

# Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017



#### Queensland

# **Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017**

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## **A Bill**

for

An Act to amend the Government Owned Corporations Act 1993, the Guardianship and Administration Act 2000, the Integrity Act 2009, the Powers of Attorney Act 1998, the Public Guardian Act 2014 and the Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010 for particular purposes

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	The Pa	The Parliament of Queensland enacts—	
	Part	1 Preliminary	2
Clause	1	Short title  This Act may be cited as the Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2017.	3 4 5
Clause	2	Commencement  Parts 3, 5, 6 and 8 and schedule 1 commence on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	6 7 8
	Part	2 Amendment of Government Owned Corporations Act 1993	9 10
Clause	3	Act amended  This part amends the Government Owned Corporations Act 1993.	11 12 13
Clause	4	Amendment of s 156 (Application of Crime and Corruption Act)  (1) Section 156—  insert—  (7A) This section is declared to be a Corporations legislation displacement provision for the purposes of the Corporations Act, section 5G, in relation to section 1317AE of that Act	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21
		<u> </u>	

s	5]

			Note—	1
			The Corporations Act, section 5G, provides that if a State law declares a provision of a State law to be a Corporations legislation displacement provision, any provision of the Corporations legislation with which the State provision would otherwise be inconsistent does not apply to the extent necessary to avoid the inconsistency.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8
		(2)	Section 156(7A) and (8)—	9
			renumber as section 156(8) and (9).	10
	Part	3	Amendment of Guardianship	1
			and Administration Act 2000	12
Clause	5	Ac	t amended	1.
			This part amends the <i>Guardianship and Administration Act</i> 2000.	14 13
			Note—	1
			See also the amendments in schedule 1.	1
Clause	6	Am	nendment of s 5 (Acknowledgements)	13
		(1)	Section 5(c), 'with impaired capacity'—	19
			omit.	2
		(2)	Section 5(c)(i)—	2
			omit.	2
Clause	7		placement of s 11 (Principles for adults with impaired pacity)	2.2
			Section 11—	2
			omit, insert—	2

	11 Ap <sub>l</sub>	plication of presumption of capacity	1
	(1)	If, in performing a function or exercising a power under this Act, the tribunal or the court is required to make a decision about an adult's capacity for a matter, the tribunal or the court is to presume the adult has capacity for the matter until the contrary is proven.	2 3 4 5 6 7
	(2)	If the tribunal or the court has appointed a guardian or an administrator for an adult for a matter, the guardian or administrator is not required to presume the adult has capacity for the matter.	8 9 10 11 12
	(3)	If a declaration by the tribunal or the court that an adult has impaired capacity for a matter is in force, a person or other entity that performs a function or exercises a power under this Act is entitled to rely on the declaration to presume that the adult does not have capacity for the matter.	13 14 15 16 17 18
Clause 8	Insertion of ne	ew ch 2A	19
	After section	on 11A—	20
	insert—		21
	Chap	oter 2A Principles	22
	11B Ge	neral principles	23
	(1)	The principles (the <i>general principles</i> ) set out below must be applied by a person or other entity that performs a function or exercises a power under this Act.	24 25 26 27
	(2)	Also, a person making a decision for an adult on an informal basis must apply the general principles in making the decision.	28 29 30
	(3)	The community is encouraged to apply and promote the general principles.	31 32

Ge	neral pr	rinciples	1
1	Presu	mption of capacity	2
	An admatter	ult is presumed to have capacity for a	3
2	Same freedo	human rights and fundamental	5 6
	a	an adult's inherent dignity and worth, and equal and inalienable rights, must be recognised and taken into account.	7 8 9
	h fi a	The rights of all adults to the same uman rights and fundamental reedoms, regardless of a particular dult's capacity, must be recognised and taken into account.	10 11 12 13 14
	h fr ir fr	The principles on which an adult's uman rights and fundamental reedoms are based, and that should inform the way those rights and reedoms are taken into account, include—	15 16 17 18 19 20
	(	(a) respect for inherent dignity and worth, individual autonomy (including the freedom to make one's own choices) and independence of persons; and	21 22 23 24 25
	(	(b) non-discrimination; and	26
	(	(c) full and effective participation and inclusion in society, including performing roles valued by society; and	27 28 29 30
	(	(d) respect for difference and acceptance of persons with impaired capacity as part of human diversity and humanity; and	31 32 33 34 35

	(e) equality of opportunity; and	1
	(f) accessibility; and	2
	(g) equality between all persons regardless of gender.	3 4
3	<b>Empowering adult to exercise human</b> rights and fundamental freedoms	5 6
	The importance of the following matters must be taken into account—	7 8
	<ul><li>(a) empowering an adult to exercise the adult's human rights and fundamental freedoms;</li></ul>	9 10 11
	(b) encouraging and supporting an adult—	12
	(i) to perform social roles valued in society; and	13 14
	(ii) to live a life in the general community and to take part in activities enjoyed by the community; and	15 16 17 18
	(iii) to achieve maximum physical, social, emotional and intellectual potential and to become as self-reliant as practicable;	19 20 21 22
	(c) an adult's right to participate to the greatest extent practicable in the development of policies, programs and services for people with impaired capacity for a matter.	23 24 25 26 27
4	Maintenance of adult's existing supportive relationships	28 29
	(1) The importance of maintaining an adult's existing supportive relationships must be taken into account.	30 31 32 33

	(2)	Maintaining an adult's existing supportive relationships may, for example, involve consultation with—	1 2 3
		(a) the adult, to find out who are the members of the adult's support network; and	4 5 6
		(b) any persons who have an existing supportive relationship with the adult; and	7 8 9
		(c) any members of the adult's support network who are making decisions for the adult on an informal basis.	10 11 12 13
	(3)	The role of families, carers and other significant persons in an adult's life to support the adult to make decisions should be acknowledged and respected.	14 15 16 17
5		intenance of adult's cultural and uistic environment and values	18 19
		rani	
	(1)	The importance of maintaining an adult's cultural and linguistic environment and set of values, including religious beliefs, must be taken into account.	20 21 22 23 24
	(1)	adult's cultural and linguistic environment and set of values, including religious beliefs, must be	21 22 23
6	(2)	adult's cultural and linguistic environment and set of values, including religious beliefs, must be taken into account.  Without limiting subsection (1), for an adult who is an Aboriginal person or a Torres Strait Islander, the importance of maintaining the adult's Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultural and linguistic environment and set of values, including Aboriginal tradition or Island custom, must be taken into	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
6	(2)	adult's cultural and linguistic environment and set of values, including religious beliefs, must be taken into account.  Without limiting subsection (1), for an adult who is an Aboriginal person or a Torres Strait Islander, the importance of maintaining the adult's Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultural and linguistic environment and set of values, including Aboriginal tradition or Island custom, must be taken into account.	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33

	(2)	An adult's personal information, including health information, must be protected on the same basis as other people's personal information is protected.	1 2 3 4 5
7	Lib	erty and security	6
	(1)	An adult's right to liberty and security on an equal basis with others must be taken into account.	7 8 9
	(2)	An adult should not be deprived of the adult's liberty except in accordance with the law.	10 11 12
8		ximising an adult's participation in ision-making	13 14
	(1)	An adult's right to participate, to the greatest extent practicable, in decisions affecting the adult's life must be recognised and taken into account.	15 16 17 18
	(2)	An adult must be given the support and access to information necessary to enable the adult to make or participate in decisions affecting the adult's life.	19 20 21 22
	(3)	An adult must be given the support necessary to enable the adult to communicate the adult's decisions.	23 24 25
	(4)	To the greatest extent practicable, a person or other entity, in exercising power for a matter for an adult, must seek the adult's views, wishes and preferences.	26 27 28 29 30
	(5)	An adult's views, wishes and preferences may be expressed orally, in writing or in another way, including, for example, by conduct.	31 32 33 34

	(6)	An adult is not to be treated as unable to make a decision about a matter unless all practicable steps have been taken to provide the adult with the support and access to information necessary to make and communicate a decision.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
9	Peri pow	formance of functions and exercise of vers	8 9
	func Act deci	erson or other entity, in performing a ction or exercising a power under this in relation to an adult, or in making a sion for an adult on an informal basis, t do so—	10 11 12 13 14
	(a)	in a way that promotes and safeguards the adult's rights, interests and opportunities; and	15 16 17
	(b)	in the way that is least restrictive of the adult's rights, interests and opportunities.	18 19 20
10	Stru	ictured decision-making	21
	(1)	In applying general principle 9, a person or other entity in performing a function or exercising a power under this Act in relation to an adult, or in making a decision for an adult on an informal basis, must adopt the approach set out in subsections (2) to (5).	22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
	(2)	First, the person or other entity must—	30
		(a) recognise and preserve, to the greatest extent practicable, the adult's right to make the adult's own decision; and	31 32 33 34
		(b) if possible, support the adult to	35 36

	(3)	Second, the person or other entity must recognise and take into account any views, wishes and preferences expressed or demonstrated by the adult.	1 2 3 4
	(4)	Third, if the adult's views, wishes and preferences can not be determined, the person or other entity must use the principle of substituted judgement so that if, from the adult's views, wishes and preferences, expressed or demonstrated when the adult had capacity, it is reasonably practicable to work out what the adult's views, wishes and preferences would be, the person or other entity must recognise and take into account what the person or other entity considers the adult's views, wishes and preferences would be.	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
	(5)	Fourth, once the person or other entity has recognised and taken into account the matters mentioned in subsections (2) to (4), the person or other entity may perform the function, exercise the power or make the decision.	20 21 22 23 24 25
11C Hea	alth care	principles	26
(1)	below muthat perf	ciples (the <i>health care principles</i> ) set out ust be applied by a person or other entity forms a function or exercises a power is Act for a health matter or a special atter.	27 28 29 30 31
(2)	decision	entity authorised by an Act to make a for an adult about prescribed special re must apply the health care principles.	32 33 34
(3)		ection (2), the health care principles and ral principles apply as if a reference in the	35 36

principles to performing a function a power under this Act were a refer a decision about prescribed specunder the Act under which the comade.	erence to making 2 cial health care 3
Health care principles	6
1 Application of general prin	nciples 7
A person or other entity of function or exercises a power for a health matter or a specin relation to an adult, must general principles.	r under this Act, 9 ial health matter 1(
2 Same human rights and freedoms	d fundamental 13
In applying general princip matter or special health matt	
(a) the principle of not requires that all adult appropriate health of preventative care, with particular adult's capac	alts be offered 18 care, including 19 cout regard to a 20
(b) any consent to, or recare for an adult must the principles of responding to the principles of the principles o	ake into account 23 ect for inherent 24 h, individual 25 the freedom to 26 choices) and 27
3 Performance of functions powers	and exercise of 29
In applying general principl health matter or special health meter or special health matter or special health matter or special health matter or exercising a perfect of the second second.	nealth matter, a 32 n performing a 33 ower under this 34

