

Hospital Foundations Bill 2017



Queensland

Hospital Foundations Bill 2017

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2017

A Bill

for

An Act to provide for the establishment, administration and oversight of entities to hold and manage property for particular objects to benefit public health in Queensland, and to amend this Act, the *Drugs Misuse Act 1986*, the *Drugs Misuse Regulation 1987* and the *Fair Work (Commonwealth Powers) and Other Provisions Act 2009* for particular purposes

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Part 1	Preliminary	2
Sh	ort title This Act may be cited as the <i>Hospital Foundations Act 2017</i> .	3
2 Co	mmencement This Act, other than part 10, division 2, subdivisions 1 and 2 and division 3, subdivisions 1 and 2, commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	5 6 7 8
B Ma	in purpose of Act The main purpose of this Act is to establish a legislative framework under which entities may support and improve public health in Queensland.	9 1 1 1
I Но	w main purpose is primarily achieved The main purpose is primarily achieved by providing for— (a) the objects for which a foundation may hold and manage property; and (b) the establishment of foundations and boards for foundations; and (c) matters relating to the administration and oversight of foundations and boards.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2
Ac (1)	t binds all persons This Act binds all persons, including the State.	2

	(2)		ing in this Act makes the State liable to be prosecuted for fence.	1 2
6	Def	The this A	dictionary in schedule 1 defines particular words used in	3 4 5
Part	2		Foundations generally	6
Divis	ion	1	Objects	7
7		ects perty	for which foundation may hold and manage	8 9
			objects for which a foundation may hold and manage erty are as follows—	10 11
		(a)	to support, improve or promote an existing public sector hospital, public sector health service facility or public sector health service;	12 13 14
			Examples—	15
			buying medical equipment	16
			 funding the improvement of a building from which public sector health services are provided 	17 18
		(b)	to support or promote a proposed public sector hospital, public sector health service facility or public sector health service;	19 20 21
		(c)	to give financial support for the education, training or development of the employees of a Hospital and Health Service or persons working as volunteers for a Hospital and Health Service;	22 23 24 25
			Example—	26
			funding educational or professional development courses	27

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		(d)	to give financial support for persons studying or teaching medical or health science, allied health or health administration;	1 2 3
		(e)	to give financial support for research in medical or health science or to promote the results of that research;	4 5
			Example—	6
			funding research centres or research projects	7
		(f)	to do anything else that is likely to support, improve or promote public health.	8 9
			Examples—	10
			• funding a preventative health program	11
			 providing a patient transport service 	12
			 subsidising the provision of car parking for patients of a public sector hospital and their support persons 	13 14
Divi	sion	2	Establishment	15
3	Ap	plyin	g for establishment of foundation	16
			erson may apply to the Minister for approval to establish a addition under this Act for an object mentioned in section	17 18 19
9	Red	quire	ments for application	20
	(1)	The	application must state—	21
		(a)	the proposed name of the foundation; and	22
		(b)	the objects for which the foundation will hold and manage property; and	23 24
		(c)	the name of the Hospital and Health Service proposed to be the associated Hospital and Health Service for the	25 26

	(2)	Subsection (3) applies if the foundation is to be established for an existing or proposed public sector hospital, public sector health service facility or public sector health service.	1 2 3
	(3)	The application must also state the name of the existing or proposed public sector hospital, public sector health service facility or public sector health service.	4 5 6
10	Mir	nister may ask for additional information or documents	7
		The Minister may, by notice given to the applicant, ask the applicant to give the Minister within a stated reasonable period information or documents the Minister considers necessary to decide the application.	8 9 10 11
11	De	ciding application	12
	(1)	The Minister must consider the application and decide to approve or not approve the application.	13 14
	(2)	In considering the application, the Minister may have regard to—	15 16
		(a) the financial standing of the applicant; and	17
		(b) whether the stated objects of the proposed foundation are consistent with the objects mentioned in section 7; and	18 19 20
		(c) whether the applicant has a sufficient understanding of legislation applying to foundations; and	21 22
		(d) other matters the Minister considers appropriate.	23
	(3)	The Minister must recommend to the Governor in Council the making of a regulation under section 12 to establish the foundation if the Minister is satisfied—	24 25 26
		(a) the foundation is likely to support or improve public health; and	27 28
		(b) it is in the public interest to establish the foundation.	29
	(4)	The Minister must as soon as practicable give the applicant notice of the Minister's decision.	30 31

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12	Est	tablis	hment of foundations	1
	(1)	A re	gulation may establish a foundation.	2
	(2)	The	regulation must state the name of the foundation.	3
13	Le	gal st	atus of foundations	4
		A fo	oundation—	5
		(a)	is a body corporate; and	6
		(b)	may sue and be sued in its corporate name.	7
Divi	sion	3	Functions and powers	8
14	Functions		ns	9
		The	functions of a foundation are as follows—	10
		(a)	to pursue the registered objects of the foundation;	11
		(b)	to manage property held by the foundation, including income generated by the holding of property—	12 13
			(i) to achieve the foundation's registered objects; and	14
			(ii) to cover costs or expenses associated with the administration of the foundation;	15 16
		(c)	another function given to the foundation under this Act or another Act.	17 18
15	Performance of functions			19
	(1)	(1) A foundation is to perform its functions in association with a Hospital and Health Service.		20 21
	(2)	any	erforming its functions, a foundation must have regard to needs or priorities the foundation has been advised about ts associated Hospital and Health Service.	22 23 24
	(3)	Sub	section (2) does not—	25

		(a)	limit the matters the foundation may have regard to in performing its functions; or	1 2
		(b)	require a foundation to hold or manage property for a particular need or priority of its associated Hospital and Health Service.	3 4 5
16	Pov	wers		6
	(1)		oundation has all the powers of an individual, and may, for mple—	7 8
		(a)	enter into contracts and agreements; and	9
		(b)	hold and manage property; and	10
		(c)	establish and administer trust funds; and	11
		(d)	appoint a person to manage all or part of its funds; and	12
		(e)	do anything else necessary or convenient to be done in performing its functions or exercising its powers.	13 14
	(2)		oundation also has the powers given to it under this Act or her Act.	15 16
	(3)		vever, a foundation's powers are subject to any limitations er this Act or another Act.	17 18
17	Pai	ticul	ar powers	19
	(1)		oundation's banking powers are limited to the powers er the <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i> , 4.	20 21 22
	(2)		oundation's borrowing powers are limited to the powers er the <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i> , 5.	23 24 25
		Note-	_	26
		fo Ad	nder the <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i> , a undation may, with the approval of the Minister administering that ct, under part 9 of that Act, operate an account with an overdraft cility or borrow.	27 28 29 30

Divisio	on	4	Administration	1
18	Em	ployı	ment of staff	2
(1)	A fo	oundation—	3
		(a)	must employ a managing executive officer; and	4
		(b)	may employ other staff it considers appropriate to perform its functions or exercise its powers.	5 6
(2)		nember of the staff of a foundation, other than a person e available to the foundation under section 19—	7 8
		(a)	is to be paid the remuneration and allowances decided by the foundation; and	9 10
		(b)	is employed under this Act and not the <i>Public Service Act</i> 2008.	11 12
19	Alte	ernat	ive staffing arrangements	13
(1)	exec Serv	oundation may arrange with the health service chief entire of the foundation's associated Hospital and Health rice for the services of employees of the Hospital and lth Service to be made available to the foundation.	14 15 16 17
(2)		employee whose services are made available under ection (1)—	18 19
		(a)	continues to be an employee of the associated Hospital and Health Service; and	20 21
		(b)	continues to be employed or otherwise engaged by the Hospital and Health Service on the same terms and conditions applying to the employee before the services were made available; and	22 23 24 25
		(c)	is, while the services are made available and for the carrying out of the foundation's functions, taken to be a member of the staff of the foundation.	26 27 28

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20	Us	e of Hospital and Health Service premises	1
		In performing its functions, a foundation may, with the agreement of the health service chief executive of the foundation's associated Hospital and Health Service use premises, office furniture and equipment occupied, owned or used by the Service.	2 3 4 5 6
21	Au	thentication of documents	7
		A document made by a foundation, other than a document required to be sealed, is sufficiently made if it is made or signed by the chairperson of the board of the foundation, or the managing executive officer of the foundation.	8 9 10 11
22	Ch	ange of registered objects	12
	(1)	If the board of a foundation wishes to change a registered object of the foundation, the board must apply in writing to the Minister for approval of the change.	13 14 15
	(2)	The application must include the following information—	16
		(a) details of the change;	17
		(b) the reason for the change;	18
		(c) information to show the change is consistent with the objects mentioned in section 7.	19 20
	(3)	The Minister must consider the application and decide to approve or not approve the application.	21 22
	(4)	The Minister must, as soon as practicable, give the board notice of the Minister's decision.	23 24
	(5)	If the Minister approves the change to the foundation's registered objects, the chief executive must amend the current objects of the foundation contained in the register.	25 26 27

Divis	sion	5 Application of particular Acts	1
23	Fo	undation is statutory body	2
	(1)	A foundation is a statutory body under—	3
		(a) the Financial Accountability Act 2009; and	4
		(b) the Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982.	5
	(2)	However, the <i>Financial Accountability Act 2009</i> , section 64 does not apply to a foundation.	6 7
	(3)	Also, the <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i> is subject to this Act and the following provisions of that Act do not apply to a foundation—	8 9 10
		• sections 10 to 12 and 14;	11
		• part 3, other than section 21;	12
		• parts 6 to 8.	13
	(4)	The Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982, part 2B explains how that Act, to the extent it applies to a foundation, affects the foundation's powers.	14 15 16
24	Ар	plication of Crime and Corruption Act 2001	17
		A foundation is a unit of public administration under the <i>Crime and Corruption Act 2001</i> .	18 19
25	Ар	plication of Collections Act 1966	20
	(1)	For the <i>Collections Act 1966</i> , part 3, a registered object of a foundation is taken to be a purpose that is sanctioned for that Act.	21 22 23
	(2)	The <i>Collections Act 1966</i> , other than section 31, applies to a foundation in the performance of its functions and exercise of its powers.	24 25 26

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26	Ар	For the application of the <i>Property Law Act 1974</i> , part 14 to a gift, devise or bequest to a foundation, a registered object of the foundation is taken to be a charitable purpose.	1 2 3 4
Part	Part 3 Boards		5
Divis	sion	1 Establishment, functions, powers and membership of boards	6 7
27	Est	ablishment	8
		For each foundation, a board is established as the governing body of the foundation.	9 10
28	Fui	nctions	11
	(1)	The board of a foundation has the following functions—	12
		(a) to manage the foundation generally;	13
		(b) to ensure the foundation pursues its registered objects effectively and efficiently;	14 15
		(c) to set strategies and policies for the management of property held by the foundation.	16 17
	(2)	The board also has the other functions given to the board under this Act or another Act.	18 19
29	Pov	vers of board	20
	(1)	The board of a foundation has the power to do anything necessary or convenient to be done in performing its functions.	21 22 23
	(2)	Anything done in the name of, or for, the foundation by the board, or with the authority of the board, is taken to have been done by the foundation.	24 25 26

