to 12 administer the scheme; 14	
	(b)	granting, amending, transferring, 1 suspending, cancelling or surrendering a 1 container approval; 1	6
	(c)	a container collection agreement; 1	8
	(d)	a container recovery agreement; 1	9
	(e)	a material recovery agreement; 20	0
	(f)	the conduct of a person negotiating, entering2intoandperforminganagreement2mentioned in paragraph (c), (d) or (e).2	2
(2)	is an othe <i>Con</i>	withing authorised to be done by subsection (1)24uthorised only to the extent to which it would25erwise contravene the Competition and26asumer Act 2010 (Cwlth) or the Competition27le of Queensland.28	5 6 7
(3)	In tl	his section— 29	9
	and	<b>apetition legislation</b> means the Competition30Consumer Act 2010 (Cwlth), section 51(1)(b)3he Competition Code of Queensland, section3333	1 2

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Clause 5	Insertion of new cl Chapter 4— <i>insert</i> —	h 4, pt 5	1 2 3
	Part 5	Product Responsibility Organisation	4 5
	Division 1	Appointment and powers	6
	102A Appoi	ntment	7
	elig	Minister may, under this part, appoint an ible company as the Product Responsibility anisation for the container refund scheme.	8 9 10
	102B Meani	ng of <i>eligible company</i>	11
	(1) An	eligible company is a company that—	12
	(a)	is registered under the Corporations Act; and	13 14
	(b)	is carried on other than for the profit or gain of its individual members; and	15 16
	(c)	has a constitution that, at all times—	17
		<ul><li>(i) requires the company to maintain a board, constituted by 9 directors, that has the composition required under subsection (2); and</li></ul>	18 19 20 21
		<ul><li>(ii) prohibits dividends being paid to, or the income, profits or assets of the company being distributed among, its members; and</li></ul>	22 23 24 25
		<ul><li>(iii) requires the persons appointed or employed as executive officers of the company to be eligible individuals; and</li></ul>	26 27 28
		(iv) includes provisions about—	29

		(A) the way the chair and directors are appointed and removed; and	1 2
		(B) the way the chair and directors vote on and decide matters; and	3 4
		(C) the remuneration and other entitlements of the chair and directors; and	5 6 7
		(D) the way the constitution is amended; and	8 9
		(E) another matter prescribed by regulation.	10 11
(2)		subsection (1)(c)(i), the required composition he board is as follows—	12 13
	(a)	a chair who is—	14
		(i) a director; and	15
		(ii) independent of the beverage industry; and	16 17
		(iii) approved by the Minister;	18
	(b)	at least 1 director who is an executive officer, employee or business associate of a small beverage manufacturer;	19 20 21
	(c)	at least 1 director who is an executive officer, employee or business associate of a large beverage manufacturer;	22 23 24
	(d)	at least 1 director who—	25
		(i) represents the interests of the community; and	26 27
		(ii) is independent of the beverage industry; and	28 29
		(iii) is approved by the Minister;	30
	(e)	at least 2 other directors who-	31
		(i) have legal or financial qualifications and experience; and	32 33

	(ii) are independent of the beverage industry.	1 2
(3)	In this section—	3
	<i>independent of the beverage industry</i> , for a person, means the person is not an executive officer, employee or business associate of the manufacturer of a beverage product.	4 5 6 7
	<i>large beverage manufacturer</i> means the manufacturer of a beverage product other than a small beverage manufacturer.	8 9 10
	<i>small beverage manufacturer</i> see section 99R(2).	11
102C Pc	owers	12
	The Organisation has the powers necessary for performing its functions.	12 13 14
	Note—	15
	See section 99J for the Organisation's functions.	16
Divisio	on 2 Application for	17
	appointment	18
Subdiv	vision 1 Application	19
	nister may invite application for ointment	20 21
(1)	The Minister may invite an eligible company to apply for appointment as the Product Responsibility Organisation for the container refund scheme.	22 23 24 25
(2)	The invitation may state—	26
	(a) outcomes to be met by the Organisation in a stated period after appointment—	27 28

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		(i)	relating functions	to ; and	the	Organisation's	1 2
		(ii)	a way th	at pro terpris	vides o se, inno	ng the scheme in opportunities for ovation and the logy; and	3 4 5 6
	(b)	othe	er requirem	ents fo	or the a	pplication.	7
E A	oplic	atio	า				8
	app	er re pany ointm ganisa	the <i>a</i> the <i>a</i> the the the the the tent as	pplica	<i>nt</i> ) n	n, the eligible aay apply for Responsibility	9 10 11 12
FRe	iupe	reme	nts for ap	oplica	tion		13
(1)	The	appl	ication mu	st—			14
	(a)	be i	n writing; a	and			15
	(b)		ude details following 1			icant's plans for	16 17
		(i)	scheme	gener costs	rally, s of e	ministering the including the establishing and me;	18 19 20 21
		(ii)	entering agreemen beverage	its w	ith m	anufacturers of	22 23 24
			by t agree of	the ma ements	anufact s to co Idminis	ounts to be paid urers under the ntribute to costs tration of the	25 26 27 28 29
			· · · -	oposed Igreem		ame for entering	30 31

102E

102F

		(iii)		blishing a network of container nd points;	1 2
		(iv)	0	ring into container collection ements with the operators of ainer refund points, including—	3 4 5
			(A)	a process for choosing persons with whom to enter into container collection agreements; and	6 7 8
			(B)	proposed arrangements for ensuring container refund points are accessible to the public, including proposed locations and operating times; and	9 10 11 12 13
			(C)	the proposed amounts to be paid to operators under the agreements for handling, sorting and transporting containers for recycling; and	14 15 16 17 18
			(D)	a proposed timeframe for entering the agreements;	19 20
		(v)		eving any outcomes stated in the ister's invitation;	21 22
		(vi)		ng the amounts payable under the me mentioned in section $99J(2)(d)$ ;	23 24 25
	(c)			vith any other requirements stated nister's invitation.	26 27
(2)		appl owing		on must be accompanied by the	28 29
	(a)	a co	py of	the applicant's constitution;	30
	(b)	eligi	ble c	establishing the applicant is an company and each of its executive s an eligible individual;	31 32 33

(c)	a draft strategic plan and operational plan for establishing and administering the scheme;	1 2 3
(d)	draft terms of a container recovery agreement, container collection agreement and material recovery agreement;	4 5 6
(e)	a draft framework for resolving disputes between the applicant, manufacturers of beverage products, the operators of container refund points and the operators of material recovery facilities;	7 8 9 10 11
(f)	draft policies for handling commercial or sensitive information about the beverage market;	12 13 14
(g)	the signed consent of each person who the applicant considers is an executive officer or business associate of the applicant to—	15 16 17
	(i) the collection of personal or background information about the person by the chief executive; and	18 19 20
	(ii) a criminal history check.	21
102G Referr assessi	al of application to chief executive for nent	22 23
refe	er receiving the application, the Minister must r the application to the chief executive for essment.	24 25 26
102H Withdu	rawing or amending application	27
The	applicant may, at any time—	28
(a)	withdraw the application; or	29
(b)	amend the application with the agreement of the Minister.	30 31

Subdiv	vision 2 Assessing applic	ation 1	
102I Ch	ief executive assesses applicati	<b>on</b> 2	
	The chief executive must—	3	
	(a) assess whether the applicant is appointment as the Product I Organisation; and		
	(b) give the Minister a report applicant's suitability.	t about the 7 8	
102J Pa	rticular matters for assessing a	pplication 9	
(1)	In assessing whether the applicant appointment as the Organisatio executive must consider and, investigate the following—	n, the chief 1	1 2
	(a) the application;	1	4
	(b) the documents and evidence section 102F(2) that acco application;	-	6
	(c) the applicant's business reput financial position and financial		
	(d) the suitability of each executive business associate to be associate applicant as the Organisation;		1
	(e) whether, collectively, the exec have the skills, knowledge an required for the applicant to functions of the Organisation e efficiently.	nd experience 2 perform the 2	4 5 6
(2)	In assessing the suitability of an exe or business associate of the applic executive must consider and, investigate the person's—	ant, the chief 2	9 0
	(a) character or business reputatio	n; and 3	2

	(b)	relevant skills, knowledg and	ge and experience;	1 2
	(c)	current financial positi background.	ion and financial	3 4
		xecutive may require tion or documents	further	5 6
(1)	appl info	chief executive may, by cant to give the chief mation or a document rea le the application.	executive further	7 8 9 10
(2)	exec will	n making the require utive must warn the appli- not be considered rement is complied with.	cant the application	11 12 13 14
Subdiv	visio	n 3 Deciding app	lication	15
102L M	iniste	r decides application		16
(1)		receiving the chief execuplicant's suitability, the	-	17
	(a)			18
		consider the application a	and report; and	
	(b)	consider the application a decide to—	and report; and	18
	(b)	decide to— (i) appoint the applica	ant as the Product Organisation and aditions on the Minister considers	18 19
	(b)	decide to— (i) appoint the applica Responsibility C impose the con appointment the N	ant as the Product Organisation and aditions on the Minister considers ale; or	18 19 20 21 22 23 24
(2)	The	decide to— (i) appoint the applica Responsibility C impose the con appointment the I necessary or desirab	ant as the Product Organisation and aditions on the Minister considers ale; or on. ade to appoint the	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