(a)	information given by the adult's health provider; and	1 2
(b)	if the adult has a medical condition—	3
	(i) the nature of the adult's medical condition; and	4 5
	(ii) the adult's prognosis; and	6
(c)	if particular health care is proposed, any alternative health care that is available; and	7 8 9
(d)	the nature and degree of any significant risks associated with the proposed health care or any alternative health care; and	10 11 12 13
(e)	whether the proposed health care can be postponed because a better health care option may become available within a reasonable time or the adult is likely to become capable of making the adult's own decision about the health care; and	14 15 16 17 18 19 20
(f)	the consequences for the adult if the proposed health care is not carried out; and	21 22 23
(g)	a consideration of the benefits versus the burdens of the proposed health care; and	24 25 26
(h)	the effect of the proposed health care on the adult's dignity and autonomy.	27 28
Sub	stituted judgement	29
heal view whe	applying general principle 10(4) to a th matter or special health matter, the vs and wishes of an adult expressed in the adult had capacity may also be ressed—	30 31 32 33 34

		(a)	in an advance health directive; or	1
		(b)	by a consent to, or refusal of, health care given at a time when the adult had capacity to make decisions about the health care.	2 3 4 5
Clause 9	Insertion of no	ew ss 12.	A and 12B	6
	After section	on 12—		7
	insert—			8
	12A Ap	pointme	nt—missing person	9
	(1)	administ	bunal may, by order, appoint an rator for a financial matter for an adult if nal is satisfied—	10 11 12
		(a) the	adult is a missing person; and	13
		(b) the	adult usually resides in the State; and	14
			re is, or is likely to be, a need for a ision in relation to the matter; and	15 16
			hout an appointment the adult's interests he matter would be adversely affected.	17 18
	(2)		anal may be satisfied an adult is a missing nly if the tribunal is satisfied that—	19 20
		(a) it is	not known if the adult is alive; and	21
		` /	sonable efforts have been made to locate adult; and	22 23
			at least 90 days the adult has not tacted—	24 25
		(i)	anyone who lives at the adult's last-known home address; or	26 27
		(ii)	any relative or friend of the adult with whom the adult is likely to communicate.	28 29 30
	(3)	This Ac	t applies, with necessary changes, to an	31

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		appointment under this section.	1
	(4)	The appointment may be on terms considered appropriate by the tribunal.	2 3
	(5)	An application for the appointment of an administrator under subsection (1) may be made by—	4 5 6
		(a) the adult's spouse; or	7
		(b) a relative of the adult; or	8
		(c) the public trustee; or	9
		(d) an interested person for the adult.	10
	12B Rel	ationship with Public Trustee Act 1978	11
	(1)	The tribunal may not appoint an administrator under section 12A for a financial matter for an adult if the public trustee is the administrator under the <i>Public Trustee Act 1978</i> , section 104(1) of the property to which the financial matter relates.	12 13 14 15 16 17
	(2)	The tribunal may appoint an administrator under section 12A for a financial matter for an adult relating to property of which the public trustee is the administrator under the <i>Public Trustee Act</i> 1978, section 104(2).	18 19 20 21 22
	(3)	On the making of an appointment of an administrator as mentioned in subsection (2), the public trustee ceases to be the administrator of the property under the <i>Public Trustee Act 1978</i> , section 104(2).	23 24 25 26 27
		f s 14 (Appointment of 1 or more eligible I administrators)	28 29
(1)	Section 14-	_	30
	insert—		31

(1)

Clause 10

			(3A)	The tribunal may appoint a person as guardian or administrator for a matter for an adult on the application of the adult's parent only if the tribunal has informed the parent of the tribunal's power under subsection (6)(e) to appoint successive appointees for the matter.	1 2 3 4 5 6
			(3B)	A failure by the tribunal to comply with subsection (4) does not affect an appointment made by the tribunal.	7 8 9
		(2)	Section 14(3	3A) to (5)—	10
		1	renumber as	s section 14(4) to (7).	11
Clause	11	Ame	ndment of	f s 15 (Appropriateness considerations)	12
		(1)	Section 15(	1)(b)—	13
		(	omit, insert-	<u> </u>	14
				(b) if the appointment is for a health matter—the health care principles and whether the person is likely to apply the principles;	15 16 17 18
		(2)	Section 15(	1)(g), after 'order'—	19
		i	insert—		20
				, including whether the person has ever been a paid carer for the adult	21 22
Clause	12			f s 16 (Advice from proposed appointee iateness and competence)	23 24
		(1)	Section 16(	1)(b)—	25
		C	omit, insert-	_	26
				(b) is, or has ever been, a paid carer for the adult; or	27 28
				(ba) is a health provider for the adult; or	29
		(2)	Section 16(	1)(ba) to (e)—	30

		renumber a	s sectio	on 10	6(1)(c) to (f).	1
lause	13	Amendment o appointment o			vice to registrar of titles if land)	2 3
		Section 21(	(2), froi	m 'e	nter' to 'purpose'—	4
		omit, insert	·			5
			way	that .ls th	nformation contained in the advice in a ensures a search of the relevant title ne order making the appointment has e	6 7 8 9
Clause	14	Amendment o	f s 26	(Au	tomatic revocation)	10
		Section 26(	(2)—			11
		omit, insert	<u> </u>			12
		(2)	Also, if—	an	appointment as an administrator ends	13 14
					administrator becomes bankrupt or vent; or	15 16
					n appointment made under section 12A n adult—	17 18
			(		a coroner makes a finding under the <i>Coroners Act 2003</i> that the adult has died; or	19 20 21
			(	` /	the court makes a declaration of death for the adult or grants a person leave to swear the death of the adult; or	22 23 24
			(	` /	the adult's death is registered under the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 2003.	25 26 27
		(2A)	(2)(b)	) app	than 1 event mentioned in subsection blies for the adult, the appointment ends appening of the earliest event for the	28 29 30

[s 15	1
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Clause	15	Amendment o	of s 27 (Wi	thdrawal with tribunal's leave)	1
		Section 27(	(3), from 'e	nter' to 'purpose'—	2
		omit, insert	<u>t</u>		3
			way that	nformation contained in the advice in a ensures a search of the relevant title e withdrawal of the administrator	4 5 6
Clause	16	Insertion of ne	ew ch 3, p	t 3, div 1A	7
		Chapter 3,	part 3—		8
		insert—			9
		Divisio	on 1A	Provisions about	10
				appointment for adult who	11
				is missing person	12
			ligation to	notify tribunal of particular es	13 14
		(1)	for an adu	on applies to an administrator appointed alt under section 12A if, during the term pointment, the administrator becomes	15 16 17 18
			(a) the a	dult is alive; or	19
			(b) the a	dult has died.	20
		(2)	after beco	inistrator must, as soon as practicable oming aware a circumstance mentioned etion (1)(a) or (b) exists, notify the a writing of the circumstance.	21 22 23 24
			ounal mus	et revoke order making	25 26
		(1)		cion applies in relation to an order g an administrator for an adult under eA.	27 28 29

[s 17	
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			(2)	The tribunal must revoke the order if the tribunal is satisfied—	1 2
				(a) the adult is alive; or	3
				(b) the adult has died; or	4
				(c) the adult may be presumed to be dead.	5
			(3)	The order may be revoked by the tribunal on its own initiative or on the application of the administrator or an interested person.	6 7 8
lause	17	Am	endment o	f s 31 (Appointment review process)	9
		(1)	Section 31(	4), after 'an appointee'—	10
			insert—		11
				, other than the public guardian,	12
		(2)	Section 31-	_	13
			insert—		14
			(5A)	The tribunal may make an order removing the public guardian as an appointee if there is an appropriate person mentioned in section 14(1) available for appointment.	15 16 17 18
		(3)	Section 31(	5A) and (6)—	19
			renumber a	s section 31(6) and (7).	20
lause	18	rev		f s 32A (Additional requirements if change, ending of appointment and interest in land	21 22 23
			Section 32A	A(3), from 'enter' to 'purpose'—	24
			omit, insert	_	25
				keep the information contained in the advice in a way that ensures a search of the relevant title reveals the order changing or revoking the appointment has been made or the advice	26 27 28 29

				mentioned in subsection (1)(b)(ii) has been given	1
Clause	19	Am	endment of	f s 34 (Apply principles)	2
		(1)	Section 34(	1), note—	3
			omit, insert-	<u> </u>	4
				Note—	5
				See section 11B.	6
		(2)	Section 34–	_	7
			insert—		8
			(1A)	However, an administrator appointed under section 12A is not required to apply general principles 1, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 10(1) to (3) and (5).	9 10 11
		(3)	Section 34(2	2), 'principle'—	12
			omit, insert-	<u> </u>	13
				principles	14
		(4)	Section 34(	1A) and (2)—	15
			renumber as	s section 34(2) and (3).	16
Clause	20	Am	endment of	f s 37 (Avoid conflict transaction)	17
		(1)	Section 37(	1), 'authorises'—	18
			omit, insert-	<u> </u>	19
				has authorised	20
		(2)	Section 37(	1)—	21
			insert—		22
				Note—	23
				See section 152 for the authorisation of conflict transactions by the tribunal.	24 25
		(3)	Section 37(2	2), examples—	26
			omit insert-		27

	1	A conflict transaction happens if an adult's administrator buys the adult's car.	1 2
	2	A conflict transaction happens if an adult's administrator lends the adult's money to a close friend of the administrator.	3 4 5
	3	A conflict transaction happens if an adult's administrator rents the adult's residential property to the administrator or a relative of the administrator.	6 7 8 9
	4	A conflict transaction happens if an adult's administrator uses the adult's money to pay the personal expenses of the administrator, including, for example, the administrator's personal travel expenses.	10 11 12 13 14
	5	A conflict transaction happens if an adult's administrator buys the adult's house.	15 16
	6	A conflict transaction does not happen if an adult's administrator is acting under section 55 to maintain the adult's dependants.	17 18 19
(4) Section 37(	(3)—		20
omit, insert	·		21
(3)		ever, a transaction is not a conflict action merely because—	22 23
	(a)	the administrator is related to the adult; or	24
		the administrator may be a beneficiary of the adult's estate on the adult's death; or	25 26
		by the transaction the administrator in the administrator's own right and on behalf of the adult—	27 28 29
		(i) deals with an interest in property jointly held; or	30 31
		(ii) acquires a joint interest in property; or	32
		(iii) obtains a loan or gives a guarantee or indemnity in relation to a transaction mentioned in subparagraph (i) or (ii).	33 34 35
(3A)	Also	, to remove any doubt, it is declared that the	36

				making of a gift or donation under section 54 is not a conflict transaction.	1 2
		(5)	Section 37(	(3A) to (5)—	3
			renumber a	s section 37(4) to (6).	4
Clause	21		nendment o nciple)	f s 43 (Acting contrary to health care	5
		(1)	Section 43,	heading, 'health care principle'—	7
			omit, insert	<u></u>	8
				general principles or health care principles	9
		(2)	Section 43,	'health care principle'—	10
			omit, insert	<u></u>	11
				general principles or the health care principles	12
Clause	22		nendment o ministrators	f s 48 (Remuneration of professional	13 14
		(1)	Section 48(	1)—	15
			omit, insert	<u> </u>	16
			(1)	An administrator for an adult is entitled to remuneration from the adult if the tribunal makes an order that the administrator is to be remunerated by the adult.	17 18 19 20
			(1A)	The tribunal may make an order under subsection (1) only if the administrator carries on a business providing professional services.	21 22 23
		(2)	Section 48(	(1A) to (3)—	24
			renumber a	s section 48(2) to (4).	25
Clause	23	Am	nendment o	f s 54 (Gifts)	26
		(1)	Section 54,	· · ·	27

		omit, i	nsert-	_	1
		54	Gift	s and donations	2
	(2)	Section	n 54(	1), after 'give away'—	3
		insert-	_		4
				or donate	5
	(3)	Section	n 54(	1)(a), after 'the gift'—	6
		insert-	_		7
				or donation	8
	(4)	Section	n 54(	1)(b), 'gift's value'—	9
		omit, i	nsert-	<u> </u>	10
				value of the gift or donation	11
	(5)	Section	n 54(	2), after 'a gift'—	12
		insert-	_		13
				or donation	14
Clause 24	Rep	olacem	ent o	of s 58 (Power to excuse failure)	15
		Section	n 58-	_	16
		omit, i	nsert-	<u> </u>	17
		58	Rel	ief from personal liability	18
			(1)	This section applies if the court considers—	19
				(a) a guardian or administrator is, or may be, personally liable for a contravention of this Act; and	20 21 22
				(b) the guardian or administrator has acted honestly and reasonably and ought fairly to be excused for the contravention.	23 24 25
			(2)	The court may relieve the guardian or administrator of all or part of the guardian's or administrator's personal liability for the contravention.	26 27 28 29

