



Queensland

Penalties and Sentences (Drug and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017

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2017

A Bill

for

An Act to amend the Criminal Code, the *Criminal Law* (*Rehabilitation of Offenders*) Act 1986, the *Drugs Misuse Act* 1986, the *Evidence Act* 1977, the *Justice and Other Information Disclosure Act* 2008, the *Penalties and Sentences Act* 1992, and the *Police Powers and Responsibilities Act* 2000 for particular purposes

	Amendm	s and Sentences (Drug and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislation ent Bill 2017 reliminary	
	The Pa	arliament of Queensland enacts—	1
	Part	1 Preliminary	2
Clause	1	Short title	3
		This Act may be cited as the <i>Penalties and Sentences</i> (Drug and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2017.	4 5 6
Clause	2	Commencement	7
		The following provisions commence on a day to be fixed by proclamation—	8 9
		(a) part 2;	10
		(b) sections 14 to 16;	11
		(c) part 6;	12
		(d) sections 32 and 35.	13
	Part	2 Amendment of Criminal Code	14
Clause	3	Code amended	15
		This part amends the Criminal Code.	16
Clause	4	Amendment of s 227C (Persons who are not criminally responsible for offences against ss 227A and 227B)	17 18
		Section 227C(3), definition <i>supervision order</i> , paragraph (a), after 'order'—	19 20
		insert—	21
		, or drug and alcohol treatment order,	22

Clause	5	Amendment of s 55 offences dealt with		laximum penalty for indictable narily)	1 2
		Section 552H(1)	(a) and	(b)—	3
		omit, insert—			4
		(a)	constit and a <i>Penalt</i> 8A—1	e Magistrates Court is a court tuted by a magistrate imposing a drug llcohol treatment order under the <i>ies and Sentences Act 1992</i> , part .00 penalty units or 4 years onment; or	5 6 7 8 9 10
		(b)	magist mentio	Magistrates Court is constituted by a crate other than a magistrate oned in paragraph (a)—100 penalty or 3 years imprisonment; or	11 12 13 14
		(c)	justice	Magistrates Court is constituted by s under section 552C(1)(b)—100 y units or 6 months imprisonment.	15 16 17
Clause	6	Insertion of new pt	: 9, ch	99	18
		Part 9—			19
		insert—			20
		Chapter	99	Transitional	21
		•		provision for	22
				Penalties and	23
				Sentences (Drug and	24
				Alcohol Treatment	25
				Orders) and Other	26
				Legislation	27
				Amendment Act	28
				2017	29

Penalties and Sentences (Drug and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017 Part 3 Amendment of Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986

[s 7]

			741 Ap	plication of s 552H A court may impose the penalty mentioned in section 552H(1)(a) for an offence committed before the commencement.	1 2 3 4
	Part	3		Amendment of Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986	5 6 7
Clause	7	Act	amended This part <i>Offenders</i>)	amends the Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Act 1986.	8 9 10
Clause	8	Am (1)	endment o Section 3(1 <i>insert</i> —	 bf s 3 (Interpretation) term of imprisonment see the Penalties and Sentences Act 1992, section 4. 	11 12 13 14 15
		(2)	Section 3(2 omit, insert (2)	2)—	13 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
			(2A)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that, for subsection (2)(b), it is irrelevant whether or not the person is ordered to be imprisoned for any of the term of imprisonment imposed.	25 26 27 28

	Penalties and Sentences (Drug and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017 Part 3 Amendment of Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986 [s 9]								
Clause	9	Insertion	of ne	ews1	5	1			
		Afters	sectio	on 14—	-	2			
		insert-	_			3			
		15	nal provision for Penalties and es (Drug and Alcohol Treatment and Other Legislation Amendment Act	4 5 6 7					
			(1)	convi	nded section 3 applies in relation to a action whether recorded before or after the nencement.	8 9 10			
			(2)	perio	nder amended section 3, no rehabilitation d applies in relation to a conviction recorded re the commencement—	11 12 13			
					any rehabilitation period in relation to the conviction that would otherwise have been capable of running under the pre-amended Act before the commencement is taken not to have run; and	14 15 16 17 18			
				1	any rehabilitation period in relation to the conviction that would otherwise have expired under the pre-amended Act before the commencement is taken not to have expired.	19 20 21 22 23			
			(3)	In thi	s section—	24			
				by the <i>Treat</i>	<i>uded section 3</i> means section 3 as amended e Penalties and Sentences (Drug and Alcohol tment Orders) and Other Legislation adment Act 2017.	25 26 27 28			
					<i>mended Act</i> means this Act as in force from to time before the commencement.	29 30			

Part 4 Amendment of Drugs Misuse Act 1986

[s 10]

	Part	4			endment of Drugs Misuse 1986	1 2
Clause	10	Act	amended			3
			This part am	nends	s the Drugs Misuse Act 1986.	4
Clause	11	Am	endment of	s 4	(Definitions)	5
		(1)	Section 4—			6
			insert—			7
				ana	<i>logue</i> , of a dangerous drug, see section 4A.	8
				treat	<i>tment order</i> means a drug and alcohol ment order under the <i>Penalties and Sentences</i> 1992, part 8A.	9 10 11
	(2) Section 4, definition <i>dangerous drug</i> —				tion <i>dangerous drug</i> —	12
			omit, insert–	_		13
				dan	gerous drug means—	14
				(a)	a thing stated in the <i>Drugs Misuse</i> <i>Regulation 1987</i> , schedule 1 or 2; or	15 16
				(b)	any part of a plant that is a thing stated in the <i>Drugs Misuse Regulation 1987</i> , schedule 1 or 2; or	17 18 19
				(c)	a derivative or stereo-isomer of a thing mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b); or	20 21
				(d)	a salt of a thing mentioned in any of paragraphs (a) to (c); or	22 23
				(e)	an analogue of a thing mentioned in any of paragraphs (a) to (d); or	24 25
				(f)	a thing that has, or is intended to have, a pharmacological effect of a thing mentioned in any of paragraphs (a) to (e); or	26 27 28

Part 4 Amendment of Drugs Misuse Act 1986

[s 12]

_	0			
			Note	_
			to	the also section 4BA for when a thing is intended have a pharmacological effect of a thing entioned in any of paragraphs (a) to (e).
		(g)		ing mentioned in any of paragraphs (a)) that is contained in—
			(i)	a natural substance; or
			(ii)	a preparation, solution or admixture.
Clause 1	2 Replacement of stereo-isomer		4A (S	Salts, derivatives and
	Section 4A-			
	omit, insert	<u>t</u>		
	4A Mea	aning	g of a	analogue
	(1)	any	of th	s an <i>analogue</i> of a dangerous drug if it is e following in relation to the dangerous ardless of how the thing is made—
		(a)	a str grou	uctural isomer with the same constituent ups;
		(b)	an a	lkaloid;
		(c)		ructural modification that is any of the owing—
			(i)	the replacement of up to 2 carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring structures with different carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring structures;
			(ii)	the addition of hydrogen atoms to 1 or more unsaturated bonds;
			(iii)	the replacement of 1 or more of the groups or atoms stated in subsection (2) with 1 or more of the other groups or atoms stated in that subsection;
		(d)	any	other homologue.