	(b) collectively, the executive officers have the skills, knowledge and experience required for the applicant to perform the functions of the Organisation effectively and efficiently.	
102M D	ecision to make appointment	
(1)	If the Minister decides to appoint the applicant as the Product Responsibility Organisation, the Minister must, as soon as practicable after making the decision, give the applicant a notice about the decision.	
(2)	The notice must—	
	(a) state the applicant is appointed as the Product Responsibility Organisation; and	
	(b) state when the appointment takes effect; and	
	(c) state any conditions imposed on the appointment; and	
	(d) if the appointment is subject to conditions—be an information notice for the decision.	
102N R	efusal of application	
	If the Minister decides to refuse the application, the Minister must give the applicant an information notice for the decision within 10 business days after making the decision.	
Subdiv	vision 4 General	
1020 A	ppointment continues in force	
(1)	The appointment of a company as the Organisation continues in force until the appointment is cancelled.	

(2)	However, if the appointment is suspended, the appointment does not have effect during the period of the suspension.	1 2 3
Divisio	on 3 Application to amend appointment	4 5
102P Ap	oplying to amend appointment	6
(1)	The company appointed as the Organisation may apply to the Minister to amend the appointment, including a condition of the appointment (an <i>amendment application</i> ).	7 8 9 10
(2)	The Minister must refer an amendment application to the chief executive for assessment.	11 12
102Q As	ssessing application	13
(1)	The chief executive must—	14
	(a) assess the amendment application; and	15
	(b) give the Minister a report about the amendment application.	16 17
(2)	Sections 102J and 102K apply—	18
	(a) for the purpose of the chief executive assessing the amendment application; and	19 20
	(b) as though a reference in those sections to the application is a reference to the amendment application.	21 22 23
102R De	eciding amendment application	24
(1)	This section applies after the Minister is given a report about the chief executive's assessment of an amendment application under section 102Q.	25 26 27
(2)	The Minister must—	28

	(a)	repor	ider the amendment application and rt about the chief executive's essment of the amendment application;	1 2 3 4
	(b)	decid	le to—	5
		(i)	grant the application; or	6
			if the Minister decides to grant the application—impose or amend the conditions on the appointment the Minister considers are necessary or desirable; or	7 8 9 10 11
		(iii)	refuse the application.	12
			amend appointment	13
(1)	ame	ndme	nister decides to grant the company's nt application, the Minister must give any a notice about the decision.	14 15 16
(2)			e must be given as soon as practicable lecision is made and state—	17 18
	(a)	how	the appointment is amended; and	19
	(b)	•	new conditions imposed on the intment; and	20 21
	(c)	-	existing conditions amended for the intment; and	22 23
	(d)	when	the amendment takes effect.	24
(3)	on tl infoi	he ap matic	ister imposes or amends any conditions pointment, the notice must also be an on notice for the decision to amend or e conditions.	25 26 27 28
102T Ret	fusa	l of a	pplication	29
	appl	icatio	nister decides to refuse the amendment n, the Minister must give the company action notice for the decision within 10	30 31 32

[s 5] business day of making the decision. Division 4 Amendment, suspension, cancellation and appointment of administrator Subdivision 1 General 1020 Minister may amend appointment The Minister may, on the Minister's own initiative or on the recommendation of the chief executive, amend a company's appointment as the Organisation. 102V Grounds for suspending or cancelling appointment as Organisation Each of the following is a ground to suspend or cancel a company's appointment as the Organisation— (a) the company is no longer an eligible company; an executive officer of the company is no (b) longer an eligible individual; (c) the company is no longer suitable for appointment as the Organisation; (d) the company as the Organisation has contravened a provision of this Act; (e) the company has contravened a condition of its appointment as the Organisation; (f) the company as the Organisation has failed to comply with a direction of the Minister under section 102ZE:

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	(g)	the company as the Organisation has failed to achieve, and is unlikely to achieve, an outcome prescribed under section 102ZF during a particular period;	1 2 3 4
	(h)	the company as the Organisation has contravened a compliance notice given to the company under chapter 11;	5 6 7
	(i)	the company was appointed as the Organisation because of a materially false or misleading representation or declaration.	8 9 10
102W In	nmed	diate suspension	11
(1)	com	Minister may suspend the appointment of a pany as the Organisation immediately if the ister reasonably believes—	12 13 14
	(a)	a ground exists to suspend or cancel the company's appointment; and	15 16
	(b)	the circumstances warrant the immediate suspension of the appointment to ensure—	17 18
		(i) the safety of persons; or	19
		(ii) the public interest in the scheme is not adversely affected.	20 21
(2)	appo	e Minister decides to suspend the company's pintment under subsection (1), the Minister t give the company—	22 23 24
	(a)	an information notice for the decision to suspend the appointment immediately; and	25 26
	(b)	a show cause notice under section 102X.	27
(3)	The	suspension—	28
	(a)	takes effect when the notices are given to the company; and	29 30
	(b)	continues until the earliest of the following happens—	31 32
		(i) the Minister ends the suspension;	33

		(ii)	the show cause notice is finally dealt with;	1 2
		(iii)	30 business days after the notices are given to the company.	3 4
Subdiv	/isic	on 2	Process for taking proposed action	5 6
102X Sł	างพ	caus	e notice	7
(1)	This	s sect	ion applies if the Minister proposes to—	8
	(a)		nd the company's appointment as the anisation (the <i>proposed action</i> ); or	9 10
	(b)		bend or cancel the company's pointment as the Organisation (also the posed action).	11 12 13
(2)	acti	-	posed action is suspension, the proposed must also include appointing an rator.	14 15 16
(3)			ister must give a notice (a <i>show cause</i> pout the proposed action to the company.	17 18
(4)	The	show	v cause notice must state the following—	19
	(a)	the p	proposed action;	20
	(b)	if ame	the proposed action is an ndment—the proposed amendment;	21 22
	(c)		ne proposed action is suspension—the od of the suspension;	23 24
	(d)	the g	grounds for the proposed action;	25
	(e)		facts and circumstances that form the s for the grounds;	26 27
	(f)	(the subr	the company may, within a stated period <i>show cause period</i> ), make a written nission to the Minister about why the posed action should not be taken.	28 29 30 31

(5)	The show cause period must end at least 28 days after the company is given the show cause notice.	1 2
(6)	The Minister may ask the chief executive to prepare a report about the submissions made by the company during the show cause period.	3 4 5
	ecision about proposed amendment, spension or cancellation	6 7
(1)	Within 20 business days after the end of the period for making submissions stated in the show cause notice, the Minister must decide whether or not to take the proposed action.	8 9 10 11
(2)	The Minister may decide—	12
	(a) if the proposed action was to make a stated amendment—to make the stated amendment; or	13 14 15
	(b) if the proposed action was to suspend the appointment for a stated period—to suspend the appointment for no longer than the stated period; or	16 17 18 19
	(c) if the proposed action was to cancel the appointment—to suspend the appointment for a period or cancel the appointment.	20 21 22
(3)	However, the Minister may extend, on 1 occasion and by no more than 20 business days, the period for making a decision by giving a notice about the extension to the company before the end of the period.	23 24 25 26 27
(4)	In deciding whether or not to take the proposed action, the Minister must consider the following—	28 29 30
	(a) all submissions made by the company during the show cause period;	31 32