Clause	25	Am	nendment o	of s 59 (Compensation for failure to comply)	1
		(1)	Section 59,	all words before subsection (2)—	2
			omit, insert	<del>!</del>	3
				mpensation and accounting for profits for ure to comply	4 5
			(1)	The tribunal or a court may order a guardian or administrator for an adult (an <i>appointee</i> ) to pay an amount to the adult or, if the adult has died, the adult's estate—	6 7 8 9
				(a) to compensate for a loss caused by the appointee's failure to comply with this Act in the exercise of a power; or	10 11 12
				(b) to account for any profits the appointee has accrued as a result of the appointee's failure to comply with this Act in the exercise of a power.	13 14 15 16
			(1A)	However, the tribunal or court may not order the appointee to make a payment under both subsection (1)(a) and (b) in relation to the same exercise of power.	17 18 19 20
		(2)	Section 59-	<u> </u>	21
			insert—		22
			(2A)	Also, subsection (1) applies even if the appointee's appointment has ended.	23 24
		(3)	Section 59(	(3) and (4), 'the application for compensation'—	25
			omit, insert	<u>;</u>	26
				an application for an order under subsection (1)	27
		(4)	Section 59(	(6), from 'for compensation under'—	28
			omit, insert	<u>;</u>	29
				under subsection (1), the tribunal or court may also order that the security be applied in satisfaction of the order.	30 31 32

[s 26]
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	(5)	Section 59( order'—	(7), 'Compensation paid under a tribunal or court	1 2
		omit, insert	_	3
			An amount paid under a tribunal or court order under subsection (1)	4 5
	(6)	Section 59(	1A) to (8)—	6
		renumber a	s section 59(2) to (10).	7
lause 26	Ins	ertion of ne	ew ss 60A-60C	8
		Chapter 4, 1	part 3—	9
		insert—		10
			ect on beneficiary's interest if property alt with by administrator	11 12
		(1)	This section applies to a person who is a beneficiary ( <i>the beneficiary</i> ) under a deceased adult's will.	13 14 15
		(2)	The beneficiary has the same interest in any surplus money or other property ( <i>the proceeds</i> ) arising from a sale, mortgage, charge, disposition of, or other dealing with, property under the powers given to an administrator as the beneficiary would have had in the property sold, mortgaged, charged, disposed of or otherwise dealt with, if the sale, mortgage, charge, disposition or other dealing had not happened.	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
		(3)	The beneficiary is also entitled to—	25
			(a) any money or other property that is able to be traced as income generated by the proceeds; and	26 27 28
			(b) any capital gain that is generated from the proceeds.	29 30
		(4)	This section applies even if the beneficiary is the administrator who sold, mortgaged, charged,	31 32

	disp	posed of or otherwise dealt with the property.	1	
(5)	This section applies subject to any order made by the court under section 60C(1).			
		strator not required to keep proceeds perty separate	4 5	
	an disp prop adm prop disp	tion 60A does not require an administrator for adult who has sold, mortgaged, charged, bosed of, or otherwise dealt with, the adult's perty under the powers given to the hinistrator, to keep any surplus money or other perty arising from the sale, mortgage, charge, position or other dealing separate from other perty of the adult.	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	
		tion to court to confirm or vary on of s 60A	14 15	
(1)	An a	application may be made to the court for—	16	
	(a)	an order, including an order to direct a conveyance, deed or other thing to be executed or done, to give effect to section 60A; or	17 18 19 20	
	(b)	an order to ensure a beneficiary under the adult's will does not gain an unjust and disproportionate advantage or suffer an unjust and disproportionate disadvantage of a kind not contemplated by the will because of the operation of section 60A.	21 22 23 24 25 26	
(2)	An	application may be made by—	27	
	(a)	a beneficiary under the adult's will; or	28	
	(b)	the personal representative of a deceased beneficiary under the adult's will; or	29 30	
	(c)	the personal representative of the adult.	31	
(3)	An	order made under subsection (1)(b)—	32	

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				(a)	has effect as if it had been made as a codicil to the adult's will executed immediately before the adult's death; and	1 2 3
				(b)	applies despite any contrary operation of section 60A.	4 5
			(4)		application under this section must be made to court within 6 months after the adult's death.	6 7
			(5)	The	court may extend the application time.	8
			(6)	app as i part	Succession Act 1981, section 44(1) to (4) lies to an application and an order made on it f the application were an application under 4 of that Act by a person entitled to make an lication.	9 10 11 12 13
Clause	27	Amendment of s 61 (Purpose to achieve balance for health care)				14 15
		(1)	Section 61(	b)—		16
			omit, insert			17
				(b)	ensuring health care is given to the adult only if it is appropriate in all the circumstances.	18 19 20
		(2)	Section 61,	note	<u> </u>	21
			omit, insert			22
				Note	_	23
					ee also the general principles and health care principles et out in sections 11B and 11C.	24 25
Clause	28	Ins	ertion of ne	ew s	68A	26
			After section	on 68-	_	27
			insert—			28

		al to consult in making decision about I health care	1 2
	ca: ex	deciding whether to consent to special health e for an adult, the tribunal must, to the greatest ent practicable, seek and take into account the ws of—	
	(a)	a guardian appointed by the tribunal for the adult; or	7 8
	(b)	if there is no guardian mentioned in paragraph (a), an attorney for a health matter appointed by the adult; or	9 10 11
	(c)	if there is no guardian or attorney mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b), the statutory health attorney for the adult.	12 13 14
lause 29	Insertion of new	ch 5, pt 3A	15
	Chapter 5—		16
	insert—		17
	Part 3A	Clinical research	18
	74A What i	s clinical research	19
	(1) <i>Cl</i>	inical research is—	20
	(a)	medical research intended to diagnose, maintain or treat a condition affecting the participants in the research; or	21 22 23
	(b)	a trial of drugs, devices, biologicals or techniques involving the carrying out of health care that may include giving placebos to some of the participants in the trial.	24 25 26 27
	ca	owever, a comparative assessment of health re already proven to be beneficial is not medical search.	28 29 30

	Examples—				
	•	a comparative assessment of the effects of different forms of administration of a drug proven to be beneficial in the treatment of a condition, for example, a continuous infusion, as opposed to a once-a-day administration of the drug	2 3 4 5 6		
	•	a comparative assessment of the angle at which to set a tilt-bed to best assist an adult's breathing	7 8		
74B Wh	at is	approved clinical research	9		
		proved clinical research is clinical research roved by the tribunal.	10 11		
74C Ap	prova	al of clinical research	12		
(1)		tribunal may approve clinical research only if tribunal is satisfied—	13 14		
	(a)	the clinical research is approved by an ethics committee; and	15 16		
	(b)	any drugs, devices, biologicals or techniques to be trialled in the clinical research are intended to diagnose, maintain or treat a condition affecting the participants in the research; and	17 18 19 20 21		
	(c)	the clinical research will not involve any known substantial risk to participants or, if there is existing health care for the particular condition, the research will not involve known material risk to the participants greater than the risk associated with the existing health care; and	22 23 24 25 26 27 28		
	(d)	the development of any drugs, devices, biologicals or techniques to be trialled in the clinical research has reached a stage at which safety and ethical considerations make it appropriate for the drugs, devices, biologicals or techniques to be made	29 30 31 32 33 34		

		d	evailable to participants in the research despite the participants being unable to consent to participation; and	
		r	naving regard to the potential benefits and isks of participation in the clinical research, on balance it is not adverse to the interests of participants in the research to participate.	(
	(2)	techni will o the pa the tri	fact the drugs, devices, biologicals or iques to be trialled in the clinical research or may involve giving placebos to some of articipants in the research does not prevent ibunal being satisfied it is, on balance, not see to the interests of the participants to ipate.	-
	(3)	not op	ribunal's approval of clinical research does berate as a consent to the participation in the al research of any particular person.	
Am	endment o	f s 81	(Tribunal's functions for this Act)	
(1)	Section 81-			
	insert—			2
	(1A)	power tribun	erforming its functions or exercising its rs under this Act in relation to an adult, the all must, to the greatest extent practicable, and take account of—	,,
			he views, wishes and preferences expressed or demonstrated by the adult; and	4
			he views of any member of the adult's support network.	2
(2)	Section 81(	1A) an	d (2)—	2
	renumber a	s sectio	on 81(2) and (3).	3

[s	31	]
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Clause	31	Amendment of s 101 (Relationship with the QCAT Act)	
		(1) Section 101(c)—	2
		omit. 3	;
		(2) Section 101(d) to (g)—	ļ
		renumber as section 101(c) to (f).	į
		(3) Section 101—	)
		insert— 7	,
Clause	32		2
		(1) Section 118(1)(b)—	4
		omit, insert—	5
		•	6 7
		years and who is in a close and continuing 1	8 9 20
		· / • I	21 22
			23 24
		Torres Strait Islander—any person who is regarded under Aboriginal tradition or Island custom as a child, parent or sibling of the adult, and who is in a close and continuing relationship with the adult;  3	25 26 27 28 29
		(2) Section 118(1)(ba) to (h)—	31

	renumber as se	ection 118(1)(c) to (l).	1
(3)	Section 118—		2
	insert—		3
	(1 the	there is no person mentioned in subsection (b) to (f) in existence or able to be located for e adult, the tribunal must give notice of the earing, as far as practicable, to—	4 5 6 7
	(a)	a member of the adult's extended family who is in a close and continuing relationship with the adult; or	8 9 10
	(b	a person from the adult's household who is in a close and continuing relationship with the adult.	11 12 13
(4)	Section 118(5)	(a) and (7), '(g)'—	14
	omit, insert—		15
	(k)	)	16
(5)	Section 118(6)	, 'subsection (2)'—	17
	omit, insert—		18
	su	bsection (3)	19
(6)	Section 118(9)	<u> </u>	20
	insert—		21
	pe	aild includes a stepchild, an adopted child and a erson for whom the adult was a foster-parent or lardian when the person was a child.	22 23 24
	_	<i>trent</i> includes a step-parent, an adoptive parent, foster-parent and a guardian.	25 26
		bling includes a step-sibling, an adopted sibling d a foster-sibling.	27 28
(7)	Section 118(1A	A) to (9)—	29
	renumber as se	ection 118(2) to (10).	30