Part 4 Amendment of Drugs Misuse Act 1986

[s 13]

	(2)		subsection (1)(c)(iii), the following groups atoms are stated—	1 2
		(a)	alkoxy, cyclic diether, acyl, acyloxy, mono-amino or dialkylamino groups with up to 6 carbon atoms in any alkyl residue;	3 4 5
		(b)	alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl groups with up to 6 carbon atoms in the group, where the group is attached to oxygen, nitrogen, sulphur or carbon; <i>Example—</i>	6 7 8 9 10
			an ester or ether group attached to oxygen	11
		(c)	halogen, hydroxy, nitro or amino groups;	12
		(d)	hydrogen atoms;	13
		(e)	carbonyl, ester or amide groups.	14
	(3)	In t	his section—	15
		add	ition has its ordinary meaning.	16
		repl	lacement has its ordinary meaning.	17
		ticul A c	erivatives and stereo-isomers of ar dangerous drugs dangerous drug stated in the Drugs Misuse	18 19 20
		(a)	<i>ulation 1987</i> , schedule 3, 4 or 5 includes— a salt, derivative or stereo-isomer of the	21 22
		()	drug; and	$\overline{23}$
		(b)	a salt of a derivative or stereo-isomer of the drug.	24 25
			BA (Provision about s 4, definition paragraph (c)(iii))	26 27
(1)	Section 4B.	A, he	ading, 'paragraph (c)(iii)'—	28
	omit, insert			29
	01111, 1115011			

Clause 13

		Penalties and Sentences (Drug and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017 Part 4 Amendment of Drugs Misuse Act 1986	
		[s 14]	
		(2) Section 4BA(1), 'paragraph (c)(iii)'—	1
		omit, insert—	2
		paragraph (f)	3
		(3) Section 4BA(2), from 'that is substantially'—	4
		omit, insert—	5
		\mathbf{c}	6 7
Clause	14		8 9
		Section 13(4), from 'conviction'—	10
		omit, insert—	11
		conviction, to not more than—	12
			13 14
		(b) otherwise—3 years imprisonment.	15
Clause	15	Insertion of new s 13A	16
		Part 2—	17
		insert—	18
			19 20
		offence mentioned in subsection (3), or an attempt to commit the offence, proceedings in relation to	21 22 23 24
		summarily only if both the person and prosecution agree to a treatment order being made for the	25 26 27 28
		(3) For subsection (1), the offences are—	29

Part 4 Amendment of Drugs Misuse Act 1986

[s 16]

	(a)	an offence mentioned in section 6(1), if the person is liable on conviction to not more than the penalty mentioned in paragraph (c) of the maximum penalty for that section; or	1 2 3 4
	(b)	an offence mentioned in section $8(1)$, if the person is liable on conviction to not more than the penalty mentioned in paragraph (b)(i), (c) or (d) of the maximum penalty for that section; or	5 6 7 8 9
	(c)	an offence defined in section 9(1), if—	10
		 (i) the person is liable on conviction to a penalty mentioned in paragraph (b)(i) or (c) of the maximum penalty for that section; and 	11 12 13 14
		(ii) the offence can not be dealt with summarily under section 14.	15 16
(4)	take offe pros with	bite subsection (1), proceedings may not be a summarily in relation to a charge of an ance mentioned in subsection (3) if the ecution alleges the offence was committed the circumstances of aggravation stated in <i>Penalties and Sentences Act 1992</i> , section Q.	17 18 19 20 21 22 23
(5)	sum conv	erson against whom proceedings are taken marily under this section is liable, on viction, to not more than 4 years risonment.	24 25 26 27
		l (Other offences that may be dealt o commercial purpose alleged)	28 29
Section 14(3), fr	om 'conviction'—	30
omit, insert			31
	con	riction, to not more than—	32

Clause 16

	Pe	nalties and Sentences (Drug and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017 Part 5 Amendment of Evidence Act 1977 [s 17]	
		 (a) if a treatment order is made for the person under the <i>Penalties and Sentences Act 1992</i>, part 8A—4 years imprisonment; or 	1 2 3
		(b) otherwise—3 years imprisonment.	4
	Part	5 Amendment of Evidence Act 1977	5 6
Clause	17	Act amended	7
		This part amends the Evidence Act 1977.	8
Clause	18	Amendment of s 21M (Meaning of protected witness)	9
		Section 21M(3), definition <i>prescribed special offence</i> , after '315,'	10 11
		insert—	12
		315A,	13
	Part	6 Amendment of Justice and Other Information Disclosure Act 2008	14 15 16
Clause	19	Act amended	17
		This part amends the <i>Justice and Other Information Disclosure Act</i> 2008.	18 19
Clause	20	Amendment of long title	20
		Long title, from 'or child'—	21
		omit, insert—	22
		, treatment order information or child protection	23

	Penalties and Sentences (Drug and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017 Part 6 Amendment of Justice and Other Information Disclosure Act 2008							
	[s 21]							
					ion between particular public sector or by particular entities	1 2		
Clause	21	Amendment of s 3 (Purpose of Act)						
		(1) Section agencie		m'j	ustice information' to 'public sector	4 5		
		omit, in	sert—			6		
			or c	hild p	nformation, treatment order information protection information between particular ector agencies or by particular entities,	7 8 9		
		(2) Section	3(b), 'or	chile	1'—	10		
		omit, in	sert—			11		
			, tre	eatme	nt order agencies or child	12		
Clause	22	Insertion o	of new p	t 2A		13		
		After pa	art 2—			14		
		insert—	-			15		
		Par	rt 2A		Disclosure of treatment	16		
					order information	17		
		6A	What is	trea	tment order information	18		
				er apj	ion, about a person to whom a treatment plies, is <i>treatment order information</i> if it	19 20 21		
			(a)	eith	er—	22		
				(i)	obtained by a treatment order agency in the performance of the agency's functions under an Act or other law or in the performance by a person employed or engaged by the agency of a function under an Act or other law; or	23 24 25 26 27 28		

8

9

10

(ii)	obtained by a service provider in the	1
	performance of the provider's	2
	functions under an agreement entered	3
	into by the provider with the State or in	4
	the performance by a person employed	5
	or engaged by the agency of a function	6
	under the agreement; and	7

(b) relevant to a purpose mentioned in section 6B.