Me	embership	1
(1)	The board of a foundation consists of the following persons (each a <i>member</i>)—	2 3
	(a) at least 6 persons recommended by the Minister;	4
	(b) 1 person who is—	5
	(i) the chairperson of the Hospital and Health Board (the <i>relevant board</i>) for the foundation's associated Hospital and Health Service; or	6 7 8
	(ii) a member of the relevant board nominated by the chairperson of the board.	9 10
(2)	In recommending a person for appointment to the board under subsection (1)(a), the Minister may have regard to whether the person has—	11 12 13
	(a) a sufficient understanding, or the ability to rapidly acquire a sufficient understanding, of legislation applying to the foundation; and	14 15 16
	(b) the skills, experience or expertise in business or financial management, marketing, communications, health, law or another area the Minister considers relevant or necessary to support the board in performing its functions.	17 18 19 20 21
(3)	Before recommending a person for appointment to the board under subsection (1)(a), the Minister must consult the chairperson of the Hospital and Health Board for the foundation's associated Hospital and Health Service.	22 23 24 25
(4)	The members, other than the person mentioned in subsection (1)(b), are appointed by the Governor in Council.	26 27
Ch	airperson and deputy chairperson	28
(1)	The chairperson of the board is the member appointed by the Governor in Council as the chairperson.	29 30
(2)	A person may be appointed as the chairperson when the person is appointed as a member.	31 32

(3)	The members of a board must appoint another member, other than the chairperson, as the deputy chairperson.	1 2
(4)	The chairperson or deputy chairperson holds office for the term, ending no later than the person's term of appointment as a member, stated in the person's appointment as chairperson or deputy chairperson.	3 4 5 6
(5)	However, if a member who is a chairperson or deputy chairperson continues to hold office under section 32(2) the member continues to hold office as the chairperson or deputy chairperson.	7 8 9 10
(6)	The deputy chairperson must act as chairperson—	11
	(a) during a vacancy in the office of chairperson; and	12
	(b) during all periods when the chairperson is absent from duty or, for another reason, can not perform the functions of the office.	13 14 15
(7)	A vacancy occurs in the office of chairperson or deputy chairperson if the person holding office—	16 17
	(a) resigns from office by giving notice of the resignation to—	18 19
	(i) for a chairperson—the Minister; or	20
	(ii) for a deputy chairperson—the board; or	21
	(b) stops being a member.	22
(8)	However, a person may continue to be a member after resigning the office of chairperson or deputy chairperson.	23 24
Ter	m of appointment	25
(1)	A member, other than a member mentioned in section 30(1)(b), holds office for the term, not longer than 5 years, stated in the member's instrument of appointment.	26 27 28
(2)	If a successor has not been appointed by the end of the member's term, the member continues to hold office until a successor is appointed.	29 30 31
(3)	Subsection (1) does not prevent a member being reappointed.	32

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Dis	quali	fication from becoming member
(1)	-	erson is disqualified from becoming a member if the on—
	(a)	has a conviction, other than a spent conviction, for an indictable offence; or
	(b)	does not consent to the chief executive requesting a report about the person's criminal history under section 36; or
	(c)	is an insolvent under administration; or
	(d)	is disqualified from managing corporations because of the Corporations Act, part 2D.6; or
	(e)	is employed by the foundation.
(2)	In th	is section—
		<i>Ivent under administration</i> see the Corporations Act, on 9.
Re	mova	I from office
		Governor in Council may, at any time, remove a member a office if—
	(a)	the member would be disqualified from becoming a member under section 33; or
	(b)	the member consented to the borrowing of an amount that the foundation is not lawfully authorised to borrow under the <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act</i> 1982; or
	(c)	the Minister recommends the removal because the Minister is satisfied the member—
		(i) has not complied with section 46; or
		(ii) is incapable of performing the member's functions; or

			(iv)	has displayed inappropriate or improper conduct in a private capacity that reflects adversely on the board or foundation; or	1 2 3
			(v)	has been absent from 3 consecutive meetings of the board without the board's permission and without reasonable excuse.	4 5 6
35	Vac	cancy	/ in o	ffice	7
		The	office	of a member becomes vacant if the member—	8
		(a)		gns from office by giving notice of resignation to the ister; or	9 10
		(b)	is re	moved from office under section 34.	11
Divi	sion	2		Criminal history	12
36	Cri	mina	l hist	ory report	13
	(1)	This	section	on applies for deciding if a person—	14
		(a)	is di 33; d	isqualified from becoming a member under section or	15 16
		(b)	may 34.	be removed as a member of the board under section	17 18
	(2)	serv:	ice fo	executive may ask the commissioner of the police or a written report about the criminal history of the at includes a brief description of the circumstances oction mentioned in the criminal history.	19 20 21 22
	(3)		on ha	the chief executive may make the request only if the s given the chief executive written consent for the	23 24 25
	(4)	The requ		nissioner of the police service must comply with the	26 27

s	3	7

	(5)	However, the duty to comply applies only to information in the commissioner's possession or to which the commissioner has access.	1 2 3
37	Ch	anges in criminal history must be disclosed	4
	(1)	This section applies if a person who is a member is convicted of an indictable offence.	5 6
	(2)	The person must, unless the person has a reasonable excuse, immediately give notice of the conviction to the chief executive.	7 8 9
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	10
	(3)	The notice must include the following information—	11
		(a) the existence of the conviction;	12
		(b) details adequate to identify the offence;	13
		(c) when the offence was committed;	14
		(d) the sentence imposed on the person.	15
38	Со	nfidentiality of criminal history information	16
	(1)	This section applies to a person who possesses criminal history information because the person is or was an officer, employee or agent of the department.	17 18 19
	(2)	The person must not, directly or indirectly, disclose the criminal history information to any other person unless the disclosure is permitted under subsection (3).	20 21 22
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	23
	(3)	The person is permitted to disclose the criminal history information to another person—	24 25
		(a) to the extent necessary to perform the person's functions under this Act; or	26 27
		(b) if the disclosure is authorised under an Act; or	28

		(c)	if the disclosure is otherwise required or permitted by law; or	1 2
		(d)	if the person to whom the information relates consents to the disclosure; or	3 4
		(e)	if the disclosure is in a form that does not identify the person to whom the information relates; or	5 6
		(f)	if the information is, or has been, lawfully accessible to the public.	7 8
	(4)	crim prac	chief executive must ensure a document containing inal history information is destroyed as soon as ticable after it is no longer needed for the purpose for ch it was given.	9 10 11 12
	(5)	In th	is section—	13
		crim	tinal history information means—	14
		(a)	a report given to the chief executive under section 36; or	15
		(b)	a notice given to the chief executive under section 37.	16
Divi	sion	3	Business and meetings	17
39	Со	nduc	t of business	18
			ject to this division, a board may conduct its business, ading its meetings, in the way it considers appropriate.	19 20
40	Pre	sidir	ng at meetings	21
	(1)		chairperson of the board of a foundation is to preside at oard meetings at which the chairperson is present.	22 23
	(2)		e chairperson is absent from a board meeting, the deputy rperson of the board is to preside.	24 25
	(3)	a bo	either the chairperson nor deputy chairperson is present at ard meeting, the member chosen by the members of the d present is to preside.	26 27 28

41	Qu	orum at meetings	1
	(1)	A quorum for a meeting of a board is a majority of its members for the time being.	2 3
	(2)	However, if at a meeting a member present at the meeting is required under section 45 not to be present during deliberations, or not to take part in any decision, of the board for a particular matter, the remaining members present at the meeting constitute a quorum for the meeting.	4 5 6 7 8
42	Co	nduct of meetings	9
	(1)	A question at a meeting of a board is decided by a majority of the votes of the members present at the meeting and able to vote on the question.	10 11 12
	(2)	If the votes are equal, the member presiding at the meeting also has a casting vote.	13 14
	(3)	A member who abstains from voting is taken to have voted for the negative.	15 16
	(4)	The board may hold meetings, or allow members to take part in meetings, by using any technology allowing reasonably contemporaneous and continuous communication between members taking part in the meetings, including, for example, teleconferencing.	17 18 19 20 21
	(5)	A member who takes part in a meeting of the board under subsection (4) is taken to have been present at the meeting.	22 23
	(6)	A resolution is validly made by the board, even if it is not passed at a meeting, if—	24 25
		(a) notice of the resolution is given under procedures approved by the board; and	26 27
		(b) a majority of members agree in writing to the resolution.	28
43	Mir	nutes	29
		A board must keep minutes of its board meetings.	30

44	Vali	A de	of decisions ecision of a board is not invalidated only because there is a ency in the membership of the board.	1 2 3
Divis	ion	4	Other provisions about boards and members	4 5
45	Dis	clos	ure of interests at board meeting	6
	(1)	This	s section applies to a member if—	7
		(a)	the member has a direct or indirect interest in a matter being considered, or about to be considered, at a meeting of the board of a foundation; and	8 9 10
		(b)	the interest could conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties about the consideration of the matter.	11 12 13
	(2)	men	soon as practicable after the relevant facts come to the nber's knowledge, the member must disclose the nature of interest to the other members of the board at the meeting.	14 15 16
	(3)	maj	member may further participate in the meeting only if a ority of the other members of the board vote in favour of member's further participation.	17 18 19
	(4)		vever, the member can not participate in any vote on the ter at the meeting.	20 21
	(5)		isclosure under subsection (2) must be recorded in the utes of the board.	22 23
	(6)	prop	erson does not have an interest that could conflict with the per performance of the member's functions about the sideration of a matter merely because the person holds be as a member under section 30(1)(b).	24 25 26 27

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46	Ме	A member must at all times act impartially and in the interest of the foundation in performing the member's functions.	1 2 3
Par	t 4	Oversight of foundations and boards	4 5
Divi	sion	1 Interaction between Minister and foundations	6 7
47	Во	ard must notify Minister about particular matters	8
	(1)	The board of a foundation must give the Minister notice of a matter that raises a significant concern about—	9 10
		(a) the financial viability of the foundation; or	11
		Examples of matters that may raise a significant concern about a foundation's financial viability—	12 13
		 a proceeding started against the foundation that may result in payment of a significant amount of damages or legal costs 	14 15 16
		 a significant decrease in the value of funds held on investment by the foundation 	17 18
		(b) the administration or management of the foundation.	19
		Example of matter that may raise a significant concern about the administration or management of a foundation—	20 21
		distributing funds held by the foundation towards something that is outside the scope of the foundation's registered objects	22 23
	(2)	The notice must be given immediately after the board becomes aware of the matter.	24 25
48	Mir	nister may require information or documents	26
	(1)	This section applies if the Minister has a concern about the financial viability of a foundation or the administration or	27 28

	base	agement of a foundation, whether or not the concern is d on notice received from the board of the foundation er section 47.	1 2 3
(2)	The Minister may, by notice given to the board of a foundation, ask the board to do the following within a stated reasonable period and in a stated reasonable way—		
	(a)	give the Minister relevant information in the board's knowledge about a stated matter;	7 8
	(b)	give the Minister, or make available for inspection by the Minister, a relevant document or copy of a relevant document about a stated matter in the foundation's possession or control.	9 10 11 12
(3)	The	board must comply with the request.	13
(4)	Unless the Minister is satisfied there are exceptional circumstances, the Minister must consult with the board about the information or documents that may be sought by the Minister before giving a notice.		
(5)	may	a original document is given to the Minister, the Minister keep the document to copy it and must return the ament to the board as soon as practicable after copying it.	18 19 20
(6)	docu	Minister may disclose the information, or give the ment or copy of the document, to an entity the Minister iders appropriate to help the Minister assess—	21 22 23
	(a)	the foundation's financial viability; or	24
	(b)	the administration or management of the foundation.	25
(7)	In th	is section—	26
	<i>relevant</i> , in relation to information or a document, means relating to the board's functions under this Act.		