[s	33]
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Clause	33	Am	endment o	fs1	25 (Representative may be appointed)	1
		(1)	Section 125	5(1)(t	o), 'president or presiding member'—	2
			omit, insert-			3
				trib	unal	4
		(2)	Section 125	5(1),	'president or the presiding member'—	5
			omit, insert-			6
				trib	unal	7
		(3)	Section 125	<u> </u>		8
			insert—			9
			(3)	A remus	epresentative appointed under subsection (1) st—	10 11
				(a)	have regard to any expressed or demonstrated views, wishes and preferences of the adult; and	12 13 14
				(b)	to the greatest extent practicable, present the adult's views, wishes and preferences to the tribunal; and	15 16 17
				(c)	promote and safeguard the adult's rights, interests and opportunities.	18 19
Clause	34	Am	endment o	fs1	29 (Interim order)	20
			Section 129	0(1)—	_	21
			omit, insert-	_		22
			(1)		s section applies if the tribunal is satisfied, on conable grounds—	23 24
				(a)	the adult concerned in an application has, or may have, impaired capacity for a matter; and	25 26 27
				(b)	there is an immediate risk of harm to the health, welfare or property of the adult, including because of the risk of abuse,	28 29 30

			the adult.	2
Clause	35	Replacement of	of s 152 (Tribunal authorisation or approval)	3
		Section 152	<u> </u>	4
		omit, insert-	_	5
		152 Trib	ounal authorisation or approval	6
		(1)	The tribunal may, before an administrator enters into a conflict transaction, authorise the administrator to enter into—	7 8 9
			(a) the conflict transaction; or	10
			(b) conflict transactions of that type; or	11
			(c) conflict transactions generally.	12
			Note—	13
			Under section 37 an administrator for an adult may enter into a conflict transaction only if the tribunal has authorised the conflict transaction.	14 15 16
		(2)	Despite subsection (1), if an administrator enters into a conflict transaction that has not been authorised under subsection (1) the tribunal may retrospectively authorise the transaction.	17 18 19 20
		(3)	If the tribunal retrospectively authorises a conflict transaction, the transaction is taken to be as valid as if it had been entered into under an authorisation given by the tribunal before the administrator entered into the transaction.	21 22 23 24 25
		(4)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that until the tribunal retrospectively authorises a conflict transaction under subsection (2), an administrator who entered into the conflict transaction without the tribunal's authority under subsection (1) has acted contrary to section 37(1).	26 27 28 29 30 31
		(5)	The tribunal may approve an investment as an authorised investment.	32 33

[s :	36]
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Clause	36	Amendment of s 153 (Records and audit)	1
		(1) Section 153—	2
		insert—	3
		(3A) This section applies even if—	4
		(a) the administrator's appointment has ended; or	5 6
		(b) the enduring power of attorney has been revoked; or	7 8
		(c) the adult has died.	9
		(2) Section 153(3A) and (4)—	10
		renumber as section 153(4) and (5).	11
Clause	37	Amendment of s 213 (Appointment)	12
		Section 213—	13
		insert—	14
		(5) The public advocate is appointed under this Act and not under the <i>Public Service Act 2008</i> .	15 16
Clause	38	Insertion of new s 217A	17
		After section 217—	18
		insert—	19
		217APreservation of rights of public advocate	20
		(1) This section applies if a public service officer is appointed as the public advocate.	21 22
		(2) The person keeps all rights accrued or accruing to the person as a public service officer as if service as the public advocate were a continuation of service as a public service officer.	23 24 25 26
		(3) At the end of the person's term of office or on resignation as the public advocate, the person's service as the public advocate is taken to be	27 28 29

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				iding	the person's rights as a public service	2 3
39	Am	nendment o	fs2	47 (V	Whistleblowers' protection)	4
	(1)	Section 247	7(1)—	_		5
		omit, insert	· <u> </u>			6
		(1)	an info	adn rmati	is not liable, civilly, criminally or under ninistrative process, for disclosing ion to an official if the person honestly on reasonable grounds—	7 8 9 10
			(a)	the i	information tends to show—	11
				(i)	another person has contravened this Act, the <i>Powers of Attorney Act 1998</i> or the <i>Public Guardian Act 2014</i> ; or	12 13 14
				(ii)	an adult is, or has been, the subject of neglect (including self-neglect), exploitation or abuse; or	15 16 17
			(b)	the asse that	information would help in the essment or investigation of a complaint	18 19 20
				(i)	another person has contravened this Act, the <i>Powers of Attorney Act 1998</i> or the <i>Public Guardian Act 2014</i> ; or	21 22 23
				(ii)	an adult is, or has been, the subject of neglect (including self-neglect), exploitation or abuse.	24 25 26
	(2)	Section 247	7(4),	defini	tion official, paragraph (d)—	27
		omit, insert	·			28
		(d)			appointed under the <i>Public Guardian Act</i> etion 109 as—	29 30
			(i)	a co	mmunity visitor (adult); or	31

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		(ii) a community visitor (adult) and a community visitor (child).	1 2
Clause 40	Insertion of ne	ew ss 247A-247C	3
	After section	on 247—	4
	insert—		5
	247ARe	prisal and grounds for reprisal	6
	(1)	A person must not cause, or attempt or conspire to cause, detriment to another person because, or in the belief that, the other person or someone else has disclosed or intends to disclose information under section 247(1).	7 8 9 10 11
	(2)	An attempt to cause detriment includes an attempt to induce a person to cause detriment.	12 13
	(3)	A contravention of subsection (1) is a reprisal or the taking of a reprisal.	14 15
	(4)	A ground mentioned in subsection (1) as the ground for a reprisal is the unlawful ground for the reprisal.	16 17 18
	(5)	For the contravention mentioned in subsection (3) to happen, it is sufficient if the unlawful ground is a substantial ground for the act or omission that is the reprisal, even if there is another ground for the act or omission.	19 20 21 22 23
	247BOf	fence of taking reprisal	24
	(1)	A person must not take a reprisal.	25
		Maximum penalty—167 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.	26 27
	(2)	An offence against subsection (1) is an indictable offence that is a misdemeanour.	28 29

247CDa	mages for reprisal	1
(1)	A reprisal is a tort and a person who takes a reprisal is liable in damages to any person who suffers detriment as a result.	2 3 4
(2)	Any appropriate remedy that may be granted by a court for a tort, including exemplary damages, may be granted by a court for the taking of a reprisal.	5 6 7 8
(3)	If the claim for damages goes to trial in the Supreme Court or the District Court, it must be decided by a judge sitting without a jury.	9 10 11
(4)	The right of a person to bring proceedings for damages under this section does not affect any other right or remedy available to the person arising from the reprisal.	12 13 14 15
(5)	Proceedings for damages may be brought under this section even if a prosecution in relation to the reprisal has not been brought, or can not be brought, for the offence under section 247B.	16 17 18 19
(6)	The Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003 does not apply to proceedings for damages brought under this section.	20 21 22
(7)	In this section—	23
	court means any court.	24
Insertion of ne	ew ch 11, pt 4A	25
Chapter 11-	<u> </u>	26
insert—		27
Part 4	A Miscellaneous	28
	idelines to assist in assessments of pacity	29 30
(1)	The Minister is to prepare guidelines to assist	31

	persons required to make assessments about the capacity of adults to make decisions about matters to make the assessments.	1 2 3
(2)	The guidelines are to include—	4
	(a) principles to be applied in making assessments about the capacity of adults to make decisions about matters; and	5 6 7
	(b) information and advice that will give practicable guidance for making the assessments.	8 9 10
(3)	In preparing the guidelines the Minister must consult with persons who have qualifications relevant to, or experience in, making assessments about the capacity of adults to make decisions about matters.	11 12 13 14 15
(4)	The guidelines are to be published on the department's website.	16 17
(5)	The Minister is to review the guidelines at least every 5 years.	18 19
	elegation of public trustee's powers under	20 21
(1)	If the public trustee has power under this Act for a financial matter for an adult, the public trustee may delegate the power to—	22 23 24
	(a) an appropriately qualified member of the public trustee's staff; or	25 26
	(b) for day-to-day decisions about the matter—	27
	(i) an appropriately qualified carer of the adult; or	28 29
	(ii) an attorney under an enduring document; or	30 31
	(iii) a person who would be eligible to be the adult's statutory health attorney; or	32

	(iv) another person the public trustee considers appropriately qualified to exercise the power.	1 2 3
(2)	However, the public trustee may not delegate the public trustee's powers mentioned in subsection (1)(b) to—	4 5 6
	(a) the public guardian; or	7
	(b) a paid carer for the adult.	8
(3)	In this section—	9
	day-to-day decisions, for a financial matter for an adult, means minor, uncontroversial decisions about day-to-day issues that involve no more than a low risk to the adult.	10 11 12 13
250BPro	oceedings for indictable offences	14
(1)	Subject to subsection (2), a charge of an indictable offence against this Act must be heard and decided summarily.	15 16 17
(2)	A Magistrates Court must abstain from dealing summarily with a charge mentioned in subsection (1) if satisfied, on an application made by the prosecution or the defence, that because of exceptional circumstances the charge should not be heard and decided summarily.	18 19 20 21 22 23
(3)	If subsection (2) applies to a Magistrates Court—	24
	(a) the court must stop treating the proceeding as a proceeding to hear and decide the charge summarily and start treating the proceeding as a committal proceeding; and	25 26 27 28
	(b) the defendant's plea at the start of the hearing must be disregarded; and	29 30
	(c) the evidence already heard by the court must be taken to be evidence in the committal proceeding; and	31 32 33

5 42	s	42
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	(d)	to avoid any doubt, it is declared that the <i>Justices Act 1886</i> , section 104 must be complied with for the committal proceeding.	1 2 3 4
Clause 42	Insertion of new c	h 12, pt 12	5
	Chapter 12—		6
	insert—		7
	Part 12	Transitional and validation provisions for Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2017	8 9 10 11 12 13
	270 Definition	on for part	14
	In t	his part—	15
	Adn	endment Act means the Guardianship and ninistration and Other Legislation endment Act 2017.	16 17 18
	271 Obligat	ion of registrar of titles	19
	Sec the adv	tions 21(2), 27(3) and 32A(3), as amended by amendment Act, apply only in relation to an ice received by the registrar after the imencement.	20 21 22 23
	272 Applica	tion of ss 60A–60C	24
	Sec	tions 60A to 60C apply—	25
	(a)	in relation to the will of an adult who dies after the commencement; and	26 27

s	43]

	[3 +0]	
	(b) regardless of whether the sale, mortgage, charge, disposition of, or other dealing with, property by the administrator happened before or after the commencement.	1 2 3 4
273 Vali	idation of delegation	5
(1)	This section applies to a delegation by the public trustee of a power of a type described in, and to a person mentioned in, section 250A before the commencement.	6 7 8 9
(2)	The delegation is taken to be, and always to have been, as valid and effective as it would have been if it were made after the commencement of section 250A.	10 11 12 13
274 Exi	sting proceedings	14
(1)	This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, a proceeding under this Act had been started but not finished.	15 16 17
(2)	The proceeding is to continue as if the amendment Act had not been enacted.	18 19
Omission of s	ch 1 (Principles)	20
Schedule 1-	<u> </u>	21
omit.		22
Amendment o	f sch 2, s 2 (Personal matter)	23
Schedule 2,	, section 2—	24
insert—		25
	(l) who may have access visits to, or other	26