6B What is a treatment order purpose

- Treatment order information, about a person to whom a treatment order applies, is made available
 by a sending agency or service provider for a *treatment order purpose* if the information is made available for any of the following purposes—
 - (a) to enable the receiving agency to prepare for 17
 a meeting of the review team for the 18
 person's treatment order; 19
 - (b) to enable the receiving agency to attend, or arrange the attendance of the person or another person, at a meeting of the review team for the person's treatment order;
 20
 21
 22
 23
 - (c) to enable the receiving agency to record and give effect to a court decision made in a proceeding relating to the person's treatment order;
 24
 25
 26
 27
 - (d) to enable the receiving agency to use the 28 criminal history of the person to the extent 29 the receiving agency is authorised to use the 30 criminal history of the person;
 31
 - (e) to enable the receiving agency to administer, 32
 or assist in administering, the treatment 33
 order; 34

Part 6 Amendment of Justice and Other Information Disclosure Act 2008

[s 22]

		(f) to enable the receiving agency to provide for the effective supervision of the person while the treatment order applies to the person;	1 2 3
		(g) to enable the receiving agency to provide for the safety and welfare of the person;	4 5
		 (h) to enable the receiving agency to provide for, or consider whether it needs to provide for, the safety and welfare of— 	6 7 8
		(i) an individual employed or engaged by the receiving agency who may be in contact with the person; or	9 10 11
		 (ii) an individual whose safety or welfare may be at risk because of an association with the person or another person mentioned in subparagraph (i). 	12 13 14 15
	(2)	In this section—	16
		<i>review team</i> , for a treatment order, see the <i>Penalties and Sentences Act 1992</i> , section 151B.	17 18
6C	to t	king treatment order information available reatment order agencies for treatment er purpose	19 20 21
	(1)	The chief executive of a treatment order agency (the <i>sending agency</i>), or a service provider, may make treatment order information about a person available to the chief executive of a treatment order agency (the <i>receiving agency</i>) for a treatment order purpose.	22 23 24 25 26 27
	(2)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the sending agency need not give treatment order information if the sending agency reasonably considers it would not be in the public interest to	28 29 30 31

rmation Disclosure Act 200

(a) prejudice the investigation of a contravention or possible contravention of a law in a particular case; or	1 2 3
(b	enable the existence or identity of a confidential source of information, in relation to the enforcement or administration of a law, to be ascertained; or	4 5 6 7
(c	endanger a person's life or physical safety; or	8 9
(d	I) prejudice the effectiveness of a lawful method or procedure for preventing, detecting, investigating or dealing with a contravention or possible contravention of a law.	10 11 12 13 14
	g treatment order information available search purposes	15 16
qı	he chief executive (justice) may authorise a ualified person to use treatment order formation for research.	17 18 19
tro th w re	the qualified person is authorised to use eatment order information under subsection (1), e information must be used for the research in a ay that could not reasonably be expected to sult in the identification of any of the dividuals to whom the research relates.	20 21 22 23 24 25
(3) In	this section—	26
pe sa	<i>ualified person</i> , in relation to research, means a erson who the chief executive (justice) is itisfied has appropriate qualifications or aperience to carry out the research.	27 28 29 30

6E Chief executive may make guidelines

6D

- 31
- (1) The chief executive (justice) may make 32 guidelines consistent with this Act, the 33

Part 6 Amendment of Justice and Other Information Disclosure Act 2008

[s 23]

			Information Privacy Act 2009 and the Public Records Act 2002 for sharing and dealing with treatment order information under this part.	1 2 3
		(2)	The purposes of the guidelines are to ensure—	4
			(a) treatment order information is shared under this part for proper purposes; and	5 6
			(b) to the greatest extent possible, the privacy of individuals is respected when sharing information under this part, while ensuring each receiving agency has sufficient information to enable the agency to administer, or assist in administering, a treatment order effectively; and	7 8 9 10 11 12 13
			(c) information shared under this part is properly used, stored, kept and disposed of.	14 15
		(3)	The chief executive (justice) must publish the guidelines on the department's website.	16 17
			Suidennies on the department's website.	17
Clause 23	info		f s 10 (Sending agency may make vailable to information technology service	18 19 20
Clause 23	info	ormation av vider)	f s 10 (Sending agency may make vailable to information technology service	18 19
Clause 23	info pro	ormation av vider)	f s 10 (Sending agency may make vailable to information technology service	18 19 20
Clause 23	info pro	ormation av ovider) Section 10(f s 10 (Sending agency may make vailable to information technology service	18 19 20 21
Clause 23	info pro	Section 10(<i>insert</i> —	 f s 10 (Sending agency may make vailable to information technology service 1)— (ab) a treatment order agency (also the <i>sending agency</i>) that makes treatment order information available to a receiving agency 	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
Clause 23	info pro (1)	Section 10(Section 10(Section 10(f s 10 (Sending agency may make vailable to information technology service 1)— (ab) a treatment order agency (also the <i>sending agency</i>) that makes treatment order information available to a receiving agency under section 6C; or 	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
Clause 23	info pro (1)	Section 10(<i>insert</i> — Section 10(<i>insert</i> —	 f s 10 (Sending agency may make vailable to information technology service 1)— (ab) a treatment order agency (also the <i>sending agency</i>) that makes treatment order information available to a receiving agency under section 6C; or 1)(ab) and (b)— s section 10(1)(b) and (c). (2)(a) and (b), 'under arrangements mentioned in 	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27
Clause 23	infc pro (1) (2)	Section 10(insert— Section 10(inserta Section 10(renumber a Section 10(f s 10 (Sending agency may make vallable to information technology service 1)— (ab) a treatment order agency (also the <i>sending agency</i>) that makes treatment order information available to a receiving agency under section 6C; or 1)(ab) and (b)— s section 10(1)(b) and (c). (2)(a) and (b), 'under arrangements mentioned in 	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29