	<ul> <li>(b) if the Minister asked the chief executive to prepare a report about the submissions—the chief executive's report;</li> </ul>	1 2 3
	(c) the objects of this Act and how they are to be achieved, as stated in chapter 1, part 2;	4 5
	(d) another matter prescribed by regulation.	6
(5)	If the Minister decides to take the proposed action, the Minister must, within 10 business days after making the decision, give the company an information notice for the decision.	7 8 9 10
(6)	The decision to take the proposed action takes effect on the later of the following days—	11 12
	(a) the day the information notice is given to the company;	13 14
	(b) a day stated in the information notice.	15
(7)	If the Minister decides not to take the proposed action, the Minister must give the company a notice about the decision within 5 business days after making the decision.	16 17 18 19
Subdiv	vision 3 Appointment of	20
	administrator	21
1027 An	pointment of administrator	22
(1)	The Minister may appoint an administrator—	22 23
(1)		
	<ul> <li>(a) if the Minister suspends a company's appointment as the Organisation under section 102Y—for the company as the Organisation; or</li> </ul>	24 25 26 27
	(b) if the Minister cancels a company's appointment as the Organisation under section 102Y—to perform the functions of the Organisation.	28 29 30 31
(2)	An administrator, during the administrator's term	32

	of appointment and to the exclusion of any other person—	1 2
	(a) has the function—	3
	<ul> <li>(i) for an administrator appointed under subsection (1)(a)—of conducting and managing the affairs of the company as the Organisation; or</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7
	<ul> <li>(ii) for an administrator appointed under subsection (1)(b)—of being the Organisation under this Act; and</li> </ul>	8 9 10
	(b) has the other functions stated in the administrator's notice of appointment; and	11 12
	(c) is taken to be the Organisation.	13
(3)	The function of the administrator under	14
	subsection (2)(a) may be limited by the	15
	administrator's notice of appointment.	16
102ZA I	Powers	17
	An administrator may do anything necessary or	18
	convenient to be done for, or in connection with,	19
	the administrator's functions.	20
	Providing assistance	21
(1)	11	22
	may, for performing the administrator's functions, by a notice given to an officer or	23 24
	employee or former officer or employee of the	25
	company, require the person to—	26
	(a) produce documents in the person's	27
	possession that the administrator reasonably	28
	requires to perform the functions; or	29
	(b) provide the other information or assistance	30
	the administrator reasonably requires to perform the functions.	31 32
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(2)	A person of whom a requirement has been made under subsection (1) must comply with it unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	1 2 3
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	4
(3)	It is a reasonable excuse for an individual not to comply with the requirement if doing so might tend to incriminate the individual.	5 6 7
(4)	In this section—	8
	the company means—	9
	<ul> <li>(a) if the administrator is appointed under section 102Z(1)(a)—the company whose appointment as the Organisation is suspended; or</li> </ul>	10 11 12 13
	(b) if the administrator is appointed under section 102Z(1)(b)—the company that was appointed as the Organisation most recently before the administrator was appointed.	14 15 16 17
102ZC F	Remuneration and costs	18
(1)	If a person appointed as administrator is not a public service employee, the person is entitled to be paid the remuneration decided by the chief executive.	19 20 21 22
(2)	The costs of and incidental to the performance of the functions of the administrator are payable by the company.	23 24 25
(3)	In this section—	26
	<i>the company</i> see section 102ZB(4).	27
Subdiv	vision 4 Minor amendment	28
102ZD N	Minor amendment	29

(1) The Minister may make a minor amendment of a 30

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	company's appointment as the Organisation by giving a notice about the amendment to the company.	1 2 3
(2)	This section applies despite subdivision 2.	4
(3)	In this section—	5
	<i>minor amendment</i> , of a company's appointment as the Organisation, means an amendment of the appointment—	6 7 8
	(a) to correct a minor or formal error in the appointment; or	9 10
	(b) to make another change that is not a change of substance and does not adversely affect the company.	11 12 13
Divisi	on 5 Accountability, planning and reporting	14 15
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Subdi	and reporting	15
Subdi	and reporting vision 1 Ministerial directions	15 16
Subdi 102ZE	and reporting vision 1 Ministerial directions Ministerial directions The Minister may give the Organisation a written direction about the performance of its functions or	15 16 17 18 19
<b>Subdi</b> <b>102ZE</b> (1)	and reporting vision 1 Ministerial directions Ministerial directions The Minister may give the Organisation a written direction about the performance of its functions or the exercise of its powers.	15 16 17 18 19 20
<b>Subdi</b> <b>102ZE</b> (1)	and reporting vision 1 Ministerial directions Ministerial directions The Minister may give the Organisation a written direction about the performance of its functions or the exercise of its powers. The Organisation must comply with the direction.	15 16 17 18 19 20 21
<b>Subdi</b> <b>102ZE</b> (1)	and reporting vision 1 Ministerial directions Ministerial directions The Minister may give the Organisation a written direction about the performance of its functions or the exercise of its powers. The Organisation must comply with the direction. <i>Note—</i> Failure to comply with the direction is not an offence but may be a ground for suspending or cancelling a company's appointment as the Organisation. See section	

	(a) each direction given by the Minister under this section in the year; and	1 2
	(b) action taken by the Organisation in the year because of the direction.	3 4
Subdiv	vision 2 Outcomes, budget and planning	5 6
	egulation may prescribe outcomes to be ieved	7 8
(1)	A regulation may prescribe outcomes to be achieved by the Organisation, during a period stated in the regulation, relating to—	9 10 11
	(a) the Organisation's functions, including, for example, outcomes relating to—	12 13
	(i) the recovery and recycling of containers under the scheme; or	14 15
	<ul><li>(ii) the accessibility of container refund points to members of the public; or</li></ul>	16 17
	(b) administering the scheme in a way that provides opportunities for social enterprise, innovation and the development of technology.	18 19 20 21
(2)	The Organisation must use its best endeavours to achieve an outcome prescribed under subsection (1).	22 23 24
	Note for subsection (2)—	25
	Failure to use best endeavours to achieve an outcome is not an offence but may be a ground for suspending or cancelling a company's appointment as the Organisation. See section 102V.	26 27 28 29

	Annual budget, strategic plan and rational plan	1 2
(1)	Before 31 March each year, the Organisation must prepare, in the way prescribed by regulation, and give the Minister the following documents—	3 4 5
	<ul> <li>(a) a budget of estimated costs of the scheme for the next financial year, including the estimated costs of—</li> </ul>	6 7 8
	(i) the Organisation; and	9
	<ul><li>(ii) refund amounts to be paid for empty beverage containers under the scheme; and</li></ul>	10 11 12
	<ul><li>(iii) the operation of container refund points, including handling, sorting and transporting empty beverage containers for recycling;</li></ul>	13 14 15 16
	(b) a strategic plan;	17
	(c) an operational plan.	18
(2)	During a financial year, the Organisation may amend its budget, strategic plan or operational plan for that year.	19 20 21
(3)	The Organisation must give the amended budget, strategic plan or operational plan to the Minister within 10 business days after making the amendment.	22 23 24 25
102ZH A	Approval of strategic plan	26
(1)	The Organisation's strategic plan has no effect until it has been approved by the Minister.	27 28
(2)	The Minister must approve the strategic plan as soon as practicable after receiving the plan.	29 30
(3)	An amendment to a strategic plan has no effect until it has been approved by—	31 32
	(a) for a minor amendment—the Organisation; or	1 2
---------	--	----------------
	(b) otherwise—the Minister.	3
(4)	In this section—	4
	<i>minor amendment</i> , of a strategic plan, means an amendment of a minor nature that does not materially change the plan.	5 6 7
Subdiv	vision 3 Reporting	8
102ZI Q	uarterly reports	9
(1)	The Organisation must give the Minister a report about its operations for each quarter in a financial year.	10 11 12
(2)	The report for a quarter must be given to the Minister—	13 14
	(a) within 6 weeks after the end of the quarter; or	15 16
	(b) if another period after the end of the quarter is agreed between the Organisation and the Minister—within the agreed period.	17 18 19
(3)	The report must include the information—	20
	(a) stated in the Organisation's strategic plan; or	21
	(b) prescribed by regulation.	22
(4)	In this section—	23
	<i>quarter</i> , in a financial year, means the following periods in the year—	24 25
	(a) 1 July to 30 September;	26
	(b) 1 October to 31 December;	27
	(c) 1 January to 31 March;	28
	(d) 1 April to 30 June.	29

102ZJ A	Annual report	1			
(1)	The Organisation must give the Minister a report about its operations for each financial year.	2 3			
(2)	An annual report for a financial year must be given to the Minister by 30 September after the end of the financial year.	4 5 6			
(3)	An annual report for a financial year must include the following—	7 8			
	(a) annual financial statements for the year that have been audited by a third-party auditor;	9 10			
	(b) details of the Organisation's achievements during the year of—	11 12			
	(i) the objectives in its strategic and operational plans; or	13 14			
	(ii) an outcome prescribed under section 102ZF;	15 16			
	(c) the information—	17			
	(i) stated in the Organisation's strategic plan; or	18 19			
	(ii) prescribed by regulation.	20			
(4)	In this section—	21			
	third-party auditor means a person who—	22			
	(a) is appropriately qualified to audit the Organisation's annual financial statements; and	23 24 25			
	(b) is not an executive officer or business associate of the Organisation.	26 27			
102ZK (	Drganisation must inform Minister	28			
	The Organisation must immediately inform the Minister about any matter that the Organisation	29 30			
	considers may—				