[s 4	5]
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		(m) advocacy relating to the care and welfare of the adult.
Clause	45	Amendment of sch 2, s 3 (Special personal matter)
		Schedule 2, section 3— 4
		insert— 5
		(j) entering a plea on a criminal charge for the adult.
Clause	46	Omission of sch 2, s 13 (Approved clinical research) 8
		Schedule 2, section 13— 9
		omit. 10
Clause	47	Amendment of sch 4 (Dictionary)
		1) Schedule 4, definitions <i>community visitor</i> , <i>health care principle</i> and <i>interested person</i> —
		omit. 14
		2) Schedule 4— 15
		insert— 16
		health care principles see section 11C.
		interested person, for another person, means a person who has a sufficient and genuine concern for the rights and interests of the other person.
		3) Schedule 4, definition <i>approved clinical research</i> , 'schedule 2, section 13'— 22
		omit, insert— 23
		section 74B 24
		4) Schedule 4, definition <i>capacity</i> — 25
		insert— 26

			Note—	1
			Under section 146(3) in deciding whether an individual is capable of communicating decisions in some way the tribunal must investigate the use of all reasonable ways of facilitating communication, which may include symbol boards or signing.	2 3 4 5 6
		(5)	Schedule 4, definition <i>clinical research</i> , 'schedule 2, section 13(1)'—	7 8
			omit, insert—	9
			section 74A	10
		(6)	Schedule 4, definition <i>general principles</i> , 'schedule 1, part 1'—	11 12
			omit, insert—	13
			section 11B	14
	Part	4	Amendment of Integrity Act	15
		-	2009	16
Clause	48		——————————————————————————————————————	16
Clause	48		2009	
Clause Clause	48	Act	2009 amended	16 17
		Act	2009  t amended  This part amends the <i>Integrity Act 2009</i> .	16 17 18
		Act	2009  t amended  This part amends the <i>Integrity Act 2009</i> .  tendment of s 7 (Functions of integrity commissioner)	16 17 18
		Act	2009  t amended This part amends the <i>Integrity Act 2009</i> .  tendment of s 7 (Functions of integrity commissioner) Section 7(1)(a), after 'designated person'—	16 17 18 19 20
		Act	2009  a amended  This part amends the <i>Integrity Act 2009</i> .  sendment of s 7 (Functions of integrity commissioner)  Section 7(1)(a), after 'designated person'—  insert—	16 17 18 19 20 21
Clause	49	Act	amended This part amends the <i>Integrity Act 2009</i> .  sendment of s 7 (Functions of integrity commissioner) Section 7(1)(a), after 'designated person'— insert— or former designated person	16 17 18 19 20 21 22
Clause	49	Am	amended This part amends the Integrity Act 2009.  The part amends the Integrit	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

[s 51	]
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	(2)	Section 15(	2), 't	o 20'—	1
		omit, insert	·		2
			to 2	0A	3
	(3)	Section 15(	(3)—		4
		omit.			5
	(4)	Section 15(	6), 's	section 16'—	6
		omit, insert			7
			sect	ions 16 and 20A	8
	(5)	Section 15(	7)—		9
		omit.			10
	(6)	Section 15(	4) to	(6)—	11
		renumber a	s sec	tion 15(3) to (5).	12
lause 51	Ins	ertion of ne	ew s	20A	13
		After section	n 20	<u> </u>	14
		insert—			15
		20A Red	ques	t by former designated person	16
		(1)	pers com issu	hin 2 years after ceasing to be a designated son, a person may ask for the integrity missioner's advice on an ethics or integrity e involving the person that arises from a t-separation obligation.	17 18 19 20 21
		(2)	In t	his section—	22
			pos	t-separation obligation means—	23
			(a)	an obligation (including an obligation under an Act, contract of employment, directive, policy or code of conduct) that—	24 25 26
				(i) applies to the person because the person was, but is no longer, a designated person; and	27 28 29

s	52]
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					[5 52]	
				(ii)	relates to contact with a government representative or Opposition representative; or	1 2 3
			(b)		obligation applying to the person under ion 70.	4 5
Clause	52	Amendment o	f s 21	(A	dvice)	6
		Section 21-	_			7
		insert—				8
		(5)	In th	is se	ction—	9
			_	the	ed person includes a person who may ask integrity commissioner's advice under 0A.	10 11 12
Clause	53	Amendment o	f s 25	5 (D	efinitions for division)	13
					a relevant document, paragraph (a), 'and ection 15(3)'—	14 15
		omit.				16
Clause	54	Amendment o	f s 26	<b>(D</b> i	sclosure)	17
		Section 26(	(1), aft	er 'c	lesignated person'—	18
		insert—				19
			or fo	rme	r designated person	20
	Part	5	Am	en	dment of Powers of	21
					ey Act 1998	22
Clause	55	Act amended				23
		This part an	nends	the	Powers of Attorney Act 1998	24

	Note—				1
	See	also the ame	ndmei	nt in schedule 1.	2
lause	56 Insertion	of new cl	ո 1A		3
	After	section 6B			4
	insert-	_			5
	Cł	napter	1/	A Principles	6
	6C	General	prir	nciples	7
		belo that	w m perf	reciples (the <i>general principles</i> ) set out ust be applied by a person or other entity forms a function or exercises a power as Act or an enduring document—	8 9 10 11
		Gen	eral	principles	12
		1	Pre	sumption of capacity	13
			An mat	adult is presumed to have capacity for a ter.	14 15
		2		ne human rights and fundamental edoms	16 17
			(1)	An adult's inherent dignity and worth, and equal and inalienable rights, must be recognised and taken into account.	18 19 20
			(2)	The rights of all adults to the same human rights and fundamental freedoms, regardless of a particular adult's capacity, must be recognised and taken into account.	21 22 23 24 25
			(3)	The principles on which an adult's human rights and fundamental freedoms are based, and that should inform the way those rights and	26 27 28

		doms are taken into account, ude—	2
	(a)	respect for inherent dignity and worth, individual autonomy (including the freedom to make one's own choices) and independence of persons; and	3 4 5 6 7
	(b)	non-discrimination; and	8
	(c)	full and effective participation and inclusion in society, including performing roles valued by society; and	9 10 11 12
	(d)	respect for difference and acceptance of persons with impaired capacity as part of human diversity and humanity; and	13 14 15 16 17
	(e)	equality of opportunity; and	18
	(f)	accessibility; and	19
	(g)	equality between all persons regardless of gender.	20 21
	_	ering adult to exercise human and fundamental freedoms	22 23
	_	ortance of the following matters taken into account—	24 25
(a)	adu	owering an adult to exercise the lt's human rights and fundamental doms;	26 27 28
(b)	) enco	ouraging and supporting an adult—	29
	(i)	to perform social roles valued in society; and	30 31
	(ii)	to live a life in the general community and to take part in	32 33

		activities enjoyed by the community; and	1 2
		(iii) to achieve maximum physical, social, emotional and intellectual potential and to become as self-reliant as practicable;	3 4 5 6
	(c)	an adult's right to participate to the greatest extent practicable in the development of policies, programs and services for people with impaired capacity for a matter.	7 8 9 10 11
4		intenance of adult's existing portive relationships	12 13
	(1)	The importance of maintaining an adult's existing supportive relationships must be taken into account.	14 15 16 17
	(2)	Maintaining an adult's existing supportive relationships may, for example, involve consultation with—	18 19 20
		(a) the adult, to find out who are the members of the adult's support network; and	21 22 23
		(b) any persons who have an existing supportive relationship with the adult; and	24 25 26
		(c) any members of the adult's support network who are making decisions for the adult on an informal basis.	27 28 29 30
	(3)	The role of families, carers and other significant persons in an adult's life to support the adult to make decisions should be acknowledged and respected	31 32 33

5

5		intenance of adult's cultural and juistic environment and values	1 2
	(1)	The importance of maintaining an adult's cultural and linguistic environment and set of values, including religious beliefs, must be taken into account.	3 4 5 6 7
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), for an adult who is an Aboriginal person or a Torres Strait Islander, the importance of maintaining the adult's Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultural and linguistic environment and set of values, including Aboriginal tradition or Island custom, must be taken into account.	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
6	Res	pect for privacy	17
	(1)	An adult's privacy must be taken into account and respected.	18 19
	(2)	An adult's personal information, including health information, must be protected on the same basis as other people's personal information is protected.	20 21 22 23 24
7	Lib	erty and security	25
	(1)	An adult's right to liberty and security on an equal basis with others must be taken into account.	26 27 28
	(2)	An adult should not be deprived of the adult's liberty except in accordance with the law.	29 30 31
8		ximising an adult's participation in ision-making	32 33
	(1)	An adult's right to participate, to the greatest extent practicable, in decisions	34 35

Maintenance of adult's cultural and

	affecting the adult's life must be recognised and taken into account.	1 2
(2)	An adult must be given the support and access to information necessary to enable the adult to make or participate in decisions affecting the adult's life.	3 4 5 6
(3)	An adult must be given the support necessary to enable the adult to communicate the adult's decisions.	7 8 9
(4)	To the greatest extent practicable, a person or other entity, in exercising power for a matter for an adult, must seek the adult's views, wishes and preferences.	10 11 12 13 14
(5)	An adult's views, wishes and preferences may be expressed orally, in writing or in another way, including, for example, by conduct.	15 16 17 18
(6)	An adult is not to be treated as unable to make a decision about a matter unless all practicable steps have been taken to provide the adult with the support and access to information necessary to make and communicate a decision.	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
9 Per pow	formance of functions and exercise of vers	26 27
fund Act	person or other entity in performing a etion or exercising a power under this in relation to an adult, or under an uring document for an adult, must do	28 29 30 31 32
(a)	in a way that promotes and safeguards the adult's rights, interests and opportunities; and	33 34 35

10

(b)	in the way that is least restrictive of the adult's rights, interests and opportunities.	1 2 3
Stru	ctured decision-making	4
(1)	In applying general principle 9, a person or other entity in performing a function or exercising a power under this Act in relation to an adult, or under an enduring document for an adult, must adopt the approach set out in subsections (2) to (5).	5 6 7 8 9 10
(2)	First, the person or other entity must—	12
	(a) recognise and preserve, to the greatest extent practicable, the adult's right to make the adult's own decision; and	13 14 15 16
	(b) if possible, support the adult to make a decision.	17 18
(3)	Second, the person or other entity must recognise and take into account any views, wishes and preferences expressed or demonstrated by the adult.	19 20 21 22
(4)	Third, if the adult's views, wishes and preferences can not be determined, the person or other entity must use the principle of substituted judgement so that if, from the adult's views, wishes and preferences, expressed or demonstrated when the adult had capacity, it is reasonably practicable to work out what the adult's views, wishes and preferences would be, the person or other entity must recognise and take into account what the person or other entity considers the adult's views, wishes and preferences would be.	23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37