		Penalties and Sentences (Drug and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017	
		Part 6 Amendment of Justice and Other Information Disclosure Act 2008	
		[s 24]	
		arrangement mentioned in section 13,	1
Clause	24	Replacement of s 11 (Use of information permitted despite other Act)	2 3
		Section 11—	4
		omit, insert—	5
		11 Use of information permitted despite other Act	6
		Despite any other Act, a person may use information provided to the person—	7 8
		(a) under section 6C or 6D; or	9
		(b) under an arrangement mentioned in section 13.	10 11
Clause	25	Amendment of s 12 (Information not to be disclosed under this Act)	12 13
		Section 12, 'sections 6, 9'—	14
		omit, insert—	15
		sections 6, 6C, 6D, 9	16
Clause	26	Amendment of s 13 (Form of arrangements for giving and receiving information)	17 18
		Section 13(1), after 'this Act'—	19
		insert—	20
		, other than part 2A,	21
Clause	27	Amendment of s 14 (Disposal of information by receiving agency)	22 23
		Section 14(1)(a), 'section 6 or 9'—	24
		omit, insert—	25
		section 6, 6C or 9	26

Penalties and Sentences (Drug and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017 Part 6 Amendment of Justice and Other Information Disclosure Act 2008 [s 28]

Clause	28	Amendment of s 15 (Misuse of information made available under this Act)	1 2
		Section 15(3), after 'sending agency'—	3
		insert—	4
		or service provider	5
Clause	29	Amendment of s 16 (Protection from liability)	6
		Section 16(1), from 'arrangements'—	7
		omit, insert—	8
		section 6C or 6D or an arrangement mentioned in section 13.	9 10
Clause	30	Amendment of schedule (Dictionary)	11
		(1) Schedule—	12
		insert—	13
		<i>chief executive</i> , of a treatment order agency, means the following—	14 15
		(a) the chief executive (corrective services);	16
		(b) the chief executive (justice);	17
		(c) the chief executive of the department in which the <i>Health Act 1937</i> is administered;	18 19
		 (d) the chief executive officer of Legal Aid Queensland under the Legal Aid Queensland Act 1997; 	20 21 22
		(e) the commissioner of the police service.	23
		<i>chief executive (justice)</i> means the chief executive of the department in which the <i>Penalties and Sentences Act 1992</i> is administered.	24 25 26
		<i>service provider</i> means a non-government entity that provides assistance or support services to a person to whom a treatment order applies.	27 28 29

		<i>treatment order</i> means a drug and alcohol treatment order under the <i>Penalties and Sentences Act 1992</i> , part 8A.	1 2 3
		treatment order agency means the following—	4
		(a) the department in which the <i>Corrective Services Act 2006</i> is administered;	5 6
		(b) the department in which the <i>Penalties and Sentences Act 1992</i> is administered;	7 8
		(c) the department in which the <i>Health Act</i> 1937 is administered;	9 10
		(d) Legal Aid Queensland established under the <i>Legal Aid Queensland Act 1997</i> ;	11 12
		(e) the police service.	13
		treatment order information see section 6A.	14
		treatment order purpose see section 6B.	15
(2)	Schedule, definition <i>chief executive</i> , of a child protection agency, 'either of'—	16 17
		omit.	18
((3)	Schedule, definition receiving agency, 'sections 6'—	19
		omit, insert—	20
		sections 6, 6C	21
(4)	Schedule, definition sending agency, 'sections 6'—	22
		omit, insert—	23
		sections 6, 6C	24
Part 7	7	Amendment of Penalties and	25
		Sentences Act 1992	26
31	Act	amended	27
		This part amends the Penalties and Sentences Act 1992.	28

Page 23

Clause 31

Penalties and Sentences (Drug and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017 Part 7 Amendment of Penalties and Sentences Act 1992

[s 32]

Clause	32	32 Ame	endment o	endment of s 4 (Definitions)				
		(1)	Section 4, d	lefini	tion operational period—	2		
			omit.			3		
		(2)	Section 4—	-		4		
			insert—			5		
					e <i>conditions</i> , of the rehabilitation part of a timent order, see section $151R(1)$.	6 7		
					<i>todial part</i> , of a treatment order, see section N(2).	8 9		
					g and alcohol treatment order, for part 8A, section 151B.	10 11		
				elig	ible offence, for part 8A, see section 151B.	12		
				ope	rational period—	13		
				(a)	for a term of imprisonment suspended under section $144(1)$ —means the period stated under section $144(5)$ in relation to the term; or	14 15 16 17		
				(b)	for the custodial part of a treatment order under part 8A—see section 151B.	18 19		
					abilitation part , of a treatment order, see ion $151Q(2)$.	20 21		
				revi	ew team, for part 8A, see section 151B.	22		
					<i>re substance use disorder</i> , for part 8A, see ion 151B.	23 24		
					ability assessment report, for part 8A, see ion 151B.	25 26		
				trea	tment order, for part 8A, see section 151B.	27		
				<i>trea</i> 151	<i>tment order agency</i> , for part 8A, see section B.	28 29		
				<i>trea</i> 151	<i>tment program</i> , for part 8A, see section B.	30 31		

		Penalties and Sentences (Drug	and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2017	
		Pa	rt 7 Amendment of Penalties and Sentences Act 1992 [s 33]	
		(3) Section 4, definiti	on <i>court</i> , paragraph (b)—	1
		omit, insert—		2
		(b)	for part 8A—see section 151B; or	3
			for part 9D, division 3, subdivision 5—see section 161ZV.	4 5
Clause	33	Amendment of s 15	C (Meaning of <i>eligible drug offender</i>)	6
		Section $15C(4)(a)$	(ii), 'attend'—	7
		omit, insert—		8
		partie	cipate in	9
Clause	34	Amendment of s 19	(Order of court)	10
		(1) Section 19(2A), '	attend'—	11
		omit, insert—		12
		partie	cipate in	13
		(2) Section $19(2A)(c)$), 'attending'—	14
		omit, insert—		15
		partie	cipating in	16
Clause	35	Insertion of new pt	8A	17
		After part 8—		18
		insert—		19
		Part 8A	Drug and alcohol	20
			treatment orders	21
		Division 1	Preliminary	22

Part 7 Amendment of Penalties and Sentences Act 1992

151B Defin	nitions for part	1		
In	In this part—			
	pre conditions, of the rehabilitation part of a eatment order, see section $151R(1)$.	3 4		
	<i>purt</i> means a Magistrates Court prescribed by egulation.	5 6		
	<i>custodial part</i> , of a treatment order, see section $151N(2)$.			
	<i>rug and alcohol treatment order</i> means an order ade under division 3.	9 10		
el	igible offence means—	11		
(a	a summary offence; or	12		
(ხ	b) an indictable offence that is, or is to be, dealt with summarily.	13 14		
	Note—	15		
	Under the <i>Drugs Misuse Act 1986</i> , section 13A, proceedings for particular indictable offences may be taken summarily if a treatment order is sought under this part.	16 17 18 19		
tr	<i>perational period</i> , for the custodial part of a eatment order, see sections $151N(1)(c)$ and $51O(2)(b)(ii)$.	20 21 22		
	<i>chabilitation part</i> , of a treatment order, see ection 151Q(2).	23 24		
re	eview team, for a treatment order, means—	25		
(a	a) the court; and	26		
(b	b) a representative of each treatment order agency.	27 28		
se	evere substance use disorder means—	29		
(a	a disorder prescribed by regulation that relates to the use of alcohol or other drugs; or	30 31 32		