Divi	sion	2 Administrators	1
49	Rei	moval of all board members	2
	(1)	The Governor in Council may, at any time, on the recommendation of the Minister, remove all members of a board.	3 4 5
	(2)	The Minister may make a recommendation under subsection (1) only if the Minister is satisfied it is in the public interest to do so, having regard to the Minister's consideration of the financial viability of the foundation or the administration or management of the foundation.	6 7 8 9 10
	(3)	If the Governor in Council acts under subsection (1), the members go out of office.	11 12
	(4)	No compensation is payable to a member in relation to the removal of the member.	13 14
50	Ap	pointment of administrator	15
	(1)	This section applies if—	16
		(a) the members of a board are removed under section 49; or	17 18
		(b) at any other time there are no members of a board.	19
	(2)	The Governor in Council may, on the recommendation of the Minister, appoint a qualified person as administrator of the board.	20 21 22
	(3)	In this section—	23
		<i>qualified person</i> means a person the Minister considers has the necessary qualifications and experience to administer the board.	24 25 26

51	Ter	m and role of administrator	1
	(1)	A person appointed as an administrator of the board of a foundation must administer the foundation's affairs for the term stated in the administrator's appointment.	2 3 4
	(2)	The Governor in Council may revoke the appointment for any reason before the term of appointment ends, either to appoint a different person as administrator or to appoint new members of the board.	5 6 7 8
	(3)	While the appointment continues, the administrator constitutes the board instead of the members.	9 10
Par	t 5	Financial provisions	11
Divi	sion	1 Preliminary	12
52	Def	finitions for part	13
		In this part—	14
		derivative transactions means transactions entered into for—	15
		(a) managing or varying financial returns or financial or currency risks, including, for example, risks associated with the volatility of currency exchange, interest and discount rates; or	16 17 18 19
		(b) returning gains, or avoiding losses, by reference to financial or currency obligations or the movement of currency exchange, interest and discount rates or commodity prices.	20 21 22 23
		Examples—	24
		 forward agreements, including, for example, forward bill agreements, forward commodity agreements, forward exchange agreements and forward rate agreements 	25 26 27
		 futures contracts for bills, bonds, commodities, shares and the share price index 	28 29

			for example, options on bonds, caps, collars, currencies, floors, interest rates and swaps	2 3
		•	swaps, including, for example, commodity, CPI linked, currency exchange, equity linked and interest rate swaps	4 5
		prov	rial financial arrangement means an arrangement that vides for, relates to, is directed towards or includes 1 or e of the following—	6 7 8
		(a)	acquiring the whole or a part of a business;	9
		(b)	entering into a joint venture or partnership;	10
		(c)	acquiring or issuing bonds, debentures, inscribed stock, shares, stock or other securities;	11 12
		(d)	acquiring foreign currency;	13
		(e)	funding a prize to a person or entity, whether the prize is money or other property, if the value of the prize is equal to or more than the amount prescribed by regulation or, if no amount is prescribed, \$5,000;	14 15 16 17
			Example—	18
		(6)	sponsoring a prize for excellence in nursing or clinical practice	19
Divi	sion	(f) 2	disposing of land, an interest in land or a building. Special financial arrangements	20
			·	
53	Fo	unda	tion may enter into special financial arrangement	22
	(1)		oundation may enter into a special financial arrangement er an approval under division 4.	23 24
			vever, a foundation does not need to obtain an approval er division 4 to—	25 26
		(a)	acquire, by way of a gift, devise or bequest, any of the following—	27 28
			(i) the whole or a part of a business;	29

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			(ii) bonds, debentures, inscribed stock, shares, stock or other securities;	1 2	
			(iii) foreign currency; or	3	
		(b)	dispose of land, an interest in land or a building if the land, interest in land or building was acquired by the foundation by way of a gift, devise or bequest.	4 5 6	
Divi	sion	3	Derivative transactions	7	
54		rivati ındat	ve transactions permitted only for certain ions	8	
	(1)	A fo	oundation may enter into a derivative transaction—	10	
		(a)	under an approval under division 4; and	11	
		(b)	only if the foundation does so to hedge against a risk to which the foundation is or will be exposed.	12 13	
	(2)	 A foundation may enter into a derivative transaction und this part— 			
		(a)	in its own name; or	16	
		(b)	in the name of a person who, with the Minister's approval, has been appointed in writing by the foundation as its agent for this part.	17 18 19	
55		quire nsact	ment to report to Minister about derivative tions	20 21	
	(1)	the	each derivative transaction entered into by a foundation, foundation must give the Minister a report about the saction at the times—	22 23 24	
		(a)	stated in an approval under division 4; or	25	
		(b)	if no times are stated in an approval under division 4—prescribed by regulation.	26 27	
	(2)	Each	report must contain the following information—	28	

		(a)	details sufficient to identify the derivative transaction;	1
		(b)	a statement about the underlying exposure against which the foundation is trying to hedge;	2 3
		(c)	the stated purpose of the derivative transaction, including details of the Minister's approval under which the transaction was entered into and verification of compliance with the conditions of the approval;	4 5 6 7
		(d)	details of any realised or unrealised gains or losses from the derivative transaction.	8 9
	(3)	foun unde subsement	rever, if a foundation satisfies the Minister that, because of number of derivative transactions entered into by the dation, it is an undue burden on it to prepare a report or subsection (2) for each transaction, the report for ection (1) may be a statement summarising the matters tioned in subsection (2) for all of the foundation's vative transactions.	10 11 12 13 14 15 16
Divi	sion	4	Minister's approval for special	17
			financial arrangements or derivative	18
			transactions	19
Cub				
Sub	divis	ion	1 General approvals	20
5ub 56			1 General approvals	20 21
		prova The		
	Apı	orova The finar	Il may be general in nature Minister may approve foundations to enter into a special	21 22
	Ap ₁ (1)	The finar	Il may be general in nature Minister may approve foundations to enter into a special arrangement or derivative transaction.	21 22 23
	Ap ₁ (1) (2)	The finar	Il may be general in nature Minister may approve foundations to enter into a special arrangement or derivative transaction. approval must be published on the department's website.	21 22 23 24

		(ii) particular classes of special financial arrangements or derivative transactions; or	1 2
		(b) otherwise apply generally or be limited in its application by reference to stated exceptions or factors.	3 4
	(4)	Also, the approval may—	5
		(a) make different provision for different foundations, special financial arrangements or derivative transactions, or different classes of arrangements or transactions; or	6 7 8 9
		(b) apply differently to stated exceptions or factors.	10
	(5)	The approval may be on conditions the Minister considers necessary or desirable.	11 12
	(6)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that an approval may apply to a foundation even though the foundation was not established when the approval was given.	13 14 15
Suk	odivis	sion 2 Specific approvals	16
57	Ар	plication for approval	17
		A foundation may apply, in writing, for the Minister's approval to enter into a special financial arrangement or derivative transaction.	18 19 20
58	Mir	nister may ask for information or documents	21
		The Minister may, by notice given to the foundation, ask the	22
		foundation to give the Minister within a stated reasonable period the information or documents the Minister considers necessary to decide the application.	22 23 24 25
59	De	foundation to give the Minister within a stated reasonable period the information or documents the Minister considers	23 24

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	(2)	The Minister may approve the application entirely or partly.	1
	(3)	An approval may be given on the conditions the Minister considers necessary or desirable.	2 3
	(4)	The Minister must give the applicant notice of—	4
		(a) the decision; and	5
		(b) if the application is approved, the conditions of the approval.	6 7
60	Mir	nister may give approval for other foundations	8
		If an application is made under this subdivision and the Minister considers an approval should be given under subdivision 1, the Minister may deal with the application by giving an approval under subdivision 1.	9 10 11 12
61	Mir	nister may amend or repeal approval	13
	(1)	The Minister may amend or repeal an approval under this division even if a foundation does not apply for the amendment or repeal.	14 15 16
	(2)	The amendment or repeal of an approval under this division does not affect its previous operation.	17 18
62	Re	gister about approvals	19
		A foundation must keep a register of the Minister's approvals under this subdivision for the foundation.	20 21
Divi	sion	5 Offence	22
63	Fal	se or misleading documents	23
	(1)	A person must not give a document under section 57 or 58 to the Minister containing information the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	24 25 26

		Max	imum penalty—100 penalty units.	1
	(2)		section (1) does not apply to a person if the person, when ng the document—	2 3
		(a)	tells the Minister, in writing, to the best of the person's ability, how it is false or misleading; and	4 5
		(b)	if the person has, or can reasonably obtain, the correct information—gives the correct information.	6 7
Divi	sion	6	Miscellaneous	8
64	Ма	nage	ment of foundation's funds by funds manager	9
	(1)	finar foun	ands manager for a foundation may enter into a special arrangement or derivative transaction for the adation only if there is an approval under division 4 for the agement or transaction that applies to the foundation.	10 11 12 13
	(2)		section (3) applies if a funds manager enters into a vative transaction for a foundation.	14 15
	(3)	Mini inclu	funds manager is not required to give a report to the ister under section 55 unless the approval under division 4 udes a condition that a funds manager acting under the oval for a foundation must give the report to the Minister.	16 17 18
	(4)	Subs	section (1) does not limit—	20
		(a)	the performance of a function by a funds manager that the funds manager is otherwise lawfully authorised to perform under the funds manager's contract of engagement with a foundation; or	21 22 23 24
			Example of a function—	25
			managing the sale of bonds, debentures, inscribed stock, shares, stock or other securities	26 27
		(b)	a board or foundation from giving a direction to a funds manager in relation to the management of the foundation's funds, including for example, a direction	28 29 30

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			not manage the foundation's funds in reliance on an roval under division 4.	1 2
	(5)	In this sec	etion—	3
		•	inager , for a foundation, means a person engaged by ation to manage all or part of the foundation's funds.	4 5
65			owed other than under Statutory Bodies rangements Act 1982	6 7
	(1)	not lawfu	ion applies if a foundation borrows an amount it is ally authorised to borrow under the <i>Statutory Bodies Arrangements Act 1982</i> .	8 9 10
	(2)	the borror	bers of the board of the foundation who consented to wing of the amount are jointly and severally liable to amount, and any interest payable on it, to the person om the amount was borrowed.	11 12 13 14
	(3)	foundation members	ount is appropriated from a fund administered by the on to repay the borrowed amount or interest on it, the of the board of the foundation who consented to the priation of the amount are jointly and severally liable—	15 16 17 18 19
		(a) the	misappropriated amount; and	20
		(b) inte	rest at the rate of 12% a year.	21
	(4)	subsectio	embers fail to repay an amount and interest under n (2) or (3), the amount may be recovered from the by the Minister as a debt.	22 23 24
	(5)		vering all or part of an amount and interest under n (4), the Minister—	25 26
		(a) mus	st pay the amount recovered—	27
		(i)	for an amount mentioned in subsection (2)—to the person from whom the amount was borrowed; or	28 29
		(ii)	for an amount mentioned in subsection (3)—into the fund from which the amount was appropriated; and	30 31 32

		(b)	may recover from the members mentioned in subsection (4) the full costs incurred in recovering the amount, including legal costs.	1 2 3
	(6)	men rease the	section (2) does not apply to a member if, when the observed to the borrowing, the member believed on onable grounds that the foundation was authorised under <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i> to ow the amount.	4 5 6 7 8
66	Dis	posa	al of particular property	9
	(1)	prop	s section applies if the board of a foundation considers any perty vested in the foundation that is subject to a condition rust is—	10 11 12
		(a)	unfit or not required for its purposes; or	13
		(b)	property of insufficient value.	14
	(2)	The	foundation may—	15
		(a)	sell the property; or	16
		(b)	exchange the property for other property; or	17
		(c)	dispose of the property in another way.	18
	(3)		e property is sold, the proceeds of sale must be applied in following order—	19 20
		(a)	in payment of the reasonable expenses incurred in selling the property;	21 22
		(b)	the balance to be held and managed for the registered objects of the foundation.	23 24
	(4)	acqu	ne property is exchanged for other property, the property nired by way of the exchange must be held and managed the registered objects of the foundation.	25 26 27
	(5)	section concuse	erson who acquires property from a foundation under this ion acquires ownership of the property free from any dition or trust relating to the sale, disposal, exchange or of the property to which the property was subject when ed in the foundation.	28 29 30 31 32