	(5)	Fourth, once the person or other entity has recognised and taken into account the matters mentioned in subsections (2) to (4), the person or other entity may perform the function or exercise the power.	1 2 3 4 5 6
6D	Health care	principles	7
	below m	ciples (the <i>health care principles</i> ) set out ust be applied by a person or other entity forms a function or exercises a power is Act or an enduring document for a atter—	8 9 10 11 12
	Health c	are principles	13
	1 <b>Ap</b>	plication of general principles	14
	fund or a in r	person or other entity that performs a ction or exercises a power under this Act, in enduring document, for a health matter elation to an adult, must also apply the eral principles.	15 16 17 18 19
		ne human rights and fundamental edoms	20 21
		applying general principle 2 to a health ter—	22 23
	(a)	the principle of non-discrimination requires that all adults be offered appropriate health care, including preventative care, without regard to a particular adult's capacity; and	24 25 26 27 28
	(b)	any consent to, or refusal of, health care for an adult must take into account the principles of respect for inherent dignity and worth, individual autonomy (including the freedom to	29 30 31 32

	make one's own choices) and independence of persons.	1 2
3	Performance of functions and exercise of powers	3 4
	In applying general principles 9 and 10 to a health matter, a person or other entity, in performing a function or exercising a power under this Act, must take into account—	5 6 7 8
	(a) information given by the adult's health provider; and	9 10
	(b) if the adult has a medical condition—	11
	(i) the nature of the adult's medical condition; and	12 13
	(ii) the adult's prognosis; and	14
	(c) if particular health care is proposed, any alternative health care that is available; and	15 16 17
	(d) the nature and degree of any significant risks associated with the proposed health care or any alternative health care; and	18 19 20 21
	(e) whether the proposed health care can be postponed because a better health care option may become available or the adult is likely to become capable of making the adult's own decision about the health care; and	22 23 24 25 26 27
	(f) the consequences for the adult if the proposed health care is not carried out; and	28 29 30
	(g) a consideration of the benefits versus the burdens of the proposed health care; and	31 32 33

			(n)	on the adult's dignity and autonomy.	2
		4	Sub	ostituted judgement	3
			hea adu	applying general principle 10(4) to a lth matter, the views and wishes of an lt expressed when the adult had capacity also be expressed—	4 5 6 7
			(a)	in an advance health directive; or	8
			(b)	by a consent to, or refusal of, health care given at a time when the adult had capacity to make decisions about the health care.	9 10 11 12
Clause 5			•	eaning of <i>eligible attorney</i> )	13
	(1)	Section 29(1)(a	ı) to (d	1)—	14
		omit, insert—			15
		(a)	a pe	erson who—	16
			(i)	has capacity for the matter and is at least 18 years; and	17 18
			(ii)	is not, and has not been within the previous 3 years, a paid carer for the principal; and	19 20 21
			Note	<u></u>	22
			S	ee schedule 3 for the definition <i>paid carer</i> .	23
			(iii)	is not a health provider for the principal; and	24 25
			Note	? <u> </u>	26
			S	ee schedule 3 for the definition <i>health provider</i> .	27
			(iv)	is not a service provider for a residential service where the principal is a resident; and	28 29 30
			(v)	if the person would be given power for a financial matter—is not bankrupt or	31 32

	taking advantage of the laws of bankruptcy as a debtor under the <i>Bankruptcy Act 1966</i> (Cwlth) or a similar law of a foreign jurisdiction; or	1 2 3 4
(b)	for a financial matter only—	5
	(i) the public trustee; or	6
	(ii) a trustee company under the <i>Trustee</i> Companies Act 1968; or	7 8
(c)	for a personal matter only—the public guardian.	9 10
(2) Section 29(2)(a)	to (c)—	11
omit, insert—		12
(a)	a person who has capacity for the matter who is—	13 14
	(i) at least 18 years; and	15
	(ii) not a paid carer, or health provider, for the principal; and	16 17
	Note—	18
	See schedule 3 for the definitions <i>paid carer</i> and <i>health provider</i> .	19 20
	(iii) not a service provider for a residential service where the principal is a resident; or	21 22 23
(b)	the public guardian.	24
	4.44	
	1 (Meaning of <i>eligible witness</i> )	25
	, 'at least 21 years and'—	26
omit.		27
Amendment of s 3	2 (Enduring powers of attorney)	28
Section 32—		29

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		insert—	1
		(3) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an enduring power of attorney may be made by an adult principal who is outside the State.	2 3 4
Clause	60	Amendment of s 34 (Recognition of enduring power of attorney made in other States)	5
		(1) Section 34, heading, 'States'—	7
		omit, insert—	8
		jurisdictions	9
		(2) Section 34, 'State'—	10
		omit, insert—	11
		jurisdiction	12
Clause	61	Amendment of s 35 (Advance health directives)	13
		Section 35—	14
		insert—	15
		(5) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an advance health directive may be made by an adult principal who is outside the State.	16 17 18
Clause	62	Amendment of s 41 (Principal's capacity to make an enduring power of attorney)	19 20
		(1) Section 41(1)—	21
		omit, insert—	22
		(1) A principal has capacity to make an enduring power of attorney only if the principal—	23 24
		(a) is capable of making the enduring power of attorney freely and voluntarily; and	25 26
		(b) understands the nature and effect of the enduring power of attorney.	27 28

ſs	631

		Note— Under the general principles, an adult is presumed to have capacity. See section 6C, general principle 1.	1 2 3
	(2) Section	n 41	4
	insert-	_	5
		(3) For this section, schedule 3, definition <i>capacity</i> does not apply.	6 7
Clause 63		ent of s 42 (Principal's capacity to make an ealth directive)	8
	Section	n 42—	10
	omit, i	isert—	11
	42	Principal's capacity to make an advance health directive	12 13
		(1) A principal has capacity to make an advance health directive, to the extent it does not give power to an attorney, only if the principal—	14 15 16
		(a) understands the nature and effect of the advance health directive; and	17 18
		(b) is capable of making the advance health directive freely and voluntarily.	19 20
		Note—	21
		Under the general principles, an adult is presumed to have capacity. See section 6C, general principle 1.	22 23
		(2) Understanding the nature and effect of the advance health directive includes understanding the following matters—	24 25 26
		(a) the nature and likely effects of each direction in the advance health directive;	27 28
		(b) a direction operates only while the principal has impaired capacity for the matter covered by the direction;	29 30 31

ſs	64

			(c)	the principal may revoke a direction at any time the principal has capacity for the matter covered by the direction;	1 2 3
			(d)	at any time the principal is not capable of revoking a direction, the principal is unable to effectively oversee the implementation of the direction.	4 5 6 7
			Note	_	8
			ac ev	there is a reasonable likelihood of doubt, it is dvisable for the witness to make a written record of the widence as a result of which the witness considered the rincipal understood these matters.	9 10 11 12
		(3)	heal atto nece givi		13 14 15 16 17 18
				ee section 41 in relation to the capacity of a principal make an enduring power of attorney.	19 20
		(4)		this section, schedule 3, definition <i>capacity</i> s not apply.	21 22
Clause	64	Amendment o attorneys)	fs4	3 (Appointment of 1 or more eligible	23 24
		Section 43-	_		25
		insert—			26
		(3)	4 jo	wever, a principal may not appoint more than int attorneys for a matter under an enduring ver of attorney.	27 28 29
Clause	65	Amendment o	fs4	5 (Proof of enduring document)	30
		(1) Section 45(		,	31
		omit, insert			32

		(2) The copy must be certified true and complete copy of	
		(2) Section 45(4) to (6)—	3
		renumber as section 45(3) to (5).	2
Clause	66	Insertion of new ss 61A-61D	5
		Chapter 3, part 6—	$\epsilon$
		insert—	7
		61A Application of ss 61B–61D	8
		Sections 61B to 61D apply enduring power of attorney	•
		61B Effect on beneficiary's inter dealt with by attorney	rest if property
		(1) This section applies to beneficiary ( <i>the beneficia</i> principal's will.	<u> </u>
		(2) The beneficiary has the surplus money or other praising from a sale, mortgated of, or other dealing with powers given to an attorn power of attorney as the behad in the property sold, disposed of or otherwise mortgage, charge, disposition not happened.	roperty ( <i>the proceeds</i> ) age, charge, disposition and, property under the diey under an enduring deneficiary would have a mortgaged, charged, dealt with, if the sale,
		(3) The beneficiary is also enti	itled to—
			property that is able to ne generated by the
		(b) any capital gain that proceeds.	is generated from the

(4)	This section applies even if the beneficiary is the attorney who sold, mortgaged, charged, disposed of or otherwise dealt with the property.	1 2 3
(5)	This section applies subject to any order made by the court under section 61D(1).	4 5
	orney not required to keep proceeds and perty separate	6 7
	Section 61B does not require an attorney for a principal who has sold, mortgaged, charged, disposed of, or otherwise dealt with, the principal's property under the powers given to the attorney, to keep any surplus money or other property arising from the sale, mortgage, charge, disposition or other dealing separate from other property of the principal.	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
	plication to court to confirm or vary eration of s 61B	16 17
(1)	An application may be made to the court for—	18
	(a) an order, including an order to direct a conveyance, deed or other thing to be executed or done, to give effect to section 61B; or	19 20 21 22
	(b) an order to ensure a beneficiary under the principal's will does not gain an unjust and disproportionate advantage or suffer an unjust and disproportionate disadvantage of a kind not contemplated by the will because of the operation of section 61B.	23 24 25 26 27 28
(2)	An application may be made by—	29
		20
	(a) a beneficiary under the principal's will; or	30

		(c) the personal representative of the principal.	1
	(3)	An order made under subsection (1)(b)—	2
		(a) has effect as if it had been made as a codicil to the principal's will executed immediately before the principal's death; and	3 4 5
		(b) applies despite any contrary operation of section 61B.	6 7
	(4)	An application under this section must be made to the court within 6 months after the principal's death.	8 9 10
	(5)	The court may extend the application time.	11
	(6)	The Succession Act 1981, section 44(1) to (4) applies to an application and an order made on it as if the application were an application under part 4 of that Act by a person entitled to make an application.	12 13 14 15 16
	(7)	Despite section 109A, a reference in this section to the court does not include a reference to the tribunal.	17 18 19
Am	endment o	f s 63 (Who is the statutory health attorney)	20
(1)		(1)(a), before 'a spouse'—	21
( )	insert—	1	22
		a person who is 18 years or more and who is	23
(2)	Section 63(	•	24
(-)	insert—		25
		Note—	26
		See the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , schedule 1 for the definition <i>spouse</i> .	27 28
(3)	Section 63 adult'—	(1)(b) and (c), 'and is not a paid carer for the	29 30
	omit, insert	· <u> </u>	31

[s 68]
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		and is not—					
		(i)	a paid carer for the adult; or	2			
		(ii)	a health provider for the adult; or	3			
		(iii)	a service provider for a residential service where the adult is a resident	4 5			
(4)	Section 63-			6			
	insert—			7			
	(5)	(5) For subsection (1)(c), a <i>relation</i> of the adult is a person, other than a person mentioned in subsection (1)(a) or (b)—					
		the	o has a close personal relationship with adult and a personal interest in the alt's welfare; and	11 12 13			
		(b) wh	0—	14			
		(i)	is related to the adult by blood, spousal relationship, adoption or a foster relationship; or	15 16 17			
		(ii)	for an Aboriginal person—is a person who, under Aboriginal tradition, is regarded as a relative of the adult; or	18 19 20			
		(iii)	) for a Torres Strait Islander—is a person who, under Island custom, is regarded as a relative of the adult.	21 22 23			
Am	endment o	of s 73 (A	void conflict transaction)	24			
(1)	Section 73(	(1), 'autho	orises'—	25			
omit, insert—							
		has auth	orised	27			
(2)	Section 73-			28			
	insert—			29			
	(1A)	Despite	subsection (1), if an attorney enters into a	30			