	(b)	if no disorder is prescribed under paragraph (a)—a substance use disorder estimated as being severe under the fifth edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association in 2013.	1 2 3 4 5 6
		<i>ability assessment report</i> means a suitability assment report given to the court under section K.	7 8 9
		<i>tment order</i> means a drug and alcohol tment order.	10 11
	trea	tment order agency means the following—	12
	(a)	the department in which the <i>Corrective Services Act 2006</i> is administered;	13 14
	(b)	the department in which the <i>Penalties and</i> Sentences Act 1992 is administered;	15 16
	(c)	the department in which the <i>Health Act</i> 1937 is administered;	17 18
	(d)	Legal Aid Queensland established under the <i>Legal Aid Queensland Act 1997</i> ;	19 20
	(e)	the police service.	21
	incl	<i>tment program</i> means a treatment program uded in the rehabilitation part of a treatment er under section 151Q.	22 23 24
1C Pı	irpo	se of part and treatment orders	25
(1)		purpose of this part is to provide for the ting of drug and alcohol treatment orders.	26 27
(2)		purpose of making a drug and alcohol tment order for an offender is to—	28 29
	(a)	facilitate the rehabilitation of the offender by providing a judicially supervised, therapeutically oriented, integrated treatment regime; and	30 31 32 33

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Part 7 Amendment of Penalties and Sentences Act 1992

	(b)	reduce the offender's severe substance use disorder; and	1 2
	(c)	reduce the level of criminal activity associated with the offender's severe substance use disorder; and	3 4 5
	(d)	reduce the health risks to the offender that are associated with the offender's severe substance use disorder; and	6 7 8
	(e)	assist with the offender's integration into the community.	9 10
Divisio	on 2	When treatment orders	11
		may be made	12
		may make treatment order only if it conviction	13 14
		ourt may make a treatment order only if it rds a conviction.	15 16
151E W	hen	treatment order may be made	17
(1)	A c	court may make a treatment order for an nder only if—	18 19
	(a)	the offender—	20
		(i) has pleaded guilty to an eligible offence; and	21 22
		(ii) resides within the court district of the court; and	23 24
	(b)	the court—	25
		(i) considers it would be appropriate to sentence the offender to a term of imprisonment for the eligible offence; and	26 27 28 29

	(ii) has received a suitability assessment report for the offender; and	1 2
	(iii) is satisfied the offender has a severe substance use disorder; and	3 4
	(iv) considers the offender's severe substance use disorder contributed to the commission of the eligible offence; and	5 6 7 8
	(v) considers it is appropriate in the circumstances to make the treatment order for the offender.	9 10 11
(2)	If an order of the Supreme Court or a District Court is in force that imposes a sentence on the offender for another offence, the court must have regard to the order in deciding whether or not it is appropriate to make a treatment order for the offender.	12 13 14 15 16 17
(3)	In this section—	18
	<i>court district</i> , of a court, means the district within which the court is held, as provided for under the <i>Justices Act 1886</i> , section 22B.	19 20 21
151F W	hen treatment order can not be made	22
(1)	Despite section 151E, a court can not make a treatment order for an offender if—	23 24
	(a) the offender is serving a term of imprisonment in a corrective services facility; or	25 26 27
	(b) the offender is subject to a parole order; or	28
	 (c) the offender is serving, or is required to serve, the unexpired portion of a period of imprisonment for another offence in Queensland or elsewhere because— 	29 30 31 32

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		(i)	a parole order for the offender has been cancelled under the <i>Corrective Services</i> <i>Act 2006</i> , section 205 or 209; or	1 2 3
		(ii)	an order similar to a parole order for the offender has been cancelled under a provision of an Act of the Commonwealth or another State that is similar to a provision mentioned in subparagraph (i); or	4 5 6 7 8 9
	(d)	the offer	offender is charged with a sexual assault nce.	10 11
(2)	In th	nis se	ction—	12
			<i>rder</i> see the <i>Corrective Services Act</i> nedule 4.	13 14
	<i>sexual assault offence</i> means an offence against the following—			15 16
	(a)		Criminal Code, chapter 22, other than an nce against section 224, 225 or 226;	17 18
	(b)	the (Criminal Code, chapter 32.	19
			natters for offences involving inst another person	20 21
(1)	In deciding whether to make a treatment order for an offender who has committed an offence involving violence against another person, the court must have regard to the following—			
	(a)	and	nature and seriousness of the offence, any previous offences involving ence, committed by the offender;	26 27 28
	(b)	harn	ther or not the offence resulted in bodily n, within the meaning of the Criminal e, section 1, to another person;	29 30 31

	(c) any relevant medical, psychiatric or other information available to the court about the offender;	1 2 3
	(d) if the offence committed by the offender was a domestic violence offence—the risk of further domestic violence or associated domestic violence, under the <i>Domestic and</i> <i>Family Violence Protection Act 2012</i> , being committed by the offender.	4 5 6 7 8 9
(2)	The court must not make a treatment order for the offender if the court is satisfied that, if the order were made, the offender would pose an unacceptable risk to the safety and welfare of—	10 11 12 13
	(a) a person who is in a domestic relationship with the offender; or	14 15
	(b) a review team member for the treatment order; or	16 17
	(c) a person employed or engaged by a treatment order agency; or	18 19
	(d) a member of the community.	20
(3)	In this section—	21
	<i>domestic relationship</i> means a relevant relationship under the <i>Domestic and Family Violence Protection Act 2012</i> , section 13.	22 23 24
151H M	ultiple offences	25
(1)	A court may make more than 1 treatment order for an offender convicted of more than 1 eligible offence.	26 27 28
(2)	However, if the court makes 2 or more treatment orders, the total term of imprisonment imposed on the offender under the custodial part of the order must be 4 years or less.	29 30 31 32
(3)	The court may include the treatment orders in a	33

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single form of order that states each offence for	1
which a treatment order is made.	2