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	(6)	In this section—	1			
		property of insufficient value means property that—	2			
		(a) is of no value; or	3			
		(b) if sold by a foundation, would not be likely to return sufficient proceeds of sale to cover the expenses reasonably incurred by the foundation in selling the property.	4 5 6 7			
Part 6		Legal proceedings	8			
67	Аp	plication of part	9			
		This part applies to a proceeding for an offence against this Act.	10 11			
88	Proceedings for offences					
	(1)	The proceeding is to be heard and decided summarily.	13			
	(2)	The proceeding must be started within whichever is the longer of the following—	14 15			
		(a) 1 year after the commission of the offence;	16			
		(b) 6 months after the offence comes to the complainant's knowledge, but within 2 years after the commission of the offence.	17 18 19			
	(3)	A statement in a complaint for an offence against this Act that the matter of the complaint came to the complainant's knowledge on a stated day is evidence the matter came to the complainant's knowledge on that day.	20 21 22 23			
69	Аp	pointments and authority	24			
	(1)	In the proceeding, the following must be presumed unless a party to the proceeding, by reasonable notice, requires proof of it—	25 26 27			

		(a) the appointment under this Act of a member of a board;	1
		(b) the authority of a member of a board, or the managing executive officer of a foundation, to do anything under this Act.	2 3 4
	(2)	In this section—	5
		<i>appointment</i> , of a member of a board, includes the holding of office under section 30(1)(b).	6 7
70	Sig	natures	8
		A signature purporting to be the signature of the Minister, a member of a board or the managing executive officer of a foundation is evidence of the signature it purports to be.	9 10 11
71	Oth	ner evidentiary aids	12
	(1)	A certificate purporting to be signed by the Minister, chief executive or chairperson of the board of a foundation stating any of the following matters is evidence of the matter—	13 14 15
		(a) a stated document is 1 of the following things made, given or kept under this Act—	16 17
		(i) an appointment, approval or decision;	18
		(ii) a direction, notice or requirement;	19
		(iii) a record;	20
		(iv) the register;	21
		(b) a stated document is a copy of, or an extract from or part of, a thing mentioned in paragraph (a).	22 23
	(2)	In this section—	24
		<i>appointment</i> , in relation to a member of a board, includes the holding of office under section 30(1)(b).	25 26

Part	7			Ending foundations	1			
2	Re	mova	l fror	n register	2			
	(1)			tion may apply to the Minister for its entry in the be removed.	3 4			
	(2)			rnor in Council may, by gazette notice, order that the a foundation be removed from the register—	5 6			
		(a)		nuse of an application made by the foundation under section (1); or	7 8			
		(b)		ne Governor in Council is satisfied the foundation ald be dissolved.	9 10			
3	Dissolution							
	(1)			on applies in relation to a foundation whose entry in er has been removed.	12 13			
	(2)	A re	gulati	on may dissolve the foundation.	14			
4	Status of particular property on dissolution of foundation							
	(1)	This	section	on applies if—	16			
		(a)	a for	undation is dissolved; and	17			
		(b)	on tl	he dissolution, there is land—	18			
			(i)	granted, under the Land Act 1994, in trust to the foundation; or	19 20			
			(ii)	reserved, under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> , for the purposes of the foundation.	21 22			
	(2)		land o	does not form part of the assets of the foundation for tion.	23 24			
5	Pro	operty	/ held	d on trust on dissolution of foundation	25			
	(1)	This	section	on applies if—	26			

	(a)	a foundation is dissolved; and	1		
	(b)	on the dissolution, the foundation is a trustee of a trust under which property, including, for example, land, is held.	2 3 4		
(2)		Governor in Council may, by gazette notice, do any of the owing—	5 6		
	(a)	constitute or nominate another person as trustee for the trust;	7 8		
	(b)	nominate another use to which property should be held or applied;	9 10		
	(c)	terminate the trust;	11		
	(d)	make an order the Governor in Council considers appropriate.	12 13		
(3)	An o	order made under subsection (2) must be given effect.	14		
(4)	prov foun varia	However, an order under subsection (2) may not override the provisions of an instrument creating the trust under which a foundation holds property if the instrument provides for the variation of the trust or substitution of a new trust upon the dissolution of the foundation.			
Dis	tribu	tion of surplus property	20		
(1)	This section applies if—				
	(a)	either—	22		
		(i) a foundation is dissolved; or	23		
		(ii) the endorsement of a foundation as a deductible gift recipient under the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act</i> 1997 (Cwlth) is revoked; and	24 25 26		
	(b)	there is property (<i>surplus property</i>) of the foundation remaining after satisfaction of the debts and liabilities of the foundation.	27 28 29		
(2)	The entit	surplus property must be given or transferred to an y—	30 31		

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		 (a) that has objects similar to the foundation; and (b) is a deductible gift recipient under the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i> (Cwlth). 	1 2 3
77	Eff	ect of dissolution on offices If a foundation is dissolved under section 73, the members of the board of the foundation are taken to have vacated their offices as members.	4 5 6 7
Part	8	Miscellaneous	8
78	Am (1)	Two or more foundations may apply to the Minister to be	9 10
	(2)	amalgamated as a single foundation. The application must be in the approved form.	11 12
	(3)	If the Minister is satisfied the amalgamation of the foundations is appropriate in the circumstances, the Minister may recommend to the Governor in Council the making of a regulation to amalgamate the foundations.	13 14 15 16
	(4)	A regulation under subsection (3)—	17
		(a) must amalgamate the foundations by—	18
		(i) dissolving each foundation and establishing a new foundation (the <i>new foundation</i>); or	19 20
		(ii) identifying the foundation that is to continue (the <i>continuing foundation</i>), dissolving each other foundation and providing for the other foundations to be a part of the continuing foundation; and	21 22 23 24
		(b) may provide for anything else in relation to the amalgamation, including, for example, dealing with assets, liabilities, rights and obligations.	25 26 27
	(5)	On the dissolution of a foundation under this section, the members of the board of the foundation go out of office.	28 29

	(6)	6) Part 7 does not apply to an amalgamation under this section				
	(7)		ew foundation is taken to have been established under ion 12.	2 3		
79	Re	giste	r of foundations	4		
	(1)	The	chief executive must—	5		
		(a)	keep a register of foundations; and	6		
		(b)	publish the register on the department's website.	7		
	(2)	The	register must, for each foundation, contain—	8		
		(a)	the name of the foundation; and	9		
		(b)	the day on which the foundation was established; and	10		
		(c)	the name of the foundation's associated Hospital and Health Service; and	11 12		
		(d)	if the foundation was established for an existing or proposed public sector hospital, public sector health service facility or public sector health service—the name of the existing or proposed public sector hospital, public sector health service facility or public sector health service; and	13 14 15 16 17 18		
		(e)	the current registered objects of the foundation.	19		
80	De	legat	ions	20		
	(1)	A foundation may delegate its functions under this Act to a member of the board.				
	(2)	A b to—	oard may delegate the board's functions under this Act	23 24		
		(a)	a member of the board; or	25		
		(b)	a member of the staff of the board's foundation; or	26		
		(c)	a person working as a volunteer for the foundation.	27		
	(3)	In th	nis section—	28		

		functions includes powers.	1
81	Pro	otection of members from civil liability	2
	(1)	A member of a board is not civilly liable for an act done, or omission made, honestly and without negligence under this Act.	3 4 5
	(2)	If subsection (1) prevents a civil liability attaching to a member, the liability attaches instead to the State.	6 7
82	Ap	proval of forms	8
		The chief executive may approve forms for use under this Act.	9
83	Re	gulation-making power	10
		The Governor in Council may make regulations under this Act.	11 12
Part	9	Repeal and transitional provisions	13 14
Divis	sion	1 Repeal provision	15
84	Re	peal	16
		The Hospitals Foundations Act 1982, No. 45 is repealed.	17
Divis	sion	2 Transitional provisions	18
85	Def	finitions for division	19
		In this division—	20

[s 8	6]
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		_	
		<i>continued foundation</i> means a body corporate continued as a foundation under section 86.	1 2
		repealed Act means the repealed Hospitals Foundations Act 1982.	3 4
86		ntinuation of body corporate established under ealed Act as foundation	5
	(1)	A body corporate established under the repealed Act, section 7 and in existence immediately before the commencement continues in existence as a foundation established under section 12 of this Act.	7 8 9 10
	(2)	A regulation may state the name of a foundation mentioned in subsection (1).	11 12
87	Co	ntinuation of register	13
	(1)	The register kept under the repealed Act, section 9 continues in existence as the register under this Act.	14 15
	(2)	Subsection (3) applies if the entry on the register for a continued foundation does not contain all of the information required under section 79(2).	16 17 18
	(3)	The foundation must, within 3 months after the commencement, give the chief executive the required information.	19 20 21
88	Re	placement of objects registered under repealed Act	22
	(1)	A continued foundation must, within 3 months after the commencement, give the chief executive notice of the objects for the foundation that are consistent with the objects mentioned in section 7 to replace the objects registered for the foundation under the repealed Act, section 9.	23 24 25 26 27
	(2)	The board of a foundation may, within the period mentioned in subsection (1), apply, under section 22, to change an object of the foundation.	28 29 30

89	Co	Continuation of boards and members					
	(1)	(1) A board of members (however described) (an <i>existing boa</i> of a continued foundation that was established under repealed Act and in existence immediately before commencement continues as the board of the foundat under this Act.					
	(2)	An e	existing board is taken to be established under section 27.	7			
	(3)	A thing done by or in relation to an existing board before the commencement is taken to be a thing done by or in relation to the board continued under this section.					
	(4)	With	nout limiting subsection (1) or (2)—	11			
		(a)	a person who holds the office of a member of an existing board continues to hold office as a member of the board under this Act until—	12 13 14			
			(i) the end of the person's term of office; or	15			
			(ii) the person earlier vacates office; and	16			
		(b)	a person serving as a chairperson or deputy chairperson continues to hold office as a chairperson or deputy chairperson of the board under this Act until—	17 18 19			
			(i) the end of the person's term of office; or	20			
			(ii) the person earlier vacates office.	21			
90	As	sets a	and liabilities	22			
		On t	he commencement—	23			
		(a)	the assets and liabilities of a continued foundation continue to be the assets and liabilities of the foundation; and	24 25 26			
		(b)	any property that, immediately before the commencement, was held in trust by a continued foundation continues to be held by the foundation on the same trust.	27 28 29 30			

s	91	1

91	Pro	perty previously given	1
	(1)	Property given, under the repealed Act, to a continued foundation is taken to be property given to the foundation under this Act.	2 3 4
	(2)	The property may be dealt with under this Act.	5
92	Sta	tus of particular land	6
	(1)	This section applies if, before the commencement, there is land—	7 8
		(a) granted, under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> , in trust to a continued foundation; or	9 10
		(b) reserved, under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> , for the purposes of a continued foundation.	11 12
	(2)	The land continues to be granted in trust to the foundation or reserved for the purposes of the foundation.	13 14
Part	10	Amendment of legislation	15
Divis	ion	1 Amendment of this Act	16
93	Act	amended	17
		This division amends the <i>Hospital Foundations Act 2017</i> .	18
94	Am	endment of long title	19
		Long title, from 'Queensland,'—	20
		omit, insert—	21
		Queensland	22