	(1B)	conflict transaction without obtaining authorisation under subsection (1) for the transaction, a conflict transaction of that type or conflict transactions generally, the principal may retrospectively authorise the transaction if the principal has capacity to do so.						
		If a principal retrospectively authorises a conflict transaction, the transaction is taken to be as valid as if it had been entered into under an authorisation given by the principal before the attorney entered into the transaction.						
		Note—						
		atto not	der section 118(2) the court may authorise an orney to undertake a transaction that the attorney is a otherwise authorised to undertake or may not berwise be authorised to undertake.	13 14 15 16				
(3)	Section 73(2), example 2—							
	nple 6.	18						
(4)	Section 73(	2), exa	amples—	19				
	insert—			20				
		2	A conflict transaction happens if an attorney for a financial matter lends the principal's money to a close friend of the attorney.	21 22 23				
		3	A conflict transaction happens if an attorney for a financial matter rents the principal's residential property to the attorney or a relative of the attorney.	24 25 26				
		4	A conflict transaction happens if an attorney for a financial matter uses the principal's money to pay the personal expenses of the attorney, including, for example, the attorney's personal travel expenses.	27 28 29 30				
		5	A conflict transaction happens if an attorney for a financial matter buys the principal's house.	31 32				
(5)	Section 73(	(3)—		33				
	omit, insert—							
	(3) However, a transaction is not a conflict transaction merely because—							

			(a)	the	attorney is related to the principal; or	1		
			(b)		attorney may be a beneficiary of the ncipal's estate on the principal's death; or	2 3		
			(c)	atto	the transaction the attorney, in the orney's own right and on behalf of the ncipal—	4 5 6		
				(i)	deals with an interest in property jointly held; or	7 8		
				(ii)	acquires a joint interest in property; or	9		
				(iii)	obtains a loan or gives a guarantee or indemnity in relation to a transaction mentioned in subparagraph (i) or (ii).	10 11 12		
		(3A	mal	king	remove any doubt, it is declared that the of a gift or donation under section 88 is inflict transaction.	13 14 15		
		(3B	pers beli in	son v leve, favo	ct transaction between an attorney and a who does not know, or have reason to the transaction is a conflict transaction is, ar of the person, as valid as if the on were not a conflict transaction.	16 17 18 19 20		
		(6) Section 7	73(1A)	(1A) to (4)—				
		renumbe	r as sec	section 73(2) to (8).				
Clause	69	Omission of s 76 (General principles for adults with impaired capacity)						
		Section 7	76—			25		
		omit.						
Clause	70	Replacemer	nt of s	88 (0	Gifts)	27		
		Section 8	38—			28		
		omit, ins	ert—			29		

	88 G	fts and donations	1
	(1)	Unless otherwise authorised under this Act, an attorney for a principal may give away or donate the principal's property only if—	2 3 4
		(a) the gift or donation is—	5
		(i) of the nature the principal made when the principal had capacity; or	6 7
		(ii) of the nature the principal might reasonably be expected to make; and	8 9
		(b) the value of the gift or donation is not more than what is reasonable having regard to all the circumstances and, in particular, the principal's financial circumstances.	10 11 12 13
	(2)	The attorney, or a charity with which the attorney has a connection, is not precluded from receiving a gift or donation under subsection (1).	14 15 16
lause 71	Replacemen	of s 96 (Interpretation)	17
lause 71	Replacemen Section 9	` '	17 18
clause 71	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	
lause 71	Section 9 omit, inse	<u> </u>	18
lause 71	Section 9 omit, inse	5— rt—	18 19
clause 71	Section 9 omit, inse	5— rt— efinitions for part	18 19 20
clause 71	Section 9 omit, inse	ont— efinitions for part In this part—	18 19 20 21
clause 71	Section 9 omit, inse	efinitions for part In this part— invalidity—  (a) in relation to an advance health directive,	18 19 20 21 22 23

(b)		elation to a power under a document, ins invalidity because—	1 2
	(i)	the document was made in another jurisdiction in purported compliance with the requirements of the law of that other jurisdiction but does not comply with that jurisdiction's requirements; or	3 4 5 6 7
	(ii)	the document has been revoked wholly or to the extent it gives the power; or	8 9
	(iii)	the power is not exercisable at the time it is purportedly exercised.	10 11
kno	ow—		12
(a)		elation to the invalidity of an advance th directive, includes—	13 14
	(i)	know of the happening of an event that invalidates the directive; or	15 16
	(ii)	have reason to believe the directive is invalid; or	17 18
(b)		elation to the invalidity of a power under ocument, includes—	19 20
	(i)	know of the happening of an event that invalidates the power; or	21 22
	(ii)	have reason to believe the power is invalid.	23 24
Replacement of s invalidity in health		Additional protection if unaware of text)	25 26
Section 100—			27
omit, insert—			28
100 Addition health		rotection if unaware of invalidity in ext	29 30
		tion applies if a person, other than an in good faith and without knowing that	31 32

Clause 72

			mat dire ope dire <i>Note</i> S	ee section 36 in relation to the operation of a direction an advance health directive.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
		(2)	the of t	e person does not incur any liability, either to adult or anyone else, because of the invalidity he advance health directive or power or the perative direction.	9 10 11 12
Clause	73			02 (Protection of health provider ce health directive)	13 14
				er 'the health provider'—	15
		insert—	, ur	2 the health provider	16
		geri	, ac	ting in good faith,	17
Clause	74	Replacement of comply)	of s	106 (Compensation for failure to	18 19
		Section 106	<u></u>		20
		omit, insert			21
				nsation and accounting for profits for comply	22 23
		(1)	prin	court or tribunal may order an attorney for a acipal to pay an amount to the principal or, if principal has died, the principal's estate—	24 25 26
			(a)	to compensate for a loss caused by the attorney's failure to comply with this Act in the exercise of a power; or	27 28 29
			(b)	to account for any profits the attorney has accrued as a result of the attorney's failure	30 31

	to comply with this Act in the exercise of a power.	1 2
(2)	However, the court or tribunal may not order the attorney to make a payment under both subsection (1)(a) and (b) in relation to the same exercise of power.	3 4 5 6
(3)	Subsection (1) applies even if the attorney is convicted of an offence in relation to the attorney's failure.	7 8 9
(4)	Also, subsection (1) applies even if the attorney's appointment has ended.	10 11
(5)	If the principal or attorney has died, an application for an order under subsection (1) must be made to the court or tribunal within 6 months after the death.	12 13 14 15
(6)	If the principal and attorney have died, an application for an order under subsection (1) must be made to the court or tribunal within 6 months after the first death.	16 17 18 19
(7)	The court or tribunal may extend the application time.	20 21
(8)	An amount paid under an order under subsection (1) must be taken into account in assessing damages in a later civil proceeding in relation to the attorney's exercise of the power.	22 23 24 25
(9)	In this section—	26
	attorney means an attorney under—	27
	(a) a general power of attorney made under this Act; or	28 29
	(b) an enduring document; or	30
	(c) a power of attorney made otherwise than under this Act, whether before or after its commencement.	31 32 33
	court means any court.	34

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Clause	<b>75</b>	Insertion	n of new s 111A	1
		After	section 111—	2
		inser	<i>t</i> —	3
		11	1AApplication of presumption of capacity	4
			(1) If, in performing a function or exercising a power under this Act, the court or tribunal is required to make a decision about an adult's capacity for a matter, the court or tribunal is to presume the adult has capacity for the matter until the contrary is proven.	5 6 7 8 9
			(2) If a declaration by the court or tribunal that an adult has impaired capacity for a matter is in force, a person or other entity that performs a function or exercises a power under this Act is entitled to rely on the declaration to presume that the adult does not have capacity for the matter.	11 12 13 14 15
Clause	76		nent of s 118 (Advice, directions and endations etc.)	17 18
		` '	on 118(2), 'if the court considers it in the best interests of rincipal,'—	19 20
		omit.		21
		(2) Secti	on 118(2), after 'be authorised to undertake'—	22
		inser	<i>t</i> —	23
			, if the court is satisfied the transaction would be in accordance with the general principles	24 25
Clause	77	Amendm	nent of s 122 (Records and audit)	26
		(1) Secti	on 122, after 'court'—	27
		inser	<i>t</i> —	28
			or the tribunal	29
		(2) Secti	on 122—	30

[s	78]
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		insert—			1
		(4)	Thi	s section applies even if—	2
			(a)	the enduring power of attorney has been revoked; or	3 4
			(b)	the principal has died.	5
lause	78	Insertion of ne	ew s	160	6
		Chapter 8—	_		7
		insert—			8
			egat s Act	ion of public trustee's powers under	9 10
		(1)	a fi	ne public trustee has power under this Act for nancial matter for an adult, the public trustee of delegate the power to—	11 12 13
			(a)	an appropriately qualified member of the public trustee's staff; or	14 15
			(b)	for day-to-day decisions about the matter—	16
				(i) an appropriately qualified carer of the adult; or	17 18
				(ii) an attorney under an enduring document; or	19 20
				(iii) a person who would be eligible to be the adult's statutory health attorney; or	21 22
				(iv) another person the public trustee considers appropriately qualified to exercise the power.	23 24 25
		(2)	pub	vever, the public trustee may not delegate the lic trustee's powers mentioned in subsection b) to—	26 27 28
			(a)	the public guardian; or	29
			(b)	a paid carer for the adult.	30

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	;	In this section—  day-to-day decisions, for a financial matter for an adult, means minor, uncontroversial decisions about day-to-day issues that involve no more than a low risk to the adult.	1 2 3 4 5
Clause 79	Insertion of new Chapter 9— insert—	v ch 9, pt 4	6 7 8
	Part 4	Transitional and validation provisions for Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2017	9 10 11 12 13 14
	167 Defir	nitions for part	15
		In this part—	16
		amended, for a provision of this Act, means the provision as amended by the amendment Act.	17 18
		amendment Act means the Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2017.	19 20 21
		ting appointment—eligible attorney uring power of attorney)	22 23
	i	This section applies in relation to a person who, immediately before the commencement, held an appointment as an attorney for a matter under an enduring power of attorney if—	24 25 26 27

s	7	9

	(a) the person was an eligible attorney for the matter under section 29(1) as in force when the person was appointed; but	1 2 3
	(b) the person would not be an eligible attorney for the matter under amended section 29(1).	4 5
(2)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that amended section 29(1) does not affect the person's appointment.	6 7 8
169 Exi (ad	isting appointment—eligible attorney lvance health directive)	9 10
(1)	This section applies in relation to a person who, immediately before the commencement, held an appointment as an attorney for a matter under an advance health directive if—	11 12 13 14
	(a) the person was an eligible attorney for the matter under section 29(2) as in force when the person was appointed; but	15 16 17
	(b) the person would not be an eligible attorney for the matter under amended section 29(2).	18 19
(2)	On the commencement, the advance health directive is revoked to the extent it gives power to the attorney.	20 21 22
	isting appointment—more than 4 joint orneys (enduring power of attorney)	23 24
(1)	This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, more than 4 persons were joint attorneys for a matter under an enduring power of attorney.	25 26 27 28
(2)	Section 43(3), as inserted by the amendment Act, does not apply to the enduring power of attorney in relation to that matter.	29 30 31