(4) The court must not impose a penalty on the 3 offender under this Act for 1 or more of the 4 offences if the penalty may reduce or otherwise 5 interfere with the offender's ability to comply 6 with a treatment order applying to the offender. 7

9

Division 3 Making treatment orders 8

Subdivision 1 Preliminary steps

151I Ex	plair	ning treatment order	10		
(1)	Before making a treatment order, the court must explain, or cause to be explained, to the offender the purpose and effect of the order, including—				
	(a)	the content of the custodial part and rehabilitation part of the treatment order; and	14 15 16		
	(b)	the core conditions of the rehabilitation part of the treatment order; and	17 18		
	(c)	the potential requirements of the treatment program under the rehabilitation part of the treatment order, including the impacts on the offender's right to privacy that may be necessary to comply with the treatment order; and	19 20 21 22 23 24		
		Examples of impacts on the offender's right to privacy—	25 26		
		• the requirement to consent to the sharing of information about the offender between review team members	27 28 29		
		• a requirement the offender wear a drug or alcohol monitoring device	30 31		

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	• a requirement to install monitoring devices at the offender's place of residence	1 2
	(d) what may happen if the offender does not comply with the rehabilitation part of the treatment order; and	3 4 5
	(e) when and how the treatment order, and the rehabilitation part of the treatment order, may be amended, revoked, cancelled or terminated.	6 7 8 9
(2)	The explanation must be made in language, or in a way, likely to be readily understood by the offender.	10 11 12
151J Of	fender to agree to making of order	13
	The court may consider making the treatment order only if the offender—	14 15
	(a) agrees to the order being made; and	16
	(b) agrees to comply with the order.	17
	ljournment for obtaining suitability essment report	18 19
(1)	If the court is considering making a treatment order for an offender, and the agreement of the offender has been obtained under section 151J, the court must make an order requiring an appropriately qualified review team member to—	20 21 22 23 24
	(a) prepare a suitability assessment report that complies with section 151L; and	25 26
	(b) give the report to the court within 28 days after the order is made, or a longer period allowed by the court.	27 28 29
(2)	The court must give a copy of the suitability assessment report to—	30 31
	(a) the prosecutor; and	32

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(b)	the offender's legal representative; and	1
(c)	the review team; and	2
(d)	if the court orders—the offender.	3
151L Requir report	ements for suitability assessment	4 5
	uitability assessment report for an offender st include—	6 7
(a)	an assessment of whether the offender has a severe substance use disorder; and	8 9
(b)	an assessment of the suitability of the offender for release under a treatment order; and	10 11 12
(c)	if the report states the offender is suitable for release under a treatment order—a proposed treatment program for the offender.	13 14 15 16
Subdivisio	on 2 Content of treatment orders	17 18
151M Conte	nt	19
A tr	eatment order for an offender must—	20
(a)	record the offender's conviction; and	21
(b)	include—	22
	(i) a custodial part; and	23
	(ii) a rehabilitation part.	24
Subdivisio	on 3 Custodial part	25

151N Cı	ustodial part of treatment order	1
(1)	In making a treatment order, the court must—	2
	(a) sentence the offender to imprisonment for 4 years or less; and	3 4
	(b) order that the sentence of imprisonment is suspended; and	5 6
	(c) state the period (the <i>operational period</i>) during which the offender must not commit another offence if the offender is to avoid being dealt with under section 1510 for the suspended sentence.	7 8 9 10 11
(2)	The matters stated in subsection (1) constitute the <i>custodial part</i> of the treatment order.	12 13
(3)	For subsection (1)(c), the operational period—	14
	(a) starts on the day the order is made; and	15
	(b) must end on a day at least 2 years but not more than 5 years after the day it starts.	16 17
(4)	The operational period must be at least as long as the sentence of imprisonment imposed under the order.	18 19 20
(5)	An offender to whom a treatment order applies has to serve the sentence of imprisonment suspended under the custodial part of the order only if the offender is ordered to do so under section $151O(2)(c)$ or (d) or $151W(1)(c)$ or (d).	21 22 23 24 25
	rders if offender commits offence for which prisonment may be imposed	26 27
(1)	This section applies if—	28
	(a) the court—	29
	(i) convicts an offender to whom a treatment order applies of an offence	30 31

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			for which imprisonment may be imposed; and	1 2
		(ii)	is satisfied the offence was committed during the operational period for the treatment order; or	3 4 5
	(b)	appl	offender to whom a treatment order ies is otherwise before the court and the t is satisfied—	6 7 8
		(i)	the offender was convicted, in or outside Queensland, of an offence for which imprisonment may be imposed; and	9 10 11 12
		(ii)	the offence was committed during the operational period for the treatment order.	13 14 15
(2)			t may, having regard to the matters stated 151P—	16 17
	(a)	cust	nd the operational period for the odial part of the treatment order by no e than 1 year; or	18 19 20
	(b)	the o	e operational period has expired when court is dealing with the offender, make rder—	21 22 23
		(i)	that the offender's term of imprisonment be further suspended; and	24 25 26
		(ii)	stating a period (also an <i>operational period</i>) during which the offender must not commit another offence if the offender is to avoid being dealt with again under this section; or	27 28 29 30 31
	(c)		ne rehabilitation part of the treatment or is in force, order—	32 33
		(i)	that the rehabilitation part of the treatment order is revoked; and	34 35

		(ii)	that the offender must serve the whole or part of the sentence of imprisonment imposed under the custodial part of the treatment order, reduced by any period served by the offender under the rehabilitation part of the treatment order; or	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
	(d)	of the order offer	er the offender to serve the whole or part the sentence of imprisonment imposed er the custodial part of the treatment er, reduced by any period served by the inder under the rehabilitation part of the tement order.	8 9 10 11 12 13
151P Co 151		derat	ions for taking action under s	14 15
(1)			g an order under section 1510, the court e regard to—	16 17
	(a)	othe	extent to which the offender has rwise complied with the treatment er; and	18 19 20
	(b)		ther the subsequent offence is trivial ng regard to—	21 22
		(i)	the nature of the subsequent offence and the circumstances in which it was committed, including any physical or emotional harm done to a victim and any damage, injury or loss caused by the offender; and	23 24 25 26 27 28
		(ii)	the proportionality between the culpability of the offender for the subsequent offence and the consequence of making the order; and	29 30 31 32
		(iii)	the antecedents and any criminal history of the offender; and	33 34