	(a)	prevent, or significantly affect, i achievement of—	ts 1 2
		(i) the objectives in its strategic an operational plans; or	nd 3 4
		(ii) an outcome prescribed under section 102ZF; or	on 5 6
	(b)	significantly impact on—	7
		(i) its performance of its functions; or	8
		(ii) its financial position or viability; or	9
		(iii) public confidence in the integrity of th scheme.	ne 10 11
102ZL F	Repo	rting to chief executive	12
(1)	purp	Minister may act under this section for the pose of monitoring, assessing or reporting or Organisation's performance of its functions.	on 14
(2)	repo givi	Minister may require the Organisation to ort to the chief executive by, for exampl- ing stated information at stated times to the effect executive.	e, 17
(3)	The requ	Organisation must comply with thuirement.	ne 20 21
	Note	<u></u>	22
	bi co	ailure to comply with the requirement is not an offen ut may be a ground for suspending or cancelling ompany's appointment as the Organisation. See section 02V.	a 24
Subdiv	visio	on 4 General	27
	Requ	uirement to implement plans in tion	28 29
(1)	The	Organisation must implement its plans for th	ne 30

 The Organisation must implement its plans for the following matters as stated in its application for 31

	appointment as the Organisation—	1
	(a) establishing and administering the scheme generally;	2 3
	(b) entering into container recovery agreements with manufacturers of beverage products;	4 5
	(c) establishing a network of container refund points;	6 7
	(d) entering into container collection agreements with the operators of container refund points;	8 9 10
	(e) achieving any outcomes stated in the Minister's invitation under section 102D;	11 12
	(f) setting the amounts payable under the scheme mentioned in section 99J(2)(d).	13 14
(2)	The Organisation must establish and operate a container refund point in a community if—	15 16
	<ul><li>(a) persons in the community do not have reasonable access to a container refund point; and</li></ul>	17 18 19
	(b) the Organisation has not identified another person with whom to enter into a container collection agreement to operate a container refund point in the community.	20 21 22 23
(3)	This section applies subject to a condition of the Organisation's appointment.	24 25
	Note—	26
	Failure to comply with this section is not an offence but may be a ground for suspending or cancelling a company's appointment as the Organisation. See section 102V.	27 28 29 30
0271	Status as eligible company	21
	The Organisation must, in each year, give the	31
(1)	The Organisation must, in each year, give the	32

(1) The Organisation must, in each year, give the 32 chief executive— 33

	<ul><li>(a) a notice about whether the Organisation is, and has been during the previous year, an eligible company; and</li></ul>	1 2 3
	(b) a copy of the Organisation's constitution.	4
(2)	The notice and copy must be given within 10 business days after the day that is the anniversary of the company's appointment as the Organisation.	5 6 7 8
102ZO N	Notice of particular events	9
(1)	If any of the following events happens, the Organisation must give a notice about the event to the chief executive—	10 11 12
	<ul><li>(a) an event that makes the Organisation no longer an eligible company;</li></ul>	13 14
	<ul> <li>(b) an event that makes an executive officer or business associate of the Organisation no longer an eligible individual;</li> </ul>	15 16 17
	(c) the appointment or employment of an executive officer of the Organisation ends;	18 19
	(d) a person is appointed or employed as an executive officer of the Organisation;	20 21
	(e) a shareholder or member of the Organisation stops being a shareholder or member of the Organisation;	22 23 24
	(f) a person becomes a shareholder or member of the Organisation.	25 26
(2)	The notice must be given within 10 business days after the event happens.	27 28
(3)	A notice about an event mentioned in subsection (1)(a) must include the Organisation's plan and timetable for making the Organisation an eligible company.	29 30 31 32
(4)	A notice about an event mentioned in subsection	33

	(1)(d) or (f) must be accompanied by the signed consent of the person who is the subject of the notice to—	1 2 3
	(a) the collection of personal or background information about the person by the chief executive; and	4 5 6
	(b) a criminal history check.	7
Divisio	on 6 Miscellaneous	8
102ZP [	Delegation	9
(1)	The Organisation may delegate its functions and powers under this Act to a director or appropriately qualified employee of the Organisation.	10 11 12 13
(2)	The chief executive officer of the Organisation (however described) may, with the Organisation's approval, subdelegate a function delegated to the chief executive officer under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified employee of the Organisation.	14 15 16 17 18 19
	Obtaining the criminal history of an ividual	20 21
(1)	This section applies in relation to an individual who—	22 23
	<ul><li>(a) is an executive officer or business associate of the Organisation or an applicant under division 2; and</li></ul>	24 25 26
	(b) has given written consent to the chief executive obtaining the individual's criminal history.	27 28 29
(2)	The chief executive may ask the commissioner of the police service for a written report about the	30 31

[s 6]

12

18

individual's criminal history, including a brief	1
description of the circumstances of any conviction	2
mentioned in the individual's criminal history.	3

- (3) After receiving the request, the police 4 commissioner must give the report about the 5 individual's criminal history to the chief 6 executive.
- (4) However, the duty imposed on the police 8 commissioner applies only to information in the 9 commissioner's possession or to which the 10 commissioner has access.

## **102ZR Corporations Act displacement**

A provision of this part, to the extent the provision13is incapable of concurrent operation with a14provision of the Corporations Act, is declared to15be a Corporations legislation displacement16provision for section 5G of that Act.17

Note—

Section 5G of the Corporations Act provides that if a19State law declares a provision of a law of a State to be a20Corporations legislation displacement provision, any<br/>provision of the Corporations legislation with which the21State provision would otherwise be inconsistent does<br/>not apply to the extent necessary to avoid the<br/>inconsistency.23

Clause 6	Amendment o	f s 155 (Purpose of chapter)	26
	Section 155	5(2)—	27
	omit, insert	·	28
	(2)	Waste stops being a waste and becomes a <i>resource</i> when, in accordance with an end of waste code or end of waste approval, it stops being waste and becomes a resource.	29 30 31 32
	(3)	A person is a <i>resource user</i> while the person uses a resource in a way, or for a purpose, that	33 34

				plies with an end of waste code or end of te approval.	1 2
		(4)	a pi	person stops using a resource in a way, or for prose, that complies with an end of waste or end of waste approval—	3 4 5
			(a)	the person stops being a resource user; and	6
			(b)	the resource stops being a resource and becomes waste.	7 8
Clause	7	Amendment o	f s 1	56 (Definitions for ch 8)	9
		Section 156	<u>)</u> —		10
		insert—			11
			reso	urce user see section 155(3).	12
Clause	8	Amendment o waste code if		57 (Effect of operating under end of gistered)	13 14
		Section 157	'(1)(a	)—	15
		omit, insert	<u> </u>		16
			(a)	a person, under an end of waste code, produces a resource and uses, sells or gives away the resource; and	17 18 19
Clause	9	Replacement	of ss	158 and 159	20
		Sections 15	8 and	159—	21
		omit, insert			22
		158 Cor	nplia	ince with end of waste code	23
		(1)	wast follo	egistered resource producer for an end of te code for a resource must not do any of the owing unless the producer complies with the irrements of the code—	24 25 26 27
			(a)	produce the resource;	28
			(b)	use, sell or give away the resource.	29

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[s 10]

	Maximum penalty—1,665 penalty units.	1
(2)	A person, other than a registered resource	2
	producer, must not use a resource in a way, or for	3
	a purpose, that does not comply with an end of waste code for the resource.	4 5
	Maximum penalty—1,665 penalty units.	6
	ef executive may make end of waste codes I grant end of waste approvals	7 8
(1)	The chief executive may make a code (an <i>end of waste code</i> ) that states—	9 10
	(a) for registered resource producers—when a particular waste stops being a waste and becomes a resource; or	11 12 13
	(b) for resource users—conditions about using a resource, including, for example, conditions about how, and the purposes for which, a resource may be used.	14 15 16 17
(2)	The chief executive may grant an approval (an <i>end of waste approval</i> ) to a person that states—	18 19
	(a) when a particular waste stops being a waste and becomes a resource; or	20 21
	(b) conditions about using a resource, including, for example, conditions about how, and the purposes for which, a resource may be used.	22 23 24 25
10 Insertion of ne	ew ss 159A and 159B	26
Chapter 8,	part 2, division 1—	27
insert—		28
	hief executive's decision to make end of ste code	29 30
	The chief executive may decide to make a draft end of waste code for a particular waste—	31 32

Clause

	(a)	on tl	ne chief ex	ecutive's own	initiativ	ve; or	1
	(b)	after 160.	U	submissions	under	section	2 3
159B So	ched	ule c	of propose	ed end of wa	aste co	des	4
(1)	sche	edule	of draft e	we must keep nd of waste ed to prepare.			5 6 7
(2)	exec cons deci	cutive sideri ding	e must u ng submis whether o		e a draf	e after 161 and	8 9 10 11 12
(3)	The	sche	dule must s	state—			13
	(a)		•	for each propo luded in the so			14 15
		(i)	the particute the draft c	ular waste to b code;	be the su	bject of	16 17
		(ii)	the propo the draft c	sed use of a code;	resourc	e under	18 19
		(iii)		process for n start and end;	naking t	he draft	20 21
		(iv)	be established and, if s	technical adv shed to prepar o, when the to give the dr putive;	e the dr panel	aft code will be	22 23 24 25 26
		(v)	interest in	son may regis n being cons is being prep	ulted w	hen the	27 28 29
	(b)	othe	r informati	on prescribed	by regu	lation.	30
(4)	The	chief	executive	must publish	the sche	edule—	31
	(a)	on tl	ne departm	ent's website;	and		32