Division 2		2	Amendment of Drugs Misuse Act 1986		
Sub	divis	sion 1	Preliminary	3	
95	Ac	t amende	d	4	
This division amends the Drugs Misuse Act 1986.					
Sub	divis	sion 2	Amendments commencing on assent	6 7	
96	Am	Amendment of s 4 (Definitions)			
	(1)		, definitions affected by bankruptcy action, convicted us offence—	9 10	
		omit.		11	
	(2)	Section 4	<u> </u>	12	
		insert—		13	
			compliance notice, for part 5B, see section 46.	14	
			relevant authority, for part 5B, see section 46.	15	
97			of s 4D (Non-application of ss 5, 6, 8 and 9 to anufactured products)	16 17	
	(1)		AD(2), definition <i>manufactured product</i> , paragraph onsumed'—	18 19	
		omit.		20	
	(2)	Section 4	D(2)—	21	
		insert—		22	
			administered, in relation to a manufactured product, means administered, by any means, for any purpose that includes the alteration of a	23 24 25	

	ре	erson's behaviour, mood or perception.
		amples of means by which a manufactured product may administered—
		injection by syringe or inhalation of a vapour
Am	endment of s	44 (Object of pt 5B)
(1)	Section 44(b)(ii), 'or consumption'—
	omit.	
(2)	Section 44—	
	insert—	
	(2) In	this section—
	se m	<i>Iministration</i> , of industrial cannabis seed or ed product, means administration, by any eans, for any purpose that includes the alteration a person's behaviour, mood or perception.
		amples of means by which industrial cannabis seed or ed products may be administered—
		injection by syringe or inhalation of a vapour
An	endment of s	46 (Definitions for pt 5B)
(1)		definitions affected by bankruptcy action serious offence—
	omit.	
(2)	Section 46—	
	insert—	
	co	<i>mpliance notice</i> see section 110A(2).
	re	levant authority means—
	(a) a licence; or
	(b) an authority under section 48.

100	Am	endme	ent o	fs5	3 (Ap	oplying for a licence)	1
	(1)	Sectio	n 53(1), 's	uitab	le'—	2
		omit, i	insert				3
				fit a	nd pr	oper	4
	(2)	Sectio	n 53((3), fr	om 't	o—'—	5
		omit, i	insert				6
						er the person is a fit and proper person to icence.	7 8
101	Am	endme	ent o	f s 5	4 (Ap	oplication for licence)	9
		Sectio	n 54(1)(e)	, 'suit	able'—	10
		omit, i	insert				11
				fit a	nd pr	oper	12
102	Replacement of ss 57–60						13
	Sections 57 to 60—						14
	omit, insert—						15
	57 Fit and proper person to hold licence						16
			(1)	pers	on to	ng whether a person is a fit and proper hold a licence, the chief executive must ard to the following—	17 18 19
				(a)		ther the person held a licence or permit was suspended or cancelled under—	20 21
					(i)	this part; or	22
					(ii)	the Narcotic Drugs Act 1967 (Cwlth); or	23 24
					(iii)	a law of another State that corresponds, or substantially corresponds, to this part;	25 26 27

(b)		e person is an individual—the criminal ory of the person;	1 2
(c)	exec	e person is a corporation—whether each autive officer of the corporation is a fit proper person to hold a licence;	3 4 5
(d)	cates	elation to an applicant for, or holder of, a gory 1 or category 2 researcher nee—	6 7 8
	(i)	whether the person has the necessary educational or other qualifications and experience to engage in plant breeding or other research involving the use of industrial cannabis or class A or class B research cannabis; or	9 10 11 12 13 14
	(ii)	if the person is a corporation—whether a person employed by the corporation to carry out plant breeding under the licence has the necessary educational or other qualifications and experience to engage in plant breeding or other research involving the use of industrial cannabis or class A or class B research cannabis; or	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
	(iii)	whether a close associate of the person held a licence or permit that was suspended or cancelled under—	24 25 26
		(A) this part; or(B) the <i>Narcotic Drugs Act 1967</i> (Cwlth); or	27 28 29
		(C) a law of another State that corresponds, or substantially corresponds, to this part; or	30 31 32
	(iv)	if the person is an individual—the criminal history of any close associate of the person.	33 34 35

		(2)	whe a lic any	hout limiting subsection (1), in deciding ether a person is a fit and proper person to hold bence, the chief executive may have regard to other matter the chief executive considers want.	1 2 3 4 5
103		nendment o olicant or li		1 (Investigation about the suitability of see)	6 7
	(1)	Section 61((1), 's	uitable'—	8
		omit, insert	<u>-</u>		9
			fit a	nd proper	10
	(2)	Section 61((4)—		11
		omit, insert	<u>-</u>		12
		(4)		receiving particulars of the application, the missioner—	13 14
			(a)	must make inquiries about the criminal history of a person mentioned in subsection (1)(a) to (c); and	15 16 17
			(b)	may make any other inquiries about a person mentioned in subsection (1)(a) to (c) the commissioner considers appropriate.	18 19 20
104		nendment o		3 (Chief executive may issue or refuse	21 22
	(1)	Section 63((2)(a)	, (b) and (c), 'suitable'—	23
		omit, insert	<u>-</u>		24
			fit a	nd proper	25
	(2)	Section 63((2)(d)	and (e)—	26
		omit, insert	<u>-</u>		27
			(d)	the application is properly made.	28
	(3)	Section 630	3), '(2)(e)'—	29

		omit, insert—	1
		(2)(d)	2
105		nendment of s 66 (Chief executive may renew or refuse renew licence)	3 4
		Section 66(2)(a), (b) and (c), 'suitable'—	5
	, ,	omit, insert—	6
		fit and proper	7
	(2)	Section 66(2)(e)—	8
		omit.	9
106	Am	nendment of s 70 (Amendment of licence conditions)	10
	(1)	Section 70, heading, before 'conditions'—	11
		insert—	12
		or licence	13
	(2)	Section 70(1), before 'the conditions'—	14
		insert—	15
		a licence or	16
	(3)	Section 70(3), 'of the condition'—	17
		omit.	18
	(4)	Section 70(6), 'amend the conditions of a licence'—	19
		omit, insert—	20
		make an amendment	21
107		nendment of s 73 (Grounds for suspension action or neellation)	22 23
		Section 73(1)(a) and (b)—	24
		omit insert—	25

		(a) is not, or is no longer, a fit and proper person to hold the licence; or	1 2
		(b) contravenes a provision of this Act or a condition of the licence; or	3 4
		(c) does not pay a fee imposed on the licensee under this part.	5 6
108	Omission of s	79 (Immediate cancellation)	7
	Section 79-	_	8
	omit.		9
109	Amendment o	f s 82 (What happens to cannabis plants if lled)	10 11
	Section 82(1)(a), 'or 79'—	12
	omit.		13
110		f s 83 (What happens to cannabis seed if lled or renewal refused)	14 15
	Section 83(1)(b), 'or 79'—	16
	omit.		17
111	Insertion of ne	ew s 92A	18
	Part 5B, div	vision 11—	19
	insert—		20
	92A Fur	nctions of inspectors	21
	(1)	An inspector has the following functions—	22
		(a) to investigate, monitor and enforce compliance with this part;	23 24
		(b) to investigate or monitor whether an occasion has arisen for the exercise of powers under this part;	25 26 27

			[0]	
		c) to facilitate the exercise part.	se of powers under this	1 2
	(2)	Subject to this part, an inspowers under this part for functions.	•	3 4 5
112	Insertion of n	pt 5B, div 12A		6
	Part 5B—			7
	insert—			8
	Divisio	12A Complianc	e notices	9
	110AGi	ng a compliance notice	9	10
	(1)	This section applies if the inspector reasonably believe		11 12
		a condition of a circumstances that	ener) has contravened relevant authority in make it likely the ntinue or be repeated;	13 14 15 16 17
		b) a matter relating to reasonably capable of	the contravention is being rectified; and	18 19
		c) it is appropriate to go opportunity to rectify	ve the contravener an the matter.	20 21
	(2)	The chief executive or incontravener a notice (a equiring the contravener to	compliance notice)	22 23 24
		lote—		25
		Failure to comply with a comunder section 110C.	pliance notice is an offence	26 27
	110BC	tent of compliance not	ice	28
	(1)	The compliance notice mus	st state the following—	29

	Part 5B, division	on 13—	32
113	Insertion of new	ss 110D–110F	31
	M	aximum penalty—100 penalty units.	30
	W	person given a compliance notice must comply the the notice, unless the person has a reasonable cuse.	27 28 29
	notice		25 26
	or of	ne compliance notice must be accompanied by, include, an information notice for the decision the chief executive or inspector to give the ampliance notice.	21 22 23 24
	(g	that it is an offence to fail to comply with the compliance notice unless the contravener has a reasonable excuse.	18 19 20
	(f)	that the contravener must take the steps within a stated period that is reasonable;	16 17
	(e	the reasonable steps the contravener must take to rectify the matter;	14 15
	(d	the matter relating to the contravention that the chief executive or inspector believes is reasonably capable of being rectified;	11 12 13
	(c	briefly, how it is believed the condition has been contravened;	9 10
	(b) the condition the chief executive or inspector believes has been contravened;	7 8
	(a	that the chief executive or inspector reasonably believes the contravener has contravened a condition of a relevant authority in circumstances that make it likely the contravention will continue or be repeated;	1 2 3 4 5 6

insert—		1
110DOf	fence for failure to comply with conditions	2
	The holder of a relevant authority must comply with the conditions of the authority, unless the holder has a reasonable excuse.	3 4 5
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	6
110ERe	cord requirements	7
(1)	A regulation, a condition of a relevant authority, or the chief executive by notice given to the holder of a relevant authority, may require (a <i>record requirement</i>) the holder of a relevant authority to do any of the following—	8 9 10 11 12
	(a) record stated information (the <i>required information</i>) relating to activities conducted by the holder under the relevant authority;	13 14 15
	(b) keep the required information in a stated way or at a stated place or for a stated period;	16 17 18
	(c) give the chief executive or another stated person the required information in a stated way or at stated intervals or times.	19 20 21
(2)	The holder of a relevant authority must comply with the requirement unless the holder has a reasonable excuse.	22 23 24
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	25
(3)	A holder of a relevant authority who is required to create a record under a record requirement must ensure the record does not contain information the holder knows or ought reasonably to know is false, misleading or incomplete in a material particular, unless the holder has a reasonable excuse.	26 27 28 29 30 31 32
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	33

110FNC	otification requirements	1
(1)	A regulation, a condition of a relevant authority, or the chief executive by notice given to the holder of a relevant authority, may require (a <i>notification requirement</i>) the holder to notify the chief executive or another stated person, in a stated way or at stated intervals or times, of stated information relating to activities conducted by the holder under the relevant authority.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
(2)	The holder of a relevant authority must comply with the requirement unless the holder has a reasonable excuse.	10 11 12
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	13
(3)	For subsection (2), it is a reasonable excuse for an individual not to comply with a notification requirement if the stated information might tend to incriminate the person.	14 15 16 17
(4)	However, subsection (3) does not apply if a record, containing the stated information, is required to be held or kept by the person under this Act.	18 19 20 21
(5)	A holder of a relevant authority who is required to notify the chief executive or another person under this section must not give the chief executive or the other person information the holder knows or ought reasonably to know is false, misleading or incomplete in a material particular, unless the holder has a reasonable excuse.	22 23 24 25 26 27 28
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	29
	ew pt 7, div 11	30
Part 7—		31
insert—		32