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	(iv) the prevalence of the original and subsequent offences; and	1 2		
	(v) the motivation for the subsequent	2		
	offence; and	4		
	(c) the seriousness of the original offence, including any physical or emotional harm done to a victim and any damage, injury or loss caused by the offender; and	5 6 7 8		
	(d) any special circumstance arising since the original sentence was imposed that affects whether it would be just to make the order.	9 10 11		
(2)	In this section—	12		
	<i>original offence</i> means the offence for which a term of imprisonment has been suspended under section $151N(1)(b)$.	13 14 15		
<i>original sentence</i> means the sentence imposed for the original offence.				
	<i>subsequent offence</i> means the offence committed during the operational period of a treatment order.	18 19		
Subdiv	vision 4 Rehabilitation part	20		
151Q Re	habilitation part of treatment order	21		
(1)	In making a treatment order, the court must—	22		
	(a) include in the order a treatment program that complies with section 151S; and	23 24		
	(b) order the offender to comply with—	25		
	(i) the core conditions; and	26		
	(ii) the treatment program.	27		
(2)	The matters stated in subsection (1) constitute the <i>rehabilitation part</i> of the treatment order.	28 29		

(3) The rehabilitation part— 30

	(a)	starts when the treatment order is made; and	1
	(b)	ends on the day that is 2 years after the day it started, unless it is sooner cancelled or extended under division 4.	2 3 4
151R Co	ore c	conditions	5
(1)	trea con	offender to whom the rehabilitation part of a tment order applies must comply with the ditions (the <i>core conditions</i>) stated in section (2).	6 7 8 9
(2)	The	offender—	10
	(a)	must not commit another offence; and	11
	(b)	must report to a review team member for the treatment order at the places and times directed by an authorised corrective services officer or a review team member for the treatment order; and	12 13 14 15 16
	(c)	must receive visits from an authorised corrective services officer or a review team member for the treatment order at the times directed by the officer or member; and	17 18 19 20
	(d)	must notify an authorised corrective services officer of every change of the offender's place of residence or employment within 2 business days after the change happens; and	21 22 23 24
	(e)	must not leave or stay outside Queensland without the permission of the court; and	25 26
	(f)	must appear before the court at the times directed by the court; and	27 28
	(g)	must comply with any other reasonable direction of—	29 30
		(i) an authorised corrective services officer; or	31 32

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		(ii) a review team member for the treatment order given under section 151T(2).	1 2 3
151S Tro	eatm	nent program	4
(1)	The	treatment program for a treatment order—	5
	(a)	must state the period, of not more than 2 years, within which the program must be completed by the offender; and	6 7 8
	(b)	may include the conditions or other requirements the court considers necessary to achieve the purposes of the treatment order.	9 10 11 12
(2)	prog offe treat	hout limiting subsection (1)(b), the treatment gram may include conditions requiring the nder to do the following, as stated in the tment order or as directed by a review team nber for the treatment order—	13 14 15 16 17
	(a)	submit to medical, psychiatric or psychological treatment that is relevant to the offender's rehabilitation;	18 19 20
	(b)	submit to detoxification at a stated facility that is not a corrective services facility;	21 22
	(c)	participate in counselling or programs relevant to the offender's rehabilitation;	23 24
	(d)	attend meetings with a review team member for the treatment order;	25 26
	(e)	participate in vocational, educational or employment programs or courses;	27 28
	(f)	submit to alcohol or other drug testing;	29
	(g)	wear a device that detects alcohol or other drug usage by the offender;	30 31
	(h)	install a device or equipment at the offender's place of residence;	32 33

	(i) reside at a stated place for a stated period.	1
Divisio	n 4 Administering treatment orders	2 3
	view team obligations and requirement for rt to consult	4 5
	The review team members for a treatment order who are representatives of treatment order agencies must assist the court in administering the order.	6 7 8 9
(2)	In administering a treatment order, the review	1

- 10 In administering a treatment order, the review (2)team may give a direction that is reasonably 11 necessary to achieve the purposes of the treatment 12 order. 13
- (3) In making an order or taking an action under this 14 division in relation to a treatment order, the court 15 must consult with the review team for the order 16 about whether the order or action is appropriate. 17

151U Court may cancel rehabilitation part of treatment order on early completion of treatment program

The court may cancel the whole or part of the 21 rehabilitation part of the treatment order if the 22 court is satisfied— 23

- (a) the offender has complied, or substantially 24 complied, with the treatment program; and 25
- (b) continuation of the rehabilitation part, or a 26 part of the rehabilitation part, is not 27 necessary to achieve the purposes of the 28 treatment order. 29

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Part 7 Amendment of Penalties and Sentences Act 1992

	ourt may amend rehabilitation part of atment order	
(1)	The court may, from time to time, amend the rehabilitation part of a treatment order by—	
	(a) adding conditions to or removing conditions from the treatment program; or	
	(b) amending conditions imposed under the treatment program, including, for example, by amending the type or frequency of alcohol or other drug testing; or	
	(c) extending the rehabilitation part of the treatment order.	
(2)	The court may make the amendment—	
	(a) on the court's own initiative; or	
	(b) on an application by—	
	(i) the offender; or	
	(ii) the prosecutor; or	
	(iii) a review team member for the treatment order.	
(3)	In deciding whether to make the amendment, the court must have regard to the extent to which the offender has complied with the treatment order.	
(4)	However, the court may not extend the rehabilitation part of the treatment order beyond the day the custodial part of the treatment order ends.	
(5)	The court must give reasons for a decision to amend a treatment order under this section.	
	ailure to comply with rehabilitation part of atment order	
(1)	If a court is satisfied an offender has, without reasonable excuse, failed to comply with the	

		bilitation part of the offender's treatment er, the court may do any of the following—	1 2
	(a)	impose a condition on the treatment program for the order the court considers necessary to achieve the purposes of the treatment order;	3 4 5 6
	(b)	at any 1 hearing under this section, order that the offender perform up to 40 hours of community service, but not to the extent the order would increase the total amount of community service imposed on the offender in relation to the treatment order to more than 240 hours;	7 8 9 10 11 12 13
	(c)	at any 1 hearing under this section, order that the offender must serve up to 7 consecutive days of the sentence of imprisonment suspended under the custodial part of the treatment order;	14 15 16 17 18
	(d)	revoke the rehabilitation part of the treatment order and order that the offender must serve the whole or part of the sentence of imprisonment imposed under the custodial part of the treatment order, reduced by the period of imprisonment served by the offender under the treatment order;	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
	(e)	amend the rehabilitation part of the treatment order under section 151V.	27 28
(2)	To r	emove any doubt, it is declared that—	29
	(a)	an order made under subsection (1)(b) is not a community service order; and	30 31
	(b)	the court may impose a condition or make an order mentioned in subsection $(1)(a)$, (b) or (c) for the offender more than once.	32 33 34
(3)		king action under subsection $(1)(d)$, the court t have regard to the extent to which the	35 36