		Waste Reduction and Recycling Amendment Bill 2017						
		[s 11]						
		(b) in any other way the chief executive considers appropriate.	1 2					
Clause	11	Amendment of s 160 (Public notice inviting submissions about potential end of waste codes)	3 4					
		Section 160, 'or resource'—	5					
		omit.	6					
Clause	12	Amendment of s 161 (Consideration of submissions)	7					
		Section 161, 'or resource'—	8					
		omit.	9					
Clause	13	Amendment of s 162 (Preparation of end of waste code by technical advisory panel)	10 11					
		(1) Section 162, heading, 'by technical advisory panel'—	12					
		omit.	13					
		(2) Section 162(2)—	14					
		omit, insert—	15					
		(2) The chief executive may establish a technical advisory panel under section 173G to prepare the draft code.	16 17 18					
		(3) Section 162(3)(b), 'within 6 months after being established'—	19 20					
		omit, insert—	21					
		by the day stated in the schedule	22					
		(4) Section 162(4), 'decide'—	23					
		omit, insert—	24					
		recommend to the chief executive	25					
		(5) Section 162(5)—	26					
		omit, insert—	27					

[s 14]

		(5)	The technical advisory panel's recommendation under subsection (4) must be given to the chief executive in writing and include the panel's reasons for the recommendation.	1 2 3 4
		(6)	If the chief executive does not establish a technical advisory panel to prepare the draft code, the chief executive must prepare the draft code by the day stated in the schedule.	5 6 7 8
		(7)	In this section—	9
			<i>schedule</i> means the schedule published under section 159B.	10 11
Clause	14	Amendment o code)	f s 165 (Publication of draft end of waste	12 13
		Section 165	j(1)(b)—	14
		insert—		15
			(iv) another matter prescribed by regulation.	16
Clause	15	Replacement of waste code	of s 168 (Application for amendment of end )	17 18
		Section 168	3—	19
		omit, insert	·	20
		168 Арј сос	plication for amendment of end of waste le	21 22
			A person may apply to the chief executive to amend an end of waste code.	23 24
			Note—	25
			See chapter 8A, part 2 for general provisions that apply to the application.	26 27
Clause	16	Omission of s	s 169 and 170	28
		Sections 16	9 and 170—	29
		omit.		30

[s 17]

Clause	17	Amendment of s 172 (Procedure for amending, cance or suspending end of waste code)	lling 1 2
		(1) Section 172(6)—	3
		omit, insert—	4
		<ul><li>(6) Within 10 business days after making a dec the chief executive must give each regis resource producer for the end of waste code</li></ul>	stered 6
		(a) if the decision is to take the prop action—an information notice for decision; or	posed 8 the 9 10
		(b) if the decision is not to take the propaction—a notice stating the decision.	posed 11 12
		(2) Section 172(7), 'The decision'—	13
		omit, insert—	14
		A decision to take the proposed action	15
Clause	18	Replacement of s 173 (Publication of amended end o waste code)	of 16 17
		Section 173—	18
		omit, insert—	19
		173 Publication and notification of amended er waste code	nd of 20 21
		(1) This section applies if the chief executive an an end of waste code under section 172.	nends 22 23
		(2) The chief executive must—	24
		(a) publish a copy of the amended end of code—	waste 25 26
		(i) on the department's website; and	27
		(ii) in any other way the chief exec considers appropriate; and	cutive 28 29
		(b) notify the amendment of the end of code by gazette notice.	waste 30 31

[s	1	9]
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		(3)	The gazette notice must state—	1
			(a) the name of the end of waste code; and	2
			(b) the date the end of waste code was amended; and	3 4
			(c) where a copy of the amended end of waste code may be inspected.	5 6
		(4)	The amended end of waste code takes effect on the later of the following—	7 8
			(a) the day the gazette notice is published;	9
			(b) the day stated in the gazette notice;	10
			(c) the day stated in the amended end of waste code.	11 12
Clause	19	Amendment or resource proc	of s 173B (Registration of end of waste lucers)	13 14
		Section 17.	3B—	15
		insert—		16
		(3)	A person stops being a registered resource producer for an end of waste code by giving the chief executive a notice in the approved form.	17 18 19
Clause	20	Amendment of suspending re	of s 173D (Procedure for cancelling or egistration)	20 21
		(1) Section 17.	3D(4)—	22
		omit, insert	ţ	23
		(4)	Within 5 business days after deciding whether or not to take the proposed action, the chief executive must give the registered resource producer—	24 25 26 27
			<ul> <li>(a) if the decision is to take the proposed action—an information notice for the decision; or</li> </ul>	28 29 30

		[s 21]
		(b) if the decision is not to take the proposed action—a notice stating the decision.
		(2) Section 173D(5), 'The decision'—
		omit, insert—
		A decision to take the proposed action
Clause	21	Amendment of s 173E (Particular circumstances when end of waste approval lapses)
		Section 173E(1), 'or resource'—
		omit.
Clause	22	Amendment of s 173F (Register of registered resource producers)
		Section 173F—
		insert—
		<ul> <li>(3) The chief executive may publish information</li> <li>from the register in a way the chief executive</li> <li>considers appropriate.</li> </ul>
		(4) However, the chief executive must not publish confidential information included in the register.
		(5) In this section—
		confidential information—
		(a) means information that—
		(i) could identify an individual; or
		(ii) is about a person's current financial position or financial background; or
		(iii) would be likely to damage the commercial activities of a person to whom the information relates; but
		(b) does not include—

[s 23]

Clause

	(i)	information that is publicly available; or	1 2
	(ii)	statistical or other information that could not reasonably be expected to identify an individual to whom it relates.	3 4 5 6
23 Replacement	of ch 8, p	ot 3 (End of waste approvals)	7
Chapter 8, 1	part 3—		8
omit, insert	·		9
Part 3	•	End of waste approvals	10
173I Ap	plication		11
(1)	A person end of w of waste	a may apply to the chief executive for an aste approval to conduct a trial for 1 kind to demonstrate whether or not the waste to be used as a resource.	12 13 14 15
	Note—		16
		pter 8A for general provisions that apply to the tion and to an end of waste approval.	17 18
(2)	report ab	ication must be accompanied by a written out the application, in the approved form, by a suitably qualified person.	19 20 21
(3)		lation may prescribe matters about g a written report.	22 23
(4)	In this se	ection—	24
	•	<i>qualified person</i> , in relation to a written neans a person who—	25 26
	(a) has app	the qualifications and experience ropriate for preparing the report; and	27 28
	(b) mee regu	ets any other criteria prescribed by alation.	29 30

[s 23]

(1)	articular matters for making decision	1 2	
(1)	In deciding whether to grant the end of waste approval, the chief executive must consider		
	whether—	3 4	
	<ul> <li>(a) the proposed management of the particular waste or the use of a particular resource is likely to cause any serious environmental</li> </ul>	5 6 7	
	harm, material environmental harm or environmental nuisance; and	8 9	
	(b) it is reasonably practicable for an end of waste code to be made for the particular waste the subject of the application.	10 11 12	
	Note—	13	
	See section 173V for the general criteria that apply for deciding the application.	14 15	
(2)	The period for deciding the application is 40 business days and the period may be extended for 20 business days.	16 17 18	
(3)	If the chief executive decides to grant the end of waste approval, the notice given to the applicant under section 173W must state the particular waste to which the approval relates.	19 20 21 22	
73K C	onditions of end of waste approval	23	
(1)	A condition imposed on an end of waste approval under section 173X may impose an obligation on—	24 25 26	
	(a) the holder of the approval; or	27	
	(b) a resource user of a resource under the approval.	28 29	
(2)			
(2)	approval. The holder of, or a resource user or other person acting under, an end of waste approval must	29 30 31	