114

		Divisio	on 11	Provision for Hospital Foundations Act 2017	1 2
		147 Exi	sting ap	plication for licence	3
		(1)	under pa	tion applies if an application for a licence art 5B was made, but not decided, before mencement.	4 5 6
		(2)		et, as in force immediately before the cement, continues to apply in relation to ication.	7 8 9
115		nission of s Criminal C		(Serious offence provisions under	10 11
		Schedule—	_		12
		omit.			13
Sub	divis	sion 3		dments commencing by mation	14 15
116	Am	nendment c	of s 4 (De	finitions)	16
	(1)	researcher	licence,	ns category 1 researcher, category 1 category 2 researcher, category 2 ad certified cannabis seed—	17 18 19
		omit.			20
	(2)	Section 4—	_		21
		insert—			22
			planting	seed, for part 5B, see section 46.	23
			research	ner, for part 5B, see section 46.	24
			research	ner licence, for part 5B, see section 46.	25
			seed har	<i>idler</i> , for part 5B, see section 46.	26

[3 117]		
		seed handler licence, for part 5B, see section 46.
117	Am	nendment of s 46 (Definitions for pt 5B)
	(1)	Section 46, definitions category 1 researcher, category 1 researcher licence, category 2 researcher, category 2 researcher licence and certified cannabis seed—
		omit.
	(2)	Section 46—
		insert—
		<i>planting seed</i> means cannabis seed that is, in accordance with a regulation, taken to have been harvested from a cannabis plant with a THC concentration, in the plant's leaves and flowering heads, of not more than 0.5%.
		<i>researcher</i> means a person who holds a researcher licence that is in force.
		researcher licence means a researcher licence issued under section 49.
		seed handler means a person who holds a seed handler licence that is in force.
		seed handler licence means a seed handler licence issued under section 49.
	(3)	Section 46, definition <i>industrial cannabis seed</i> , paragraph (b), 'certified cannabis'—
		omit, insert—
		planting
	(4)	Section 46, definition <i>processed cannabis</i> , paragraph (b)(ii), from 'person'—
		omit, insert—
		seed handler.

[s	1	1	81

118	∆mendm(ent o	f c 4	9 (Categories of licences)	1	
	Section 49(a) to (c)—					
	omit, i	`			2 3	
	omii, i	meri	(a)	grower licences;	4	
			(b)	researcher licences;	5	
			(c)	seed handler licences.	6	
			(0)	seed named neciecs.	U	
119	Replacem	nent	of ss	s 50 and 51	7	
	Section	ns 50	and	51—	8	
	omit, i	insert	<u>-</u>		9	
	50	Wh	at re	searcher licences authorise	10	
		(1)		esearcher licence authorises the licensee, in ordance with the licence—	11 12	
			(a)	to possess for research purposes—	13	
				(i) industrial cannabis plants and seed; and	14	
				(ii) class A and class B research cannabis plants and seed; and	15 16	
			(b)	to produce, for use in plant breeding programs for developing new commercial strains of industrial cannabis—	17 18 19	
				(i) industrial cannabis plants and seed; and	20	
				(ii) class A and class B research cannabis plants and seed; and	21 22	
			(c)	to supply class A and class B research cannabis plants and seed to—	23 24	
				(i) a grower for use, under the licensee's supervision, as part of a field trial the licensee is conducting on land owned or leased by the grower; and	25 26 27 28	
				(ii) a researcher authorised to possess the cannabis plants and seed; and	29 30	

	(iii) a person authorised under a regulation under section 48 to possess the cannabis plants and seed; and	1 2 3
(d)	to supply industrial cannabis plants or seed to—	4 5
	(i) a grower; or	6
	(ii) a researcher; or	7
	(iii) a seed handler; or	8
	(iv) a person authorised under a regulation under section 48 to possess industrial cannabis plants or seed; and	9 10 11
(e)	to supply class A or class B research cannabis seed or industrial cannabis seed to—	12 13 14
	(i) a person who holds a cannabis research licence or a medicinal cannabis licence under the <i>Narcotic Drugs Act 1967</i> (Cwlth); or	15 16 17 18
	(ii) a person in another State who is authorised under the law of that State to possess cannabis seed that, if grown, will produce cannabis plants with a THC concentration in their leaves and flowering heads that the person in the other State may possess; and	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
(f)	if the licensee holds a licence under the <i>Customs Act 1901</i> (Cwlth) authorising the licensee to export cannabis—to supply class A or class B research cannabis seed or industrial cannabis seed to a person in another country who is authorised under the law of that country to possess the seed; and	26 27 28 29 30 31 32
(g)	to supply processed cannabis to a person authorised under a regulation under section 48 to possess processed cannabis.	33 34 35

				[0 :=0]		
		((2)	In this section—	1	
				State includes an external territory.	2	
120		endmen		nd renumbering of s 52 (What grower orise)	3 4	
	(1)	Section	52(b) and note, from 'from certified'—	5	
		omit, ins	sert-	_	6	
				from planting seed; and	7	
				Note—	8	
				Planting seed is seed that is, in accordance with a regulation, taken to have been harvested from a cannabis plant with a THC concentration, in the plant's leaves and flowering heads, of not more than 0.5%. However, industrial cannabis plants may have a THC concentration in their leaves and flowering heads of not more than 1%. The difference recognises that the leaves and flowering heads of plants grown using planting seed may have more than 0.5% THC because of environmental conditions beyond a grower's control.	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	
	(2)		52(c)(i) and (d) to (f), 'category 1 or category 2'—	19	
	(2)	omit.			20	
	(3)	Section			21	
		renumbe	er a	s section 51.	22	
121	Insertion of new s 52				23	
		Part 5B, division 2—				
		insert—			25	
		52	Wh	at seed handler licences authorise	26	
				A seed handler licence authorises the licensee, in accordance with the licence—	27 28	
				(a) to supply denatured seed to a person who is authorised to possess processed cannabis; and	29 30 31	

(b)	to supply industrial cannabis seed to any of the following—				
	(i)	a grower;	3		
	(ii)	a researcher;	4		
	(iii)	a seed handler;	5		
	(iv)	a person authorised under a regulation under section 48 to possess industrial cannabis plants or seed;	6 7 8		
	(v)	a person in another State who is authorised under the law of that State to possess cannabis seed that, if grown, will produce cannabis plants with a THC concentration in their leaves and flowering heads the person in the other State may possess;	9 10 11 12 13 14 15		
	(vi)	if the seed handler holds a licence under the <i>Customs Act 1901</i> (Cwlth) authorising the seed handler to export cannabis—a person in a foreign country who is authorised under the law of the country to possess the seed; and	16 17 18 19 20 21 22		
(c)	to po	ossess industrial cannabis seed—	23		
	(i)	for the purpose of denaturing the seed and supplying the denatured seed to a person mentioned in paragraph (a); or	24 25 26		
	(ii)	for the purpose of—	27		
		(A) cleaning, drying and grading the seed; and	28 29		
		(B) supplying the seed to a person mentioned in paragraph (b); or	30 31		
	(iii)	for the purpose of otherwise storing the seed before supplying the seed to a person mentioned in paragraph (b).	32 33 34		

122	Am	endment o	f s 54 (Application for licence)	1			
	(1)	,					
		insert—		3			
			(d) for an application for a researcher licence—a research plan containing information prescribed by regulation.	4 5 6			
	(2)	Section 54-	_	7			
		insert—		8			
		(3)	A research plan mentioned in subsection (2)(d) forms part of the application.	9 10			
123	Insertion of new s 56A						
		Part 5B, division 3—					
		insert—		13			
		56A Amendment of application					
		(1)	The chief executive may, by written notice given to the applicant for a licence, allow the applicant to, within a stated reasonable time, amend an application being considered by the chief executive (the <i>existing application</i>) by giving the chief executive a new application that incorporates the amendments (the <i>amended application</i>).	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22			
		(2)	If the applicant does not give the chief executive the amended application within the stated reasonable time, the chief executive may, in accordance with section 63, issue or refuse to issue the licence based on the existing application.	23 24 25 26 27			
124		endment o	f s 57 (Fit and proper person to hold	28 29			
		Section 57(1)(d), 'category 1 or category 2'—	30			
		omit.		31			

	endment o ssue licend	f s 63 (Chief executive may issue or refuse ce)
(1)		•
	insert—	
		(ca) for a researcher licence—the research plan for the application for the licence will, if implemented, manage all risks of non-compliance with the Act that are associated with the research and associated activities proposed to be carried out under the licence; and
(2)	Section 63(2)(ca) and (d)—
	renumber a	s section 63(2)(d) and (e).
(3)	Section 63((3), '(2)(d)'—
	omit, insert	<u>- </u>
		(2)(e)
(4)	Section 63-	_
	insert—	
	(3A)	If the chief executive decides to issue a researcher licence, the research plan for the application for the licence forms part of the licence.
	(5)	In this section—
		research plan, for an application for a researcher licence, means the research plan forming part of the application under section 54 as amended in accordance with this part.
(5)	Section 63((3A) to (5)—
(3)		s section 63(4) to (6).

		omit, insert—			1
		seed	d han	dler to denature the seed; or	2
	(2)	Section 82(5)(c)			3
		omit, insert—			4
		(c)	if—		5
			(i)	the cancelled licence was a researcher licence; and	6 7
			(ii)	under the cancelled licence, class A or class B research cannabis is growing on land owned or leased by a grower as part of a field trial conducted under the supervision of a researcher;	8 9 10 11 12
			chie pos	cannabis plants are taken to be in the ef executive's possession and not in the session of the grower or the former nisee.	13 14 15 16
	(3)	Section 82(6), ',	51(1)(b) and 52(b) and (e)'—	17
		omit, insert—			18
		and	51(b) and (e)	19
127		endment of s 8 ence cancelled o		hat happens to cannabis seed if newal refused)	20 21
	(1)	Section 83(2)(a)	(ii), f	rom 'person'—	22
		omit, insert—			23
		seed	d han	dler to denature the seed; or	24
	(2)	Section 83(2)(a)	(iii),	'category 1 or category 2'—	25
		omit.			26
	(3)	Section 83(2)(b)	to (c	()—	27
		omit, insert—			28
		(b)		class A or class B research cannabis l—supply the seed to a researcher, or a	29 30

		person authorised under a regulation under section 48, who may possess the cannabis seed; or	1 2 3			
		(c) destroy the seed.	4			
	(4) Section 83(3	3)(c)—	5			
	omit, insert-	_	6			
		(c) if—	7			
		(i) the cancelled licence was a researcher licence; and	8 9			
		(ii) under the cancelled licence, class A or class B research cannabis seed is in the possession of a grower for use for growing class A or class B research cannabis plants on land owned or leased by the grower as part of a field trial conducted under the supervision of a researcher;	10 11 12 13 14 15 16			
		the cannabis seed is taken to be in the chief executive's possession and not in the possession of the grower or the former licensee.	18 19 20 21			
128	Insertion of ne	w s 110G	22			
	Part 5B, div	ision 13—	23			
	insert—		24			
	110GMonitoring fees					
	(1)	A regulation may prescribe 1 or more fees (each a <i>monitoring fees</i>) for the monitoring of activities performed under a relevant authority.	26 27 28			
	(2)	The chief executive may decide whether or not to impose a particular monitoring fee on a particular holder of a relevant authority.	29 30 31			
	(3)	A fee prescribed under subsection (1) in relation	32			

		to a monitoring activity must not be more than the reasonable costs of the monitoring activity.	1 2
129	Insertion of ne	ew ss 148 and 149	3
	Part 7, divis	sion 11—	4
	insert—		5
		sting application for category 1 or category esearcher licence	6 7
	(1)	This section applies if an application for a category 1 or a category 2 researcher licence was made, but not decided, before the commencement.	9
	(2)	This Act, as in force immediately before the commencement, continues to apply in relation to the application.	
	(3)	Despite subsection (2), if the chief executive decides to grant the licence—	15 16
		(a) the licence granted is a researcher licence; and	17 18
		(b) if the application was for a category 2 researcher licence—the licence is subject to a condition prohibiting the licensee from dealing with class A research cannabis plants and seed under the licence.	20 21
		nsition of existing category 1 or category 2 earcher licence	24 25
	(1)	This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, a person held a category 1 or category 2 researcher licence.	
	(2)	The licence continues in force after the commencement as a researcher licence—	29 30