171 Exi	sting certified copy of enduring document	1
(1)	This section applies to a copy of an enduring document certified under section 45 before the commencement as a copy of the enduring document.	2 3 4 5
(2)	Section 45 as in force immediately before the commencement continues to apply to the copy.	6 7
172 Ap	plication of ss 61A–61D	8
	Sections 61A to 61D apply—	9
	(a) in relation to the will of a principal who dies after the commencement; and	10 11
	(b) regardless of whether the sale, mortgage, charge, disposition of, or other dealing with, property by the attorney happened before or after the commencement.	12 13 14 15
173 Val	idation of delegation	16
(1)	This section applies to a delegation of a power by the public trustee of a type described in, and to a person mentioned in, section 160 before the commencement.	17 18 19 20
(2)	The delegation is taken to be, and always to have been, as valid and effective as it would have been if it were made after the commencement of section 160.	21 22 23 24
174 End	during documents started	25
(1)	This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, the preparation of an enduring document had been started but not finished.	26 27 28
(2)	This Act, as amended by the amendment Act, applies to the preparation of the enduring document.	29 30 31

[s 80]	
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		175 Exi	isting	proceedings	1
		(1)	com	section applies if, immediately before the mencement, a proceeding under this Act had a started but not finished.	2 3 4
		(2)		proceeding is to continue as if the amendment had not been enacted.	5 6
Clause	80	Omission of s	ch 1	(Principles)	7
		Schedule 1			8
		omit.			9
Clause	81	Amendment o	of sch	2, s 2 (Personal matter)	10
		Schedule 2	, secti	on 2—	11
		insert—			12
			(j)	who may have access visits to, or other contact with, the principal;	13 14
			(k)	advocacy relating to the care and welfare of the principal.	15 16
Clause	82	Amendment o	of sch	2, s 3 (Special personal matter)	17
		Schedule 2	, secti	on 3—	18
		insert—			19
			(j)	entering a plea on a criminal charge for the principal.	20 21
Clause	83	Amendment o	of sch	2, s 13 (Approved clinical research)	22
		(1) Schedule 2	, secti	on 13(1)(b), 'drugs'—	23
		omit, insert	t		24
			drug	s, devices, biologicals	25
		(2) Schedule 2	, secti	on 13(2), 'schedule 2, section 13'—	26

s	84]	

		omit, insert—		1
		se	ection 74C	2
Clause 84	l Am	endment of s	ch 3 (Dictionary)	3
	(1)	Schedule 3, de person—	efinitions health care principle and interested	4 5
		omit.		6
	(2)	Schedule 3—		7
		insert—		8
		he	ealth care principles see section 6D.	9
		pe	terested person, for another person, means a erson who has a sufficient and genuine concern or the rights and interests of the other person.	10 11 12
		ju	risdiction means—	13
		(a	) another State; or	14
		(b	) New Zealand.	15
			<i>apport network</i> , for an adult, consists of the allowing people—	16 17
		(a	) members of the adult's family;	18
		(b	close friends of the adult;	19
		(c	other people the tribunal decides provide support to the adult.	20 21
	(3)	Schedule 3, de	finition capacity—	22
		insert—		23
		No	ote—	24
			Under the <i>Guardianship and Administration Act 2000</i> , section 146(3), in deciding whether an individual is capable of communicating decisions in some way, the tribunal must investigate the use of all reasonable ways of facilitating communication, which may include symbol boards or signing.	25 26 27 28 29 30

[s	85]
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		(4)	Schedule 3	, def	inition general principles, 'schedule 1, part	1 2
			omit, insert	<u> </u>		3
				sect	ion 6C	4
	Part	6			nendment of Public Guardian t 2014	5 6
lause	85	Act	amended			7
			This part ar	nend	s the <i>Public Guardian Act 2014</i> .	8
			Note—			9
			See also th	e ame	ndments in schedule 1.	10
lause	86		endment o		(Principles for adults with impaired ter)	11 12
			Section 6(1	)—		13
			omit, insert			14
			(1)	perf this	principles to be applied by persons forming functions or exercising powers under Act for a matter in relation to an adult with aired capacity for the matter are—	15 16 17 18
				(a)	the general principles stated in the Guardianship Act, section 11B (the <i>general principles</i> ); and	19 20 21
				(b)	for a health matter—the general principles and the health care principles stated in the Guardianship Act, section 11C (the <i>health care principles</i> ).	22 23 24 25
lause	87	Am	endment o	fs1	9 (Investigate complaints)	26
			Section 19-			27

s	88

		insert—	1
			2
		or allegation even after an adult's death.	3
Clause	88	Amendment of s 21 (Records and audit)	4
		(1) Section 21—	5
		insert—	6
		(4A) This section applies even after an adult's death.	7
		(2) Section 21(4A) and (5)—	8
		renumber as section 21(5) and (6).	9
Clause	89	Amendment of s 22 (Right to information)	10
		(1) Section 22(5)(a), after 'information'—	11
		insert—	12
		, including a person's personal information	13
		(2) Section 22(6)—	14
		insert—	15
		personal information see the Information Privacy Act 2009, section 12.	16 17
Clause	90	Replacement of s 31 (Report after investigation or audit)	18
		Section 31—	19
		omit, insert—	20
		31 Report and information after investigation or audit	21 22
		investigation or audit in relation to an adult, the	23 24 25
		(a) must make a written report; and	26

	(b) must inform each of the following persons, in a way the public guardian considers appropriate, of the results of the investigation or audit—	1 2 3 4
	(i) the person at whose request the investigation or audit was carried out;	5 6
	(ii) every attorney, guardian or administrator for the adult;	7 8
	(iii) if the adult has died—the adult's personal representative; and	9 10
	(c) may give a copy of the report to a person mentioned in paragraph (b).	11 12
(2)	It is a lawful excuse for the publication of a defamatory statement made in the report that the publication is made in good faith and is, or purports to be, made for this Act.	13 14 15 16
(3)	If an interested person asks to be informed of the results of the investigation or audit, the public guardian must inform the interested person in a way the public guardian considers appropriate.	17 18 19 20
(4)	If a report made by the public guardian contains information about a person and the public guardian considers it appropriate to protect the person's identity, the public guardian may remove, from the copy of the report given under subsection (1), information likely to result in the person's identification.	21 22 23 24 25 26 27
(5)	In this section—	28
	attorney means—	29
	(a) an attorney under a power of attorney; or	30
	(b) an attorney under an advance health directive.	31 32

Clause	91	Am	nendment o	fs3	4 (Suspension of attorney's power)	1
		(1)	Section 34-	_		2
			insert—			3
			(3A)	The	public guardian may not—	4
				(a)	extend the suspension; or	5
				(b)	suspend the attorney more than once on the same ground arising from the same circumstances.	6 7 8
		(2)	Section 340	(3A) 1	to (6)—	9
			renumber a	s sec	tion 34(4) to (7).	10
Clause	92		nendment o ked)	fs4	3 (Requirement to visit visitable site if	11 12
		(1)	Section 43-	_		13
			insert—			14
			(1A)		e following entities may also make a request er subsection (1)(a) or (b)—	15 16
				(a)	a consumer's administrator;	17
				(b)	a consumer's attorney under an enduring power of attorney;	18 19
				(c)	a consumer's attorney under an advance health directive;	20 21
				(d)	a consumer's statutory health attorney;	22
				(e)	a consumer's guardian;	23
				(f)	an interested person for the consumer;	24
				(g)	an organisation that provides advocacy for consumers.	25 26
		(2)	Section 430	(1A) 1	to (3)—	27
			renumber a	s sec	tion 43(2) to (4).	28

		(ad	lult))		7 (Reports by community visitors	1 2
			Section 47(	4)—		3
			insert—			4
				(f)	an interested person for the consumer;	5
				(g)	if the report relates to a visit requested by a person mentioned in section 43(2)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (g)—the person who made the request.	6 7 8 9
Clause	94	Am	nendment o	fs 1	46 (Delegation)	10
		(1)	Section 146	<u> </u>		11
			insert—			12
			(1A)	guai	public guardian may delegate the public rdian's powers under section 29 or 106 to a or executive or a senior officer.	13 14 15
			(1B)	guai	public guardian may delegate the public rdian's powers under section 25(1) to a senior cutive.	16 17 18
		(2)	Section 146	6(4)—	_	19
			insert—			20
					for officer see the Public Service Act 2008, edule 4.	21 22
		(3)	Section 146	6(1A)	to (4)—	23
			renumber a	s sect	tion 146(2) to (6).	24
Clause	95	Am	nendment o	f sch	n 1 (Dictionary)	25
		(1)	Schedule 1 person—	, defi	initions health care principle and interested	26 27
			omit.			28
		(2)	Schedule 1-	_		29

|--|

			insert—		1
			inseri—	health care principles see the Guardianship Act, section 11C.	1 2 3
				<i>interested person</i> , for another person, means a person who has a sufficient and genuine concern for the rights and interests of the other person.	4 5 6
		(3)	Schedule 1 1'—	, definition general principles, 'schedule 1, part	7 8
			omit, insert	_	9
				section 11B	10
	Part	7		Amendment of Public Interest	11
				Disclosure Act 2010	12
Clause	96	Act	amended		13
			This part ar	mends the Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010.	14
Clause	97		endment o ernment e	f s 19 (Disclosure concerning GOC or rail ntity)	15 16
			Section 19-	_	17
			insert—		18
			(10)	This section is declared to be a Corporations legislation displacement provision for the purposes of the Corporations Act, section 5G, in relation to section 1317AE of that Act.	19 20 21 22
				Note—	23
				The Corporations Act, section 5G, provides that if a State law declares a provision of a State law to be a Corporations legislation displacement provision, any provision of the Corporations legislation with which the State provision would otherwise be inconsistent does not apply to the extent necessary to avoid the inconsistency.	24 25 26 27 28 29 30

Guardianship and Administration and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017
Part 8 Consequential and minor amendments

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	Part	Consequential and minor amendments	1 2
Clause	98	Acts amended	3
		Schedule 1 amends the Acts it mentions.	4

Sch	edule 1	Consequential and minor amendments	1 2
		section 98	3
Gua	rdianship an	nd Administration Act 2000	4
1	Section 68(2	), note—	5
	omit, inse	ert—	6
		Note—	7
		For the application of the general principles and the health care principles to the tribunal and to an entity authorised by an Act to make a decision for an adult about prescribed special health care, see sections 11B and 11C.	8 9 10 11 12
2	Section 74(4	), 'principle'—	13
	omit, inse	ert—	14
		principles	15
Pow	ers of Attorr	ney Act 1998	16
1	Section 79(1	), note, 'health care principle'—	17
	omit, inse	ert—	18
		general principles or health care principles	19

Puk	olic Guardian Act 2014	1		
1	Section 107(2), 'Crime and Misconduct Act 2001'—	2		
	omit, insert—	3		
	Crime and Corruption Act 2001	4		
2	Section 126(2)(b), 'section 230A'—			
	omit, insert—	6		
	section 231	7		
3	Section 144(5), definition <i>complaints agency</i> , paragraph (b)—	8 9		
	omit, insert—	10		
	(b) the Crime and Corruption Commission under the <i>Crime and Corruption Act 2001</i> ;	11 12		