	Note for subsection (2)— If a corporation commits an offence against this provision, an executive officer of the corporation may be taken, under section 268, to have also committed the offence.	1 2 3 4 5
173L Ex	tending end of waste approval	6
(1)	The holder of an end of waste approval may apply to the chief executive, on 1 occasion, to extend the approval.	7 8 9
	<i>Note—</i> See chapter 8A, part 2 for general provisions that apply to the application.	10 11 12
(2)	The application must be made at least 2 months before the end of waste approval expires.	13 14
(3)	In deciding the application, the chief executive must consider—	15 16
	(a) the matters mentioned in section 173J(1); and	17 18
	(b) whether the waste and resource to which the approval relates would be more appropriately managed as a waste management ERA.	19 20 21 22
	Note—	23
	See section 173V for the general criteria that apply for deciding the application.	24 25
173M A	pplying to amend end of waste approval	26
(1)	The holder of an end of waste approval may apply to the chief executive to amend the approval (an <i>amendment application</i> ).	27 28 29
	Note—	30
	See chapter 8A, part 2 for general provisions that apply to the application.	31 32
(2)	The application must be accompanied by a written	33

	-	ort about the application, in the approved form, pared by a suitably qualified person.	1 2
(3)		regulation may prescribe matters about paring a written report.	3 4
(4)	The	period for deciding the application is—	5
	(a)	if the application is for a minor amendment of the approval—10 business days; or	6 7
	(b)	otherwise—40 business days.	8
(5)	In t	his section—	9
		<i>ironmental harm</i> see the Environmental tection Act, section 14.	10 11
		<i>for amendment</i> , of an approval, means an endment of the approval—	12 13
	(a)	to correct a minor or formal error in the approval; or	14 15
	(b)	to make a change that is not a change of substance and does not—	16 17
		<ul> <li>(i) relate to the characteristics of the resource, including, for example, the physical, chemical or biological properties of the resource; or</li> </ul>	18 19 20 21
		(ii) relate to the use of the resource; or	22
		(iii) significantly increase any environmental harm caused by the use of the resource; or	23 24 25
		(iv) adversely affect the interests of the holder of the approval or another person; or	26 27 28
	(c)	of a type prescribed by regulation.	29
		<i>ably qualified person</i> , in relation to a written ort, means a person who—	30 31
	(a)	has the qualifications and experience appropriate for preparing the report; and	32 33

	(b) meets any other criteria prescribed by regulation.	1 2
173N De	eciding amendment application	3
(1)	This section applies if the chief executive is deciding whether or not to amend an end of waste approval—	4 5 6
	(a) on an application made under section 173M; or	7 8
	(b) after giving the holder of the approval a show cause notice about a proposed amendment to the approval under section 173ZB.	9 10 11 12
(2)	In deciding the application, the chief executive must consider—	13 14
	(a) the effect of the amendment on the management of the particular waste or the use of a particular resource; and	15 16 17
	(b) whether the effect of the amendment on the management of a particular waste or the use of a particular resource may, or is likely to, cause any serious environmental harm, material environmental harm or environmental nuisance; and	18 19 20 21 22 23
	(c) any relevant advice, information or comment provided by a technical advisory panel.	24 25 26
1730 Ap	oplying to transfer end of waste approval	27
(1)	The holder of an end of waste approval may apply to the chief executive to transfer the approval to another person. <i>Note—</i>	28 29 30 31
	See chapter 8A, part 2 for general provisions that apply to the application.	31 32 33

[s 23]

(2)	The application must be accompanied by the signed consent of the proposed transferee.	1 2
(3)	The period for deciding the application is 10 business days.	3 4
(4)	If the chief executive decides to grant the application, the chief executive must, in addition to the notice under section 173W, give a notice about the decision to the proposed transferee within 5 business days after making the decision.	5 6 7 8 9
	rounds for suspending or cancelling end of ste approval	10 11
(1)	Each of the following is a ground for suspending or cancelling an end of waste approval—	12 13
	<ul><li>(a) there is no longer a use, or likely to be a future use, for a particular resource under the approval;</li></ul>	14 15 16
	(b) the management of a particular waste or the use of a particular resource under the approval has caused, or is likely to cause, serious environmental harm, material environmental harm or environmental nuisance that is unlawful under the Environmental Protection Act, section 493A;	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
	(c) the use of the particular waste or a resource the subject of the approval is otherwise unlawful.	25 26 27
(2)	Also, it is a ground for cancelling an end of waste approval that—	28 29
	(a) an end of waste code for a particular resource to which the end of waste approval relates is in effect; and	30 31 32
	(b) the chief executive reasonably believes the holder of the end of waste approval may operate under the end of waste code.	33 34 35

[s 24]

		nief executive may seek advice, comment nformation	1 2
		The chief executive may ask any entity for advice, comment or information about the operation of this part at any time.	3 4 5
Clause 24	Insertion of ne	w ch 8A	6
	After chapte	er 8—	7
	insert—		8
	Chap	ter 8A General provisions	9
	-	for approvals	10
	Part 1	Preliminary	11
	173R Ap	oplication of chapter	12
	(1)	This chapter applies to the following approvals (each an <i>approval</i> ) under this Act—	13 14
		<ul><li>(a) a container approval under chapter 4, part 3B, division 5;</li></ul>	15 16
		(b) an extraordinary circumstances exemption;	17
		(c) an end of waste approval under chapter 8, part 3.	18 19
	(2)	In particular, part 2 applies to making and deciding applications for an approval to be granted, amended, extended or transferred.	20 21 22
	(3)	This chapter does not limit or otherwise affect a requirement under another provision of this Act about a particular approval or making or deciding a particular application.	23 24 25 26

## Part 2 Applications

27

173S Aj	oplication	1
	An application must be—	2
	(a) in the approved form; and	3
	<ul> <li>(b) accompanied by any other information or documents prescribed by regulation for the application; and</li> </ul>	4 5 6
	(c) accompanied by the fee prescribed by regulation.	7 8
	nief executive may require additional prmation or documents	9 10
(1)	The chief executive may, by notice, require the applicant to give the chief executive further information or documents the chief executive reasonably requires to decide the application.	11 12 13 14
(2)	The notice must—	15
	<ul> <li>(a) be given to the applicant within 20 business days after the chief executive receives the application; and</li> </ul>	16 17 18
	(b) state a reasonable period within which the applicant must comply with the notice.	19 20
(3)	The chief executive and the applicant may, before the stated period ends, agree to extend the period.	21 22
(4)	The application is taken to have lapsed if the applicant does not comply with the notice.	23 24
173U D	eciding application	25
(1)	The chief executive must decide to grant or refuse to grant the application within the required decision-making period for the application.	26 27 28
(2)	However, the chief executive may extend, on 1 occasion, the required decision-making period for deciding the application by giving the applicant a notice about the extension before the end of the	29 30 31 32

		1		
	peri			1
(3)	The	exter	nsion must not be more than—	2
	(a)	peri deci	nother provision of this Act states a od by which the required sion-making period may be nded—the stated period; or	3 4 5 6
	(b)	othe	rwise—10 business days.	7
(4)	take		to make a decision under this section is be a decision to refuse to grant the on.	8 9 10
(5)	In th	nis se	ction—	11
	-		<i>decision-making period</i> , for an on, means the period—	12 13
	(a)	that days	starts on the later of the following	14 15
		(i)	the day the chief executive receives the application;	16 17
		(ii)	if further information or documents are requested under section 173T—the day the chief executive receives the information or documents; and	18 19 20 21
	(b)		ends after either of the following ods—	22 23
		(i)	if another provision of this Act states a period for deciding the application—the stated period;	24 25 26
		(ii)	otherwise—20 business days.	27
173V Ge	enera	al cri	teria for deciding application	28
(1)			ng the application, the chief executive	29
			sider the following—	30
	(a)	the	objects of this Act and how they are to	31

[s 24]

	(b) the waste and resource management hierarchy;	1 2
	(c) a matter for the decision stated in another provision of this Act;	3 4
	(d) another matter prescribed by regulation for the decision.	5 6
(2)	This section does not limit the matters the chief executive may consider in making the decision.	7 8
173W G	ranting application	9
(1)	If the chief executive decides to grant the application, the chief executive must give the applicant a notice about the decision within 5 business days after making the decision.	10 11 12 13
(2)	If the decision is to grant an approval, the notice must state the following—	14 15
	(a) that the approval has been granted;	16
	(b) the person to whom the approval is granted;	17
	(c) if the approval is granted for a term—when the approval ends;	18 19
	(d) a matter stated in another provision of this Act for the notice;	20 21
	(e) any conditions imposed on the approval;	22
	(f) if conditions are imposed on the approval—the reasons for the conditions.	23 24
(3)	If the decision is to amend an approval, the notice must state the following—	25 26
	(a) how the approval is amended;	27
	(b) any new conditions imposed on the approval;	28 29
	(c) any existing conditions amended for the approval;	30 31
	(d) when the amendment takes effect.	32