	(a)	subject to any conditions that applied to the licence immediately before the commencement; and	1 2 3
	(b)	if the licence was a category 2 researcher licence—subject to a condition prohibiting the licensee from dealing with class A research cannabis plants and seed under the licence; and	4 5 6 7 8
	(c)	until the licence expires or is renewed, cancelled or surrendered.	9 10
Division 3	Amendment of Drugs Misuse Regulation 1987		11 12
Subdivision 1	Pre	liminary	13
l30 Regulation ar	nend	ed	14
This divisi	on am	ends the Drugs Misuse Regulation 1987.	15
Subdivision 2		endments commencing on ent	16 17
I31 Insertion of n	ew p	t 4, divs 7A and 7B	18
Part 4—			19
insert—			20
Divisi	on 7	A Record requirements	21
26A Re	cord	requirements—Act, s 110E	22
	This	s division prescribes, for section 110E of the record requirements for the holder of a vant authority.	23 24 25

	cordi wers	_	nformation—researchers and	1 2
(1)	rese	arche	ee, who is a category 1 or category 2 or or a grower, must make a written each of the following—	3 4 5
	(a)		strains or varieties of all cannabis seed in icensee's possession;	6 7
	(b)		strains or varieties of all cannabis plants icensee is growing;	8 9
	(c)		source and quantity of all cannabis ts and seed supplied to the licensee;	10 11
	(d)		n and by whom cannabis plants or seed e delivered to the licensee;	12 13
	(e)	licer	annabis plants or seed is delivered to the asee by a carrier—the name of the widual who actually delivered the plants eed;	14 15 16 17
	(f)		to a carrier for delivery to a person—	18 19
		(i)	the name of the individual to whom the plants or seed were given for delivery; and	20 21 22
		(ii)	the name of the person to whom it is intended the plants or seed be supplied by the licensee;	23 24 25
	(g)		n cannabis seed is planted by the usee;	26 27
	(h)	seed	to another person (the <i>recipient</i>) who is orised to possess the cannabis plants or	28 29 30 31
		(i)	the name of the recipient; and	32
		(ii)	what the recipient intends to use the cannabis plants or seed for; and	33 34

		(111)	processed cannabis—particulars of how the cannabis plants or seed was grown, or otherwise obtained, by the licensee; and	2 3 4 5
		(iv)	the date on which the cannabis plants or seed was supplied to the recipient; and	6 7 8
		(v)	the quantity of cannabis plants or seed supplied to the recipient;	9 10
	(i)		he licensee disposes of or destroys nabis plants or seed—	11 12
		(i)	the date the cannabis plants or seed is disposed of or destroyed; and	13 14
		(ii)	the method the licensee used to dispose of or destroy the cannabis plants or seed.	15 16 17
(2)	info than	rmati 17	ensee must make the record of the ion as soon as practicable, but no later days, after the information becomes to the licensee.	18 19 20 21
26C R	ecordi	ng iı	nformation—seed suppliers	22
(1)			supplier must make a written record of the following—	23 24
	(a)		source and quantity of all industrial nabis seed supplied to the seed supplier;	25 26
	(b)		n and by whom industrial cannabis seed delivered to the seed supplier;	27 28
	(c)	seed	dustrial cannabis seed is delivered to the I supplier by a carrier—the name of the vidual who actually delivered the seed;	29 30 31

	(d) if the seed supplier supplies industrial cannabis seed to a carrier for delivery to a person—	1 2 3
	(i) the name of the person to whom the seed was given for delivery; and	4 5
	(ii) the name of the person to whom it is intended the seed be supplied by the seed supplier;	6 7 8
	(e) the name of each person to whom the seed supplier supplies industrial cannabis seed.	9 10
(2)	The seed supplier must make the record of the information as soon as practicable, but no later than 7 days, after the information becomes available to the seed supplier.	11 12 13 14
26D Rec	ording information—denaturers	15
(1)	A denaturer must make a written record of—	16
	(a) the source and quantity of all industrial cannabis seed supplied to the denaturer; and	17 18
	(b) when and by whom industrial cannabis seed was delivered to the denaturer; and	19 20
	(c) how, when and by whom industrial cannabis seed was denatured.	21 22
(2)	The denaturer must make the record of the information as soon as practicable, but no later than 7 days, after the information becomes available to the denaturer.	23 24 25 26
(3)	In this section—	27
	denaturer see section 22(1).	28
26E Kee	ping record of information	29
(1)	A holder of a relevant authority must keep the record of the information until the end of the first	30 31

	of the following periods—	1
	(a) if the authority ends—3 years after the authority ends;	2 3
	(b) if the holder stops being the holder of the authority—2 years after the holder stops being the holder of the authority.	4 5 6
(2)	The holder must keep the record in a form that is readily accessible, usable and able to be interpreted.	7 8 9
Divisio	on 7B Notification requirements	10
	tification requirements—researchers and wers	11 12
(1)	This section prescribes, for section 110F of the Act, notification requirements for a licensee who is a category 1 or category 2 researcher or a grower.	13 14 15 16
(2)	The licensee must give an inspector written notice—	17 18
	(a) of the planting of cannabis seed by the licensee; and	19 20
	(b) if cannabis plants planted by the licensee will not be harvested—of the following—	21 22
	(i) the plants will not be harvested;	23
	(ii) how the licensee will dispose of or destroy the plants; and	24 25
	(c) in relation to a crop of industrial cannabis or class B research cannabis plants planted by the licensee—that the crop is ready to be tested for THC concentration.	26 27 28 29
(3)	The licensee must give a notice under this section to an inspector—	30 31

		<u> </u>	
	(a)	for a notice mentioned in subsection (2)(a)—within 14 days of the planting of the seed; or	1 2 3
	(b)	for a notice mentioned in subsection (2)(b)—within 3 months of the planting of the cannabis plants; or	4 5 6
	(c)	for a notice mentioned in subsection (2)(c)—at least 4 weeks before the licensee intends to harvest the crop.	7 8 9
132	Amendment of sc authorised under	h 7 (Conditions for particular persons part 4)	10 11
	Schedule 7, sect	ions 1(b) and 4(b)—	12
	omit.		13
133	Amendment of sc	h 8 (Licence conditions)	14
	Schedule 8, iten	15—	1.
	omit.		10
Sub	division 3 Am	nendments commencing by	17
		oclamation	18
134	Amendment of s 1	0 (Operation of pt 4 and schs 7 and 8)	19
	(1) Section 10(1), "	7'—	20
	omit, insert—		21
	6		22
	(2) Section 10(2), ',	, 6 and 7'—	23
	omit, insert—		24
	and	d 6	2.4

Replacemer	nt of s 11 (Certifying cannabis seed)	1
Section 1		2
omit, ins	ert—	3
11 F	lanting seed—Act, s 46, def <i>planting seed</i>	4
(1	This section states, for section 46 of the Act, definition <i>planting seed</i> , when cannabis seed is taken to have been harvested from a cannabis plant (a 0.5% THC plant) with a THC concentration, in the plant's leaves and flowering heads, of not more than 0.5%.	5 6 7 8 9 10
(2	Cannabis seed originating in the State is taken to have been harvested from a 0.5% THC plant if—	11 12
	(a) both of the following apply—	13
	(i) an authorised person, at the request of the licensee or on the authorised person's own initiative, arranges for the THC concentration of a representative sample for the seed to be analysed;	14 15 16 17 18
	(ii) the results of the analysis state the THC concentration of the representative sample is not more than 0.5%; and	19 20 21
	(b) the seed is labelled with the required particulars. Note—	22 23 24
	See section 27C for additional labelling requirements.	25 26
(3	Also, cannabis seed originating in the State is taken to have been harvested from a 0.5% THC plant if—	27 28 29
	(a) both of the following apply—	30
	(i) an authorised person, at the request of the licensee or on the authorised person's own initiative, authorises another person in writing to arrange for	31 32 33 34

		the THC concentration of a representative sample for the seed to be analysed in a NATA accredited laboratory;	1 2 3 4
		(ii) the results of the analysis state the THC concentration of the representative sample is not more than 0.5%; and	5 6 7
	(b)	the seed is labelled with the required particulars.	8 9
		Note—	10
		See section 27C for additional labelling requirements.	11 12
(4)	ano	nnabis seed originating in another State, or other country, is taken to have been harvested in a 0.5% THC plant if the recipient licensee—	13 14 15
	(a)	takes reasonable steps to confirm that—	16
		(i) a representative sample for the seed has undergone an analysis that is substantially equivalent to an analysis mentioned in subsection (3)(a)(i); and	17 18 19 20
		(ii) the results of the analysis state the THC concentration of the representative sample is not more than 0.5%; and	21 22 23
	(b)	labels the cannabis seed with the required particulars.	24 25
		Note—	26
		See section 27C for additional labelling requirements.	27 28
(5)	In tl	his section—	29
	autl	horised person means—	30
	(a)	an inspector; or	31
	(b)	another person authorised by the chief executive for the purpose of this section.	32 33
	repi	resentative sample, for cannabis seed, means a	34

[s	1	36	

		representative sample of cannabis leaves and flowering heads taken from the crop from which the seed was harvested.	1 2 3
136	Am	nendment of s 12 (Application of div 3)	4
		Section 12(a), 'category 1 or category 2'—	5
		omit.	6
137	Am	nendment of s 15 (Supply)	7
	(1)	Section 15(a) and (b)—	8
		omit, insert—	9
		(a) to supply class A or class B research cannabis plants and seed to another DPI researcher or a researcher authorised to possess the cannabis plants and seed; and	10 11 12 13
	(2)	Section 15(d)(ii), 'category 1 or category 2'—	14
		omit.	15
	(3)	Section 15(d)(iv)—	16
		omit, insert—	17
		(iv) a denaturer;	18
	(4)	Section 15(c) to (g)—	19
		renumber as section 15(b) to (f).	20
138	Om	nission of pt 4, div 6 (Seed suppliers)	21
		Part 4, division 6—	22
		omit.	23
139	Om	nission of s 22 (Denaturer)	24
		Section 22—	25

		omit.	1
140	Am	nendment of s 24 (Analyst) Section 24(2), definition <i>authorised person</i> , paragraph (a),	2
		'category 1 or category 2'—	4
		omit.	5
141	Am	nendment of s 26 (Employees of authorised persons)	6
	(1)	Section 26(2), definition <i>authorised person</i> , paragraphs (e) and (f)—	7 8
		omit.	9
	(2)	Section 26(2), definition <i>authorised person</i> , paragraphs (g) and (h)—	10 11
		renumber as paragraphs (e) and (f).	12
142		nendment of s 26B (Recording ormation—researchers and growers)	13 14
	(1)	Section 26B(1), 'category 1 or category 2'—	15
		omit.	16
	(2)	Section 26B(1)—	17
		insert—	18
		(ca) if the licensee is the first licensee to take possession of planting seed after the seed enters the State—a report number, or other identifying information, for the report containing the results mentioned in section 11(4)(a)(ii);	19 20 21 22 23 24
	(3)	Section 26B(1)(ca) to (i)—	25
		ranumbar as section $26R(1)(d)$ to (i)	26

	nendment of s 26C (Recording information—seed ppliers)	1 2
(1)	Section 26C, heading, 'suppliers'—	3
	omit, insert—	4
	handlers	5
(2)	Section 26C, 'supplier'—	6
	omit, insert—	7
	handler	8
(3)	Section 26C(1)—	9
	insert—	10
	(ca) if the seed handler is the first licensee to take possession of planting seed after the seed enters the State—a report number, or other identifying information, for the report containing the results mentioned in section 11(4)(a)(ii);	11 12 13 14 15 16
	(cb) if the industrial cannabis is denatured by the seed handler—how, when and by whom the industrial cannabis seed was denatured;	17 18 19
(4)	Section 26C(1)(ca) to (e)—	20
	renumber as section 26C(1)(d) to (g).	21
Or	nission of s 26D (Recording information—denaturers)	22
	Section 26D—	23
	omit.	24
	nendment of s 26F (Notification quirements—researchers and growers)	25 26
	Section 26F(1), 'category 1 or category 2'—	27
	omit.	28