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	offender treatmer	has otherwise complied with the at order.	1 2
(4)		rt must give reasons for a decision to take nder this section.	3 4
Divisio	on 5	Ending treatment orders	5
151X Co	ourt may	revoke treatment order	6
(1)	The cou	rt may revoke a treatment order—	7
	sati can	the court's own initiative, if the court is sfied the purposes of the treatment order no longer be achieved, including, for mple, because—	8 9 10 11
	(i)	the offender is no longer capable of complying with the treatment order because of a physical or psychiatric disability; or	12 13 14 15
	(ii)	the offender is sentenced to a term of imprisonment for another offence; or	16 17
	(iii)) the offender has failed to comply with the treatment order in a material way; or	18 19 20
	(iv)	the offender is no longer willing to comply with the treatment order, or is unlikely to comply with the treatment order for another reason; or	21 22 23 24
	(b) on	an application by—	25
	(i)	the offender; or	26
	(ii)	a prosecutor; or	27
	(iii)) a review team member for the treatment order.	28 29
(2)	In decid	ing whether to revoke the treatment order,	30

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	the	court must—	1
	(a)	consult with the review team for the treatment order about whether the revocation is appropriate; and	2 3 4
	(b)	have regard to the extent to which the offender has complied with the treatment order.	5 6 7
151Y Re	equir	rements for revocation	8
(1)	-	e court revokes a treatment order—	9
	(a)	for a treatment order made for the offender in relation to an offence dealt with summarily under the <i>Drugs Misuse Act</i> 1986, section 13A, the court must—	10 11 12 13
		(i) order that the record of the conviction for the offence be revoked; and	14 15
		Note—	16
		For the effect of not recording a conviction, see section 12.	17 18
		(ii) vacate the offender's treatment order; and	19 20
		 (iii) under the Justices Act 1886, section 113, commit the offender to the District Court for sentence, even though section 104(2)(b) of that Act has not been complied with; or 	21 22 23 24 25
	(b)	otherwise—the court may deal with the offender as if the offender had just been convicted of the eligible offence for which the treatment order was made.	26 27 28 29
(2)		vever, in imposing a term of imprisonment on offender under subsection (1), the court—	30 31
	(a)	must reduce the term of imprisonment by any period of imprisonment served by the	32 33

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	(b)	offender under the custodial part of the treatment order; and can not impose a term of imprisonment that, together with any imprisonment served under the treatment order, exceeds the sentence of imprisonment that was imposed	1 2 3 4 5 6
	(c)	under the custodial part of the treatment order; and must have regard to the extent to which the offender has otherwise complied with the treatment order.	7 8 9 10 11
151Z Tei	A t	ation of treatment orders reatment order made for an offender is ninated if—	12 13 14
	(a) (b)	it is revoked under section 151X; or the operational period of the custodial part of the treatment order has ended.	15 16 17
Divisio	n 6	Miscellaneous	18
151ZA Ir	nmı	inity from prosecution	19
(1)	drug	erson is not liable to prosecution for a relevant g offence resulting from any admission made he person for the purposes of—	20 21 22
	(a)	preparing a suitability assessment report for the person; or	23 24
	(b)	administering a treatment order for the person.	25 26
(2)	beca agai	admission, and any evidence obtained ause of the admission, is not admissible nst the person in a prosecution for the relevant g offence.	27 28 29 30

(3)	Subsections (1) and (2) do not prevent the person from being prosecuted for the relevant drug offence if evidence of the offence, other than the admission made by the person or evidence obtained because of the admission, exists.				
(4)	In this section—				
	<i>relevant drug offence</i> means the following offences—				
	(a) an offence mentioned in the <i>Drugs Misuse</i> <i>Act 1986</i> , section 9, 9A or 10;	9 10			
	 (b) an offence that may be dealt with summarily under the <i>Drugs Misuse Act 1986</i>, section 13 or 14. 	11 12 13			
151ZB /	Arrest warrants	14			
(1)	A court may issue a warrant for an offender's arrest if the court—				
	(a) reasonably suspects, after consulting the review team for the offender's treatment order, that the offender has failed to comply with the treatment order; or	17 18 19 20			
	(b) revokes the offender's treatment order.	21			
(2)	The warrant authorises any police officer to arrest the offender and to bring the offender before the court.				
151ZC (Court may remand offender in custody	25			
(1)	If a warrant is issued under section 151ZB(1)(a), the court may remand the offender in custody to appear before the court if the court decides to—				
	(a) reserve making a decision about revoking the treatment order or rehabilitation part of the treatment order; or	29 30 31			

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	(b) revoke the treatment order or rehabilitation part of the treatment order.	1 2					
(2)	The period for which the offender may be remanded in custody is—						
	(a) an initial period of not more than 30 days; and	5 6					
	(b) a further period or periods of not more than 8 days.	7 8					
(3)	If the court remands the offender in custody, the chief executive (corrective services) must ensure the person appears before the court to be dealt with as required.						
151ZD N	lo appeal against particular decisions	13					
(1)	An appeal does not lie against a decision of the court—						
	(a) not to make a treatment order; or	16					
	(b) that an offender has failed to comply with a treatment order; or	17 18					
	(c) to cancel the rehabilitation part of a treatment order; or	19 20					
	(d) to amend the rehabilitation part of a treatment order; or	21 22					
	(e) to revoke the rehabilitation part of a treatment order; or	23 24					
	(f) to revoke a treatment order.	25					
(2)	Subsection (1) applies despite the <i>Justices Act 1886</i> , section 222 and the Criminal Code, chapter 67.	26 27 28					

Penalties and Sentences (Drug and Alcohol Treatment Orders) and Other Legislatic
Amendment Bill 201
Part 8 Amendment of Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 200

[s 36]

	Part	8	Amendment of Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000	1 2
Clause	36	Act	amended	3
			This part amends the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act</i> 2000.	4 5
Clause	37		endment of s 379 (Additional case when arrest for nor drugs offence may be discontinued)	6 7
		(1)	Section 379(1)(f), (2), (3) and (5), 'attend'—	8
			omit, insert—	9
			participate in	10
		(2)	Section 379(6) and (8)(a), 'attend and complete'—	11
			omit, insert—	12
			participate in, and complete,	13
		(3)	Section 379(7)(a), 'attendance at'—	14
			omit, insert—	15
			participation in	16
		(4)	Section 379(7)(b), 'attend or complete'—	17
			omit, insert—	18
			participate in, or complete,	19

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