(4)	If the chief executive imposes or amends any conditions on the approval, the notice must also be an information notice for the decision to impose the conditions.	1 2 3 4
173X Co	onditions of approval	5
	If the chief executive decides to grant or amend an approval, the chief executive may impose the conditions on the approval the chief executive considers necessary or desirable.	6 7 8 9
	·	-
173Y Re	efusal of application	10
	If the chief executive decides to refuse to grant the	11
	application, the chief executive must, within 10	12
	business days of making the decision, give the applicant an information notice for the decision.	13 14
Part 3	Amendment,	15
Part 3		15 16
Part 3	Amendment, suspension or cancellation	-
	suspension or	16
	suspension or cancellation	16 17
173Z Ar	suspension or cancellation mendment of approval The chief executive may, on the chief executive's	16 17 18 19
173Z Ar	suspension or cancellation mendment of approval The chief executive may, on the chief executive's own initiative, amend an approval.	16 17 18 19 20

	(b)	the approval was granted because of a materially false or misleading representation or declaration; or	1 2 3
	(c)	the approval was granted on the basis of particular matters or information that have changed and the change is likely to cause serious environmental harm, material environmental harm or environmental nuisance; or	4 5 6 7 8 9
	(d)	a condition imposed on the approval has not been complied with; or	10 11
	(e)	a request for information about the approval under section 173ZF has not been complied with; or	12 13 14
	(f)	it is necessary or desirable to do so having regard to the objects of the Act.	15 16
173ZB \$	Show	<i>r</i> cause notice	17
(1)	This prop	s section applies if the chief executive poses to—	18 19
	(a)	amend an approval (the <i>proposed action</i> ); or	20
	(b)	suspend or cancel an approval (also the <i>proposed action</i> ).	21 22
(2)	cau	chief executive must give a notice (a <i>show se notice</i> ) about the proposed action to the ler of the approval.	23 24 25
(3)	The	show cause notice must state the following—	26
	(a)	the proposed action;	27
	(b)	if the proposed action is an amendment—the proposed amendment;	28 29
	(c)	if the proposed action is suspension—the proposed period of the suspension;	30 31
	(d)	the grounds for the proposed action;	32

	(e) the facts and circumstances that form the basis for the grounds;	1 2
	(f) that the holder may, within a stated period (the <i>show cause period</i> ), make a written submission to the chief executive about why the proposed action should not be taken.	3 4 5 6
(4)	The show cause period must end at least 28 days after the holder of the approval is given the show cause notice.	7 8 9
	Decision about proposed amendment, spension or cancellation	10 11
(1)	Within 20 business days after the end of the period for making submissions stated in the show cause notice, the chief executive must decide whether or not to take the proposed action.	12 13 14 15
(2)	The chief executive may decide—	16
	(a) if the proposed action was to make a stated amendment—to make the stated amendment; or	17 18 19
	(b) if the proposed action was to suspend the appointment for a stated period—to suspend the appointment for no longer than the stated period; or	20 21 22 23
	(c) if the proposed action was to cancel the appointment—to suspend the appointment for a period or cancel the appointment.	24 25 26
(3)	However, the chief executive may extend, on 1 occasion and by no more than 20 business days, the period for making a decision by giving a notice about the extension to the applicant before the end of the period.	27 28 29 30 31
(4)	In deciding whether or not to take the proposed action, the chief executive must consider the following—	32 33 34

[s 24]

	(a) all submissions made by the holder of the approval during the show cause period;	1 2
	(b) if the proposed action is an amendment—the effect of the proposed amendment;	3 4 5
	(c) the objects of this Act and how they are to be achieved, as stated in chapter 1, part 2;	6 7
	(d) the waste and resource management hierarchy;	8 9
	(e) another matter prescribed by regulation.	10
(5)	If the chief executive decides to take the proposed action, the chief executive must, within 10 business days after making the decision, give the holder of the approval an information notice for the decision.	11 12 13 14 15
(6)	The decision to take the proposed action takes effect on the later of the following days—	16 17
	(a) the day the information notice is given to the holder of the approval;	18 19
	(b) a day stated in the information notice.	20
(7)	If the chief executive decides not to take the proposed action, the chief executive must give the holder of the approval a notice about the decision within 5 business days after making the decision.	21 22 23 24
173ZD I	Minor amendment of approval	25
(1)	The chief executive may make a minor amendment of an approval by giving a notice about the amendment to the holder of the approval.	26 27 28 29
(2)	This section applies despite sections 173ZB and 173ZC.	30 31
(3)	In this section—	32
	minor amendment, of an approval, means an	33

	ame	endment of the approval—	1
<ul> <li>(a) to correct a minor or formal error in the approval; or</li> <li>(b) to make a change that is not a change of substance and does not adversely affect the interests of the holder of the approval or another person.</li> <li><b>Part 4</b> Miscellaneous</li> <li><b>173ZE Surrender of approval</b> The holder of an approval may surrender the approval by giving the chief executive a notice about the surrender. </li> <li><b>173ZF Request for information about approval</b> (1) The chief executive may, by notice, require any of the following persons to give the chief executive information about an approval. (a) the holder of the approval; (b) if the approval was transferred to another person in the 5 years before the notice was given—a previous holder of the approval; (c) if the approval was cancelled, surrendered or otherwise ended in the 5 years before the notice was given—a person who was the holder of the approval. (2) The notice must state—</li></ul>	2 3		
	(b)	substance and does not adversely affect the interests of the holder of the approval or	4 5 6 7
Part 4	I	Miscellaneous	8
173ZE S	Gurre	ender of approval	9
	app	roval by giving the chief executive a notice	10 11 12
173 <b>Z</b> F R	lequ	est for information about approval	13
(1)	the	following persons to give the chief executive	14 15 16
	(a)	the holder of the approval;	17
	(b)	person in the 5 years before the notice was	18 19 20
	(c)	or otherwise ended in the 5 years before the notice was given—a person who was the	21 22 23 24
(2)	The	notice must state—	25
	(a)	the information required; and	26
	(b)	why the information is required; and	27
	(c)	the day by which the information is to be given to the chief executive.	28 29

[s 25]	
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Clause	25	Amendment of s 175 (Who may apply for internal review)	1
		Section 175, 'to the chief executive'—	2
		omit.	3
Clause	26	Amendment of s 176 (Requirements for making application)	4 5
		(1) Section $176(1)(a)$ to (c)—	6
		renumber as section 176(1)(b) to (d).	7
		(2) Section $176(1)$ —	8
		insert—	9
		(a) made to—	10
		<ul><li>(i) for a decision made by the Organisation under chapter 4, part 3B—the Organisation; or</li></ul>	11 12 13
		(ii) otherwise—the chief executive; and	14
		(3) Section 176(1)(c), as renumbered, 'the chief executive to decide the application'—	15 16
		omit, insert—	17
		the application to be decided	18
		(4) Section 176(2), after 'chief executive'—	19
		insert—	20
		or Organisation	21
Clause	27	Amendment of s 177 (Decision not stayed)	22
		Section 177(7), after 'chief executive'—	23
		insert—	24
		, Organisation	25
Clause	28	Amendment of s 178 (Internal review)	26
		(1) Section 178(1), after 'chief executive'—	27
		Page 101	

[s 29]

			insert—		1
			or C	Organisation	2
		(2)	Section 178(3)(b	)—	3
			omit, insert—		4
			(b)	does not apply to an original decision made—	5 6
				(i) personally by the chief executive; or	7
				(ii) by the board of directors of the Organisation.	8 9
Clause	29	Am	endment of s 1	79 (Notice of internal review decision)	10
			Section 179, afte	er 'chief executive'—	11
			insert—		12
			or C	Organisation	13
Clause	30	Am	endment of s 2	45 (Definitions for ch 11)	14
		(1)	Section 245, hea	· · · ·	15
			omit, insert—		16
			cha	pter	17
		(2)	Section 245, de after '52(2),'—	finition <i>prescribed provision</i> , paragraph (a),	18 19
			insert—		20
			99Q	0(3), 99ZB(3), 99ZH(3), 99ZM(1),	21
		(3)	Section 245, de '158, 173P'—	finition prescribed provision, paragraph (a),	22 23
			omit, insert—		24
			158	(1) or (2), 173K(2)	25
		(4)	Section 245, def	inition <i>prescribed provision</i> , paragraph (b)—	26
			renumber as para	agraph (c).	27