146	Renumbering	of pt 4, divs 7 to 7B	1
	J	sions 7 to 7B—	2
		s part 4, divisions 6 to 7A.	3
147	Omission of s	27 (Recognition as seed supplier)	4
	Section 27-	_	5
	omit.		6
148	Renumbering	of ss 23–26F	7
	Sections 23	to 26F—	8
	renumber a	s sections 20 to 27A.	9
149	Insertion of ne	ew ss 27B and 27C	10
	Part 4, divis	sion 8—	11
	insert—		12
		scribed information for research ns—Act, s 54	13 14
	(1)	This section prescribes, for section 54(2)(d) of the Act, information that must be included in a research plan relating to an application for a researcher licence.	15 16 17 18
	(2)	The research plan must—	19
		(a) describe the research and associated activities proposed to be carried out under the licence; and	20 21 22
		(b) describe the location of all places where the research and associated activities will be carried out; and	23 24 25
		(c) identify any risk of non-compliance with the Act that is associated with the research and associated activities; and	26 27 28

(d)	describe measures proposed to be implemented to manage all risks mentioned	1 2
	in paragraph (c), including, for example— (i) how the following will be secured.	3
	(i) how the following will be secured—(A) cannabis crops, cannabis seed and equipment associated with the research and associated activities;	5 6 7
	(B) information and records associated with the research and associated activities; and	8 9 10
	(ii) what security screening protocols will be put in place for the employees, or other persons, dealing with cannabis crops, cannabis seed and equipment associated with the research and associated activities; and	11 12 13 14 15 16
	(iii) how the researcher will restrict access, of employees or other persons, to cannabis crops, cannabis seed and equipment associated with the research and associated activities; and	17 18 19 20 21
	(iv) how cannabis crops, cannabis seed and equipment associated with the research and associated activities will be safely and securely stored, handled or transported; and	22 23 24 25 26
(e)	contain any additional information stated in a guideline published by the chief executive under subsection (3).	27 28 29
pub stati exec mar asso	subsection (2)(e), the chief executive may lish, on the department's website, a guideline and additional information that the chief cutive reasonably considers is relevant for the agement of risks associated with research and ociated activities carried out under a researcher nee.	30 31 32 33 34 35 36

36

(3)

27C Lab	ellin	g me	ethod	1
(1)	This section applies if a provision of this part, or a condition of a licence, requires—			2 3
	(a)		nabis seed to be labelled so as to indicate icular information; or	4 5
	(b)	incl	icular information to otherwise be uded on a container, however described, annabis seed.	6 7 8
(2)		_	nirement is complied with only if the on is—	9 10
	(a)	eithe	er—	11
		(i)	written or stamped on—	12
			(A) the outside of the container in a position where the information can be clearly seen on the container; or	13 14 15 16
			(B) a label that is fixed to the outside of the container in a position where the label can be clearly seen on the container; or	17 18 19 20
		(ii)	if, because the seed is being supplied in bulk, subparagraph (i) cannot reasonably be complied with—included in a written notice given to a person to whom the seed is supplied before or when the seed is delivered to the person; and	21 22 23 24 25 26 27
	(b)	writ	ten in English; and	28
	(c)	writ	ten in characters that are at least 1.5mm	29 30
	(d)	writ	ten in characters that are either—	31
		(i)	dark print on a light background; or	32
		(ii)	light print on dark background.	33

		1	to, or for	under subsection (2)(a)(ii) may be fixed m part of, a delivery docket or invoice he person to whom the seed is supplied.	1 2 3
150		nendment of thorised und		conditions for particular persons	4 5
	(1)		-		6
		omit.			7
	(2)	Schedule 7, s	section 5(2), from 'laboratory'—	8
		omit, insert—	_		9
]	NATA ac	credited laboratory.	10
	(3)	Schedule 7, s	section 5(5), definition <i>NATA</i> —	11
		omit.			12
	(4)	Schedule 7, s	sections 2	to 5—	13
		renumber as	schedule	7, sections 1 to 3.	14
151	Re	placement of	f sch 8 (Licence conditions)	15
		Schedule 8—	_		16
		omit, insert—	_		17
		Sched	ule 8	Licence conditions	18
				section 29(1)	19
		Part 1		General conditions	20
		1	licen place seed	censee must keep cannabis seed in the see's possession in a securely locked e, other than when the licensee uses the for a purpose that is authorised under icensee's licence.	21 22 23 24 25

2	As soon as reasonably practicable after a licensee receives a package containing cannabis plants or seed that appears to have been tampered with, the licensee must inform an inspector or a police officer that the package appears to have been tampered with.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
3	A licensee who proposes to supply industrial cannabis seed for sale by wholesale or retail must ensure—	8 9 10
	(a) if the seed is cannabis seed harvested from an industrial cannabis plant—the seed is labelled so as to describe the seed as cannabis seed harvested from an industrial cannabis plant; or	11 12 13 14 15
	(b) if the seed is to be supplied as planting seed—the seed is labelled with the required particulars.	16 17 18
	Note—	19
	See section 27C for additional labelling requirements.	20
Part 2	Particular conditions	21
	for researcher licences	22
4	A researcher, whose licence is subject to a condition prohibiting the researcher from dealing with class A research cannabis plants and seed, must allow an inspector to destroy, or supervise the destruction of, cannabis plants in the possession of the researcher that have been found, by an analyst conducting a laboratory analysis of a random sample of the leaves and flowering heads of the plants, to have a concentration of THC in their leaves and flowering heads of 3% or more.	23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

5	A researcher, whose licence is subject to a condition prohibiting the researcher from dealing with class A research cannabis plants and seed, must ensure, as far as practicable, that cannabis seed supplied to the researcher by a person in another State or a foreign country is certified as seed that, if grown, will produce cannabis plants with a THC concentration in their leaves and flowering heads of less than 3%.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
6	A researcher must carry out activities under the researcher's licence in accordance with the approved research plan for the licence.	11 12 13
Part 3	Particular conditions	14
	for grower licences	15
7	A grower must allow an inspector to destroy, or supervise the destruction of, cannabis plants in the possession of the grower that have been found, by an analyst conducting a laboratory analysis of a random sample of the leaves and flowering heads of the plants, to have a THC concentration in their leaves and flowering heads of more than 1%.	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
Part 4	Particular conditions for seed handler licences	24 25 26
8	A seed handler must—	27
(a)	ensure all industrial cannabis seed in the possession of the seed handler is labelled to state—	28 29 30

			(i)	if the seed is cannabis seed harvested from an industrial cannabis plant—that fact; or	1 2 3
			(ii)	if the seed is intended to be used or supplied as planting seed—the required particulars; and	4 5 6
				Note—	7
				See section 27C for additional labelling requirements.	8 9
			(b)	pack all industrial cannabis seed to be delivered to someone else by a carrier in a way that ensures, as far as reasonably practicable, seed can not escape from the packaging or be accidentally released or tampered with.	10 11 12 13 14 15
152	Amendment of sch 9 (Dictionary)				
	(1)	Schedule 9,	definition	n seed supplier—	17
		omit.			18
	(2)	Schedule 9-			19
		insert—			20
			means a licence u	d research plan, for a researcher licence, research plan that forms part of the under section 63(4) of the Act as amended dance with the Act.	21 22 23 24
				neans the National Association of Testing ies, Australia ABN 59 004 379 748.	25 26
			whose fu	ccredited laboratory means a laboratory inctions and operations are accredited by for competence to undertake drug	27 28 29 30
			originati	t licensee, in relation to cannabis seed ng in another State or another country, ne licensee who first takes possession of	31 32 33

		the seed after it enters the State.			
		requ	uired particulars means—	2	
		(a)	a report number, or other identifying information, for the report containing the results mentioned in section 11(2)(a)(ii), (3)(a)(ii) or (4)(a)(ii); and	3 4 5 6	
		(b)	the words 'planting seed'; and	7	
		(c)	the words 'This seed was harvested from a cannabis plant with a THC concentration in the plant's leaves and flowering heads, of not more than 0.5%'; and	8 9 10 11	
		(d)	for cannabis seed originating in the State—the name and licence number of the grower who produced the seed; and	13 14	
		(e)	for cannabis seed originating in another State or another country—the name of—	15 16	
			(i) the State or other country; and	17	
			(ii) the recipient licensee.	18	
Divis	sion 4	(Co	endment of Fair Work ommonwealth Powers) and Other ovisions Act 2009	19 20 21	
153	Act amended			22	
			nends the Fair Work (Commonwealth Powers) sions Act 2009.	23 24	
154	Amendment sector emplo		1 (Other entities that are not public	25 26	
	Schedule	l, item	2—	27	
	omit inser	^t		28	

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2	foundations established under the Hospital	1
	Foundations Act 2017	2

Schedule 1 Dictionary

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2

section 6

<i>administrator</i> , for a foundation, means a person appointed under section 50 to administer the foundation.	3
approved form means a form approved under section 82.	5
associated Hospital and Health Service, for a foundation, means the Hospital and Health Service in association with which the foundation performs its functions.	6 7 8
board means a board of a foundation established under section 27.	9 10
criminal history, for a person, means the person's criminal history as defined under the Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986, other than spent convictions.	11 12 13
derivative transactions, for part 5, see section 52.	14
foundation means a foundation established under section 12.	15
health service chief executive see the Hospital and Health Boards Act 2011, schedule 2.	16 17
Hospital and Health Board see the Hospital and Health Boards Act 2011, schedule 2.	18 19
Hospital and Health Service means a Hospital and Health Service established under the Hospital and Health Boards Act 2011, section 17.	20 21 22
managing executive officer, of a foundation, means a person who is the most senior officer (however called) of the foundation who manages the day-to-day operation of the foundation.	23 24 25 26
member, of a board, see section 30(1).	27
notice means written notice.	28
public sector health service see the Hospital and Health Roards Act 2011 schedule 2	29 30

_	c sector health service facility see the Hospital and h Boards Act 2011, schedule 2.	1 2
	c sector hospital see the Hospital and Health Boards Act schedule 2.	3
_	ter means the register of foundations kept by the chief ative under section 79.	5 6
0	tered object, of a foundation, means an object included in arrent objects of the foundation contained in the register.	7 8
specia	al financial arrangement, for part 5, section 52.	9
spent	conviction means a conviction—	10
` /	for which the rehabilitation period under the <i>Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986</i> has expired under that Act; and	11 12 13
(b)	that is not revived as prescribed by section 11 of that Δ_{ct}	14

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