	<ul> <li>(5) Section 245, definition <i>prescribed provision—</i> <i>insert—</i></li> <li>(b) a provision of chapter 4, part 5, division 5; or</li> </ul>	1 2 3 4
31	Amendment of s 268 (Executive officer may be taken to have committed offence)	5 6
	(1) Section 268(4), definition <i>deemed executive liability provision</i> , 'either'—	7 8
	omit, insert—	9
	any	10
	(2) Section 268(4), definition <i>deemed executive liability provision</i> , second and third dot points—	11 12
	omit, insert—	13
	• section 158(1) or (2)	14
	• section 173K(2).	15
32	Amendment of ch 16, hdg (Transitional provisions for Environmental Protection and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2014) Chapter 16, heading— omit. insert—	16 17 18 19 20
	provisions	21 22
33	Insertion of new ch 16, pt 1, hdg	23
	Chapter 16—	24
	insert—	25
	32	<ul> <li>insert— <ul> <li>(b) a provision of chapter 4, part 5, division 5; or</li> </ul> </li> <li>31 Amendment of s 268 (Executive officer may be taken to have committed offence) <ul> <li>(1) Section 268(4), definition deemed executive liability provision, 'either'— omit, insert— <ul> <li>any</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) Section 268(4), definition deemed executive liability provision, second and third dot points— omit, insert— <ul> <li>section 158(1) or (2)</li> <li>section 173K(2).</li> </ul> </li> <li>32 Amendment of ch 16, hdg (Transitional provisions for Environmental Protection and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2014) <ul> <li>Chapter 16, heading— omit, insert—</li> <li>Chapter 16 Other transitional provisions</li> </ul> </li> <li>33 Insertion of new ch 16, pt 1, hdg <ul> <li>Chapter 16—</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>

[s 34]

	Part 1	Transitional provisions for Environmental Protection and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2014	1 2 3 4 5
Clause 34	Insertion of ne	ew ch 16, pt 2	6
	After sectio	on 306—	7
	insert—		8
	Part 2	Transitional provisions	9
		for Waste Reduction	10
		and Recycling	11
		Amendment Act 2017	12
		This section applies if, during the phase out period, a person asks a retailer for an alternative shopping bag to use to carry goods that the retailer sells from the retailer's premises.	13 14 15 16 17 18
	(2)	The retailer must offer to give or sell the person an alternative shopping bag.	19 20
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	21
	(3)	In this section—	22
		<i>phase out period</i> means the period that starts on the commencement and ends on 30 June 2018.	23 24
		nsition period for displaying refund rking on beverage containers	25 26
	(1)	The manufacturer of a beverage product does not commit an offence against section 99P(2) if, before the manufacture transition day, the	27 28 29

		cont	nufacturer sells a beverage product in a tainer that does not display the refund king.	1 2 3
	(2)	a pr coll the	b, a person does not commit an offence against rovision of chapter 4, part 3B if, before the ection transition day, the person does any of following things in relation to a container that s not display the refund marking—	4 5 6 7 8
		(a)	claims a refund amount for the container at a container refund point, including a reverse vending machine;	9 10 11
		(b)	accepts the container and pays a refund amount for the container;	12 13
		(c)	allows a reverse vending machine to accept the container and dispense a refund amount for the container;	14 15 16
		(d)	claims a recovery amount for the container from the Organisation;	17 18
		(e)	makes a declaration in an approved form about the container displaying a refund marking.	19 20 21
	(3)	In tl	nis section—	22
			<i>ection transition day</i> means the day that is 6 other the manufacture transition day.	23 24
		pres after requ sect	<i>aufacture transition day</i> means the day, acribed by regulation, that is at least 1 year r the day a regulation prescribing the irrements for the refund marking made under ion 99K, definition <i>refund marking</i> mences.	25 26 27 28 29 30
			nedule (Dictionary)	31
(1)			itions amendment application, show cause fer application—	32 33
	omit.			34

(1)

Clause 35

(2)	Schedule—				1
	insert—				2
		alte	rnati	ve shopping bag see section 99B(3).	3
		ame	endm	ent application—	4
		(a)	for or	chapter 4, part 5—see section 102P(1);	5 6
		(b)	for a	chapter 8, part 3—see section 173M(1).	7
			<i>lican</i> ion 1	t, for chapter 4, part 5, division 2, see 02E.	8 9
		app	roval	, for chapter 8A, see section 173R(1).	10
		ban	ned p	<i>lastic shopping bag</i> see section 99B(1).	11
		bev	erage	, for chapter 4, part 3B, see section 99L.	12
			-	<i>product</i> , for chapter 4, part 3B, see 9N(1).	13 14
		bus	iness	associate, of a corporation—	15
		(a)	mea	ns—	16
			(i)	a member or shareholder of the corporation; or	17 18
			(ii)	a person who otherwise holds a beneficial interest in the corporation; or	19 20
			(iii)	another person whom the chief executive believes is associated with the ownership or management of the corporation or is in a position to control or influence the affairs of the corporation; but	21 22 23 24 25 26
		(b)		onot include an executive officer of the poration.	27 28
		<i>con</i> 99N		r, for chapter 4, part 3B, see section	29 30
				<i>r approval</i> , for a beverage product, for , part 3B, see section 99ZN.	31 32

Waste Reduction and Recycling Amendment Bill 2017

[s 35]

<i>container collection agreement</i> see section 99ZA(1).	1 2	
container recovery agreement see section 99Q.	3	
container refund point see section 99K.		
<i>container refund scheme</i> means the container refund scheme established under chapter 4, part 3B.	5 6 7	
<i>corresponding jurisdiction</i> means a jurisdiction in which a corresponding law is in force.	8 9	
<i>corresponding law</i> means a law of another jurisdiction that—	10 11	
(a) establishes a corresponding scheme; and	12	
(b) is prescribed by regulation for this definition.	13 14	
<i>corresponding scheme</i> means a scheme established under a law of another jurisdiction that, for that jurisdiction—		
(a) regulates the supply of beverages in containers; and	18 19	
(b) provides for a refund to be paid for the return of empty beverage containers to a particular person or place.	20 21 22	
<i>criminal history</i> , of a person, means the person's criminal history within the meaning of the <i>Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986.</i>		
<i>eligible company</i> , for chapter 4, part 5, see section 102B.		
eligible individual means an individual who	29	
(a) is not insolvent under administration under the Corporations Act, section 9; and	30 31	
(b) is not disqualified from managing corporations, under the Corporations Act, part 2D.6; and	32 33 34	

(c) does not have a conviction, other than a spent conviction, for an offence against—	1 2
(i) this Act; or	3
(ii) a provision of a corresponding law; or	4
<ul><li>(iii) a provision of the Environmental Protection Act relating to a waste management ERA; and</li></ul>	5 6 7
(d) does not have a conviction, other than a spent conviction, for an indictable offence against another law.	8 9 10
<i>environmental nuisance</i> see the Environmental Protection Act, section 15.	11 12
<i>extraordinary circumstances exemption</i> see section 99ZY(2).	13 14
<i>manufacturer</i> , of a beverage product, see section 990.	
material recovery agreement see section 99ZF.	17
<i>material recovery facility</i> , for chapter 4, part 3B, see section 99ZE.	18 19
<i>operator</i> , of a container refund point that is a reverse vending machine, for chapter 4, part 3B, see section 99K.	20 21 22
<i>Organisation</i> means the company appointed under chapter 4, part 5 as the Product Responsibility Organisation for the container refund scheme.	23 24 25 26
proposed action—	27
(a) for chapter 4, part 5, division 4—see section 102X(1); or	28 29
(b) for chapter $8A$ —see section $173ZB(1)$ .	30
<i>recovery amount</i> , for a quantity of containers, for chapter 4, part 3B, see section 99ZG.	31 32
<i>recovery amount protocol</i> , for chapter 4, part 3B,	33

see	section 99ZK.	1
<b>refu</b> 99K	and amount, for chapter 4, part 3B, see section	2 3
•	<i>and declaration</i> , for chapter 4, part 3B, see ion 99T(2).	4 5
	<i>and marking</i> , for chapter 4, part 3B, see ion 99K.	6 7
<u> </u>	<i>istered</i> , for a container, for chapter 4, part 3B, section 99K.	8 9
resc	<i>purce user</i> , for chapter 8, see section 155(3).	10
reta	<i>iler</i> see section 99C.	11
	erse vending machine, for chapter 4, part 3B, section 99K.	12 13
sch	eme means the container refund scheme.	14
<i>sell</i> com	includes supply free of charge for a mercial or promotional purpose.	15 16
sho	w cause notice—	17
(a)	for chapter 4, part 5, division 4—see section 102X(3); or	18 19
(b)	for chapter 8A—see section 173ZB(2); or	20
(c)	for chapter 11—see section 246(2).	21
sho	w cause period—	22
(a)	for chapter 4, part 5, division 4—see section 102X(4)(f); or	23 24
(b)	for chapter 8A—see section 173ZB(3)(f).	25
spe	nt conviction means a conviction—	26
(a)	for which the rehabilitation period under the <i>Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986</i> has expired under that Act; and	27 28 29
(b)	that is not revived under section 11 of that Act.	30 31

	<i>type</i> , of a container, for chapter 4, part 3B, see section 99N(2).	1 2
(3)	Schedule, definition end of waste approval, '159'-	3
	omit, insert—	4
	159(2)	5
(4)	Schedule, definition end of waste code, '159'-	6
	omit, insert—	7
	159(1)	8

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